
**User's
Manual**

**Model DX204P/DX208P/
DX210P/DX220P/DX230P**

DAQSTATION DX200P



Setting Items in the Engineering Mode

Soft key	Title	Item	Ref.section
#1	Range Alarm	Input type, span, scale, etc.	5.1
		Alarm type, Alarm value, Output relay On/Off	5.2
		Output relay number	
#2	Tag Filter Moving average	Tag name	5.3
		Filter time constant/Off (DX204P/DX208P)	5.4
		Number of samples for the moving average/Off (DX210P/DX220P/DX230P)	5.4
		Alarm delay time	5.5
#3	Trend/Save interval File	Trend display update rate, Auto save interval	5.6
		Header string to be written to file	5.7
		Name of directory to which data are to be saved	
USER key	Assign an action to the USER key	5.8	
#4	Display		
#4 - #1	Group set/Trip line	Group name, Assign channels to groups	5.9
		Trip line position, display color	
#4 - #2	Color	Measurement channel display color	5.10
#4 - #3	Zone Graph	Zone upper and lower limits	5.11
		Number of scale divisions for the trend and bar graph, Bar graph base position, Scale display position for trends	5.12
Partial	Turn On/Off partial expanded display	5.11	
#4 - #4	View	Position and boundary for the partial expanded display	
		Display direction (trend, bar graph), Background color, Trend line width, Trip line width, Grid for the trend display, Interval for switching group displays (Scroll time), Scale digit LCD brightness	5.13
LCD	Turn On/Off the LCD backlight saver	Transition time for the LCD backlight saver and conditions that restore the backlight	5.14
		Set the date and time	5.15
#6	Time		
#7	Message	Group name and message strings	5.16
#8	Batch set	Use/Not lot number, Auto increment of lot number, Headers 1 to 3	5.17

#5: [Save/Load] operations, #9 to #14: [Math set 1], [Math set 2], [Calibration Correction], [Daylight saving time], [End], and [System mode] are assigned.



FOLD ALONG THIS LINE

Quick Reference

**Model DX204P/DX208P
DX210P/DX220P/DX230P
DAQSTATION DX200P**

Use this quick reference together with the user's manual IM 04L06A01-01E.

Operation Screens (see section 1.3)

Trend / Digital/Bar graph / Information (Alarm Summary / Alarm ACK Summary / Message Summary / Memory Summary) / Historical Trend / 4 Screen Display / Sign Record Screen

Switching Operation Screens (see chapter 7)



Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu or the operation screen.
Press the up, down, right, or left arrow key to select the operation screen.

Sampling Interval and Sampling length for Display Data and Event Data (see appendix 4)

- When Acquiring the display data from four measurement channels

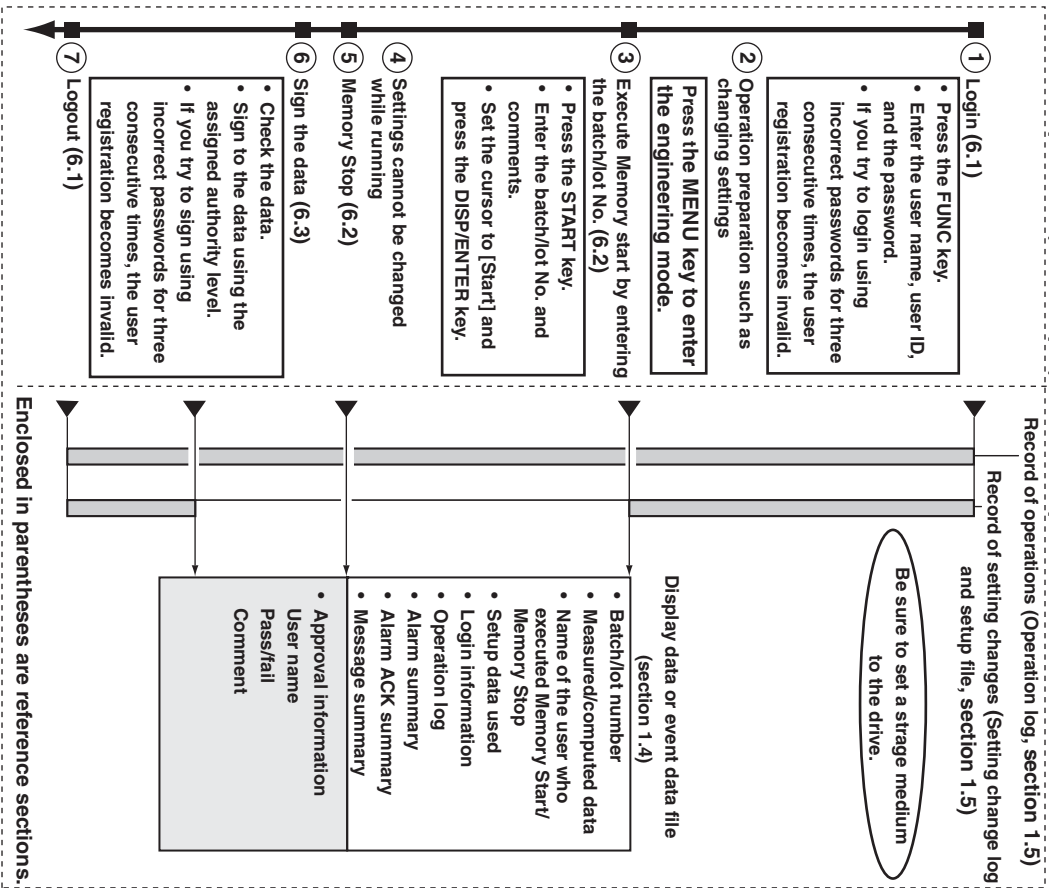
Display Update Rate	15 s	1 min	5 min	15 min	30 min	1 h	4 h	10 h
Sampling Interval (s)	0.5	2	10	30	60	120	480	1200
Sampling length (approx.)	28 h	115 h	12 days	72 days	144 days	289days	1157 days	2893 days

- When Acquiring the event data from four measurement channels

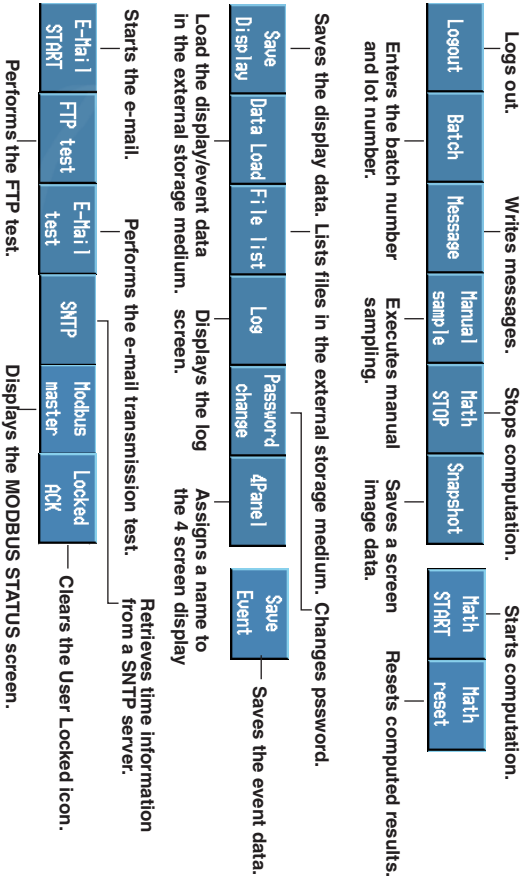
Sampling Interval (s)	125 ms	500 ms	1 s	5 s	30 s	120 s	600 s
Sampling length (approx.)	10 h	43 h	86 h	18 days	108 days	434 days	2170 days

Flow of operation (an example)

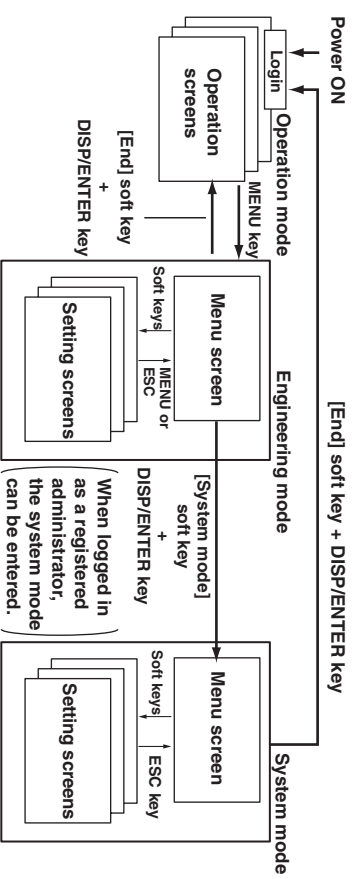
Operations on the DX200P



FUNC key function (see section 3.4)



Switching the Mode (see section 3.3)



NOTE



To avoid injury, death of personnel or damage to the instrument, the operator must refer to the explanation in the User's Manual or Service Manual.

Foreword

Thank you for purchasing the YOKOGAWA DAQSTATION DX200P.

This User's Manual contains useful information about the functions, installation, wiring, operating procedures, and troubleshooting of the DX200P. To ensure correct use, please read this manual thoroughly before operation.

Keep this manual in a safe place for quick reference in the event a question arises.

In addition, a quick reference is provided on the previous page. This reference briefly explains operations that are used frequently. Separate this reference from the manual for use.

The following four manuals, including this one, are provided as manuals for the DX200P.

Manual Name	Manual No.	Description
DX200P User's Manual	IM 04L06A01-01E	This manual. Explains all functions and procedures of the DX200P excluding the communication functions.
DX100P/DX200P Operation Guide	IM 04L05A01-02E	Briefly explains basic operations of the DX100P/DX200P.
DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual	IM 04L05A01-17E	Explains the communication functions of the Ethernet/serial interface.
DAQSIGNIN User's Manual	IM 04L05A01-61E	Describes the functions and operating procedures of DAQSIGNIN that comes with the package.

Notes

- This manual describes the DX200P style number "S5."
- The contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice as a result of continuing improvements to the DX200P's performance and functions.
- Every effort has been made in the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy of its contents. However, should you have any questions or find any errors, please contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
- Copying or reproducing all or any part of the contents of this manual without YOKOGAWA's permission is strictly prohibited.
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Revisions

First edition	September 2001	Fifth edition	August 2004
Second edition	December 2001		
Third edition	July 2002		
Fourth edition	November 2003		

Safety Precautions

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation. If the DX200P is used in a manner not specified in this manual, the protection provided by the DX200P may be impaired. YOKOGAWA Electric Corporation assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

This product is a measurement category II (CAT II) instrument.

* Measurement category II (CAT II)

Applies to measuring circuits connected to low voltage installation, and electrical instruments supplied with power from fixed equipment such as electric switchboards.

The DX200P conforms to IEC safety class I (provided with terminal for protective grounding), Installation Category II, and EN61326-1 (EMC standard), class A (use in a commercial, industrial, or business environment).

Please use this instrument as a measurement category II (CAT II) instrument.

This instrument is for indoor use only.

The following symbols are used on the DX200P.



"Handle with care." To avoid injury, death of personnel or damage to the instrument, the operator must refer to the explanation in the User's Manual or Service Manual.



Functional ground terminal. Do not use this terminal as a protective ground terminal.



Protective ground terminal.



AC



ON (power)



OFF (power)

Safety Precautions

Make sure to comply with the following safety precautions. Failure to comply may result in injury or death (electric shock hazard).

WARNING

Power Supply

Before connecting the power cord, ensure that the power supply voltage matches the voltage rating for the instrument, and for desktop types, that it is within the maximum rated voltage for the power cord itself.

Power Cord and Plug (Desktop Type)

To prevent an electric shock or fire, be sure to use the power cord supplied by YOKOGAWA. The main power plug must be plugged into an outlet with a protective grounding terminal. Do not invalidate protection by using an extension cord without protective grounding.

Protective Grounding

Make sure to connect the protective grounding to prevent electric shock before turning ON the power.

Necessity of Protective Grounding

Never cut off the internal or external protective grounding wire or disconnect the wiring of the protective grounding terminal. Doing so poses a potential shock hazard.

Defect of Protective Grounding

Do not operate the instrument when the protective grounding or the fuse might be defective. Also, make sure to check them before operation.

Fuse

To prevent fire, only use a fuse that has a rating (voltage, current, and type) that is specified by the instrument. When replacing a fuse, turn OFF the power switch and unplug the power cord. Never short the fuse holder.

Do Not Operate in Explosive Atmosphere

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable liquids or vapors. Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a safety hazard.

Do Not Remove Covers

Some areas inside the instrument have high voltages. Do not remove the cover if the power supply is connected. The cover should be removed by YOKOGAWA's qualified personnel only.

External Connection

Connect the protective grounding before connecting to the item under measurement or control unit.

Damage to the Protection

Using the instrument in a manner not specified in this manual can damage the instrument's protection.

Safety Precautions in Handling the Batteries

WARNING

- **Abide by the following precautions in handling the batteries. If the batteries are not handled correctly, dangerous conditions may result such as the batteries exploding or leaking.**
 - Insert the batteries according to the polarity indicated on the remote control terminal.
 - Use only the specified batteries.
 - Do not mix different types of batteries.
 - Do not mix new and old batteries.
 - Do not short the positive and negative terminals of the batteries.
 - Do not charge the batteries.
 - If the remote control terminal is not going to be used for an extended time, remove the batteries from the remote control terminal.
 - Dispose the batteries correctly. Do not burn or disassemble the batteries.
 - Do not use batteries that are leaking.
- **If the battery liquid comes in contact with your hands or face, thoroughly wash using water.**

Exemption from Responsibility

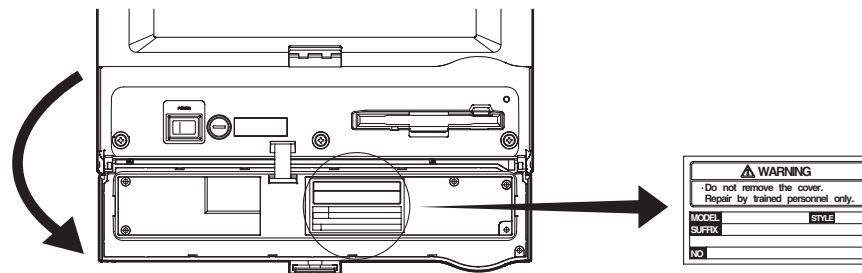
- YOKOGAWA makes no warranties regarding the product except those stated in the WARRANTY that is provided separately.
- YOKOGAWA assumes no liability to any party for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, caused by the user or any unpredictable defect of the product.

Checking the Contents of the Package

Unpack the box and check the contents before operating the DX200P. If some of the contents not correct or missing or if there is physical damage, contact the dealer from which you purchased them.

DX200P Main Unit

There is a name plate on the back side of the key panel cover. Open the cover and check that the model name and suffix code given on the name plate match those on the order.



MODEL

Model code	Suffix code	Optional code	Description
DX204P			DAQSTATION DX200P (4 ch)
DX208P			DAQSTATION DX200P (8 ch)
DX210P			DAQSTATION DX200P (10 ch)
DX220P			DAQSTATION DX200P (20 ch)
DX230P			DAQSTATION DX200P (30 ch)
External storage medium	-2		100 BM Zip disk
	-3		Flash memory card
	-5		250 BM Zip disk
Language	-2		English, deg.F/DST (DAQSIGNIN included)
Options		/AR1	Alarm output relay (2 relays)/remote control ^{*1}
		/AR2	Alarm output relay (4 relays)/remote control ^{*1}
		/A3	Alarm output relay (6 relays) ^{*1}
		/A4	Alarm output relay (12 relays) ^{*1}
		/A5	Alarm output relay (24 relays) ^{*1*2*3}
		/C2	RS-232 interface ^{*4}
		/C3	RS-422-A/485 interface ^{*4}
		/D5	VGA output
		/F1	FAIL/memory end output relay ^{*2}
		/H2	Clamped input terminal
		/H5[]	Desktop type ^{*5}
		/M1	Computation function (report function included)
		/N1	Cu10, Cu25 RTD input/3 terminal isolated RTD
		/N2	3 terminal isolated RTD ^{*6}
		/P1	24 VDC/AC power supply
		/R1	Remote control
		/TPS4	24 VDC Power supply for transmitter (4 loops) ^{*3}
		/TPS8	24 VDC Power supply for transmitter (8 loops) ^{*3*7}
		/KB1	Easy Text Entry (with remote control) ^{*8}
		/KB2	Easy Text Entry (without remote control) ^{*8}
	/CC1	Calibration Correction	

*1 /AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, and /A5 cannot be specified simultaneously

*2 If /F1 is specified, /A5 cannot be specified.

*3 /TPS4, /TPS8, and /A5 cannot be specified simultaneously.

*4 /C2 and /C3 cannot be specified simultaneously.

*5 /H5: Can only be specified when /P1 is simultaneously specified, /H5D: UL, CSA cable, /H5F: VDE cable, /H5R: SAA cable, /H5J: BS cable

*6 /N2 can only be specified on DX210P, DX220P, and DX230P models

*7 If /TPS8 is specified, /A4 and /F1 cannot be specified.

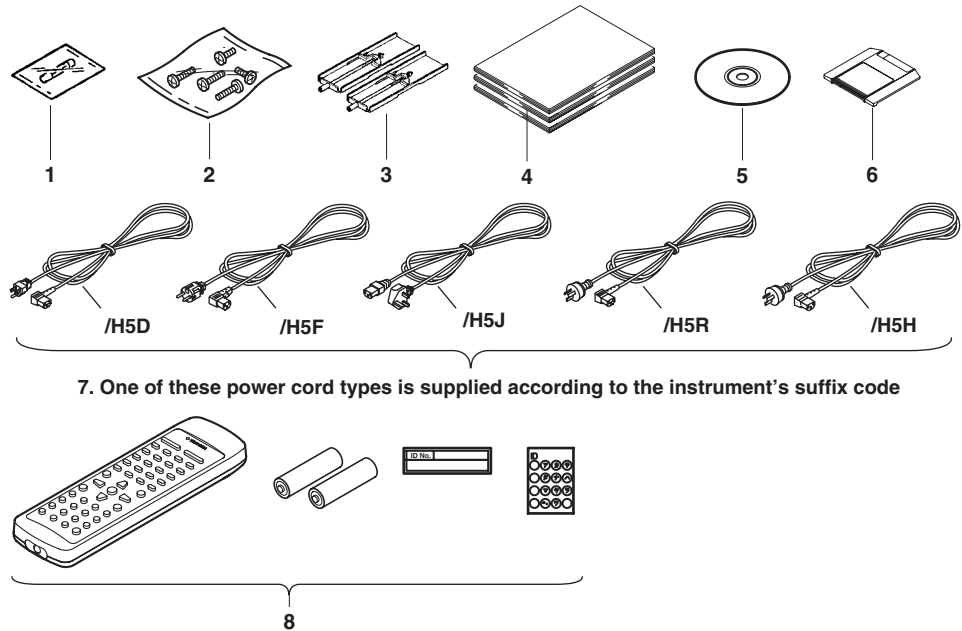
*8 /KB1 and /KB2 cannot be specified simultaneously.

NO. (Serial No.)

When contacting the dealer from which you purchased the DX200P, please quote the serial No.

Standard Accessories

The following standard accessories are supplied with the DX200P. Make sure that all items are present and undamaged.



Number	Part Name	Part Number/Model	Q'ty	Notes
1	Fuse	A1423EF	1	250 V 1.25 A, time lag (except for /P1 model)
		A1463EF	1	250 V 6.3 A, time lag (for /P1 model)
2	Terminal screw		5	M4, for supplementary use
3	Mounting bracket	B9900BX	2	For panel mounting (except for /H5[] models)
4	User's Manual	IM 04L06A01-01E	1	This manual
	User's Manual	IM 04L05A01-17E	1	DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface
	User's Manual	IM 04L05A01-61E	1	DAQSIGNIN
	User's Manual	IM 04L05A01-02E	1	DX100P/DX200P Operation Guide
5	Application software (DAQSIGNIN)	DXA150-02	1	Included only when the suffix code for language is "-2." For Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows NT4.0, Windows 2000, Windows XP. Provided on a CD.
6	External storage medium	A1053MP	1	Zip disk (100 MB), included only when the suffix code for external storage medium is "-2."
		A1056MP	1	Zip disk (250 MB), included only when the suffix code for external storage medium is "-5."
		B9968NL	1	Flash memory card (32-MB CF card + adapter, capacity and model of the CF card may vary). Provided only when the suffix code for the external storage medium is "-3."

Checking the Contents of the Package

Number	Part Name	Part Number/Model	Q'ty	Notes
7	Power cord	A1006WD	1	Provided only when "/H5D" is specified for the optional code. Maximum rated power voltage: 125 V
		A1009WD	1	Provided only when "/H5F" is specified for the optional code. Maximum rated power voltage: 250 V
		A1024WD	1	Provided only when "/H5R" is specified for the optional code. Maximum rated power voltage: 250 V
		A1023WD	1	Provided only when "/H5J" is specified for the optional code. Maximum rated power voltage: 250 V
8	Remote control terminal	A1064WD	1	Provided only when "/H5H" is specified for the power supply code. (complies with the CCC) Maximum rated power voltage: 250 V
		438227	1	Provided only when "/KB1" is specified for the optional code. Alkaline batteries (2 pieces), an ID code entry label, and a character label are included.

Optional Accessories (Sold Separately)

The following optional accessories are available for purchase separately. If you make an order, make sure that all items are present and undamaged.

For information about ordering accessories, contact the dealer from which you purchased the DX200P.

Number	Part Name	Part Number/Model	Q'ty	Notes
1	Zip disk	A1053MP	1	100 MB
		A1056MP	1	250 MB
2	Flash memory card (CF card + adapter)	B9968NL	1	32-MB card (capacity and model of the CF card may vary, please be careful when ordering)
3	Shunt resistor (for the screw terminal)	4159 20	1	250 Ω \pm 0.1%
		4159 21	1	100 Ω \pm 0.1%
		4159 22	1	10 Ω \pm 0.1%
4	Shunt resistor (for the clamped input terminal)	4389 20	1	250 Ω \pm 0.1%
		4389 21	1	100 Ω \pm 0.1%
		4389 22	1	10 Ω \pm 0.1%
5	Fuse	A1423EF	4	250 V 1.25 A time lag (except for /P1 model)
		A1463EF	4	250 V 6.3 A, time lag (for /P1 model)
6	Mounting bracket	B9900BX	2	
7	Remote control terminal	438227	1	
8	Validation Document for DX200P	438224	1	Electronic file
		438225	1	A4 size paper
		438226	1	Letter size paper

How to Use this Manual

Structure of the Manual

This user's manual consists of the following sections.

For details on the communication functions and DAQSIGNIN provided with the package, see the respective manuals (IM 04L05A01-17E and IM 04L05A01-61E).

Chapter	Title and Description
1	Overview of Functions Describes the functional overview of the DX200P.
2	Before Using the DX200P Describes the names of each part of the DX200P and how to install and wire the DX200P.
3	Common Operations Describes how to use the storage medium drive, run mode, and common key operations.
4	Settings in the System Mode Describes how to set various items in the system mode.
5	Settings in the Engineering Mode Describes how to set various items in the engineering mode.
6	Basic Operation (Operation Mode) Describes the procedures from logging in and recording measured data to adding approval information to the recorded result.
7	Switching Operation Screens Describes how to use the operation screen such as the trend screen and digital screen. Describes the operations that can be performed using the arrow keys and the DISP/ENTER key on the front panel.
8	Other Operations (Operations Using the FUNC and USER Keys) Describes the operations that can be performed using the FUNC and USER keys.
9	Troubleshooting Describes the error messages and the troubleshooting measures of the DX200P.
10	Maintenance Describes fuse replacement and other information.
11	Specification Describes the specifications of the DX200P.
Appendix	Describes the parameters and initial values of the engineering mode and system mode, data formats of ASCII files, types of data that the DX200P generates, and the time for acquiring display data and event data to the internal memory.
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Note

This manual covers information regarding DX200Ps that have a suffix code for language “-2” (English).

For details on setting the displayed language, see section 4.9.

Conventions Used in This Manual

Unit

K Denotes “1024.” Example: 768 KB (File capacity)

k Denotes “1000.”

M Denotes “1024K.” Example: 100 MB

B “Bytes.” Example: 100 MB

Symbols

The following symbols are used in this manual.



Improper handling or use can lead to injury to the user or damage to the instrument. This symbol appears on the instrument to indicate that the user must refer to the user’s manual for special instructions. The same symbol appears in the corresponding place in the user’s manual to identify those instructions. In the manual, the symbol is used in conjunction with the word “WARNING” or “CAUTION.”

WARNING

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent injury or death to the user.

CAUTION

Describes precautions that should be observed to prevent minor or moderate injury, or damage to the instrument.

Note

Provides important information for the proper operation of the instrument.

Reference

⇒ “ ”

Indicates a reference item.

Example: ⇒ “3.6 Entering Numbers and Characters”

Notation Regarding Procedures

On pages that describe the operating procedures in Chapter 3 through 8, the following symbols are used to distinguish the procedures from their explanations.

[]

Represents contents that are displayed on the screen.

Example: [Volt]

#1

Denotes the soft key that is used to make a selection on the engineering and system mode menus.

Procedure

Follow the steps indicated with numbers. The procedures are given with the premise that the user is carrying out the steps for the first time. Depending on the operation, not all steps need to be taken.

Explanation

This section describes the setting parameters and the limitations regarding the procedures. It does not give a detailed explanation of the function. For detail on the function, see chapter 1.

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
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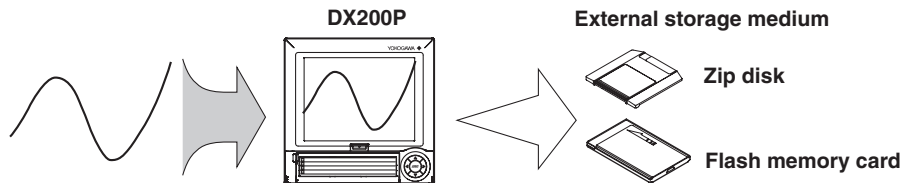
11

App

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1.1 Overview of the DX200P

Unlike conventional recorders that record data on charts, the DX200P displays the measured data acquired in the internal memory to a LCD in the form of waveforms, numerical values, and bar graphs. The measured data can also be saved to external storage media such as Zip disks and flash memory cards.



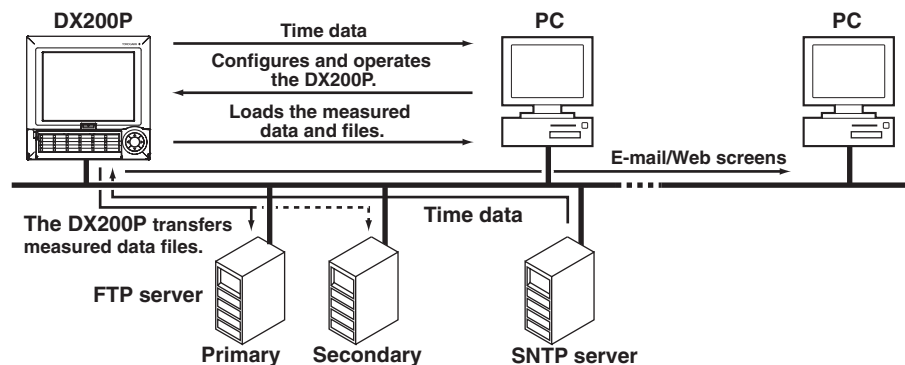
The measured data are managed as follows:

- Only registered users can operate the DX200P.
- The batch number and lot number can be attached to the measured data files.
- Operations and setting changes are recorded in the order of occurrence.
- Up to three users can add approval information to the measured data file.

Communication Function (See IM 04L05A01-17E)

You can carry out the following types of operations by using the Ethernet communication function.

- Transmit the measured data in units of files to the server on the network (FTP client function).
- Load the measured data on the DX200P, configure and operate the DX200P from a PC on the network (setting/measurement server function).
- Retrieve the files on the external storage medium of the DX200P from a PC on the network (FTP server function).
- Display the screen of the DX200P on a Web browser on a PC (Web server function).
- Transmit e-mail messages to preset recipients when events occur (e-mail transmission function).
- Synchronize to the time on an SNTP server on the network (SNTP client function).
- Transmit time information to clients on the network as an SNTP server (SNTP server function).



DAQSIGNIN (See IM 04L05A01-61E)

By using the DAQSIGNIN that comes standard with the DX200P, the following operations are possible.

- Adding approval information to the measured data file
- Converting the measured data to ASCII, Lotus, or Excel formats
- Configuring the setup file for the DX200P
- Receiving the setup data from the DX200P, sending the setup data to the DX200P via the Ethernet interface.

1.2 Functions of the Input Section

Number of Measurement Channels/Scan Interval

The number of measurement channels and scan intervals for different models are listed in the table below. For the procedure related to setting the scan interval, see section 4.2.

Model	Number of Measurement Channels	Scan interval
DX204P	4 channels	125 ms or 250 ms
DX208P	8 channels	125 ms or 250 ms
DX210P	10 channels	1 s or 2 s
DX220P	20 channels	1 s or 2 s
DX230P	30 channels	1 s or 2 s

Input Type and Computation

You can select the input type of a measurement channel from DC voltage, thermocouple, resistance temperature detector (RTD), and digital input (contact signal or voltage signal). For the procedure related to setting the different modes, see section 5.1.

Input type	Description
DC voltage	Measures a DC voltage in the range ± 20 mV to ± 50 V.
DC current	See the explanation below.
Thermocouple (TC)	Measures the temperature corresponding to the appropriate range for R, S, B, K, E, J, T, N, W, L, and U.
Resistance temperature detector (RTD)	Measures the temperature corresponding to the appropriate range for Pt100, JPt100, Cu10*, and CU25.
Digital input (DI)	Displays the contact input or voltage input signals by correlating them to 0% or 100% of the display range. Contact input: Closed contact is "1." Open contact is "0." Voltage input: Less than 2.4 V is "0." Greater than or equal to 2.4 V is "1."

* Cu10 and CU25 are optional (/N1).

DC Current Input

A shunt resistor is attached to the input terminal. The current signal is converted to a voltage signal and measured. The measurable range is the range equivalent to the "DC voltage" range indicated above after converting the current to the voltage signal. A 250 Ω shunt resistor, for example, is used to convert a 4 to 20 mA to a 1 to 5 V.

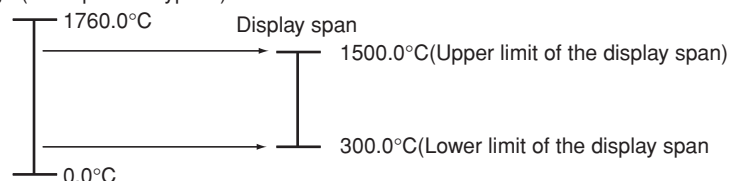
Name	Model Code	Specification
Shunt resistors (for screw terminals)	4159 20	250 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$
	4159 21	100 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$
	4159 22	10 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$
Shunt resistors (for clamped terminals)	4389 20	250 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$
	4389 21	100 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$
	4389 22	10 Ω $\pm 0.1\%$

Input Range and Measurable Range

You can select the "Input range" that is appropriate for the input signal for "DC voltage," "TC," "RTD," and "DI" (for example, R, S, B, K, E, J, T, N, W, L, and U are available input ranges for "TC"). For each "Input range," a measurable range is defined (for example, the measurable range for R of "TC" is "0.0°C to 1760°C"). For details, see section 5.1.

You can specify an arbitrary range within the measurable range as a display span.

Measurable range (Example: TC Type R)

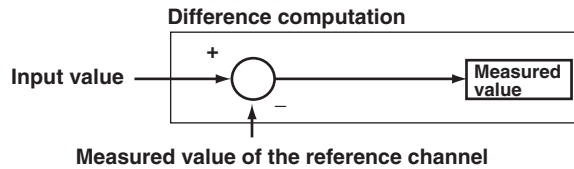


Computation

You can also perform computation on the input values such as the “difference,” “square root,” and “scaling.” For the setting procedure, see section 5.1.

Difference Computation

The value obtained by subtracting the measured value of another channel (this channel is called a “reference channel”) from the input value becomes a measured value of the channel.



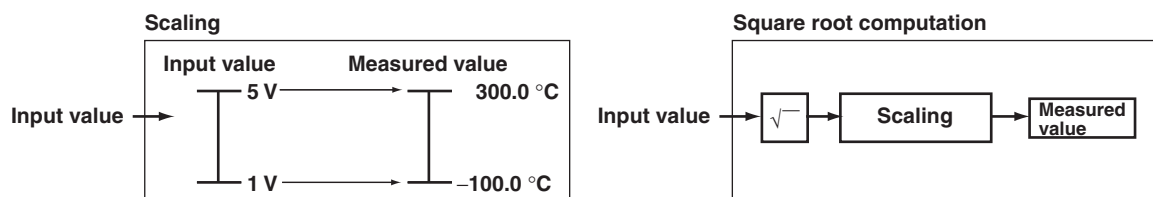
Note

Even if the input type or the measurement range of the difference computation channel and the reference channel is not the same, the difference computation is performed according to the following rules.

- When the decimal position between the reference channel and the difference computation channel is different, the measured value of the reference channel is adjusted to the decimal position of the measured value of the difference computation channel to make the computation.
Example: When the measured value of the difference computation channel is 10.00 and the measured value of the reference channel is 100.0, the computation result becomes $10.00 - 100.0 = -90.00$.
- When the units for the reference channel and the difference computation channel are different, the measured value is not adjusted.
Example: When the measured value of the difference computation channel is 10.00 V and the measured value of the reference channel is 5.00 mV, the computation result becomes $10.00 \text{ V} - 5.00 \text{ mV} = 5.00 \text{ V}$.
- When the reference channel is set to [Scale] or [Sqrt], the computation uses the scaled values.
- When the calibration correction (see next page) is applied to the channel, values after correction is used for the computation.

Scaling

When the input type is set to “DC voltage,” “thermocouple,” “RTD,” or “digital input,” the input value is converted to a value in the appropriate unit and the converted value becomes a measured value of the channel.



Square Root

When the input type is set to “DC voltage,” the square root of the input value is computed. The computed result is scaled to a value in the appropriate unit and the scaled value becomes a measured value of the channel.

Note

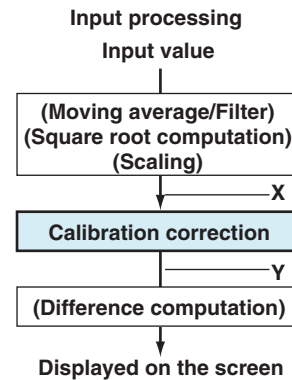
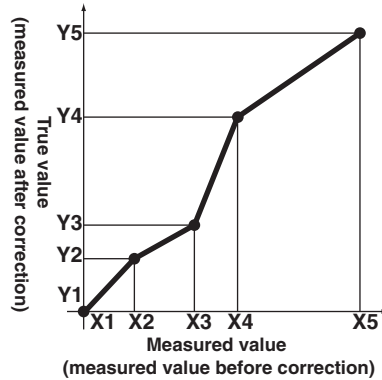
- The DX200P uses the following square-root computation:

$$F_x = (F_{max} - F_{min}) \sqrt{\frac{V_x - V_{min}}{V_{max} - V_{min}}} + F_{min}$$

- Vmin: Lower limit of span
- Vmax: Upper limit of span
- Fmin: Lower limit of scale
- Fmax: Upper limit of scale
- Vx: Input voltage
- Fx: Scaling value
- When the value inside the square root is negative, the measured value is indicated as when $F_{min} < F_{max}$: “-*****,” or when $F_{min} > F_{max}$: “+*****”.

Calibration Correction (/CC1 Option)

Corrects the measured value of each channel using ten-segment linearizer approximation and makes the resultant value the measured value of the channel. You can set arbitrary true values (measured values after correction) for up to 16 points of arbitrary measured values. Linear approximation is used between two segment points. For the setting procedure, see section 5.21.



Burnout

When measuring temperature using a thermocouple and the thermocouple burns out, you can specify the measurement result to be set to positive over range* or negative over range.* Burnout can be set on each measurement channel. For the setting procedure, see section 4.2.

- * Positive over range is a condition in which the input signal is over the upper limit of the measurable range. The measured value is indicated as “+*****.”
- Negative over range is a condition in which the input signal is below the lower limit of the measurable range. The measured value is indicated as “-*****.”

Note

- When the alarm is set to detect positive or negative over range, the occurrence of burnout of thermocouple can be displayed as an alarm.
- Turn the burnout function OFF when connecting the input wires in parallel with other devices.

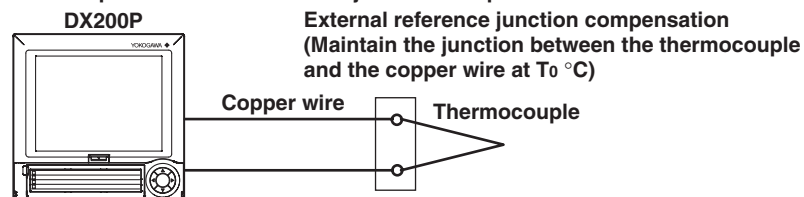
Reference Junction Compensation (RJC)

When measuring the temperature using a thermocouple, the reference junction compensation can be used. You can select whether to use the reference junction compensation provided by the DX200P or external reference junction compensation. If you are using external reference junction compensation, you will also set the reference voltage. For the setting procedure, see section 4.2.

Note

- When using the reference junction compensation of the DX200P, see “Precautions to be taken while wiring” in section 2.4, “Input Signal Wiring.”
- When using the external reference junction compensation, set an appropriate reference junction compensation voltage. As in the example in the following figure, if the reference junction temperature for the external reference junction compensation is T_0 °C, set the thermoelectromotive force of the 0 °C reference for T_0 °C as the reference junction compensation voltage.

An example of External reference junction compensation



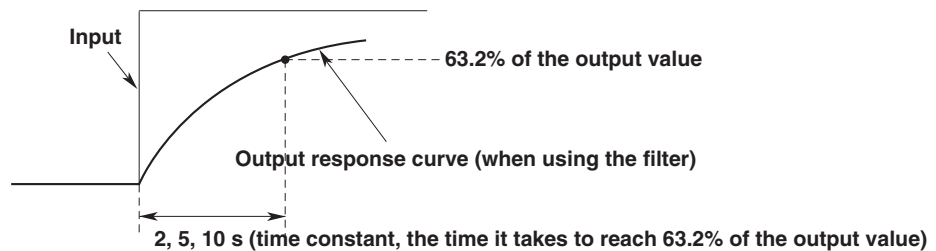
Filter and Moving Average

The filter and moving average are used to suppress the effects of noise that is riding on the signal. Filtering is provided on the DX204P and DX208P. Moving average is provided on the DX210P, DX220P, and DX230P. The filter or moving average can be set on each channel. For the setting procedure, see section 5.4.

Filter Function (DX204P and DX208P)

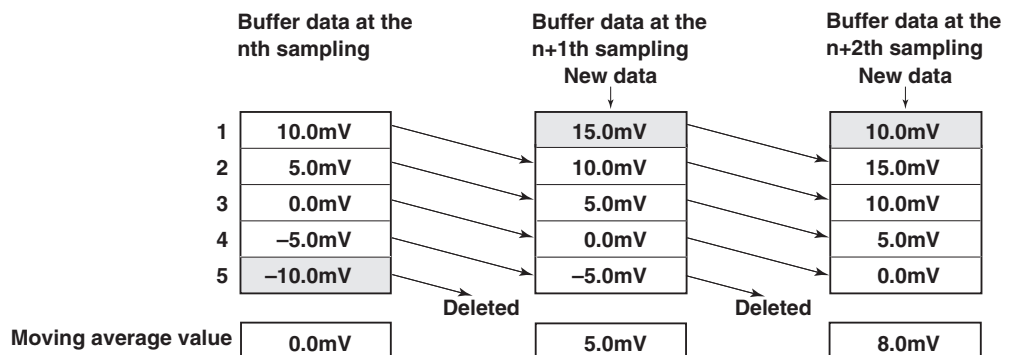
Suppresses the effects of noise above the frequency determined by the specified time constant. The time constant can be set to 2 s, 5 s, or 10 s.

Effects of using filter(Output response for a step input)



Moving Average (DX210P, DX220P, and DX230P)

The input signal of the measurement channel is set to the averaged value of the **m** most current data points (the number of moving-averaged data points) acquired at the scan interval. The number of moving-averaged data points can be set in the range 2 to 16. The figure below shows an example indicating the operation of the buffer for the moving average computation when the number of moving-averaged data points is set to "5."



Integration Time of the A/D Converter

The DX200P uses an A/D converter to convert the sampled analog signal to a digital signal. By setting the integration time to match the time period corresponding to one cycle of the power supply or an integer multiple of one cycle, the power supply frequency noise can be effectively eliminated.

The integration time of the A/D converter is selected from the table below.

Model	Integration Time of the A/D Converter
DX204P/DX208P	Select 16.7 ms (60 Hz), 20 ms (50 Hz), or Auto
DX210P/DX220P/DX230P	Select 16.7 ms (60 Hz), 20 ms (50 Hz), 100 ms, or Auto

- If "Auto" is selected, the DX200P will automatically detect the power supply frequency and select 16.7 ms or 20 ms. However, the integration time is fixed to 20 ms on /P1 models that use the 24 VDC power supply.
- Because 100 ms is an integer multiple of 16.7 ms and 20 ms, this setting can be used to eliminate the power frequency noise for either frequency, 50 Hz or 60 Hz. 100 ms is available on the DX210P, DX220P, and DX230P. However, when the integration time is 100 ms, the scan interval is fixed to 2 s.

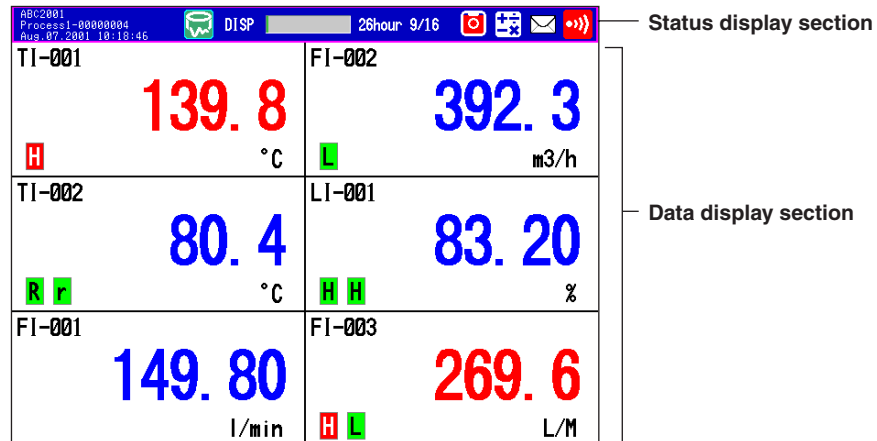
For the setting procedure, see section 4.2.

1.3 Display Function

Common Items Related to the Display

10.4" TFT Color LCD and the Screen Configuration

The DX200P has a 10.4" TFT color LCD (480-by-640 dot resolution). The screen consists of the status display section and the data display section.



- **Status Display Section**

Displays the displayed screen name, date and time or batch number/lot number, user name, internal memory/external storage medium usage condition, alarm condition, and computation condition (/M1 option). For details, see page 1-19.

- **Data Display Section**

Displays measured/computed data* using numerical values, waveforms, bar graphs, and so on. Shows the setup screen when setting functions.

* The measured values of measurement channels and the computed values of computation channels (/M1 option) of the DX200P including the time information when they are acquired are called "measured data" and "computed data," respectively.

Group Display

The data displayed on the trend, digital, and bar graph screens are the data of measurement or computation channels that are assigned to the group. Up to 10 channels can be assigned to a single group. Up to 6 groups can be registered. The groups are common to the trend, digital, and bar graph screens. For the procedure used to assign channels to groups, see section 5.9.

On the trend, digital, and bar graph screens, the displayed groups can be automatically switched at 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, or 1 min intervals. For the setting procedure, see section 5.13.

Channel Number or Tag Name Display

The channels can be displayed as channel number or tags. The setting applies to all channels. For the setting procedure, see sections 4.9 and 5.3.

Alarm Indication

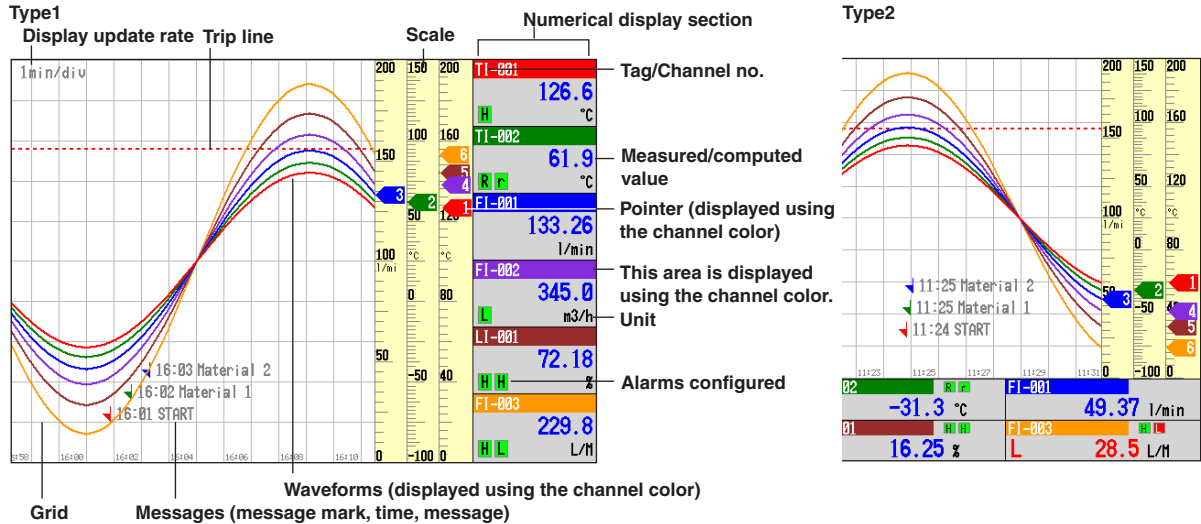
Alarms are checked at all times and displayed on the relevant screens using alarm type symbols. For details related to setting alarms, see sections 4.1, 5.2, and 5.18.

Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
Upper limit alarm	H	Upper limit on rate-of-change alarm	R
Lower limit alarm	L	Lower limit on rate-of-change alarm	r
Difference upper limit alarm	h	Delay upper limit alarm	T
Difference lower limit alarm	l	Delay lower limit alarm	t

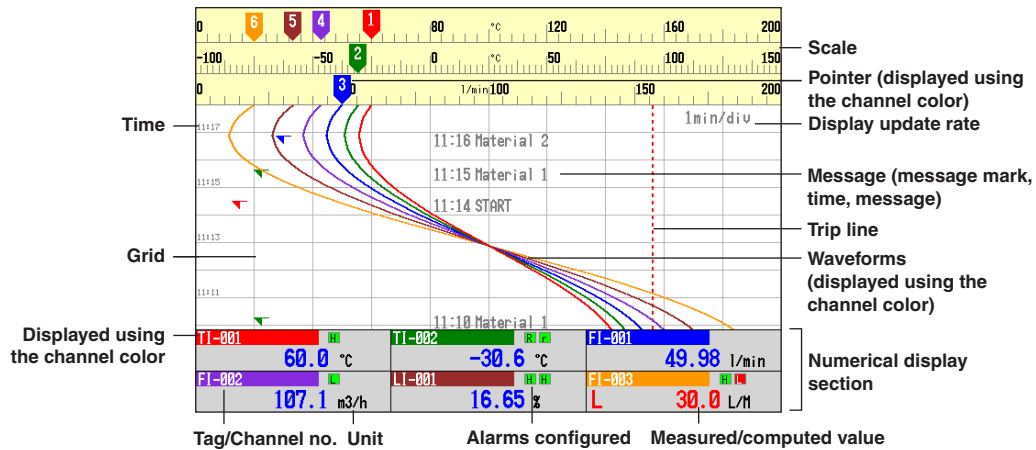
Trend Screen

Displays the waveform of the measured and computed data. The direction of the waveform display can be set to horizontal or vertical. For details related to the display method, see section 7.2.

Trend (Horizontal)



Trend (Vertical)



Updating the Waveform and Updating the Numerical Display

One division along the time axis consists of 30 dots on the LCD. The displayed waveform is updated at an interval corresponding to one dot. This interval is determined by the time period corresponding to one division (referred to as the **display update rate**). For the procedure related to setting the display update rate, see section 5.6. The relationship between the display update rate and the speed of movement of waveforms is as follows:

Display Update Rate (/div)	15 s ⁻¹	30 s ⁻¹	1 min	2 min	5 min	10 min	15 min	20 min	30 min	1 h	2 h	4 h	10 h
Interval corresponding to one dot (s)	0.5	1	2	4	10	20	30	40	60	120	240	480	1200
Speed of movement of waveforms ^{*2} (approximate value, mm/h)	2376	1188	594	297	119	59	40	30	20	10	5	2.5	1.0

*1 for DX204P and DX208P only

*2 Speed of movement of waveforms = 30 (dots) × 0.33 mm (dot pitch) × 60 min / [display update rate (min)]

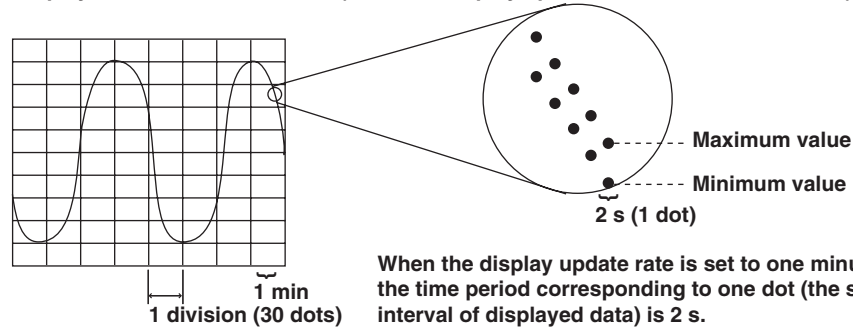
Measured/computed values are updated every second. However, when the scan interval on the DX210P/DX220P/DX230P is 2 s, the update rate is also 2 s.

1.3 Display Function

Displayed Data

The data displayed on the screen are a maximum and minimum values of the data that are sampled at the scan interval, within the time period corresponding to one dot.

Displayed data of the waveform (when the display update rate is set to one minute)



When the display update rate is set to one minute, the time period corresponding to one dot (the sampling interval of displayed data) is 2 s.

Displayed Information

The following Information can be displayed.

Information	Description
All channel display	Waveforms of all channels that were set to display the trend are displayed on one trend screen. ⇒“Sections 4.3 and 7.2”
Message writing	Specified messages can be written at arbitrary points in time. Messages are written to the internal memory and displayed on the waveform display section. See the explanation on next page. ⇒“Sections 5.16 and 8.2”
Display direction of waveforms	The waveform can be displayed vertically or horizontally. ⇒“Section 5.13”
Displayed color of waveforms	The displayed color of waveforms can be specified for each channel. The color also applies to the bar graph. ⇒“Section 5.10”
Thickness of waveform lines	You can select from 1, 2, or 3 dots. The specified thickness of waveform lines applies to all channels. ⇒“Section 5.13”
Trip line display	Displays a line to indicate a particular value of interest (trip line) for each group. You can select the thickness of the displayed line from 1, 2, or 3 dots. Up to four trip lines can be displayed on a single group. ⇒“Sections 5.9 and 5.13”
Scale display	A scale appropriate for the measured item can be displayed for each channel. The number of divisions of the scale created by the main scale marks can be set to a value in the range 4 to 12 div (also applies to the bar graph). Medium and small scale marks are displayed in between the main scale marks. ⇒“Section 5.12” You can select whether or not to display the scale for each channel.
Grid	The specified number of lines are displayed on the waveform display area. ⇒“Section 5.13”
Turn ON/OFF the numerical display section	The numerical display section can be turned ON or OFF. If the numerical display section is turned OFF, the display shows only the waveform and the scale. ⇒“Section 7.2”
Zone display	The waveform of each channel is displayed in its display range (zone). The waveforms are easier to view, because they do not overlap. See the explanation of the zone display below. ⇒“Section 5.11”
Partial expanded display	You can expand the important section of the display range. See the explanation of the partial expanded display below. ⇒“Sections 4.9 and 5.11”

Messages

There are the following two types of messages.

- **Preset Messages**

Messages are set beforehand and recalled and written when necessary.
 Number of messages available: 56 messages (8 messages x 7 groups)*

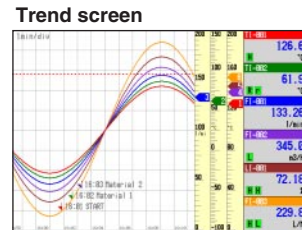
* The eight messages of group 7 can be assigned to USER keys and the remote control function (/R1 option) to be written.

- **Free Messages**

Messages are entered when you need to enter them.

Preset messages

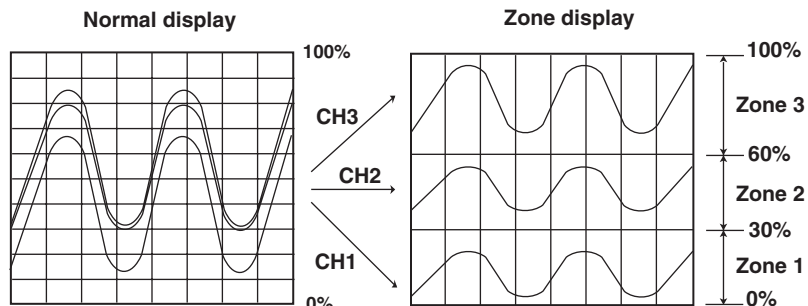
	Group 1	2	
1	Start		
2	Material 1		
3			7
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
	7		
	8		



Free messages
 Set the message when you wish to write it.

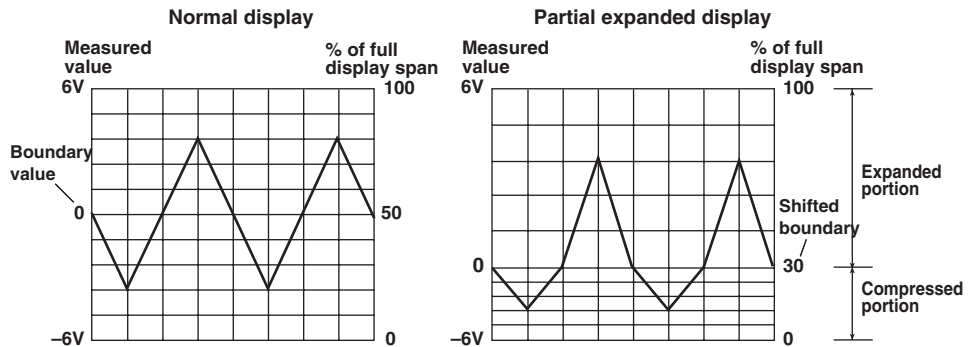
Explanation Regarding the Zone Display

The display range (zone) can be set for each channel. In the example shown in the figure below, channel 1 is displayed in the zone 0 to 30%, channel 2 in the zone 30 to 60%, and channel 3 in the zone 60 to 100%.



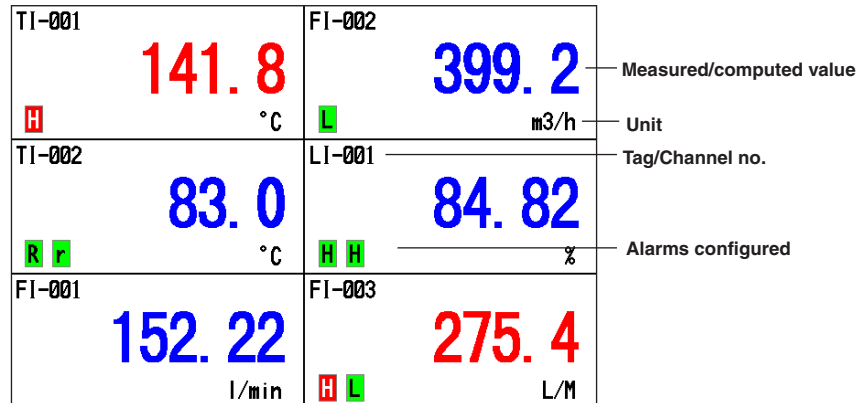
Explanation Regarding the Partial Expanded Display

By compressing a section of the display scale of the waveform, the remaining section of is expanded. You specify a value on the display scale (boundary value) to be moved to another position on the display scale (boundary value displacement position). In the example shown below, 0 V (boundary value) is moved to the 30% position of the display scale (boundary value displacement position). The section below the boundary represents -6 V to 0 V and the section above the boundary represents 0 V to 6 V.



Digital Screen

The measured/computed data are displayed using numerical values in large size. See section 7.2.



Updating of the Numerical Display

Measured/computed values are updated every second. However, when the scan interval on the DX210P/DX220P/DX230P is 2 s, the update rate is also 2 s.

Note

Numerical Display of Measurement Channels (Common to Trend, Digital, and Bar Graph Displays)

When the measured values of measurement channels are over range (see below), the measured values are indicated as “+*****” or “-*****.” Otherwise, the numerical values are displayed.

Over Range of Measurement Channels

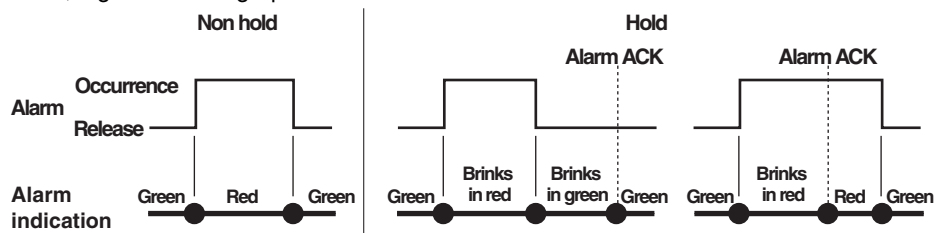
- For DC voltage input, over range occurs when the measured value of the measurement channel exceeds $\pm 5\%$ of the measurable range. For example, the measurable range when the measurement range is 2 V is -2.000 to 2.000 V. If the measured value exceeds 2.200 V, + over range occurs; if the measured value falls below -2.200 V, - over range occurs.
- For thermocouple or RTD input, over range occurs when the measured value exceeds approximately $\pm 10^\circ\text{C}$ of the measurable range. For example, the measurable range when the measurement range is R is 0.0 to 1760.0°C . If the measured value exceeds approximately 1770.0°C , + over range occurs; if the measured value falls below approximately -10.0°C , - over range occurs.

Numerical display of computation channels (common to trend, digital, and bar graph displays)

See section 1.7.

Alarm Indication

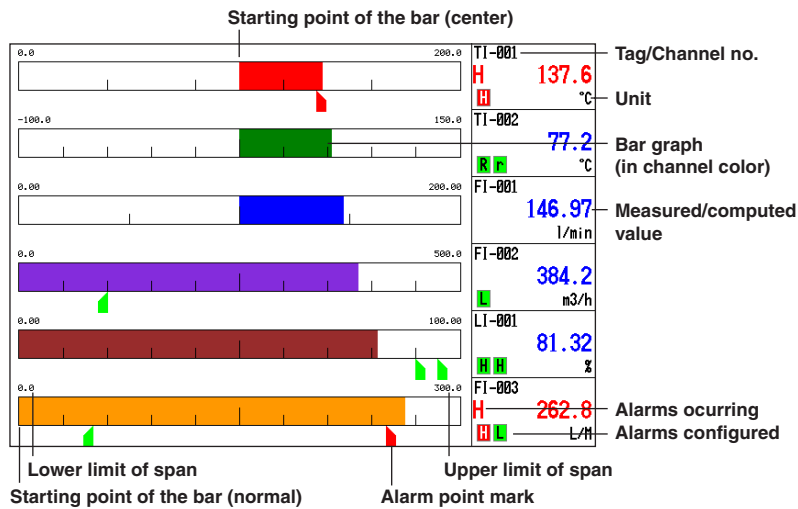
The indications of preset alarm marks vary depending on the hold/non-hold setting of alarm indication (see section 1.6) as follows. The indication patterns are common to trend, digital and bar graph.



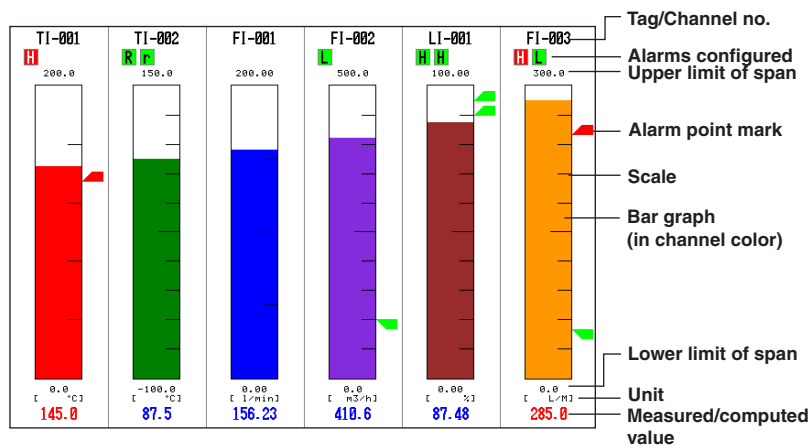
Bar graph Screen

The measured/computed data are displayed using bar graphs. See section 7.2.

Bar Graph (Horizontal)



Bar Graph (Vertical)



Updating of the Bar Graph and the Numerical Display

Measured/computed values are updated every second. However, when the scan interval on the DX210P/DX220P/DX230P is 2 s, the update rate is also 2 s.

Displayed Information

The following Information can be displayed.

Information	Description
Display direction	The bar graphs can be displayed horizontally or vertically. ⇒ "Section 5.13"
Base position	When the bar graph is displayed horizontally, the starting point of the bar (base position) can be set to the minimum edge of the measurement scale or to the center position. ⇒ "Section 5.12"
Displayed color	The displayed color of the channels are common with the trend. ⇒ "Section 5.10"
Scale display	The number of divisions of the scale can be set to a value in the range 4 to 12 (common with the trend). ⇒ "Section 5.12"

Overview Screen

Displays a list of measured/computed values and alarm conditions of all measurement/computation channels.

- You can move the cursor to select a channel and display the trend or bar graph of the group containing the selected channel.
- Alarm ACK operation can be performed on each alarm. Alarm ACK operation refers to the operation performed to clear the alarm display and relay output (option).

For details on the operations on the overview screen, see section 7.3.

The area corresponding to a channel on which an alarm is occurring is displayed in red.

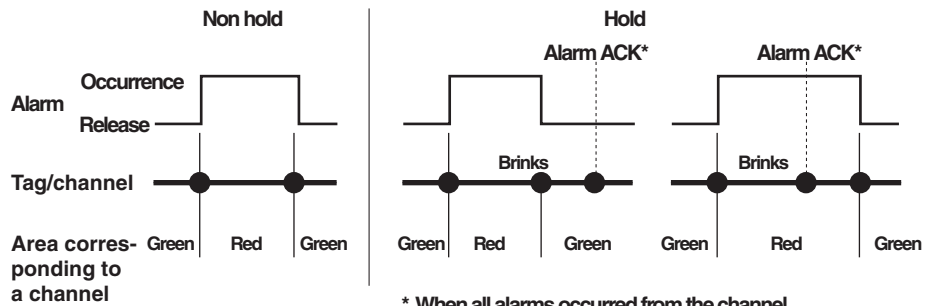
TI-001	H	146.0 °C	TI-001	146.00	
TI-002		88.9 °C	TI-002	146.00	
FI-001		157.55 l/min	FI-001	146.00	Cursor
FI-002		414.4 m ³ /h	FI-002	146.00	
LI-001		88.38 %	LIMI-005	146.00	
FI-003	H	288.1 L/M	FI-003	146.00	Alarms occurring
7		0.921 V	TI-001	146.00	Tag/Channel no.
8		0.921 V	FI-003	101.31 l/min	Measured/computed value and unit

Updating of the Numerical Display

Measured/computed values are updated every second. However, when the scan interval on the DX210P/DX220P/DX230P is 2 s, the update rate is also 2 s.

Alarm Indication

The display in the channel display area and channel No./tag name when an alarm occurs on any of the channels varies depending on the hold/non-hold setting of alarm indication (see section 1.6) as follows.



Alarm Summary

A list of the most recent alarms can be displayed.

- Up to 240 incidents can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten from the oldest data.
- By scrolling the screen using arrow keys, the alarms stored in the internal memory can be displayed.
- By selecting an alarm from the list using arrow keys, the historical trend of the display data or event data containing the alarm can be recalled. For a description on the historical trend display, see "Historical Trend" in this section.

For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.

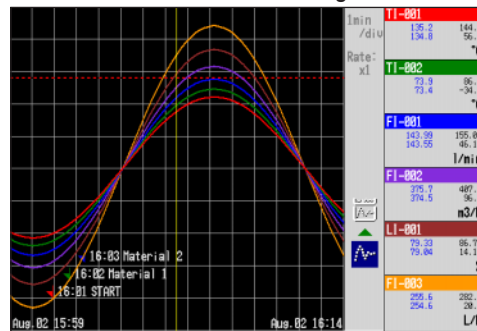
Number of the alarm information displayed at the bottom of the screen

Number of the alarm information in the internal memory

Tag/Channel no.	Alarm No. (1, 2, 3, 4) /Type (H, L, h, l, R, r, T, t)	Date & Time (alarm occurred)	Date & Time (alarm was released)
(020/122) Channel	Type	Alarm IN Time	Alarm OUT Time
● FI-003	2L	Aus. 02. 2001 16:15:28	
● TI-001	1H	Aus. 02. 2001 16:07:24	Aus. 02. 2001 16:10:52
● FI-003	1H	Aus. 02. 2001 16:07:15	Aus. 02. 2001 16:10:59
● FI-002	1L	Aus. 02. 2001 16:00:26	Aus. 02. 2001 16:01:40
● FI-003	2L	Aus. 02. 2001 15:59:14	Aus. 02. 2001 16:02:45
● TI-001	1H	Aus. 02. 2001 15:51:10	Aus. 02. 2001 15:54:38

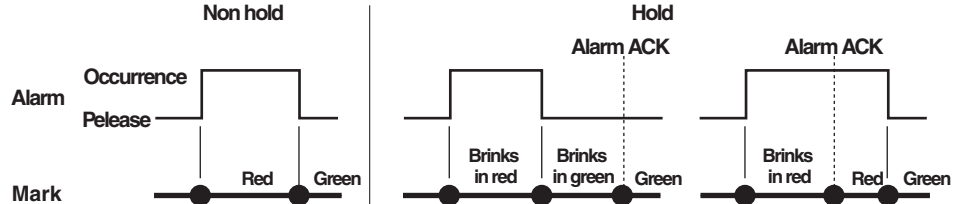
Mark (indicates the alarm status)
Cursor (selects the alarm information)

Historical trend of the data containing the selected alarm information



Alarm Mark Indication

The mark indication varies depending on the hold/non-hold setting of alarm indication (see section 1.6) as follows.



Alarm ACK Summary

A record of alarm ACK operations can be displayed.

- Up to 240 incidents can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten from the oldest data.
- By scrolling the screen using arrow keys, the alarms ACKs stored in the internal memory can be displayed.

For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.

Number of Alarm ACK information displayed at the bottom of the screen

Tag/Channel no.	Alarm No. (1, 2, 3, 4) /Type (H, L, h, l, R, r, T, t)	Alarm ACK time	User name
(020/041) Channel	Type	ACK Time	User Name
● FI-002	1L		
● FI-003	2L		
● TI-002	2r	Aus. 24. 2001 08:27:58	ABC2001 [R]
● TI-002	2r	Aus. 24. 2001 08:27:58	ABC2001 [R]

Tag/Channel no.
Mark (indicates the alarm status)
(Space): Key operation
[R]: Operation via remote control (/R1 option)
[M]: Operation via Ethernet communications
[S]: Operation via serial communications (/C2, /C3 option)

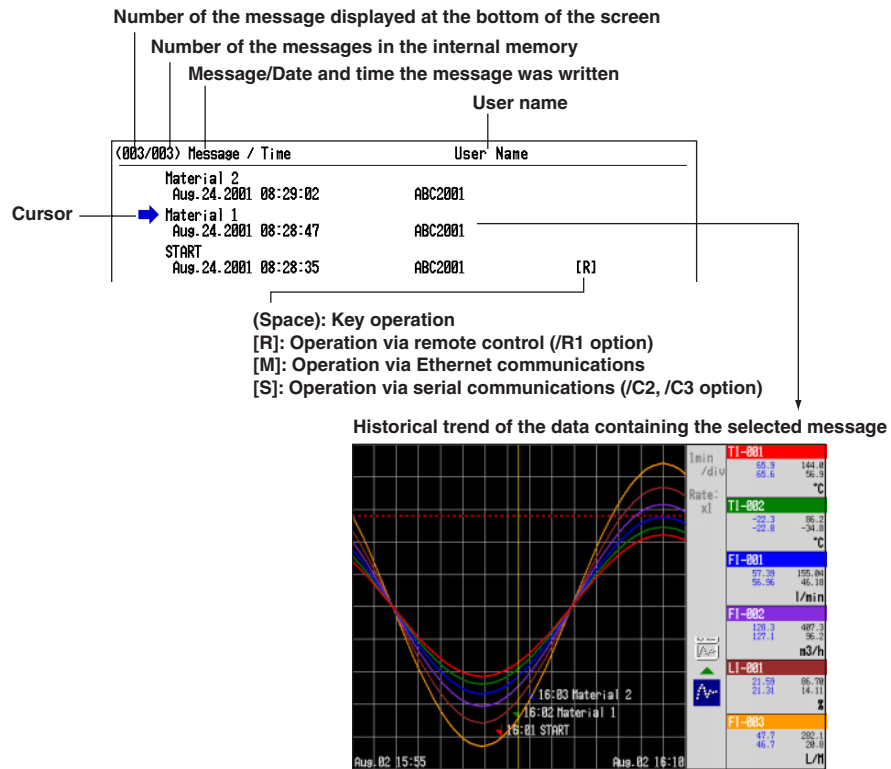
1.3 Display Function

Message Summary

The messages and the times when they were entered are displayed in a list.

- Up to 250 messages can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten from the oldest data.
- By scrolling the screen using arrow keys, the messages stored in the internal memory can be displayed.
- By selecting a message from the list using arrow keys, the historical trend of the display data or event data containing the message can be recalled. For a description on the historical trend, see “Historical Trend” in this section.

For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.

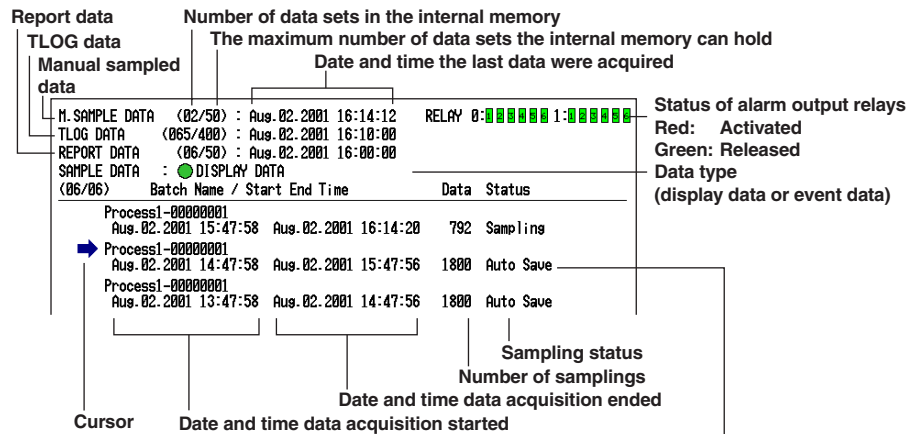


Memory Summary

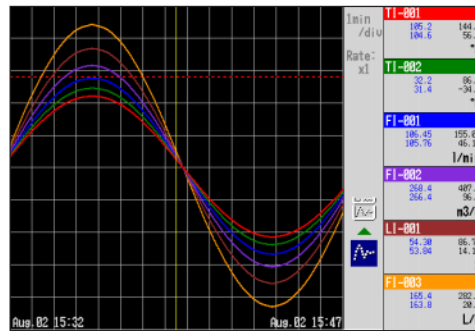
The information pertaining to the display data and event data in the internal memory is displayed.

- By selecting the display data* or event data* using the arrow keys, the historical trend display can be recalled. For a description on the historical trend, see “Historical Trend” in this section.
 - * For a description on the display data and event data, see section 1.4.
- The number of manual sampled data, TLOG data (/M1 option), and report data (/M1 option) residing in the internal memory are displayed.
- For models that have the alarm output relays (option), the ON/OFF state of the relays are also listed.

For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.



Historical trend of the selected data

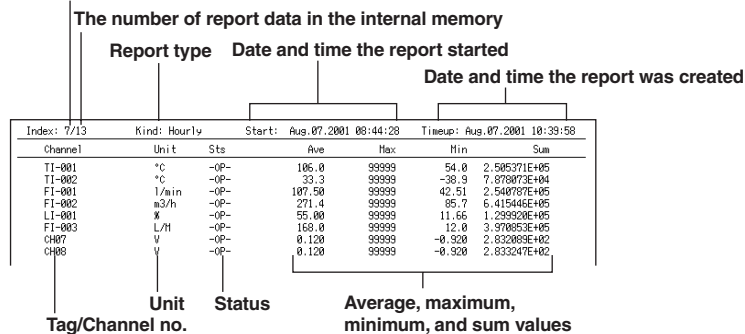


Report Data (/M1 option)

Report data residing in the internal memory can be displayed.

For details related to the report data, see section 1.7. For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.

The index number of the report data currently displayed



4 Panel Display

Up to four different display formats can be displayed at once. The following formats can be displayed:

Trend,* digital,* bar graph,* overview, alarm summary, alarm ACK summary, message summary, and memory summary.

* The data of different groups can be displayed in quadrants that are showing the trend, digital, or bar graph.

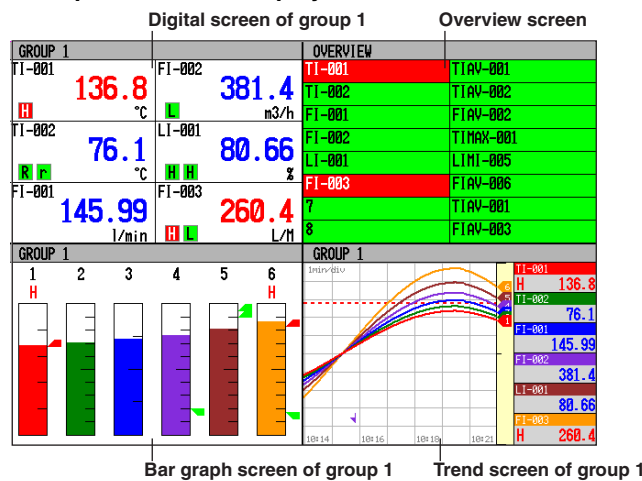
The configuration of the 4 panel display can be registered (up to four configurations). The registered configuration can be recalled to the screen.

The initial setting is as follows:

Display Name	Displays Shown
MIX	Trend (group 1), digital (group 1), bar graph (group 1), and overview
ALL TREND	All trend displays (groups 1 through 4)
ALL DIGITAL	All digital displays (groups 1 through 4)
ALL BAR	All bar graph displays (groups 1 through 4)

For the operating procedure, see section 7.6.

Example of a “MIX” Display



Note

- The following information is not displayed on the 4 panel display.
 - Measured/computed values , alarm type, and cursor of the overview
 - Scale of trends
 - Measured/computed values, upper and lower limit of span, and unit of bar graphs.
 - Cursors of alarm summary, message summary, and memory summary
- Channel numbers are used on the screens assigned to a quadrant, even if the tag name display is specified.
 - Trend screen in vertical waveform display
 - Trend screen in type 2 horizontal waveform display
 - Trend screen in horizontal waveform display when the seven or more channels are assigned to the group.
- Bar graph screen

Historical Trend

The waveform of the past display data* and event data* in the internal memory can be displayed. This function is called "Historical trend."

*1 For details of display data and event data, see section 1.4.

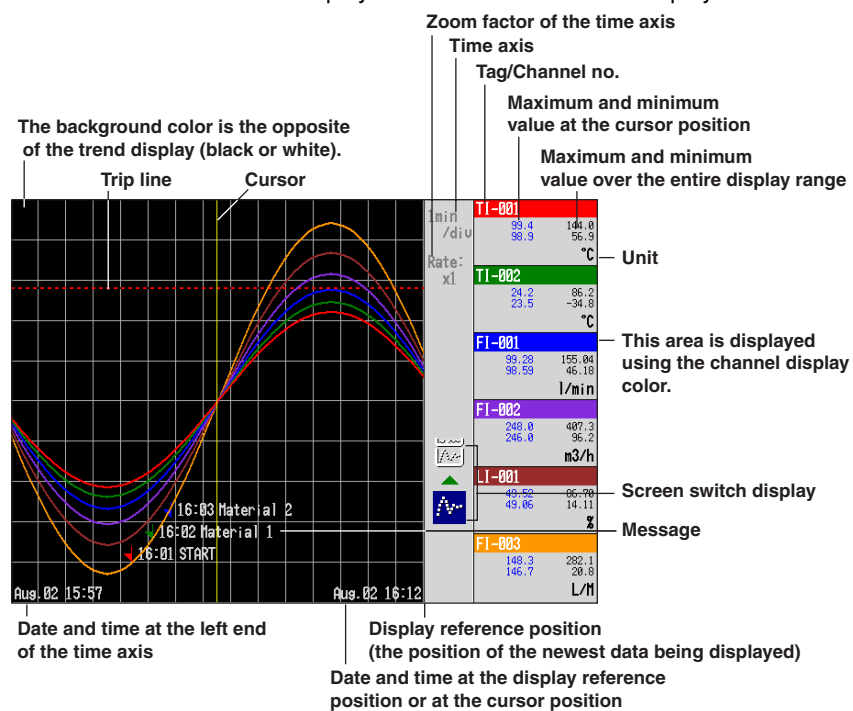
Methods Used to Display the Historical Trend

The following four methods are available in displaying the historical trend of the display data or event data in the internal memory:

- Display from the alarm summary. For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.
- Display from the message summary. For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.
- Display from the memory summary. For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.
- Recall from the screen menu. For the operating procedure, see section 7.5.

Information Displayed on the Historical Trend

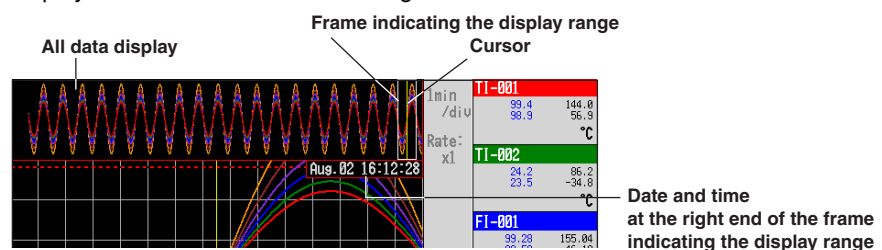
Alarms and scales are not displayed on the historical trend display.



Operation on the Historical Trend

The following operations can be carried out. For the operating procedure, see section 7.5.

- Measured/computed values and the date and time at an arbitrary position can be read by moving the cursor using the arrow keys.
- The waveform can be scrolled along the time axis using the the arrow keys.
- The time axis can be expanded or reduced.
- The information of the data being displayed on the historical trend can be displayed.
- You can display all the data points of the file displayed on the historical trend display in a section of the screen (all data display) and specify the range of data to be displayed on the historical trend using a frame.



Sign Record Screen

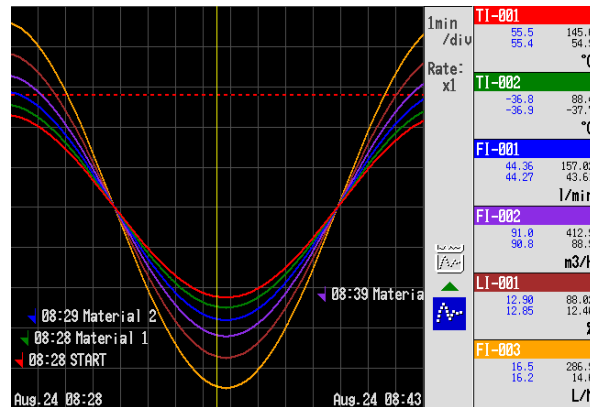
Loads **the display/event data file saved on the external storage medium** and displays the waveform.

Viewing Method

- If “Batch Stop sign record” is specified, the sign record screen appears when Memory Stop is executed (see section 6.2).
- The sign record screen appears through the “data load” operation using the FUNC key (see section 8.7).

Information Displayed on the Sign Record Screen

See the explanation in the “Historical Trend” section.



Operation on the Sign Record Screen

The following operations can be carried out. For the operating procedure, see section 6.3.

- **Sign (add approval information to) the display data files or the event data files on the external storage medium.**
- **View the operation log, alarm summary, alarm ACK summary, and message summary and confirm the information.**
- **Select an alarm on the alarm summary and display the waveform around the point where the alarm occurred.**
- **Select a message on the message summary and display the waveform around the point when the message was written.**

The following functions are the same as those for the historical trend.

- Measured/computed values and the date and time at an arbitrary position can be read by moving the cursor using the arrow keys.
- The waveform can be scrolled along the time axis using the cursor keys.
- The time axis can be expanded or reduced.
- The file information of the loaded file can be displayed.
- You can display all the data points of the loaded file in a section of the screen (all data display) and specify the range of data to be displayed on the historical trend using a frame.

Status Display Section

The following information is displayed in the status display section during operation mode or engineering mode.

Usage condition of the internal memory (see section 1.4)

DISP: Indicates display data.
EVENT: Indicates event data.

Indicates the usage condition of the data acquisition area.
 When the data storage area in the internal memory becomes full, [Overwrite] is displayed.

Indicates the remaining time allowed for data acquisition.
 The unit varies depending on the remaining time. Value below the unit is truncated (example: displays "1hour" even if the time is 1 hour 56 minutes).

Number of blocks of data in the internal memory
 The maximum number of blocks that the internal memory can retain is 16. Thus, a value less than or equal to 16. (When the number of blocks exceeds 16, the block is overwritten from the block with the oldest data.)

Maximum number of blocks that the internal memory can retain (16)

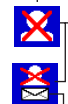


Internal memory icon (see section 6.2)

- Data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped.
- Data acquisition to the internal memory is in progress.

Alarm icon (see section 1.6)

Displayed when any alarm is activated.



User Locked icon (see section 1.5)

Displayed when the user is invalidated due to wrong operations.

E-mail icon (communication function)

Displayed when the e-mail transmission is started.

Computation icon (M1 option, see section 1.7)

- No icon: Computation stopped
- White icon: Computation started
- Yellow icon: Computation dropout occurred

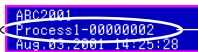
Name of the user logged in (see section 1.5)
Screen name or group name



For all channel display on the trend screen, "All" is displayed.

Date and time

Displayed in yellow while the time is being corrected (see section 1.10).
 Displayed alternately every 5 s.



Batch number-lot number

If the "batch number-lot number" exceeds 20 characters, the "date and time" position is used to display the "batch number-lot number."



External storage media icon

The operation cover on the front panel is open.



Accessing the external storage medium.



Waiting.



Storage medium error. Displayed only when the cyclical use of the storage area (Media FIFO) is specified (see section 1.4).

The green level display indicates the amount of external storage medium used. When the free space on the external storage medium falls below 10% of the external storage medium capacity or 6 Mbytes, the indicator turns red.

Setting the Display Conditions of the LCD

The display conditions of the LCD can be configured.

LCD Environment	Setting
Background color of the operation screen	The background color of the screen can be set to white or black. The initial setting is "white." For the procedure, see section 5.13.
LCD brightness	The brightness of the LCD can be set between four levels. The initial setting is "3." For the procedure, see section 5.14.
Backlight saver	The lifetime of the LCD backlight can be extended by automatically dimming the light when there is no key operation for a certain amount of time. The screen returns to the original brightness with a key operation or an alarm occurrence. The initial setting is set so that the backlight saver is disabled. For the procedure, see section 5.14.

1.4 Measured/Computed Data Save Function

Data Type

The types of measured/computed data that can be saved to the external storage medium are as follows.

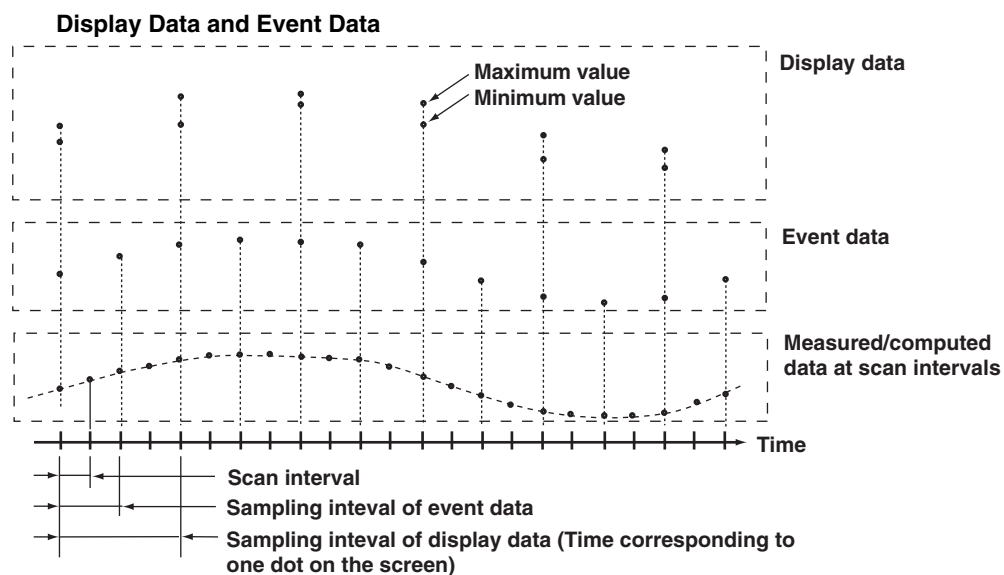
Type	Description
Display data	Waveform data displayed on the trend display. The data is managed using batch/lot numbers or a file name Mddhhmma.DBD . Data format: BINARY (Undisclosed)
Event data	Measured/computed data (instantaneous value) that have been continuously sampled at a specified sampling interval. The data is managed using batch/lot numbers or a file name Mddhhmma.DBE . Data format: BINARY (Undisclosed)
Manual sampled data	Measured/computed data (instantaneous value) at an arbitrary point. File name: Mddhhmma.DMN Data format: ASCII
TLOG data (/M1 Option)	Measured/computed data (instantaneous value) at intervals set using a timer. File name: Mddhhmma.DTG Data format: BINARY (Undisclosed)
Report data (/M1 Option)	Hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly report data. File name: Mddhhmma.DHR (hourly), Mddhhmma.DDR (daily), Mddhhmma.DWR (weekly), Mddhhmma.DMR (monthly) Data format: ASCII

* For details on the file name "Mddhhmma.extension," see appendix 3.

Display Data and Event Data

The measured/computed data is written to the internal memory of the DX200P at a specified interval as display data or event data from the time Memory Start* is executed to the time Memory Stop* is executed and automatically saved to the external storage medium at a specified interval. You can select whether to save the measured/computed data as display data or event data (see section 4.3).

* For details on Memory Start and Memory Stop, see section 1.5.



Display data are used to display waveforms on the DX200P's screen. Display data consists of maximum and minimum values of the measured or computed data sampled at the scan interval within the time period corresponding to one dot on the time axis on the screen.

1.4 Measured/Computed Data Save Function

The time period corresponding to one dot is called “the sampling interval of display data.” The sampling interval of display data is determined by the display update rate. The relationship between the display update rate and the sampling interval of display data is as follows:

Display Update Rate (/div)	15 s*	30 s*	1 min	2 min	5 min	10 min	15 min	20 min	30 min	1 h	2 h	4 h	10 h
Sampling interval of display data (s)	0.5	1	2	4	10	20	30	40	60	120	240	480	1200

* for DX204P and DX208P only

Display data can be likened to the conventional recording on the chart sheet and are useful for long-term data acquisition.

Event data are instantaneous values of the measured/computed data at specified sampling intervals. The sampling interval can be selected from the selections below. You cannot specify a sampling interval that is faster than the scan interval. For the setting procedure, see section 4.3.

DX204P, DX208P: 125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 300 s, and 600 s

DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 300 s, and 600 s
By setting the sampling interval equal to the scan interval, all measured/computed data sampled at the scan interval can be saved. This is useful when you wish to acquire the measured/computed data in detail.

Channels for Saving the Display Data / Event Data

You can specify the channels to save the display data or event data. For the procedure, see section 4.3. By default, the data of all measurement/computation channels is set to be saved.

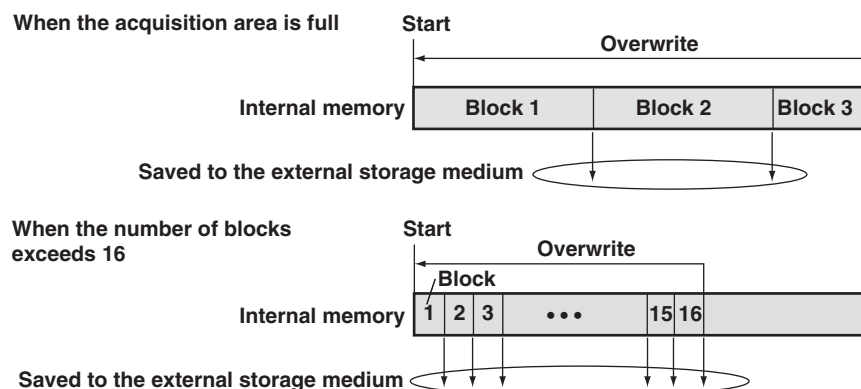
Acquiring Display Data/Event Data to the Internal Memory

The size of the internal memory for acquiring display data or event data is 5 MB^{*1}. The display data or event data in the internal memory is divided into blocks according to the timing^{*2} used to save data to the external storage medium. When the acquisition area is full or when the number of blocks^{*3} in the internal memory exceeds 16, data is overwritten from the oldest data.

*1 For details on how to estimate the maximum sampling length from the number of channels which data is to be acquired to and the sampling interval, see appendix 4.

*2 See the section “Saving Display Data and Event Data to the External Storage Medium.”

*3 The display data or event data in the internal memory can be confirmed using memory summary (see section 7.4).



Type of Process When Saving Display Data and Event Data

You can set the type of process to “Batch” or “Continue” (Continuous). “Batch” is suitable for managing data at the batch level through batch process. “Continuous” is suitable for managing data of a process that is continuously run through the rotation of operators or administrators.

The following points differ between “Batch” and “Continuous.”

Saving of the Data to the External Storage Medium

- **“Batch”**

Data is saved so that 1 data file/batch is achieved as much as possible.

- The interval for saving the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium is fixed* to the maximum interval that can be specified on the DX200P. If the acquisition to the memory is stopped before 1 interval elapses, 1 data file/batch is achieved.

* The value varies depending on the number of channels of data that is saved and the sampling interval.

- Data cannot be saved using key operation.

- **“Continuous”**

You can select the interval for saving the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium.

Signing Data Files (Adding Approval Information)

- **“Batch”**

In the case of 1 data file/batch, the file can be signed using the DX200P or the DAQSIGNIN that came with the package.

If a single batch of data is made up of multiple files, the DX200P cannot be used to sign the data. You can use the DAQSIGNIN software that came with the package.

* In the DAQSIGNIN, the batch can be handled as 1 data file/batch.

- **“Continuous”**

You can use either the DX200P or the DAQSIGNIN software that came with the package to sign each data file.

Saving Display Data and Event Data to the External Storage Medium

Type of External Storage Medium

The measured/computed data in the internal memory can be saved to the following external storage media.

- Zip disk (100 MB or 250 MB)
- Flash memory card (4 MB to 440 MB): The size varies depending on the memory card that you are using.

Note

- Use an external storage medium formatted to "FDISK 1 partition (hard disk format)."
 - If a memory card larger than 32 MB is formatted using Windows XP, FAT32 is selected by default. The DX200P cannot use memory cards formatted to FAT32. When formatting a memory card on Windows XP, select FAT for the file system.
-

Information Saved to the Display Data and Event Data Files

The following information is saved to the display data and event data files.

Content of the display data and event data files

- | |
|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Header string (see section 5.7)*• Batch information (see "Batch Function" in section 1.5)• Measured/computed data• Setup data while running• Login information (see "Login Function" in section 1.5)• Operation log (see "Audit Trail Function" in section 1.5)• Alarm summary• Alarm ACK summary• Message summary |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Approval information (see "Electronic Signature Function" in section 1.5) |

← Added after data acquisition to the memory is stopped.

* The header string is common to the manual sampled data, TLOG data (option), and report data (option).

Note

The limitation on the number of alarm information, message information, and operation logs that can be stored to the internal memory are shown below. When the maximum number is exceeded, the information is overwritten from the oldest information. Therefore, if the alarm information, message information, or operation log exceeds its maximum number before the display data/event data is saved to the external storage medium, the overwritten information is not stored to the display data/event data file.

Alarm information: 240 max. Message information: 250 max. Operation log: 2000 max.

Data Save Destination Directory (See page 1-29)

You can specify the name of the save destination directory on the external storage medium (up to 8 alphanumeric characters. Initial value is "DATA0"). For the setting procedure, see section 5.7.

- * Display data, event data, manual sample data, TLOG data, report data, and screen image data files are saved to this directory.

Note

Back up the data on the external storage medium.

Auto Save

The display data/event data in the internal memory is saved automatically to the external storage medium according to the timing shown below. For the procedure, see section 4.3.

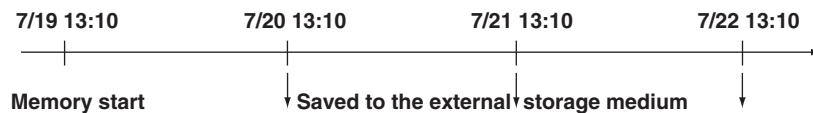
- Every interval indicated below
 - Display data
 - Auto save interval (10 minutes to 31 days^{*1}, see section 5.6)
 - Fixed to the maximum selectable interval^{*2} if the process type is set to "Batch."
 - Event data
 - Data length (3 minutes to 31 days^{*1}, see section 4.3)
 - Fixed to the maximum selectable data length^{*2} if the process type is set to "Batch."
- *1 The selections vary depending on the number of channels of data that is saved and the sampling interval.
- *2 The value varies depending on the number of channels of data that is saved and the sampling interval.
- Specified time
 - You can specify a time to save the data as follows. This operation is called "data saving through **memory timeup**."
 - * Batch data file saved using memory timeup cannot be signed on the DX200P (see page 1-38).
 - Every hour on the hour
 - Specified hour on the hour every day
 - Specified hour on the hour on the specified day every week
 - Specified hour on the hour on the specified day every month
- When the acquisition to the memory is stopped

Examples of data save operation to the external storage medium**Example 1**

Auto save interval or data length: 1 day

Date and time when data is saved to the external storage medium: Not use

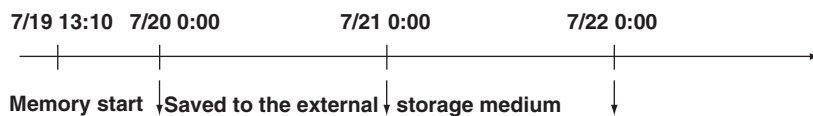
After starting at 13:10, data is saved every 24 hours after (at 13:10 everyday).

**Example 2**

Auto save interval or data length: 1 day

Date and time when data is saved to the external storage medium: 0 hour every day.

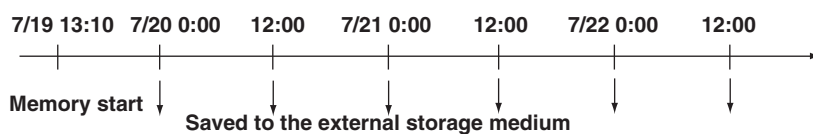
After starting at 13:10 on July 19th, data is saved at 0 hour on July 20th and then every day after and at 0 hour every day (the same time for both in this example).

**Example 3**

Auto save interval or data length: 12 hours

Date and time when data is saved to the external storage medium: 0 hour every day.

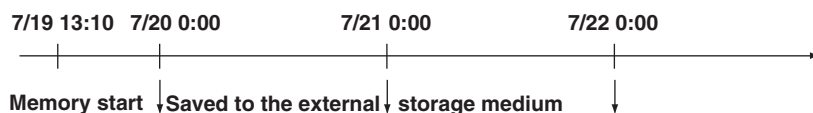
After starting at 13:10 on July 19th, data is saved at 0 hour on July 20th and then every 12 hours after and at 0 hour every day (0 hour occurs at the same time as the 12 hour timing).

**Example 4**

Auto save interval or data length: 2 day

Date and time when data is saved to the external storage medium: 0 hour every day.

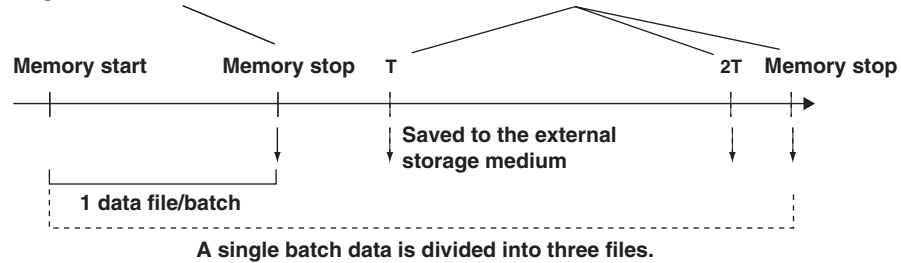
After starting at 13:10 on July 19th, data is saved at 0 hour on July 20th and then every 2 days after and at 0 hour every day (the 2-day timing occurs at the same time as 0 hour).



1.4 Measured/Computed Data Save Function

If the process type is set to "Batch" and the acquisition to the memory is stopped before the specified interval elapses, 1 data file/batch is achieved.

If the acquisition to the memory is stopped before the first auto save interval or data length, 1 data file/batch results. Data is saved at every prescribed interval (T) and when the acquisition to the memory is stopped.



Saving Data Using FUNC Key Operation (Only When the Process Type Is Set to "Continuous")

Through FUNC key operation, display data/event data can be saved to the external storage medium at an arbitrary time after memory start. For the operating procedure, see section 8.6.

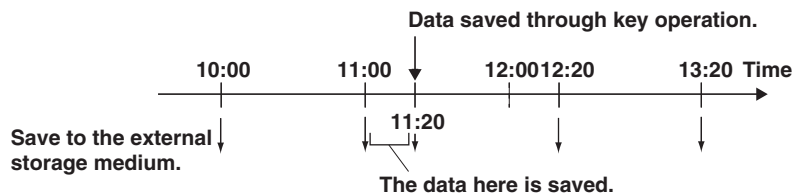
Below is the behavior of the DX200P when this operation is executed.

- **When Saving Data at Auto Save Intervals (Display Data) or Data Length (Event Data)**

Saving of the data is repeated at auto save intervals or every data length from the point when data is saved through key operation.

Example: When auto save interval or data length is set to 1 hour

Example: When auto save interval or data length is set to 1 hour



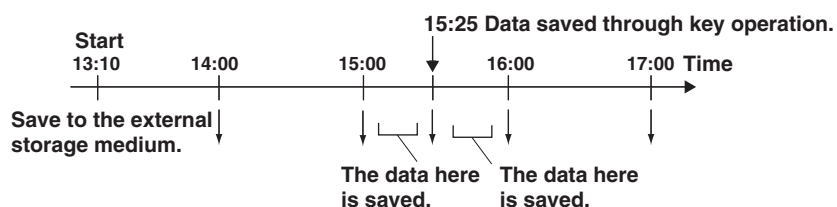
Note

The save operation using the auto save interval or data length is executed by counting the auto save interval or data length from the last time the data was saved.

- **When Saving Data at Specified Times**

The operation continues without change after saving the data through key operation.

Example: When data is saved every hour on the hour



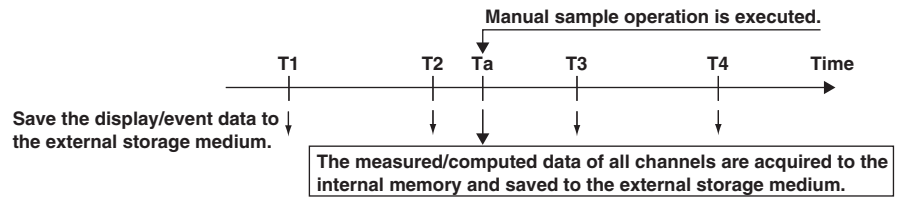
Note

If the saving of the data to the external storage medium is not complete due to reasons such as insufficient free space, the following operation takes place.

- The next time data is saved to the external storage medium, unsaved data is also saved.
- If Memory Start is not executed, the unsaved data is saved when the operation cover is closed.
- You cannot execute Memory Start when unsaved data exists.

Manual Sampled Data

- When the manual sample operation is executed, the instantaneous values of all channels (excluding the measurement channels that are set to Skip and the computation channels that are turned Off) are acquired to the internal memory.



- Up to 50 data sets can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten from the oldest data.
- The first time manual sample is executed, a manual sampled data file is created on the external storage medium. The data are appended to this file for each successive manual sample operation.

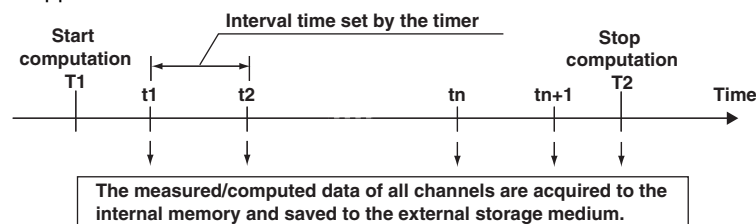
For the operating procedures, see section 8.3.

Note

- The number of manual sampled data in the internal memory can be confirmed on the memory summary (see section 1.3).
- When there is no medium in the drive at the time when manual sample is executed, all unsaved data are saved the first time when manual sample is executed, after the storage medium is reinserted into the drive.
- A character string can be set as a file header (see section 5.7).

TLOG Data (Only on models with the optional computation function (M1))

- TLOG data is created from the time computation is started to the time computation is stopped.
- The instantaneous values of all channels (excluding the measurement channels that are set to Skip and the computation channels that are turned Off) are acquired to the internal memory at each time interval set by timers and when the computation is stopped.



- Up to 400 data sets can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten from the oldest data.
- The first time TLOG data are acquired, a TLOG data file is created on the external storage medium. The data are appended to this file at each time interval. When the number of TLOG data sets exceeds 400, a new file is created.

For the setting procedures, see sections 4.7 and 5.19.

Note

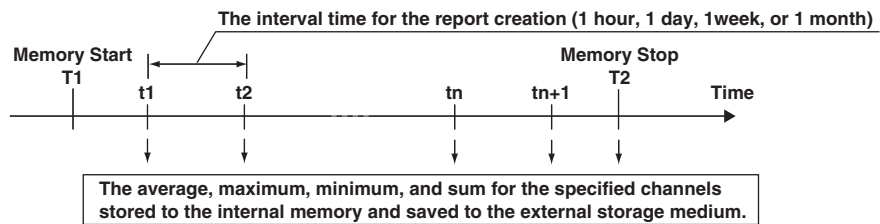
- Up to 16 blocks (number of computation start/stop operations) of TLOG data can be stored to the internal memory. When the number of blocks in the internal memory exceeds 16, TLOG data are overwritten even if the number of data sets is less than 400.
- The number of TLOG data sets in the internal memory can be confirmed on the memory summary (see section 1.3).
- When there is no medium in the drive at the time when data are supposed to be saved, all unsaved data are saved the first time when the interval time expires after the storage medium is reinserted into the drive.

1.4 Measured/Computed Data Save Function

- A character string can be set as a file header (see section 5.7).
-

Report Data (Only on Models with the Optional Computation Function (/M1))

- A report is created from the time Memory Start is executed to the time Memory Stop is executed.
- The average, maximum, minimum, and sum can be computed for the specified channels at predetermined intervals and the result can be stored to the internal memory.
- You can select one hour (hourly report), one day (daily report), one hour/one day (hourly and daily report), one day/one week (daily and weekly reports), or one day/one month (daily and monthly reports) for the interval.



- Up to 50 data sets can be stored to the internal memory. When this number is exceeded, data are overwritten starting with the oldest data. When “daily and monthly reports” is specified, for example, the total number of daily and monthly reports that can be stored in the internal memory is 50.
- The first time report computation is executed, a report data file is created on the external storage medium. A file is created for each type of report such as hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly reports. The data are appended to this file at each time interval.

Dividing Report Files

The report files are divided at the following times.

- When the data acquisition is stopped (Memory Stop).
- For hourly reports
 - When the 0:00 report is created every day.
 - When the number of data sets in the file reaches 25.
- For daily reports
 - When the report for the first day of the month is created every month
 - When the number of data sets in the file reaches 32.

For the setting procedures, see section 4.6.

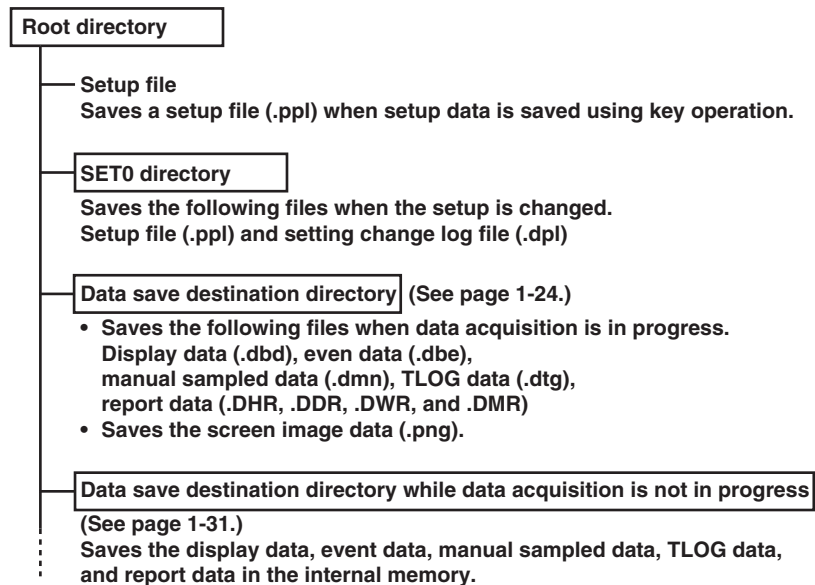
Note

- The number of report data sets in the internal memory can be confirmed on the memory summary (see section 1.3).
 - When there is no medium in the drive at the time when data are supposed to be saved, all unsaved data are saved the first time when the interval time expires after the storage medium is reinserted into the drive.
 - A character string can be set as a file header (see section 5.7).
-

Using the External Storage Medium

Directory Structure

The external storage medium consists of directories shown in the figure below.



Replacing the External Storage Medium

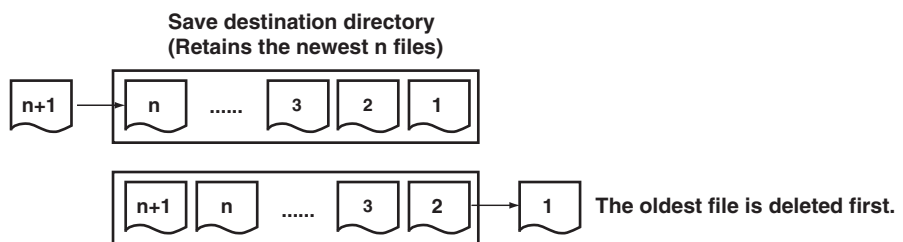
A message appears when there is not enough free space on the external storage medium. Replace the storage medium before the data in the internal memory is overwritten.

Cyclical Use of the Storage Area of the External Storage Medium (Media FIFO)

This method constantly saves the newest files to the external storage medium. This method enables a single storage medium to be used continuously.

- **Operation**

When the free space on the external storage medium becomes small, the oldest file in the save destination directory is deleted, and the newest file is saved. This operation is referred to as FIFO (First In First Out).



- **FIFO Operation in the Data Save Destination Directory**

Retains up to the newest 1000 files.

- **FIFO Operation in the SET0 Directory**

Retains up to the newest 100 files.

1.4 Measured/Computed Data Save Function

Note

- If the free space on the storage medium after saving the file is less than 1 MB, the oldest files are deleted in order from the save destination directory before saving the file. A free space of at least 1 MB is available after saving the file.
 - All the files in the save destination directory are applicable to be deleted.
 - If enough free space cannot be obtained even when the files are deleted, the data is not saved.
 - FIFO operation is carried out even when more than 1000 files exist in the data save destination directory from the beginning.
 - If directories other than the data save destination directory are created on the storage medium, the area that can be used for the data save destination directory is reduced. It is recommended that a storage medium dedicated solely to saving data be used.
 - File Division
Manual sampled data files, report data files (hourly or monthly), and setting change log files are often excluded from files that are deleted, because the date of creation of these files is updated each time new data is added. To prevent this problem, these files are divided when the file exceeds 100 KB only when FIFO operation is specified. Below are estimations of the amount of data that can be saved to a divided 100-KB file.
 - Manual Sampled Data Files
3525 or 388 samples when the number of channels is 1 or 30, respectively
 - Report Data Files (Hourly and Monthly)
When the number of report channels is 30: 48 weeks for weekly and 48 months for monthly
 - Setting change log files
1161 logs or less
-

- **When an Error Occurs on the Storage Medium**

The following alarms are output when an alarm occurs on the storage medium.

- The external storage medium icon in the status display section changes to an error indication.
- Memory end output is possible using the system relay (/F1 option).
- An E-mail can be transmitted (see IM04L05A01-17E).
- The error is output as status information via the communication interface (see IM04L05A01-17E).

Note

If a normal storage medium is detected such as by replacing the storage medium, the storage medium error status is cleared.

Data Storage While Data Acquisition Is Stopped

The data in the internal memory can be saved to an external storage medium when data acquisition is stopped. This operation can be carried out only by an administrator. For the operating procedure, see section 5.23.

Data That Are Saved

The display data, event data, manual sampled data, TLOG data, and report data in the internal memory are saved.

Save Destination Directory (see page 1-29)

The data saved using this method is saved to the following directory. The sequence number of the directory name is incremented by 1 each time the data save operation is carried out.

“The specified directory name”.A** (where ** is a sequence number)

Precautions to Be Taken When Using Display Data Files and Event Data Files

- Use the display data files and event data files as reference data.
The login information, setup data, alarm summary, operation log, message summary, and acknowledge information that exist at the time data save operation from the internal memory is carried out are saved to the display data files and event data files. The information may be different from the information when the data was stored by the auto save function.
- The file name in file information is displayed in red.
To distinguish these files from those saved by the auto save function, the file names of these files are displayed in red in the file information (see section 8.7).

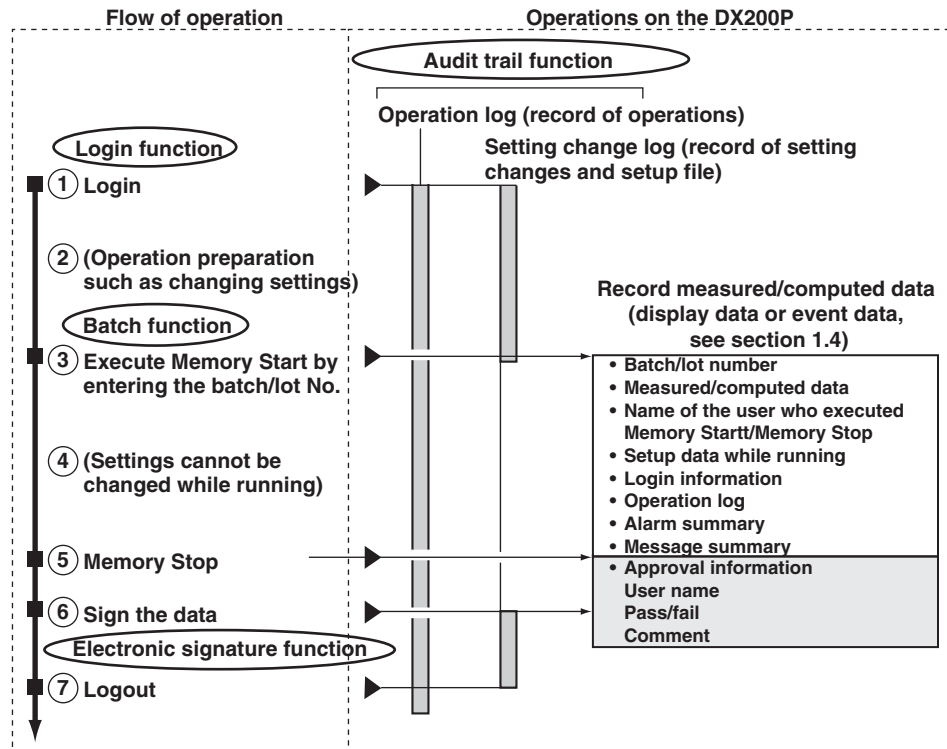
Saving Data via Ethernet

The display data, event data, report data, and screen image data can be automatically transferred to an FTP server via Ethernet for storage. Conversely, the DX200P can operate as an FTP server. In this case, the DX200P is accessed from a PC and the files on the external storage medium can be retrieved for storage. For details on these functions, see the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

1.5 Function for Managing Measured/Computed Data

Relationship between the Operations on the DX200P and the Function for Managing Data

The measured/computed data of the DX200P can be managed using the login function, batch function, audit trail function, and electronic signature function. The following figure indicates the operations on the DX200P and each of the functions.



Explanation of Terminology

- **Login/logout**
Login refers to the steps taken by the user who is registered in the DX200P to enable operations on the DX200P by entering the user name, user ID, and password. Logout refers to the steps taken to terminate the login condition.
- **Memory Start/Memory Stop**
Operation for starting or stopping the recording of the display data or event data. When Memory Start is executed, the display data or event data is acquired to the internal memory at a specified interval and automatically saved to the external storage medium.
- **Electronic Signature Function and Sign**
The electronic signature function is used to add approval information (pass or fail) to data files by checking the saved data. Sign refers to the action of adding such information. This corresponds to electronic signature.
- **Audit Trail Function**
This function saves information used to check the past run progress.
- **Log**
This log contains records such as operations in order of occurrence in a predetermined format.

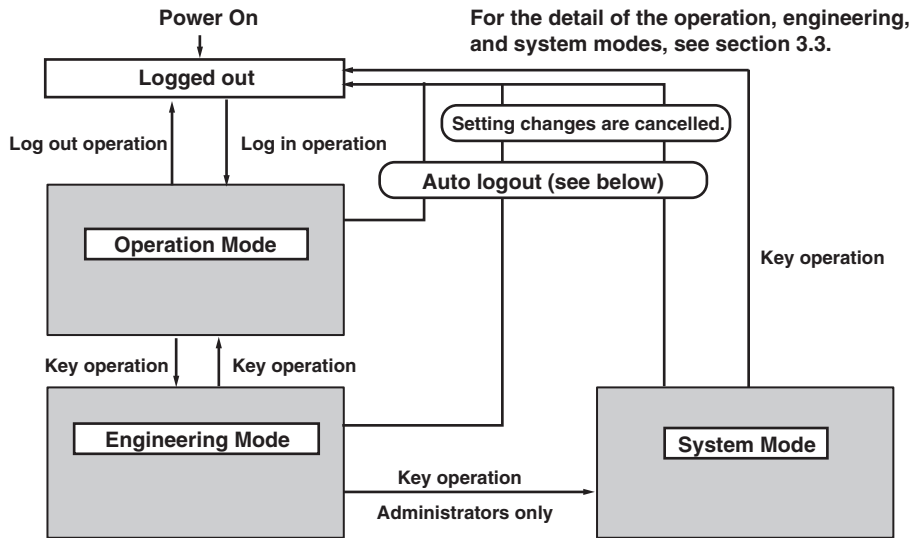
Note

The measured/computed data of the DX200P is saved to the external storage medium. Make sure to back up the data.

Login Function

The DX200P can be used only by the users that have been registered beforehand. You are required to enter ID information (user name, user ID, and password) to log in in the following cases.

- When the DX200P is turned On.
- When the system mode is ended.
- When you log in after logging out.



Auto Logout

You can set the DX200P so that users are logged out automatically if there is no key operation for a specified time (see section 4.4). If a user is logged out automatically from the engineering and system modes, the setting changes are cancelled.

Operations That Can Be Carried Out When Logged Out

When logged out, the operation screen can be switched using the DISP/ENTER key and arrow keys. However, alarm ACK operation on the overview screen and changing of the screen when displaying the sign record screen (see section 4.4 for the setup procedure) are not possible.

Types of Users

A user can be an “administrator” or a “user.” For details on the settings, see section 4.4. For details on the operating procedure, see section 6.1.

- **Administrator**

Administrators can perform all operations on the DX200P.

Item	Description
Number of administrators that can be registered	3
Range of operations	All operations.
Login method	You can select from login only using keys or login using keys and via communications.
ID information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • User name (up to 20 alphanumeric characters) • User ID (you can specify whether to use the user ID,. Up to 8 alphanumeric characters.) • Password (You can set the password expiration. 6 to 8 alphanumeric characters.)

Note

At least one administrator must be registered to use the login function. If there is no administrator registered, the login function is disabled (the DX200P can be operated without logging in). In addition, the electronic signature function cannot be used.

1.5 Function for Managing Measured/Computed Data

User

Users are registered by the administrator.

Item	Description
Number of users that can be registered	90
Range of operations	Operations in the system mode is prohibited. Each user is allowed to perform specific operations that have been assigned. Possible operations are shown below. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sign record operation• START key operation• STOP key operation• MENU key operation• USER key operation^{*1}• DISP/ENTER key operation^{*2}• Alarm ACK operation (on the overview screen/USER key^{*1})• Zip disk eject operation (for models with the Zip drive)• Batch number/lot number write operation, comment write operation (FUNC key)• Message write operation (FUNC key/USER key^{*1})• Snapshot operation (FUNC key/USER key^{*1})• Computation start/stop, computation reset, computation dropout ACK operations (for models with the computation option (/M1), FUNC key/USER key^{*1})• Display data save (FUNC key)^{*3}, event data save (FUNC key)^{*3}, manual sample operation (FUNC key/USER key^{*1})• Display data load, event data load (FUNC key)• E-mail start/stop, e-mail test (FUNC key)• Other operations (assign names to the four screens, display logs, display a list of files in the external storage medium, change the password, perform an FTP test, and display the "Modbus Status" screen) (FUNC key)• Calibration correction setting
Login method	You can select from login only using keys, login only via communications, or login using keys and via communications.
ID information	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• User name (up to 20 alphanumeric characters)• User ID (you can specify whether to use the user ID,. Up to 8 alphanumeric characters.)• Password (You can set the password expiration. 6 to 8 alphanumeric characters.)

*1 Even if the operation of the USER key is enabled, if the action assigned to the USER key is disabled, the action is not executed when you press the USER key.

*2 If the DISP/ENTER key operation is disabled, you cannot perform an alarm ACK operation on the overview display nor assign a name to the 4 panel display.
Even if the DISP/ENTER key operation is disabled, you can use the DISP/ENTER key on the sign record screen and in the engineering mode.

*3 Operation is not allowed, if the type of process is set to "Batch" (settings made here are invalid).

User ID and Password

The combination of the user ID and password must be unique.

User Locked

If the user enters a wrong password three consecutive times when prompted to enter the password, the user is invalidated and can no longer log in.

For the procedure in clearing the user locked condition, see section 6.1.

Saving and Loading Login Information (see section 4.12)

The login information refers to the settings of the "Admin tool" as described in section 4.4. It contains user information and information on the usage method of the login function and signin function.

The information is set in the system mode. It is distinguished from other settings of the system mode as "login information."

- **Saving login information**

Login information is saved within the setup file (.ppl extension)*.

* For details on the file name, see appendix 3.

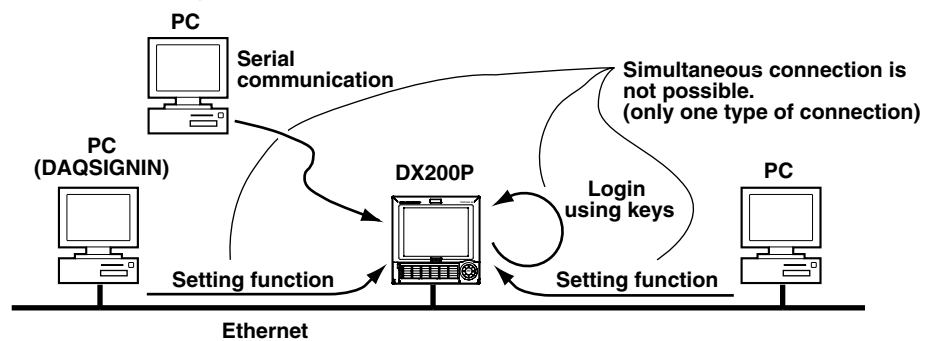
- **Loading login information**

Login information can be loaded from a setup file (.ppl extension) on the external storage medium and used as login information of the DX200P. When login information is loaded, the passwords of all administrators and users are reset to their default passwords (see section 6.1).

Log in via the Ethernet

Only one type of login is possible at a time.

- Login using keys
- Connection to the setting function via the Ethernet (see IM04L05A01-17E). Connection from the DAQSIGNIN via the Ethernet belongs to this type (see IM04L05A01-61E).



Batch Function

You can add batch information to the display data/event data file.

Batch Number and Lot Number

Batch numbers and lot numbers can be added to display data/event data files. The file name can be identified using “batch number-lot number.”

- Batch number (up to 32 characters).
- Lot number (up to 8 numbers)

The lot number does not have to be specified.

Automatic Increment of the Lot Number

The lot number can be automatically increased by one at Memory Stop. For the setting procedure, see section 5.17.

Other Batch Information

- The following information can be added to the display data/event data files. For details on the settings, see section 5.17, 6.2, and 8.1.
 - Header 1 (up to 64 characters).
 - Header 2 (up to 64 characters).
 - Header 3 (up to 64 characters).
 - Comment information.
 - Comment 1 (up to 32 characters).
 - Comment 2 (up to 32 characters).
 - Comment 3 (up to 32 characters).
 - Date and time when the comment was written and user name
- The following information is automatically added to the display data/event data files.
 - Serial number of the DX200P (the number written on the name plate of the DX200P).
 - Date and time of Memory Start and user name
 - Date and time of Memory Stop and user name

Audit Trail Function

Operation log, setting change log, and the setup file at that point are saved as information regarding the progress of operation.

Operation Log

The operation on the DX200P is logged in the order of occurrence. Logs of up to 2000 operations can be recorded to the internal memory. When the number of logs exceed 2000, the log is overwritten from the oldest log.

- **Operations That Are Logged**

Key operations on the DX200P, operations through the remote control function (/R1 option), and via the communication are logged. For a description on the operations that are logged and the display, see appendix 5.

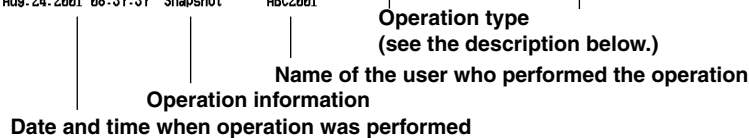
- **Saving the Operation Log**

The operation log from the last memory stop to the current memory stop is saved within **the corresponding display data/event data file.**

- **Displaying the Operation Log**

- Displayed through FUNC key operation (see section 8.9).
- When signing the recorded data file, you can display the operation log within the file and confirm the information.

(0020/0039)	Time	Action	User Name
Aug. 24. 2001	08:40:11	AlarmACK	ABC2001 [R]
Aug. 24. 2001	08:39:35	Message	ABC2001
Aug. 24. 2001	08:38:21	Manual	ABC2001
Aug. 24. 2001	08:37:37	Snapshot	ABC2001



None: Key operations

[R]: via the remote control function (/R1 option)

[M]: On the setting function of the setting/measurement server via the Ethernet^{*1*2}

[m]: On the monitor function of the setting/measurement server via the Ethernet^{*1}

[T]: On the setting function of the Maintenance/test server via the Ethernet^{*1}

[t]: On the monitor function of the Maintenance/test server via the Ethernet^{*1}

[F]: On the FTP server via the Ethernet^{*1}

[S]: via the serial interface (/C2, /C3 option)^{*1}

[P]: User locked on the DAQSIGNIN^{*2}

[Y]: Auto operation by the DX200P^{*3}

*1 See IM04L05A01-17E.

*2 See IM04L05A01-61E.

*3 Such as the periodic time adjustment using the SNTP function.

- **Clearing the Operation Log**

The operation log in the internal memory is cleared when initialization (clear 1) is executed in the system mode.

The operation log in the display data/event data file cannot be cleared.

Electronic Signature Function

This function is used to add the following approval information to the displayed data/event data files that are saved on the external storage medium.

- **Pass or fail**
- **Comment**
- **Name of the user who added the information and the date and time when the information was added**

Files That Can Be Signed and Signing Procedure

The signing procedure varies depending on the type of process (“Batch” or “Continuous”) that was used when the data was acquired.

For “Batch” process

When the batch data is saved in units of 1 data file/batch



- Can be signed using the DX200P
- Can be signed using DAQSIGNIN

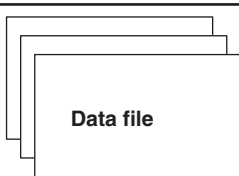
When a single batch data is made up of multiple files



- Cannot be signed using the DX200P*1
- Can be signed collectively using DAQSIGNIN* 2
- Files can be combined to a single file using DAQSIGNIN.

*1 Because signing at the file level is prohibited for batch data.
 *2 Because the data of all files can be viewed and confirmed at once using DAQSIGNIN.

For “Continuous” process

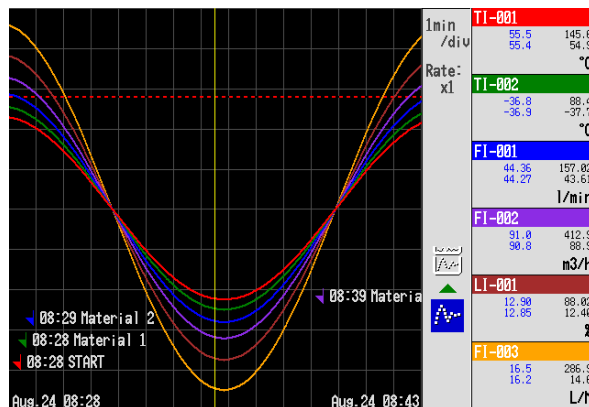


- Can be signed at the file level using the DX200P.
- Can be signed at the file level using DAQSIGNIN.

Signing Using the DX200P

Signing record screen is used. For details on the displayed information, see “Sign Record Screen” in section 1.3. For details on the operating procedure, see section 6.3.

- You can set the signing record screen to automatically appear when memory stop is executed (see section 4.4).
- You can load display data/event data files saved on the external storage medium using key operation and sign them (see section 8.7).



User That Can Sign and Sign Authority Level

- Logged-in user can sign the files. However, users without sign authority cannot sign.
- Three different authority levels of signs can be placed on a single display data/event data file (Sign1, Sign2, and Sign3). **You can assign meanings to Sign1, Sign2, and Sign3. For example, Sign1, Sign2, and Sign3 can be assigned to the operator, the quality control personnel, and the manager, respectively.**
- The administrator can sign at all authority levels.
- Each user is assigned a sign authority level by the administrator. Users can sign using the assigned authority level. However, users without sign authority level can be specified.
- Sign at the same authority level is allowed once.

Confirming the Data

When signing files, the following information can be confirmed on the sign record screen.

- **Measured/computed values and waveforms**
- **File information** (batch number/lot number, serial number of the DX200P, Memory Start/stop time, operation user name, header string, comment, and sign record information)
For a display example, see section 6.3.
- Operation log (for a display example, see section 6.3)
- Alarm summary (for a display example, see “Alarm Summary” in section 1.3)
- Alarm ACK summary (for a display example, see “Alarm ACK Summary” in section 1.3)
- Message summary (for a display example, see “Message Summary” in section 1.3)

Canceling the Approval Information

Once approval information is added, it cannot be cancelled or changed.

Note

If the data is damaged, you cannot sign the data. An error message is displayed.

Signing Using DAQSIGNIN

See the DAQSIGNIN User's Manual, IM 04L05A01-61E.

Function for Handling Changes Made to the Display Data/Event Data

Display data/event data is in BINARY format, and the format is not disclosed. If the data is altered, the status of the file is set to “damaged” (see section 8.7) and cannot be signed.

Functions When the Login Function Is Not Used

Below are the operations when the login function is not used (when an administrator is not registered).

- There is no login operation. Operation mode is enabled when the power is turned ON and when system mode is ended.
- The electronic signature function cannot be used.
- You can enter the engineering mode and change settings when data acquisition is in progress. However, you cannot change the range, computation, batch, and display update rate settings. In addition, you cannot enter the system mode.
- The setup file is not saved to the external storage medium even when settings are changed in the engineering mode.

1.6 Alarm Function

This function generates an alarm when the measured/computed data meets a certain condition. When an alarm occurs, information notifying the alarm occurrence is displayed on the screen. In addition, a signal can be output from the relay output terminals (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, or /A5 option) on the rear panel of the DX200P.

Alarm Type

Number of Alarms

You can set up to four alarms for each channel.

Alarm Conditions

The following eight conditions are available:

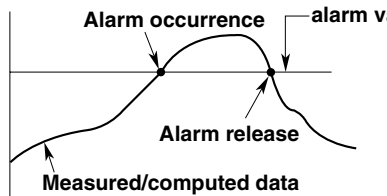
- **Upper Limit Alarm (H)**

An alarm occurs when the measured value exceeds the alarm value.

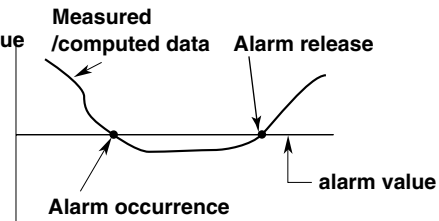
- **Lower Limit Alarm (L)**

An alarm occurs when the measured value falls below the alarm value.

Upper limit alarm



Lower limit alarm



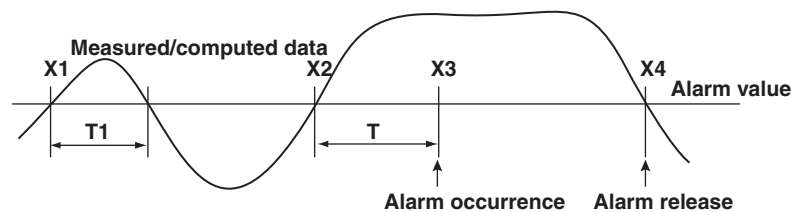
- **Delay Upper Limit Alarm (T)**

An alarm occurs when the measured value remains above the alarm value for the specified time period (delay period).

- **Delay Lower Limit Alarm (t)**

An alarm occurs when the measured value remains below the alarm value for the specified time period (delay period).

Delay upper limit alarm example ("T" is the specified delay period)



- Alarm does not occur at T1, because the time period is shorter than the specified delay period (T).
- The input exceeds the alarm value at X2, but the alarm occurs at X3 at which the specified delay period elapses (the time when the alarm occurs is the time at X3).
- The input falls below the alarm value at X4 and the alarm is released.

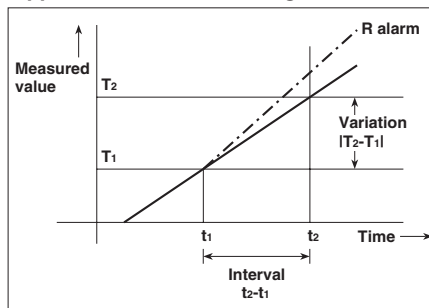
Note

Special cases of the delay upper/lower limit alarm

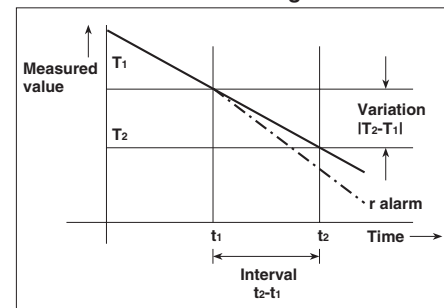
- When delay alarm is set on a computation channel and the computation is stopped in a condition in which the computed value is exceeding the alarm setting, the alarm is turned ON after the specified period (delay period) elapses.
- Alarm detection is reset upon a power failure. It restarts the operation after the power recovers.
- If an alarm is occurring at the time of the alarm setting change and the measured value is exceeding the new alarm setting, the alarm continues.

- Difference Upper Limit Alarm (h)^{*1}**
 An alarm occurs when the difference between the measured values of two channels becomes greater than or equal to the alarm value.
 - Difference Lower Limit Alarm (l)^{*1}**
 An alarm occurs when the difference between the measured values of two channels becomes smaller than or equal to the alarm value.
- ^{*1} Can be specified only on difference computation channels.
- Upper Limit on Rate-of-Change Alarm (R)^{*2}**
 The amount of change of the measured values over a certain time interval is checked. An alarm occurs when the amount of increase becomes greater than or equal to the specified value.
 - Lower Limit on Rate-of-Change Alarm (r)^{*2}**
 The amount of change of the measured values over a certain time interval is checked. An alarm occurs when the amount of decrease becomes greater than or equal to the specified value.
- ^{*2} Can be specified only on measurement channels.

Upper limit on rate-of-change alarm



Lower limit on rate-of-change alarm



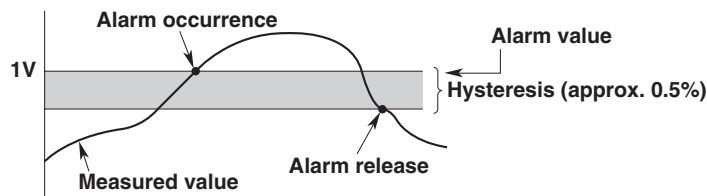
The interval is defined by the following equation and is set in terms of the number of samplings.

$$\text{Interval} = \text{scan interval} \times \text{number of samplings}$$

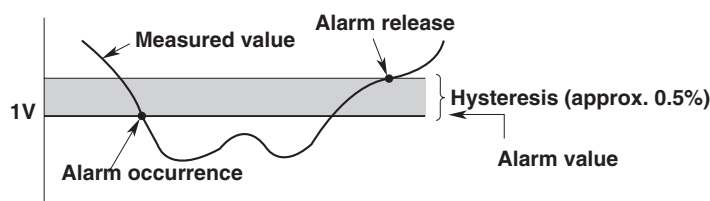
Alarm Hysteresis

This applies to upper (T) and lower (L) limit alarms on measurement channels. A width (hysteresis) can be specified on the value used to set or release the alarm. This prevents the alarm from being set or released repetitively when the measured value is fluctuating around the alarm value. The hysteresis is fixed to 0.5% of the display span (display scale if the range is set to [Scale]). For the setting procedure, see section 4.1.

Upper Limit Alarm (H)



Lower Limit Alarm (L)



Alarm Indication

The alarm conditions are displayed as alarm icons in the status display section and through the trend, digital, bar graph, overview and other screens. The detailed information about the alarms is displayed in the alarm summary.

Alarm Indication Example (Overview screen)

The area corresponding to a channel on which an alarm is occurring is displayed in red.

TI-001	H	146.0 °C	TIIV-001	146.00
TI-002		88.9 °C	TIIV-002	146.00
FI-001			FIIV-002	

Hold/Non-Hold of the Alarm Indicator

There are two methods in displaying alarms.

- Clears the alarm display when the cause of the alarm is no longer met (non-hold).
- Holds the alarm display until the alarm ACK operation is executed (hold).

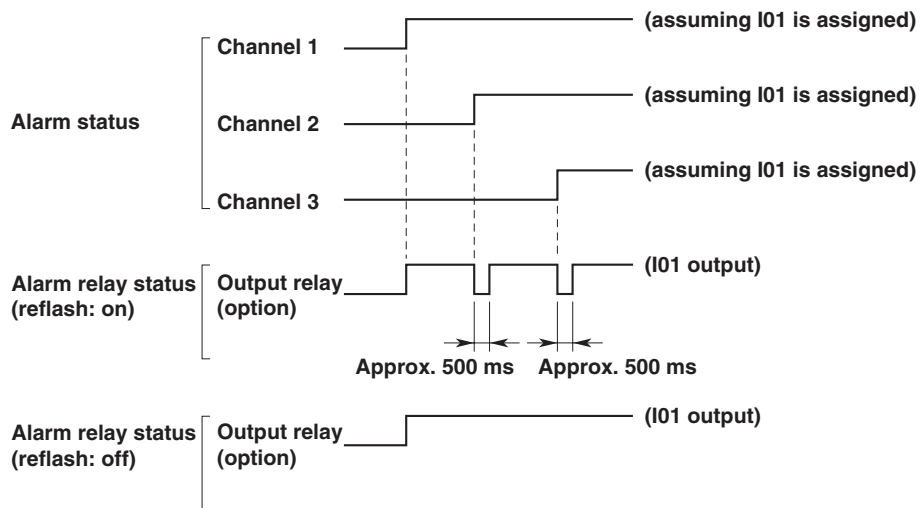
For the procedure related to setting the alarm indication, see section 4.1.

Alarm Output Relay (/A1 to /A5 option)

If you are using a model with the optional alarm output relay (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, or /A5), a contact signal can be generated according to the alarm conditions. The following functions can be specified on the alarm output relay. For the procedure related to setting the functions, see section 4.1.

Reflash

When multiple alarms are set to one alarm output relay, this function notifies the succeeding alarms after the first alarm that causes the relay activation. When a succeeding alarm occurs, the output relay temporarily turns OFF (approximately 500 ms). The reflash alarm function is set only to output relays I01, I02, and I03 (relays I11, I12, and I13 for models without I01 to I06).



Note

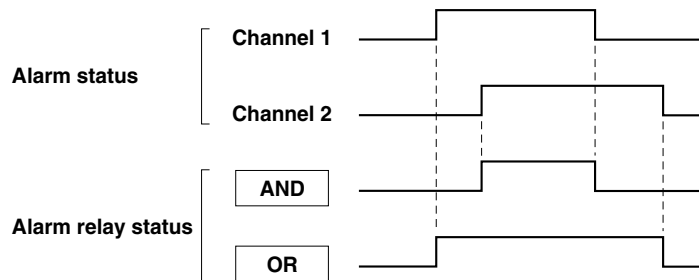
If you set the reflash alarm, relays I01 to I03 (I11 to I13 for options that do not have I01 to I06 installed) become dedicated to reflash alarms regardless of the number of alarm output relay points. Therefore, I01 to I03 (or I11 to I13) operate as OR logic and non-hold regardless of the settings made in “AND/OR of alarm output relays” and “Hold/Non-hold operation of the alarm output relay” on the next page.

AND/OR of Alarm Output Relays

When sharing an alarm output relay among multiple alarms, you can select from the following conditions that cause the alarm output relay to be activated.

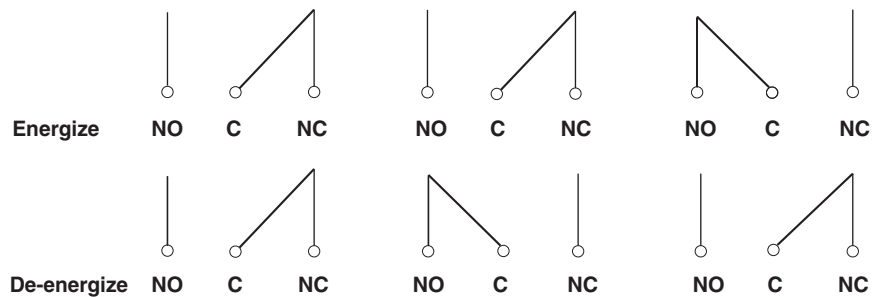
- AND: Activated when all alarms are being generated simultaneously.
- OR: Activated when at least one of the alarms is being generated.

Specify the alarm output relay to operate under the AND condition as in [I01 (first relay) to Ixx (where xx is the relay number)].



Energize/De-energize Operation of the Alarm Output Relay

You can select whether to energize or de-energize the alarm output relay when the alarm occurs. By selecting de-energize, the alarm output relay will operate in the same manner as when the alarm occurs when the power supply is disrupted. Energize or de-energize applies to all alarm output relays.



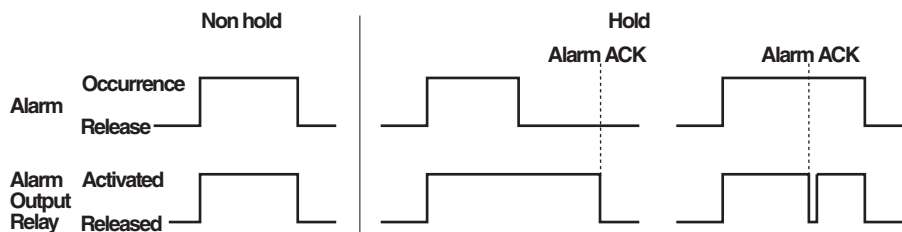
When power is turned OFF When no alarm occurs When an alarm occurs

NO: Normally opened, C: common, NC: normally closed

Hold/Non-Hold Operation of the Alarm Output Relay

There are two methods in operating the alarm output relay.

- Turns OFF the output relay when the cause of the alarm is no longer met (non-hold).
- Holds the output relay ON until the alarm acknowledge operation is executed (hold).



Note

When the system mode is entered, the activated/released condition of the previous alarm output relay is held. (Alarm detection is not carried out in the system mode, and you cannot release the alarm output relay.)

1.7 Computation Function and Report Function (/M1 Option)

Equations can be written to computation channels by using the measured data or computed data as variables. The result of the computation can be displayed or stored. For report functions, see page 1-49.

Computation Channels and Execution of Equation

Number of the computation channels varies as shown in the table below. Computation is performed **at the scan interval**.

Model	Computation channels
DX204P	Channel 31 to 38 (8 channels)
DX208P	Channel 31 to 38 (8 channels)
DX210P	Channel 31 to 60 (30 channels)
DX220P	Channel 31 to 60 (30 channels)
DX230P	Channel 31 to 60 (30 channels)

Types of Computations

In the table below, y represents the computed result. X and n generally represent the measured data and a constant. For details, see "Data that can be used in equations."

Type	Description
Four arithmetical operations	Addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (\times), and division ($/$)
$\times \times$	Determines the power. $y = X^n$
SQR	Determines the square root.
ABS	Determines the absolute value.
LOG	Determines the common logarithm. $y = \log_{10}x$
EXP	Determines the exponent. $y = e^x$
Relational computation	Determines $<$, \leq , $>$, \geq , $=$, \neq of two elements and outputs "0" or "1."
Logical computation	Determines the AND (logical product), OR (logical sum), XOR (exclusive logical sum) of two elements, NOT (negation) of an element and outputs "0" or "1."
TLOG computation	Determines the sum, maximum, minimum, average, and maximum - minimum (P-P) values at specified time intervals over the time interval. There are three timers used to set the time interval. For detail, see page 1-44.

Data That Can Be Used in Equations

For TLOG computation, only measured and computed data can be used. For all other computations, all types of data can be used.

Measured Data

The data are specified using channel numbers in computing equations. If scaling is in effect, the scaled values are used in the computation.

Computed Data

The data are specified using channel numbers in computing equations.

Constants (K01 to K30)

The values assigned to K01 to K30 can be used as constants. Enter the values as K01 to K30 in the equations.

Range of constants (Maximum number of significant digits is 5):

$-9.9999E + 29$ to $-1.0000E - 30$, 0, $1.0000E - 30$ to $9.9999E + 29$

Communication Input Data (C01 to C30)

Data that have been specified through the communication interface can be used. Enter the data as C01 to C30 in the equations. For the procedure used to set the data, see the

1.7 Computation Function and Report Function (/M1 Option)

DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

Range of numerical values (Maximum number of significant digits is 5):

–9.9999E + 29 to –1.0000E – 30, 0, 1.0000E – 30 to 9.9999E + 29

Conditions of the Remote Control Terminals (D01 to D08, /R1 option)

The conditions of the remote input signal can be assigned to "1" and "0," and used in the equations. Enter the data as D01 to D08 (the number following the letter D is the remote terminal number) in the equations.

The correlation between the conditions of the remote input signal and the value "1" and "0" are shown below.

Type of the remote input signal	Status	"1" or "0"
Contact	close	1
	open	0
Open collector	Voltage level is Lo at the remote terminal	1
	Voltage level is Hi at the remote terminal	0

Computation Data Dropout

Computation data dropout occurs when the computation is not completed within the scan interval.

- The computation icon displayed in the status display section turns yellow (see page 1-19 and section 8.4).
- When computation data are acquired to the internal memory, the data immediately before a computation drop out are substituted for the computation data at the time of the dropout.
- When this occurs frequently, lower the CPU load by reducing the number of computation channels or making the scan interval longer.

How to Write Equations

See section 5.18.

Unit Handling

The unit corresponding to the measured/computed data in the equation is not compensated. In computations, measured and computed data are handled as values without units. For example, if the measured data from channel 01 is 20 mV and the measured data from channel 02 is 20 V, the computed result of 01 + 02 is 40.

Order of Precedence of the Operators

The order of precedence of the operators in the equation is as follows.

Type	Operator
	(higher precedence)
Functions	ABS(), SQR(), LOG(), EXP(), TLOG.MAX(), TLOG.MIN(), TLOG.P-P(), TLOG.SUM(), TLOG.AVE()
Power	**
Logical negation	NOT
Multiplication and division	*, /
Addition and subtraction	+, –
Greater than/less than	.GT., .LT., .GE., .LE.
Equal/not equal	.EQ., .NE.
Logical AND	AND
Logical OR, exclusive OR	OR, XOR
	(lower precedence)

Displaying the Computed Result

The computed result of computation channels can be displayed on each operation screen. See section 1.3.

1.7 Computation Function and Report Function (/M1 Option)

Numerical Display

The range of displayed values of computed data is from **-9999999 to 99999999** excluding the decimal point. The decimal point position corresponds to the position of the decimal point of the upper and lower limit span of the computation channel. However, special displays are used for cases given in the table below.

Data Condition	Computation	Display
The computed result exceeds 99999999.	positive over display range	+*****
The computed result is below -9999999.	negative over display range	-*****
The value exceeds $3.4E + 38$, or is below $-3.4E + 38$ in the middle of computation.	overflow	+***** or -*****
An error is detected. When the following computation is specified, a computation error occurs. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• X/0• SQR (-X)• LOG (-X)• When a skipped channel No. is entered in the equation.	error	+*****
The number of stacks (see section 5.18) in the equation exceeds 17.	error	+*****

Rolling Average

The moving average of the computed result of the equation specified for the computation channel is determined, and the result is displayed as computed data for that channel. The sampling interval and the number of samples can be specified for each channel. The maximum sampling interval is **1 hour**; the maximum number of samples is **64**. The initial setting is [Off] (do not perform moving average). For the setting procedure, see section 5.20.

Note

- While the number of samples acquired is less than the specified number of samples, the average of acquired data is computed.
 - The computation error data are not included in the rolling average computation.
 - If the computed data exceeds the upper or lower limit, the data is clipped at the upper or lower limit, and the moving average is computed. The upper and lower limit is ± 100000000 excluding the decimal point. The decimal point position is the same as that of the specified value for the span lower limit.
-

Alarm

You can set up to 4 alarms on each computation channel. The alarm types are upper limit alarm (H), lower limit alarm (L), delay upper limit alarm (T), and delay lower limit alarm (t). The hysteresis is fixed to 0. For the setting procedure, see section 5.18.

Acquiring and Saving the Computed Data

Similar to measured data, computed data can be acquired to the internal memory as display data or event data and saved to the external storage medium (see section 1.4).

TLOG Data

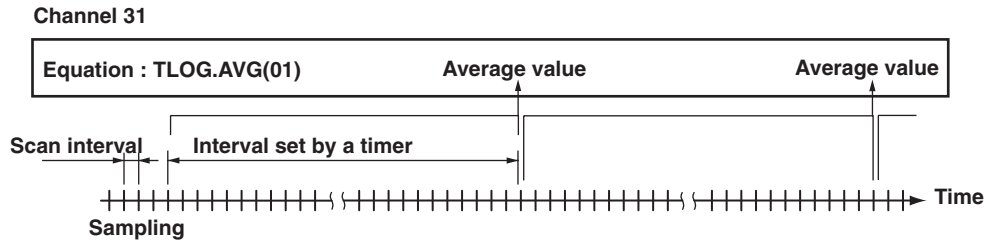
The instantaneous values of all channels (excluding measurement channels set to Skip and computation channels set to Off) can be saved at intervals specified by a timer. For a description on the saving of the TLOG data, see section 1.4. For a description on the timer operation, see the explanation in the "TLOG Computation" section on the next page. For details on the timer settings, see section 4.7.

Note

TLOG computed data and TLOG data are not the same. TLOG computed data refers to the result of the TLOG computation. TLOG data refers to the measured/computed data of all channels acquired at specified intervals.

TLOG Computation

Determines the sum, maximum, minimum, average, and maximum – minimum (P–P) values of the specified channel at specified time intervals. The interval is set by timers. The example shown in the following figure indicates the case in which the average value of channel 1 over each interval, TLOG.AVE(01), is determined.



Timer Mode

There are two timer modes: absolute mode and relative mode.

- **Absolute Mode**

Timer expires at times determined from the reference time and the interval. The reference time is specified by the hour (00 to 23).

Example 1: Reference time: 14:00

Interval: 12 h

The expiration time is set to 2:00 (2:00 AM) and 14:00 (2:00 PM).

Example 2: Reference time: 00:00

Interval: 10 min

The expiration time is set to 0:00, 0:10, 0:20, ..., 23:40, and 23:50. For example, if the computation is started at 9:36, the time expiration will occur at 09:40, 09:50, 10:00, and so on.

- **Relative Mode**

The timer is started when the computation is started. The timer is repeated at each interval. The timer is suspended while the power is lost.

Example: Interval: 00:15

The timer expires every 15 minutes after the computation is started.

For the procedure related to setting the timer type and the interval, see section 4.7. For the procedure related to setting the timer to be used, see section 5.19.

Sum Scale of the TLOG.SUM

In the sum computation (TLOG.SUM) of time series, data are summed over the scan interval. However, for flow values that have units /s, /min, or /h, a simple summation results in the actual value not matching the computed result, because the scan interval and the unit of the input values are different. In these cases, the unit of the data measured over the scan interval is converted to match the unit of the input values and the computation is performed.

For example, if the scan interval is 2 s, and the input value is 100 m³/min, a simple summation would add 100 every 2 s resulting in 3000 after one minute. However, if the computing unit is set to /min, then 2 s/60 s is multiplied every scan interval before the value is added giving a result that has a m³/min unit. The following equations are applied. The scan interval unit is in seconds.

Off $\Sigma(\text{measured value})$

/s $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}$

/min $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/60$

/h $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/3600$

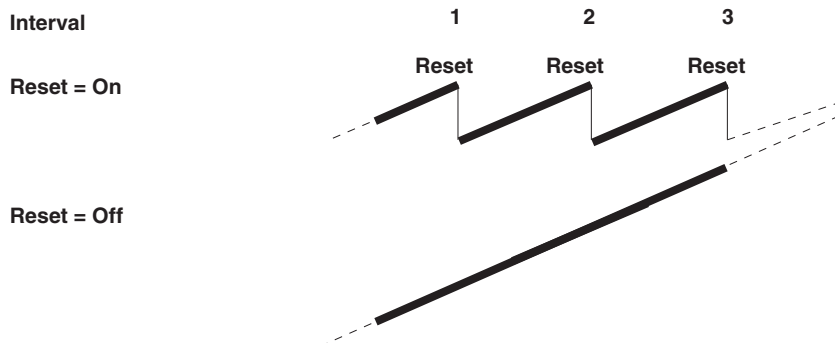
For the setting procedure, see section 5.19.

1.7 Computation Function and Report Function (/M1 Option)

Reset Action

Whether or not to reset the computed result at every timeout is selectable. The figure below shows the action of TLOG.SUM computation.

Example: Result of the TLOG.SUM computation



The summed value is reset to “0” at every interval when “Reset” is “On,” or the summed value from the start of computation is derived when “Reset” is “Off.”

If Power is Lost While the TLOG Computation Was in Progress

The TLOG computation is resumed when the power is restored. The operation varies depending on whether power is restored before or after the scheduled time to create the TLOG data.

Time of Recovery	TLOG Computation Operation
After the time to create the TLOG data	TLOG data are created immediately when power is restored. The measured/computed data up to the time of the power disruption are used. At the next scheduled TLOG computation time, data will be used from the point in time after the power was restored.
Before the time to create the TLOG data	After power is restored, TLOG data are created at the normally scheduled time to perform the TLOG computation. All measured/computed data excluding the power disruption period are used.

How the Measured/Computed Data are Handled When There is an Abnormality in the Data

Type of Abnormal Data	Report Data		
	AVE	MAX/MIN/P-P	SUM
Positive over*	not used	used	not used
Negative over*	not used	used	not used
Error	not used	not used	not used

* “over range” for measurement channels or “computation overflow” for computation channels

Report Function

This function is used to create hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly reports. The report data can be displayed on the screen. The report data are saved to the external storage medium in ASCII format. For data formats, see appendix 2, "Data Formats of ASCII Files." For the setting procedure, see section 4.6.

Types of Reports

- **Hourly Report**

On every hour on the hour, the average, maximum, minimum, and sum values of the specified channels are determined from an hour of data up to the current hour and stored to the internal memory.

- **Daily Report**

At the specified time everyday, the average, maximum, minimum, and sum values of the specified channels are determined from a day of data up to the specified time and stored to the internal memory.

- **Weekly Report**

At the specified time of the specified day every week, the average, maximum, minimum, and sum values of the specified channels are determined from a week of data up to the specified time and stored to the internal memory.

- **Monthly Report**

At the specified time of the specified date every month, the average, maximum, minimum, and sum values of the specified channels are determined from a month of data up to the specified time and stored to the internal memory.

Report Data Display

For a display example of report data, see section 1.3.

Combinations of Reports That Can be Created

The reports created by the DX200P can be set to "hourly only," "daily only," "hourly and daily," "daily and weekly," or "daily and monthly."

Number of Measurement and Computation Channels That Can Be Assigned to the Report

Up to 30 channels can be assigned to one report.

The report data are not created for channels that are set to Skip or those that have the computation turned Off.

About the Sum Scale

In the sum computation, data are summed over the scan interval. However, for flow values that have units /s, /min, /h, or /day a simple summation results in the actual value not matching the computed result, because the scan interval and the unit of the input values are different. In these cases, the unit of the data measured over the scan interval is converted to match the unit of the input values and the computation is performed.

1.7 Computation Function and Report Function (/M1 Option)

For example, if the scan interval is 2 s, and the input value is 100 m³/min, a simple summation would add 100 every 2 s resulting in 3000 after one minute. However, if the sum unit is set to /min, then 2 s/60 s is multiplied every scan interval before the value is added giving a result that has a m³/min unit. The following equations are applied. The scan interval unit is in seconds.

Off $\Sigma(\text{measured value})$
 /s $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}$
 /min $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/60$
 /h $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/3600$
 /day $\Sigma(\text{measured value}) \times \text{scan interval}/86400$

If Power is Lost While the Report Function is in Progress

If a power disruption occurred while the report function was in progress, the report function will resume after the power is restored. The exact operation will vary depending on whether the power is restored before or after the scheduled time to create a report.

Time of Recovery	Report Operation
After the time to create the report	Report data are created immediately after power is restored. The measured/computed data up to the time of the power disruption are used. For the next scheduled report, data after the power recovery are used.
Before the time to create the report	After power is restored, report data are created at the time of the next normally scheduled report. All measured/computed data excluding the power disruption period are used.

How the Measured/Computed Data Are Handled When There is an Abnormality in the Data

Type of Abnormal Data	Report Data		
	Average value	Maximum/Minimum value	Sum value
Positive over*	not used	used	not used
Negative over*	not used	used	not used
Error	not used	not used	not used

* "over range" for measurement channels or "computation overflow" for computation channels

Displaying the Report

The reports can be displayed using the key operations. For the operating procedure, see section 7.4.

• Status Display

If the data of a measurement or a computation channel enter any of the conditions listed below within the relevant time period (one hour for hourly reports for example), a symbol that indicates the condition is output to the report.

Data Condition	Symbol
Common to measurement and computation channels	
Measurement error or computation error	E
For measurement channels	
Positive (+) over range (See page 1-10)	O
Negative (-) over range (See page 1-10)	O
For computation channels	
Positive (+) computation overflow (when the value exceeds 3.4E + 38)	O
Negative (-) computation overflow (when the value falls below -3.4E + 38)	O
Power failure/Time change	
Power failure	P
Time change	C

Numerical Display

The range of displayed values of report data is from **-9999999 to 99999999** excluding the decimal point. The decimal point position corresponds to the position of the decimal point of the lower limit span of the computation channel.

However, special displays are used for cases given in the table below.

- **Measurement Channel**

Item	Data Condition of Measurement Channels	Displayed value
AVE (Average value)	When all data are measurement errors or over range	(Blank)
MAX, MIN (Maximum value, minimum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When all data are measurement errors • Positive (+) over range • Negative (-) over range 	(Blank) 99999 -99999
SUM (Sum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When all data are measurement errors or over range • When the sum value exceeds $3.4E + 38$ • When the sum value is below $-3.4E + 38$ 	(Blank) 9.999999E + 99 -9.999999E + 99

- **Computation Channel**

Item	Data Condition of Computation Channels	Displayed value
AVE (Average value)	When all data are computation errors or over range	(Blank)
MAX, MIN (Maximum value, minimum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When all data are computation errors • When the maximum value exceeds 99999999 • When the minimum value is below -9999999 	(Blank) 99999999 -99999999
<p>The decimal position that was specified when the span for the channel was specified is reflected in the maximum and minimum values. For example, if the span setting of the channel is "200.0," then "99999999" is output when the value exceeds "99999999.9" and "-99999999" is output when the value is below "-999999.9."</p>		
SUM (Sum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When all data are computation errors or computation overflow • When the sum value exceeds $3.4E + 38$ • When the sum value is below $-3.4E + 38$ 	(Blank) 9.999999E + 99 -9.999999E + 99

Storing to the Internal Memory and Saving to the External Storage Medium

For the description, see section 1.4.

1.8 FAIL/Memory End Output Function (/F1 option)

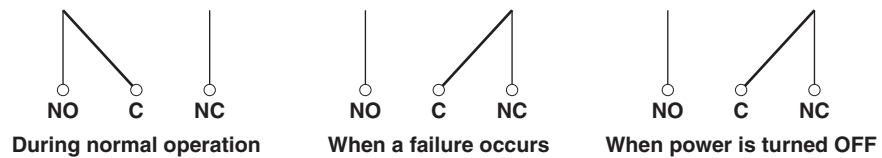
FAIL output, memory end output, or Memory Start/Memory Stop output can be assigned to the two output relays. For the procedure, see section 4.8.

FAIL Output

When a failure occurs in the CPU of the DX200P, the relay contact signal (1 signal) is output.

The relay is energized when the CPU is normal; it is de-energized when a CPU failure occurs (de-energized on failure). Therefore, relay output is carried out even when the power is turned OFF (even during a power failure) (see figure below). You cannot change this behavior.

- **FAIL relay output (de-energized on failure)**



* NO, C, and NC are names of the relay output terminals.
NO: Normally Opened, C: Common, NC: Normally Closed

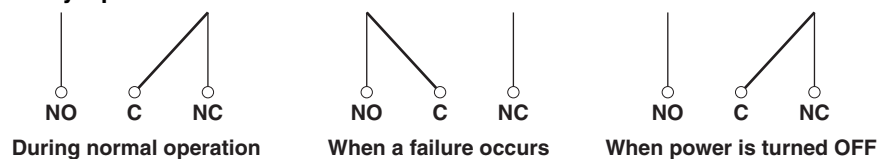
Memory End Output

The relay is energized when either of the following conditions is met. You cannot change this behavior.

- When the remaining free space on the external storage medium is less than equal to 10% or 6 MB (when the storage area is not used cyclically (Media FIFO))
When an external storage medium error is detected (when the storage area is used cyclically (Media FIFO))
- When the remaining amount of time of the internal memory (time until overwriting starts) is less than or equal to the specified time (memory alarm time) if an external storage medium is not inserted in the drive

For details on setting the memory alarm time, see section 4.9.

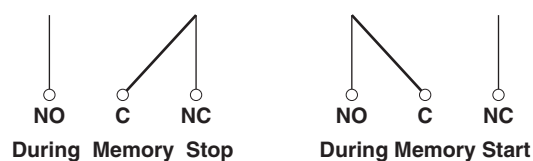
- **Relay Operation**



Memory Start/Stop Output

The relay is energized when Memory Start operation is executed and is de-energized when Memory Stop operation is executed. You cannot change this behavior.

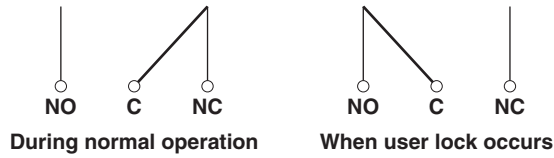
- **Relay Operation**



Outputting the User Locked Condition

If a wrong password is entered three consecutive times when logging in or signing, the user is locked. At this point, the relay is energized. When the operation of acknowledging the user lock (see section 6.1) is executed, the relay is de-energized. You cannot change this behavior.

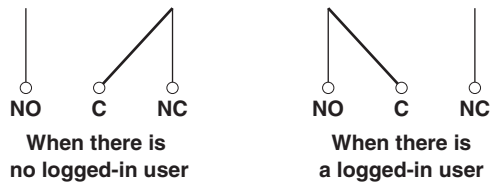
- **Relay Operation**

**Outputting the Presence of Login Users**

The relay is energized when there is a user^{*} logged into the DX200P. Otherwise, the relay is de-energized. You cannot change this behavior.

* Login using keys and login to the setting function via the Ethernet or serial interface.

- **Relay Operation**

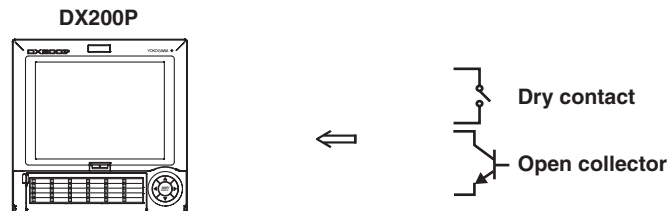


1.9 Remote Control Function (/R1 Option)

When a contact or open collector signal is applied to the remote control terminal, a predetermined action is carried out.

Arbitrary actions can be assigned to the eight remote control terminals.

For the setting procedure, see section 4.5.



Actions That Can Be Assigned

Enclosed in parentheses are soft key expressions.

- **None: [None]**
No action is assigned.
- **Memory Start/Memory Stop: [StartStop]**
 - Remote input: Edge (Rising/start, falling/stop)
 - Executes Memory Start and Memory Stop.
 - After Memory Start is executed, applying a rising signal produces no effect. After Memory Stop is executed, applying a falling signal produces no effect.
- **Acknowledge alarms: [AlarmACK]**
 - Remote input: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - Acknowledges all alarms.
- **Adjusting the Internal Clock: [Time adj]**
 - Remote input: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - Adjusts the internal clock of the DX200P to the nearest hour depending on the time when the remote signal is applied.

Operation when data acquisition is stopped

Time of signal input	New time
00 min. 00 s to 01 min. 59 s	Adjusts the internal clock down to the nearest hour. Example: 10 hr. 01 min. 50 s becomes 10 hr. 00 min. 00 s.
02 min. 00 s to 57 min. 59 s	Time is unchanged.
58 min. 00 s to 59 min. 59 s	Adjusts the internal clock down to the nearest hour. Example: 10 hr. 59 min. 50 s becomes 11 hr. 00 min. 00 s.

Operation when data acquisition is in progress

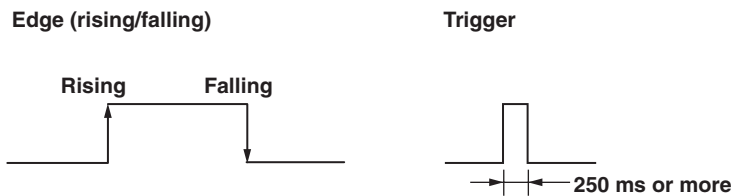
If the signal input time is within the specified time deviation from the nearest hour, the time is gradually corrected. Otherwise, the time is not corrected. For details on the behavior, see section 1.10.

- **Starts/Stops Computation (option): [Math]**
 - Remote input: Edge (Rising/start, falling/stop)
 - Starts/stops the computation. This is valid only on models with the computation function (/M1 option).
 - If the computation is started, applying a rising signal produces no effect. If the computation is stopped, applying a falling signal produces no effect.

- **Clears Computed Results (option): [Math rst]**
 - Remote input: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - Resets the data on all computation channels. This is valid only on models with the computation function (/M1 option) and while the computation is stopped. For all other cases, applying the remote signal produces no effect.
- **Manual Sampling: [M.sample]**
 - Remote input: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - The instantaneous values of all measurement and computation channels (excluding the measurement channels that are set to [Skip] and the computation channels that are turned Off) can be stored to the internal memory.
- **Writing Messages: [Message1] to [Message8]**
 - Remote input: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - Displays a message at the position corresponding to the time when the signal was applied on the trend screen. [Message1] to [Message8] correspond to message 1 to 8 of the message group 7. The displayed message is also written to the internal memory. When the data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped, messages cannot be displayed or written. Applying a remote signal produces no effect.
- **Snap Shot: [Snapshot]**
 - Remote input signal: Trigger, 250 ms or more
 - Saves the current screen image data to the external storage medium. The snapshot function operates in all modes (operation mode, engineering mode, and system mode). Error messages, even if they are displayed, are not saved.

Remote Input Signal

The above operations are carried out on the rising or falling edge of the remote signal (edge) or the ON signal lasting at least 250 ms (trigger).



For contact inputs, the remote signal rises when the contact switches from open to closed and falls when the contact switches from closed to open. For open collector signals, the remote signal rises when the collector signal (voltage level of the remote terminal) goes from high to low and falls when the collector signal goes low to high.

1.10 Other Functions

USER Key

One of the following actions can be assigned to the USER key. For the setting and operating procedure, see section 5.8, and chapter 8, respectively.

Actions That Can Be Assigned

Name of Action	Action
None	None
AlarmACK	Release alarm indication and relay output (when alarm display and alarm output relay action is set to "hold." ⇒"Section 4.1")
Math	Starts/stops computation (when the computation function (/M1) is equipped). ⇒"Section 8.4"
Math rst	Clears computed results (when the computation function (/M1) is equipped and the computation is suspended). ⇒"Section 8.4"
M.sample	Stores instantaneous values of all channels to the internal memory. ⇒"Section 8.3"
Message 1 to Message 8	Displays messages and stores them to the internal memory. ⇒"Section 8.2"
Snapshot	Saves the screen image data to the external storage medium. ⇒"Section 8.5"

Note

If you log in as a user that is not allowed to perform action assigned to the USER key, the action is not executed when you press the USER key.

Log Display

A list of phenomena that occurred can be displayed in the order of occurrence for the following items:

- A log of operations (2000 most recent operations)
- A log of setting changes (200 most recent setting changes)
- Error messages (50 most recent messages)
- A log of communication commands (200 most recent commands)
- A log of file transfers using the FTP client function (50 most recent transfers)
- A log of e-mail transmissions (the 50 most recent transmissions)
- A log of Web operations (the 50 most recent operations)
- A log of access to the SNTP server (the 50 most recent operations)

For details related to the display format, see section 8.9.

Error Log Example

The index number of the log displayed on the last line

(005/005)	Time	No.	Message
Jan.12.2000	00:36:47	201	"Not enough free space on media."
Jan.12.2000	00:36:19	210	"Media has not been inserted."
Jan.11.2000	04:15:30	005	"The input numerical value exceeds the set range.."
Jan.11.2000	04:15:28	005	"The input numerical value exceeds the set range.."
Jan.11.2000	03:23:19	601	"Measured data have been initialized."

Time Change Function

The time of the DX200P internal clock can be changed using keys, remote control function (/R1 option), or SNTP client function.

- **Key Operation**

The DX200P internal clock is set to the specified time.

- **Remote Control Function**

The DX200P internal clock is adjusted to the nearest hour. See section 1.9.

- **SNTP Client Function**

The DX200P internal clock is set to the time retrieved from an SNTP server.

The time correction operation varies depending on whether data acquisition is progress on the DX200P.

- **When Data Acquisition Is Stopped**

The time of the DX200P internal clock is changed immediately.

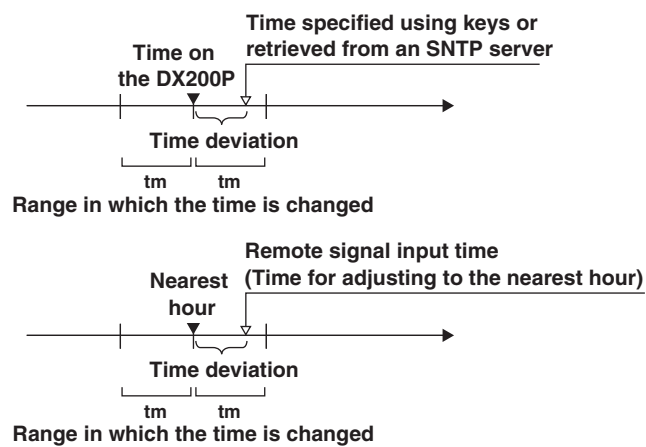
- **When Data Acquisition Is in Progress**

The time of the DX200P internal clock is gradually corrected. While the time is being gradually adjusted, the date/time in the status display section is displayed in yellow (see page 1-19).

Note

Operation of gradually correcting the time of the internal clock

If the time deviation between the time of the DX200P internal clock and the correct time (the specified time) is within a specified value, the time on the DX200P is adjusted by 1/64 s for each second. Otherwise, the time is not corrected. The maximum value of time deviation for changing the time (t_m in the figure below) can be selected in the range of 10 s to 5 min.

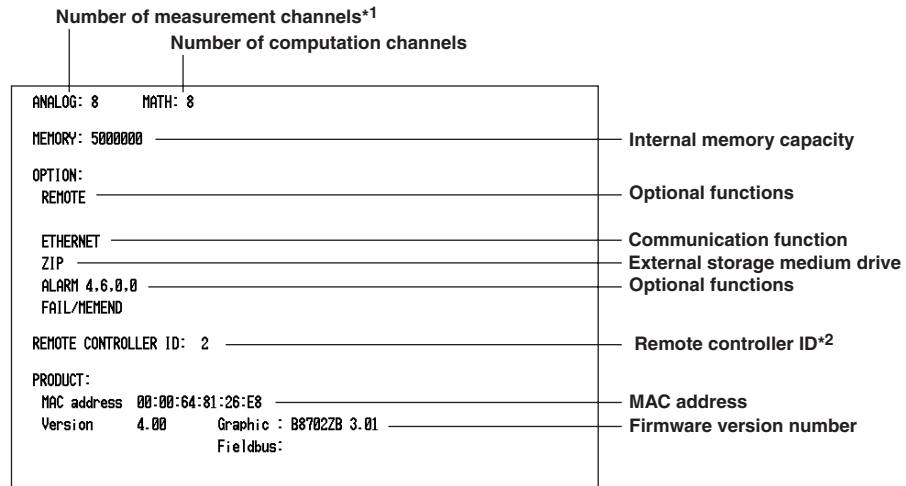


Example: When changing the time to 12 hours 55 minutes 35 seconds when the internal clock is 12 hours 55 minutes 32 seconds

The time deviation of 3 seconds is adjusted by 1/64 s for each second. The internal clock will be set to the correct time 192 seconds later.

System Screen

The total number of inputs on the DX200P, the capacity of the internal memory, the communication functions, the external storage medium drive, the options, the MAC address, and the firmware version number can be displayed. For the operating procedure, see section 8.9.



*1 When the cramped input terminal is equipped (/H2 option), "C" is indicated as "ANALOG: 8(C)" in this example.

*2 Displayed when the easy text entry is equipped (/KB1 and /KB2 options).

Displayed Language

The displayed language can be selected from English, Japanese, German, or French. For the setting procedure, see section 4.9.

Daylight Savings Time

The DX200P time can be adjusted automatically to Daylight Savings Time if the DX200P is used in a region in which the time is set ahead by 1 hour during the summer season.

- The start and end times of DST are specified as in "12th hour on the first Sunday of June."

The DX200P automatically sets the time ahead by 1 hour at the start time every year. The DX200P automatically sets the time back by 1 hour at the end time.

Example: If the DST start time is set to "2nd hour on the first Sunday in April," the time on the DX200P is set to "3rd hour" at that time.

Example: If the DST end time is set to "1st hour on the last Sunday in October," the time on the DX200P is set to "0 hour" at that time.

- The start and end of DST are recorded in the operation log.

For the setting procedure, see section 5.22.

Temperature Unit

The temperature unit can be set to Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F). This applies to all channels. For the setting procedure, see section 4.2.

VGA Output Terminal (/D5 option)

By using the RGB output, the DX200P's screen can be displayed on a VGA monitor or multi-synchronous monitor that can display VGA. For the operating procedure, see section 2.8.

24 VDC Power Supply for Transmitter (/TPS4, /TPS8 option)

Provides 24 VDC power to up to four (/TPS4) or eight (/TPS8) transmitters. As the output from the transmitter is a 4 to 20 mA signal on the same cable as for power supply, the cable is connected to the input terminal of the DX200P and displayed on the DX200P's screen. For the terminal arrangement, see section 2.9.

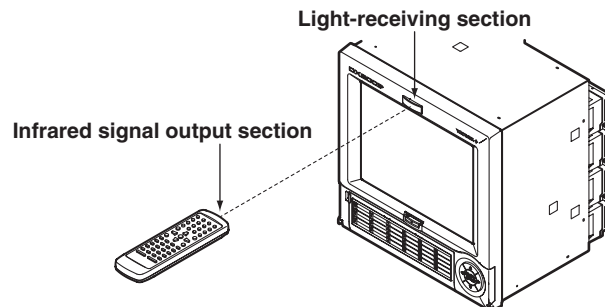
Snap Shot (Saving the Screen Image Data)

The image data displayed on the screen can be saved to the external storage medium through key operation. The data is in PNG format and can be pasted to commercially sold software programs such as document creation software. For the operating procedure, see section 8.5.

Easy Text Entry (/KB1 or /KB2 Option)

You can control the DX200P using the keys on the remote control terminal.

- Set the remote controller ID on the DX200P and the ID number on the remote control terminal to the same value.
- You can set a value between 0 and 31 for the remote controller ID and ID number. For the setting procedure, see section 4.9.



Note

- The remote control terminal can be used to control both the DX100P and the DX200P.
- Using a single remote control terminal, you can control DX100Ps or DX200Ps with different remote controller IDs by changing the ID number on the remote control terminal.

2.1 Precautions on the Use of the DX200P

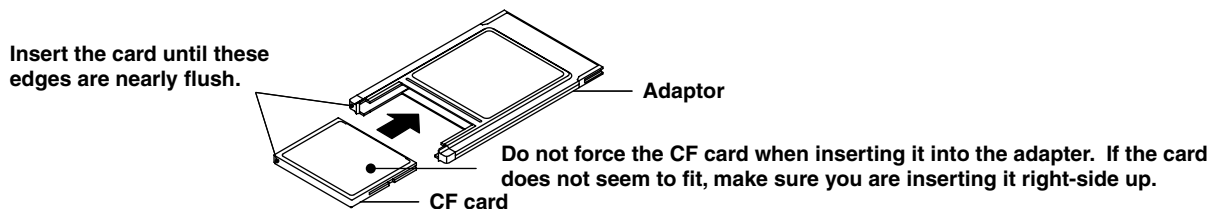
Read the following precautions before using the DX200P and the external storage medium (Zip disk, flash memory card).

Handling Precautions

- Use care when cleaning the DX200P, especially any plastic parts. When cleaning, wipe with a dry, soft cloth. Do not use chemicals such as benzene or thinner, since these may cause discoloring and deformation.
- Keep electrically charged objects away from the DX200P as this may cause malfunction.
- Do not apply volatile chemicals to the LCD monitor or panel keys. Do not allow rubber and vinyl products to remain in contact with the DX200P for long periods of time. This may damage the DX200P.
- Do not apply shock to the DX200P.
- When not in use, make sure to turn OFF the power switch.
- If there are any symptoms of trouble such as strange odors or smoke coming from the DX200P, immediately turn OFF the power and unplug the power cord. Then, contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

Handling Precautions of External Storage Media

- Take special care in handling external storage media as they are delicate products. For general precautions, see the instruction manual that came with the external storage medium.
- Zip disks may not operate properly under high or low temperature environment. Use the DX200P in the specified temperature range.
- Remove the external storage medium from the drive when turning ON/OFF the DX200P.
- Do not remove the external storage medium while the access lamp is lit. Doing so can destroy the data on the medium.
- It is recommended to keep a duplication of the saved data on the external storage medium.
- If you are using a commercially available compact flash card on DX200Ps in the ATA flash memory card drive, be careful of static electricity. The DX200P may not operate properly if you touch the compact flash card that is inserted into the DX200P when your body is charged with static electricity.
- Handling the CF Card and Adapter
Insert the CF card into the adapter as shown in the figure below. The card should remain in the adapter when removing it from the card slot on the DX200P.



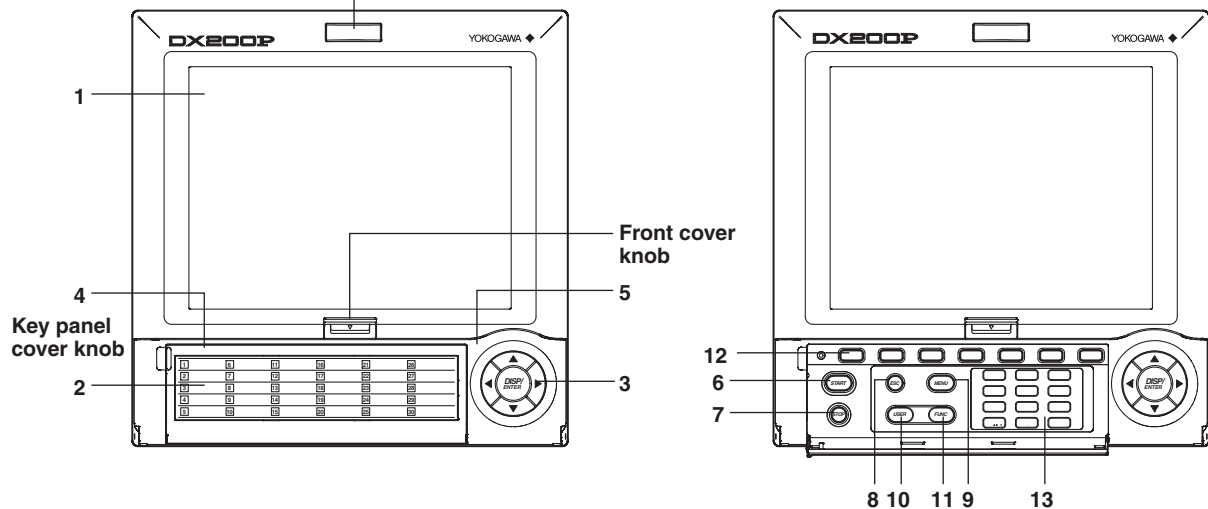
CAUTION

Don't expose the Zip drive to vibration or shocks, as it may damage the drive.

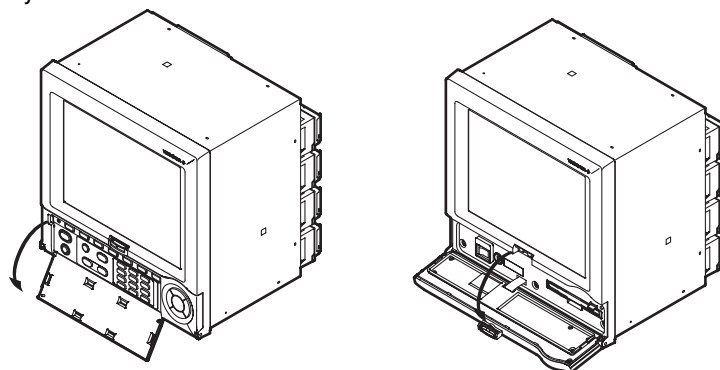
2.2 Names of Parts and Functions

Front Panel

Light-receiving section for the infrared signal from the remote control terminal
(valid only on models with the /KB1 or /KB2 option)



1. **LCD screen**
Displays various operation screens such as the trend screen and the setup screen to configure the DX200P.
2. **Label**
A label used to distinguish the channels. Write on this label and use it as a reference.
3. **Operation key**
Left, right, up, and down arrow keys and the DISP/ENTER key. The keys are used to switch the operation screen in the operation mode. In the setup screens, the keys are used to select parameters and to confirm the new settings.
4. **Key panel cover**
Open this cover to access the keys besides the arrow keys and the DISP/ENTER key. Open the cover by pulling the tab on the upper left corner of the cover toward you.



5. **Front cover**
Open the front cover when turning ON/OFF the DX200P or inserting or removing the external storage medium. Open the cover by pushing down on the tab located at the center of the top edge of the cover and pulling it forward. Keep the cover closed at all times except when accessing the power switch and the external storage medium.
6. **START key**
Press this key to execute Memory Start. The data acquisition to the internal memory starts, and the waveform is displayed on the trend screen. If the model has the optional computation function (/M1), computation and report also starts simultaneously.

7. STOP key

Press this key to execute Memory Stop. The data acquisition to the internal memory stops. The updating of the waveform on the trend display also stops. If the model has the optional computation function (/M1), the report is stopped.

8. ESC key

Used to cancel an operation. Also used to return to the menu screen from the setting screens.

9. MENU key

Used to enter the engineering mode from the operation mode.

10. USER key

Executes the action assigned to this key. For the procedure related to assigning actions, see section 5.8.

11. FUNC key

Used to execute various functions in the operation mode. For the functions that you can execute, see section 3.4.

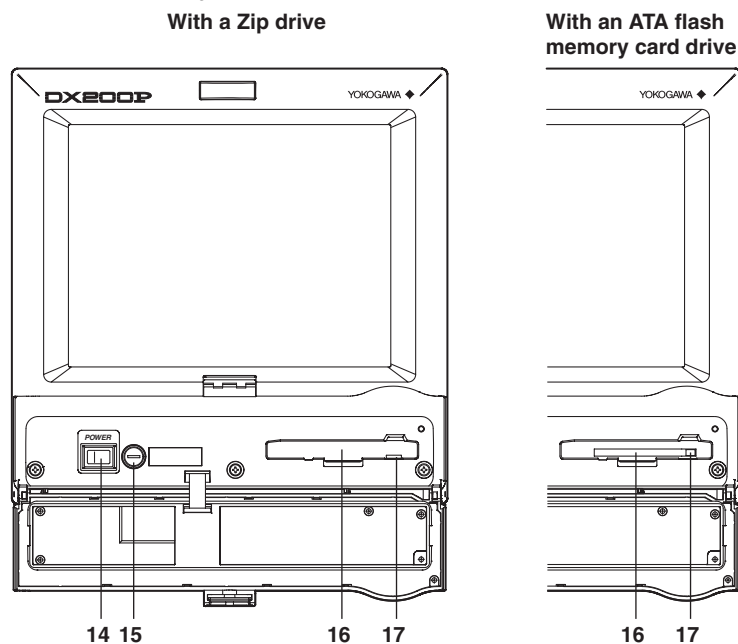
12. Soft keys

Pressing the FUNC key displays a function name that is assigned to the soft keys at the bottom of the screen. The soft key can be used to carry out the assigned function.

In addition, selections are assigned to the soft keys in the engineering or system mode at the bottom of the screen. In this case, you can press the soft key to select the assigned selection.

13. Character/number input key

Used when entering characters and numbers.

**14. Power switch****15. Fuse**

For the procedure in replacing the fuse, see section 10.2.

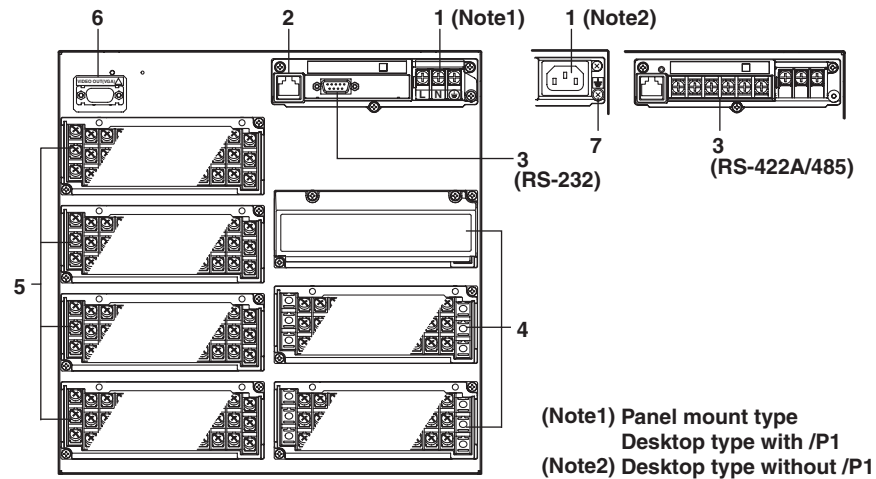
16. Storage medium drive

Zip drive or ATA flash memory card drive depending on the specification.

17. Eject button (Access indicator for Zip drive)

Used when ejecting the storage medium. Also is the access indicator for the Zip drive. The access indicator is lit while the Zip disk is being accessed.

Rear Panel



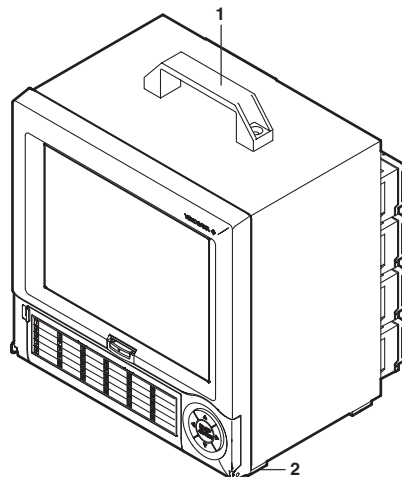
1. **Power terminals and a protective ground terminal**
Connect the power cord and the protective ground cord.
2. **Ethernet port**
Connect the Ethernet cable (10Base-T).
3. **Serial interface port (/C2, /C3 option)**
RS-232 port or RS-422A/485 port depending on the specification. Connect the interface cable.
4. **Input terminals**
Connect the input signal cable of the item being measured.
5. **Option terminals (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, /A5, /F1, /R1, /TPS4, /TPS8 option)**
Connect optional input/output signal cables.
6. **VGA output terminal (/D5 option)**
Connect an external monitor.
7. **Functional ground terminal**

Note

See the DX100P/DX200P Communication interface user's manual (IM 04L05A01-17E) to use Ethernet port and the serial interface port.

Desktop Type

1. **Carrying handle**
2. **Foot (four)**



2.3 Installing the DX200P

Installation Location

Install the DX200P indoors, in a location that meets the following conditions. See also the normal operating conditions described in section 11.8, "General Specifications."

- **Instrument panel**
The DX200P is designed for panel mounting.
- **Well-ventilated location**
To prevent overheating, install the DX200P in a well-ventilated location. For the panel mount type, see "Panel Cutout" in section 11.9, "Dimensional Drawings."
For the desktop type, a space of **50 mm** or more from the right, left and top surface of the DX200P is recommended.
- **Minimum mechanical vibrations**
Choose an installation location with the minimum mechanical vibration.
- **Horizontal**
Install the DX200P horizontally (However, the DX200P can be inclined up to 30 degrees backwards for panel mounting).

Note

- Condensation may occur if the DX200P is moved to another place where both the ambient temperature and humidity are higher, or if the temperature changes rapidly. In addition, measurement errors will result when using thermocouples. In this case, let the DX200P adjust to the new environment for at least one hour before using it.
- The lifetime of the LCD may be shortened if the DX200P is used in a high-temperature environment over a long period of time. It is recommended that the backlight brightness of the LCD be set low when the DX200P is installed in a relatively hot environment (40°C or higher). For setting the LCD brightness, see section 5.14.

Do not install the DX200P in the following places:

- **Outdoors**
- **In direct sunlight or near heat sources**
Install the DX200P in a place with small temperature fluctuations near room temperature (23°C). Placing the DX200P in direct sunlight or near heat sources can cause adverse effects on the internal circuitry.
- **Where an excessive amount of soot, steam, moisture, dust, or corrosive gases are present**
Soot, steam, moisture, dust, and corrosive gases will adversely affect the DX200P. Avoid such locations.
- **Near strong magnetic field sources**
Do not bring magnets or instruments that produce electromagnetic fields close to the DX200P. Operating the DX200P in strong magnetic fields can cause errors in the measurements.
- **Bad angle for viewing the screen**
Because the DX200P uses a 10.4" TFT color LCD, it is difficult to view the display from an extreme angle. Please install the DX200P so that the monitor can be viewed from the front.

2.3 Installing the DX200P

Installation Procedure (Panel Mount Type)

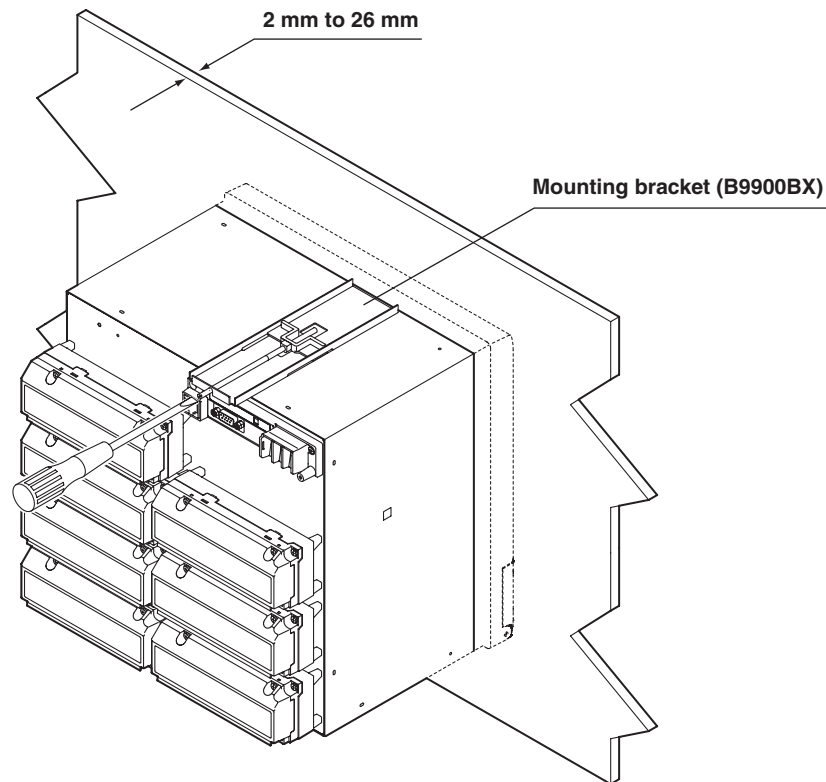
The DX200P should be mounted on a steel panel of thickness 2 mm to 26 mm.

1. Insert the DX200P from the front side of the panel.
2. As shown in the figure below, mount the DX200P to the panel using the mounting brackets that came with the package.
 - Use two brackets to support the top and bottom or the left and right sides of the case. (Remove the seal that is covering the holes for the mounting brackets beforehand.)
 - The proper torque for tightening the mounting screws is 0.8 to 1.2 Nm.

CAUTION

Tightening the screws too much can deform the case or damage the bracket.

Panel Mounting



For panel cutout and external dimensions, see section 11.9, "External Dimensions."

2.4 Input Signal Wiring



CAUTION

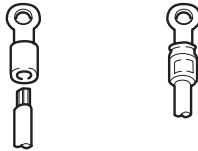
- If a strong tension is applied to the cable wired to the DX200P, the terminals of the DX200P and/or the cable can be damaged. In order to prevent tension from being applied directly on the terminals, fasten all wiring cables to the rear of the mounting panel.
- To prevent fire, use signal wires having a temperature rating of 70°C or more.

Precautions to Be Taken While Wiring

Take the following precautions when wiring the input signal cables.

- **It is recommended that crimp-on lugs (designed for 4 mm screws) with insulation sleeves be used on the lead wire ends. However, this does not apply to the optional clamped terminals (optional code /H2).**

Crimp-on lug



- **For clamped input terminals (/H2), the following wires are recommended.**
Cross sectional area of the conductor or conductors
 - Single conductor: 0.14 mm² to 1.5 mm²
 - Stranded conductors: 0.14 mm² to 1.0 mm²
 - Stripped cable length: approximately 5 mm
- **Take measures to prevent noise from entering the measurement circuit.**
 - Move the measurement circuit away from the power cable (power circuit) and ground cable.
 - It is desirable that the item being measured does not generate noise. However, if this is unavoidable, isolate the measurement circuit from the item. Also, ground the item being measured.
 - Shielded wires should be used to minimize noise caused by electrostatic induction. Connect the shield to the ground terminal of the DX200P as necessary (make sure you are not grounding at two points).
 - To minimize noise caused by electromagnetic induction, twist the measurement circuit wires at short, equal intervals.
 - Make sure to earth ground the protective ground terminal through minimum resistance (less than 100 Ω).
- **When using internal reference junction compensation on the thermocouple input, take measures to stabilize the temperature at the input terminal.**
 - Always use the input terminal cover.
 - Do not use thick wires which may cause large heat dissipation (cross sectional area 0.5 mm² or less recommended).
 - Make sure that the ambient temperature remains reasonably stable. Large temperature fluctuations can occur if a nearby fan turns ON or OFF.
- **Connecting the input wires in parallel with other devices can cause signal degradation, affecting all connected devices.**
If you need to make a parallel connection, then
 - Turn the burnout function OFF. (See section 4.2)
 - Ground the instruments to the same point.
 - Do not turn ON or OFF another instrument during operation. This can have adverse effects on the other instruments.
 - RTDs cannot be wired in parallel.



WARNING

To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.



CAUTION

- Do not apply input signals that exceed the following values. This can damage the DX200P.
 - Maximum input voltage
 - Voltage range of 2 VDC or less or thermocouples: ± 10 VDC
 - Voltage range between 6 and 50 VDC: ± 60 VDC
 - Maximum common mode noise voltage
 - 250 VACrms (50/60Hz)
- The DX200P is an INSTALLATION CATEGORY II product.

Wiring Procedure

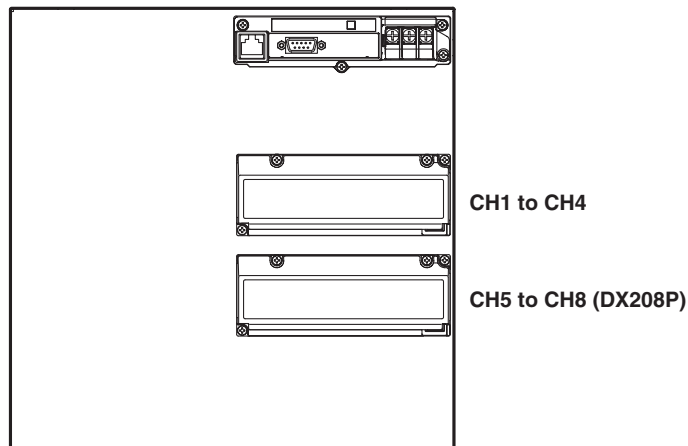
1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the input terminal cover.
2. Connect the input signal wires to the input terminals.
3. Replace the input terminal cover and fasten it with screws.

Note

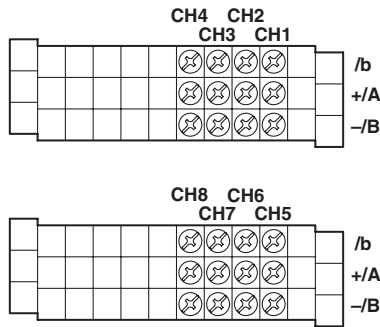
Input signal wires of diameter less than or equal to 0.3 mm may not be secured firmly for clamped input terminals. Fold over the conducting section of the wire, for example, to make sure that the wire is securely connected to the clamped input terminal.

DX204P/DX208P

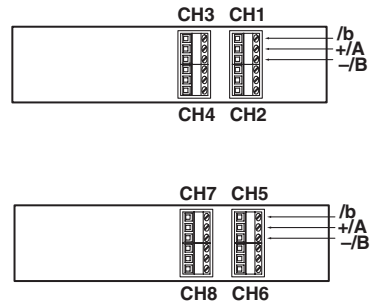
- Input Terminal Position



• Terminal Arrangement
Standard Input Terminals

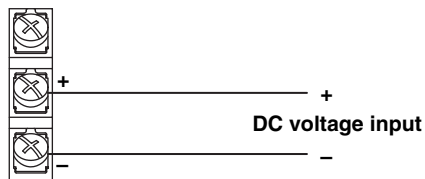


Clamped Input Terminals (/H2)

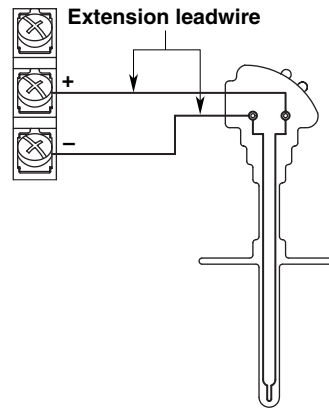


• Wiring Diagram

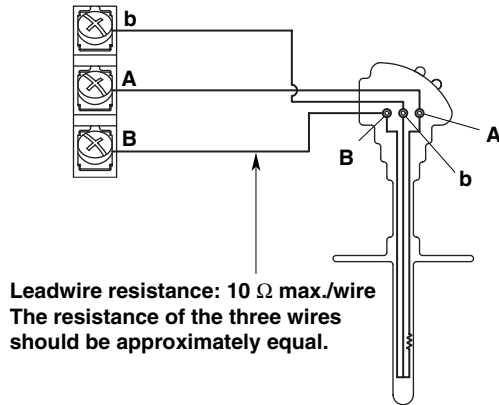
DC Voltage and DI Input



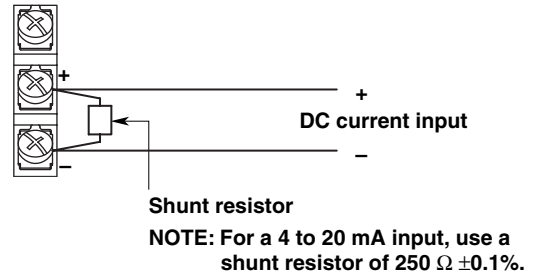
Thermocouple Input



Resistance Temperature Detector Input



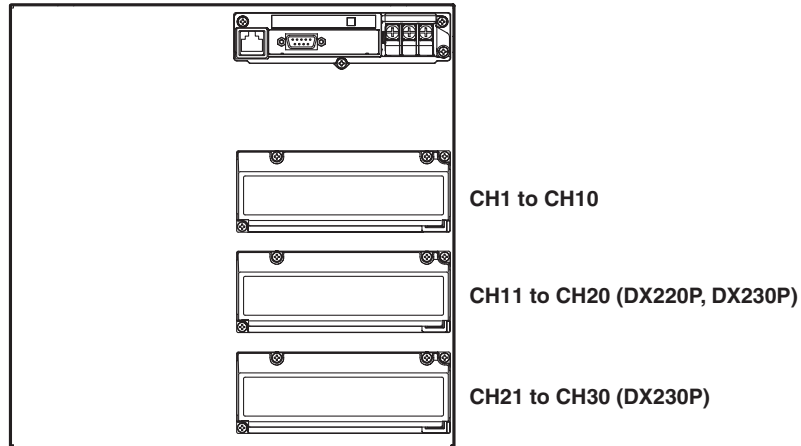
DC Current Input



2.4 Input Signal Wiring

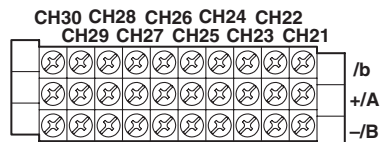
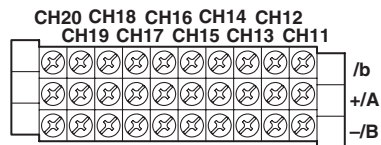
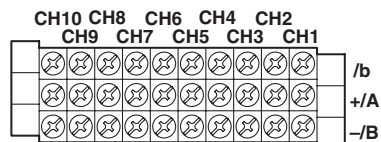
DX210P/DX220P/DX230P

- Input Terminal Position

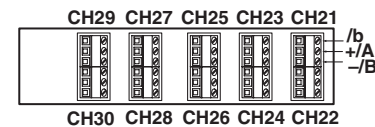
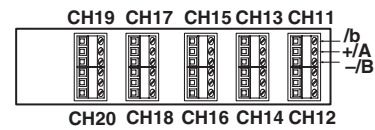
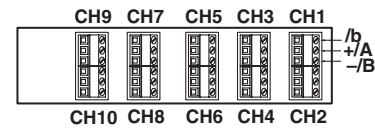


- Terminal Arrangement

Standard Input Terminals



Clamped Input Terminals

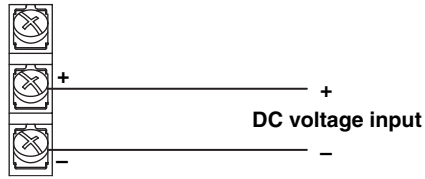


Note

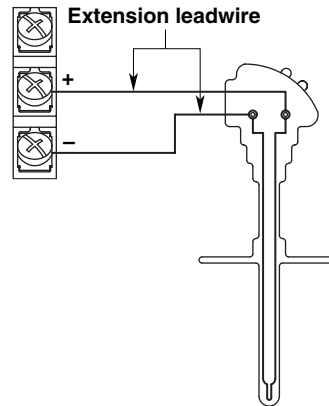
RTD input terminals A and B are isolated on each channel. Terminal b is shorted internally across all channels. However, for options /N1 (Cu10, Cu25 RTD input, 3 terminal isolated RTD) and /N2 (3 terminal isolated RTD), input b is isolated for each channel.

• Wiring Diagram

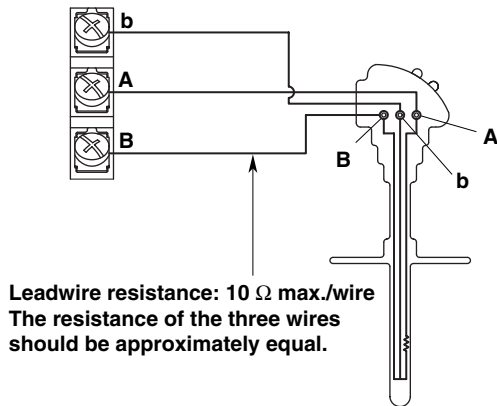
DC Voltage and DI Input



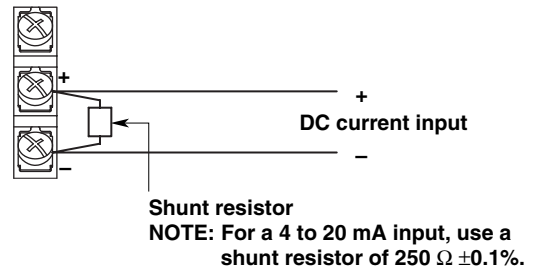
Thermocouple Input



Resistance Temperature Detector Input



DC Current Input



2.5 Alarm Output Wiring (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, /A5 Option)



WARNING

- To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.
- If a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is to be applied to the alarm output terminal, use ring-tongue crimp-on lugs with insulation sleeves on all terminals to prevent the wires from slipping out when the screws become loose. Furthermore, use double-insulated wires (dielectric strength of 2300 VAC or more) for the signal wires on which a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is to be applied. For all other wires, use basic insulated wires (dielectric strength of 1350 VAC). To prevent electric shock, attach the terminal cover after wiring and make sure not to touch the terminals.



CAUTION

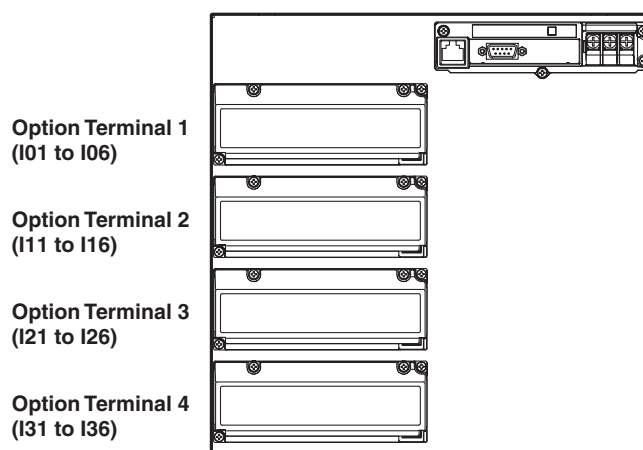
To prevent fire, use signal wires having a temperature rating of 70°C or more.

Wiring Procedure

1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the cover for the option terminal.
2. Connect the alarm output cables to the terminal.
The terminal arrangement will be one of the figures shown on pages 2-13 and 2-14 depending on the alarm output relay option (number of outputs) and the /F1 option.
3. Replace the terminal cover and fasten it with screws.

Alarm Terminal Position

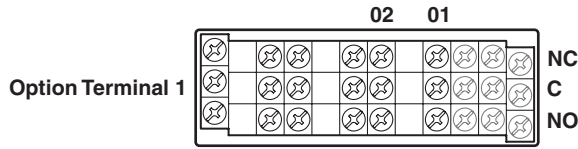
Enclosed in parentheses are the relay numbers assigned to each option terminal.



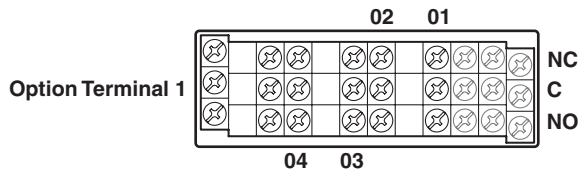
Terminal Arrangement (Only the position of the alarm output terminals is indicated.)

When the relay is not energized, NC is closed and NO is open. C is the common terminal.

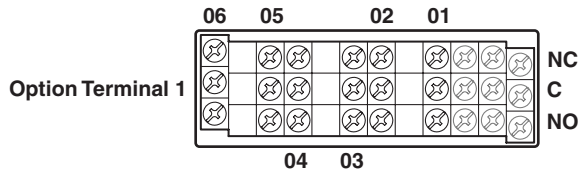
- /AR1, /AR1/F1



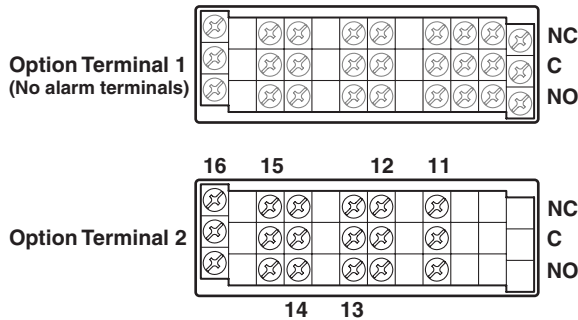
- /AR2, /AR2/F1



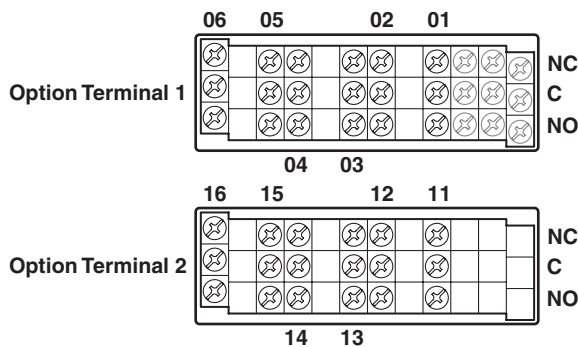
- /A3, /A3/R1



- /A3/F1, /A3/R1/F1

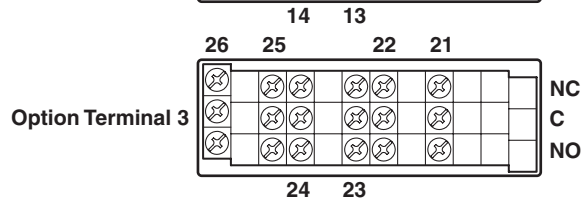
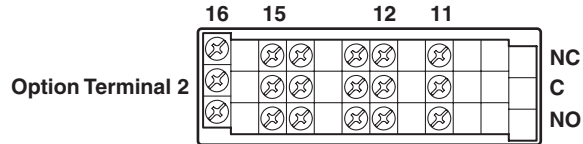
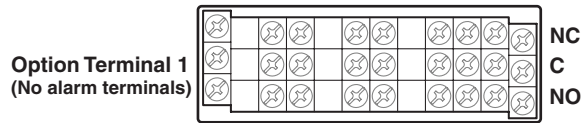


- /A4, /A4/R1

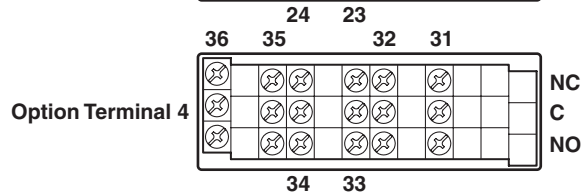
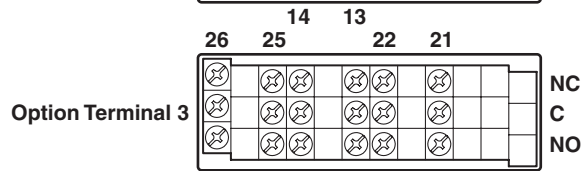
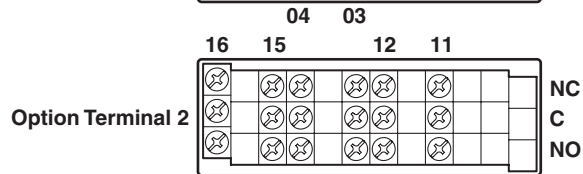
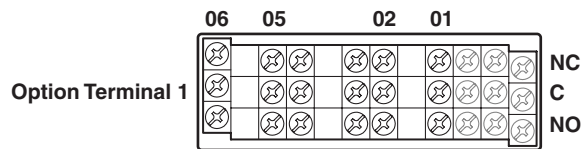


2.5 Alarm Output Wiring (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, /A5 Option)

- /A4/F1, /A4/R1/F1



- /A5, /A5/R1



Contact Specifications

Item	Specification
Output type	Relay transfer contact (energize/de-energize switchable)
Output capacity	250 VAC (50/60 Hz), 3A 250 VDC, 0.1 A (resistive load)
Dielectric strength	1500 VAC (50/60 Hz) for one minute between output terminals and the ground terminal

For details related to the switching of energized/de-energized state of the alarm relays, see section 4.1.

2.6 FAIL/Memory End Wiring (/F1 Option)



WARNING

- To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.
- If a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is to be applied to the FAIL/Memory End output terminal, use ring-tongue crimp-on lugs with insulation sleeves on all terminals to prevent the wires from slipping out when the screws become loose. Furthermore, use double-insulated wires (dielectric strength of 2300 VAC or more) for the signal wires on which a voltage of more than 30 VAC or 60 VDC is to be applied. For all other wires, use basic insulated wires (dielectric strength of 1350 VAC). To prevent electric shock, attach the terminal cover after wiring and make sure not to touch the terminals.



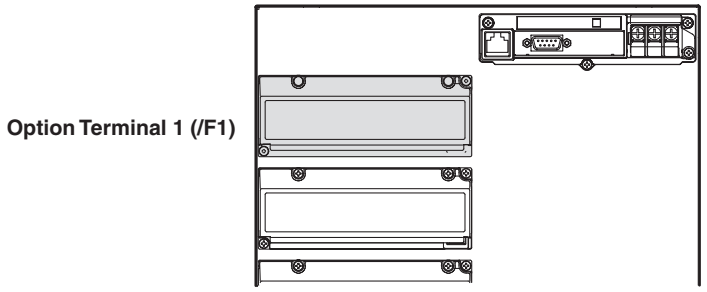
CAUTION

To prevent fire, use signal wires having a temperature rating of 70°C or more.

Wiring Procedure

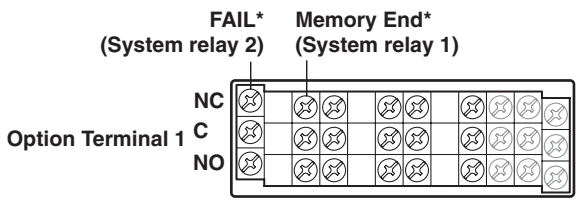
1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the cover for the option terminal.
2. Connect the FAIL/Memory End output cables to the terminal.
The terminal arrangement for the FAIL/Memory End output option is as follows.

Terminal Position



Terminal Arrangement (Only the position of the FAIL/Memory End output terminals is indicated.)

When the relay is not energized, NC is closed and NO is open. C is the common terminal.



* Initial settings. Fail, Memory End, Memory Start/Stop, User Locked, or Presence of Login Users can be assigned (see section 4.8).

3. Attach the option terminal cover and secure it with screws.

Note

For details on the relay operation, see section 1.8.

Contact Specifications

The contact specification is the same as that for the alarm output. See section 2.5.

2.7 Remote Control Wiring (/R1 Option)



WARNING

To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.



CAUTION

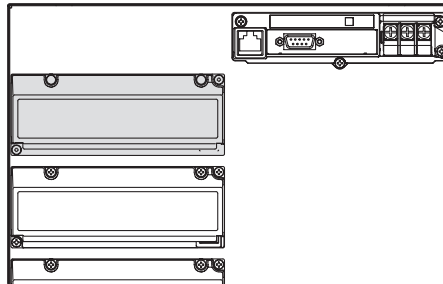
To prevent fire, use signal wires having a temperature rating of 70°C or more.

Wiring Procedure

1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the cover for the option terminal.
2. Connect the remote control signal cables to the terminal.
The terminal arrangement for the remote control option is as follows.

Terminal Position

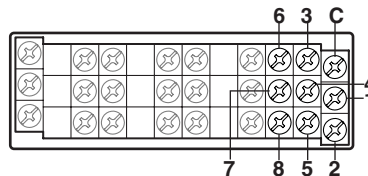
Option Terminal 1
(/R1, /AR1, /AR2)



Terminal Arrangement (Only the position of the remote control terminals is indicated.)

C is a common terminal for terminals 1 through 8.

Option Terminal 1



3. Replace the terminal cover and fasten it with screws.

Note

Use shielded wires for the remote control wires to reduce the effects of noise. Connect the shield to the ground terminal of the DX200P.

Input Specifications

Item	Specification
Input signal	Voltage-free (dry) contact, open-collector (TTL or transistor)
Input conditions	ON voltage: Less than or equal to 0.5 V (30 mA DC) Leakage current in the OFF state: No more than 0.25 mA Signal duration: 250 ms minimum
Input type	Photocoupler isolation (one side common) Internal isolated power source (5 V \pm 5%)
Dielectric strength	500 VDC for one minute between input terminals and the ground terminal

For the control actions and setting procedures, see sections 1.9 and 4.5 respectively.

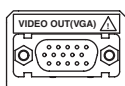
2.8 VGA Output Connection (/D5 Option)



CAUTION

- Before connecting the monitor to the DX200P, be sure to turn OFF the power to both monitor and DX200P.
- Never short-circuit the VIDEO OUT terminal or apply an external voltage, otherwise damage to the DX200P may result.

VIDEO OUT Terminal



The DX200P's screen can be displayed on a monitor via this terminal. Only a VGA monitor or a multi-synchronous monitor which is capable of displaying VGA can be used.

Pin Assignment

	Pin No.	Signal Name	Specification
<p>D-Sub 15-pin receptacle</p>	1	1 Red	0.7 Vp-p
	2	Green	0.7 Vp-p
	3	Blue	0.7 Vp-p
	4	—	
	5	—	
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9	—	
	10	GND	
	11	—	
	12	—	
	13	Horizontal synchronous signal	Approx. 31.5 kHz, TTL negative \square
	14	Vertical synchronous signal	Approx. 60 Hz, TTL negative \square
	15	—	

Connecting to the Monitor

1. Turn OFF the power switch of the power both the monitor and the DX200P.
2. Connect the monitor to the DX200P using an analog RGB cable.
3. Turn ON both the monitor and the DX200P.

Note

- When the power of the DX200P is ON, the video signal is alive at the output terminal.
- The picture on the monitor may become unstable if the DX200P or other equipment is brought too close to the monitor.
- Some monitors may display a picture from which the sides are missing.

2.9 24 VDC Transmitter Power Supply Wiring (/ TPS4, /TPS8, Option)



WARNING

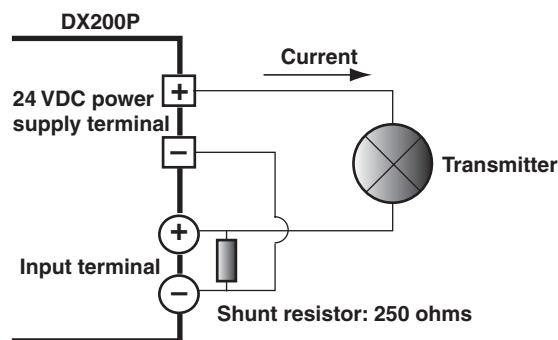
To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.

CAUTION

- Never short-circuit the power supply terminals or apply an external voltage, otherwise damage to the DX200P may result.
- Do not use current that exceeds the maximum output current (25 mADC). This may cause damage to the DX200P.
- To prevent fire, use signal wires having a temperature rating of 70°C or more.

Wiring Diagram

Arrange the wires as shown below.



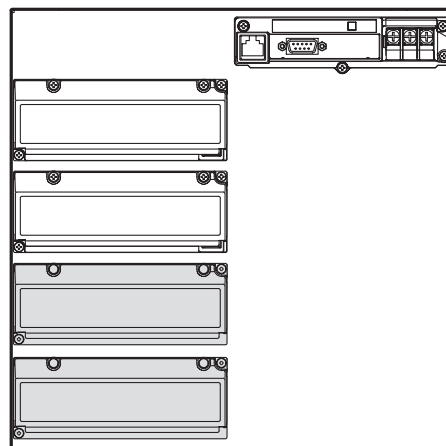
Wiring Procedure

1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the cover for the option terminal.
2. Connect the 24 VDC power supply wires to the terminal.
The terminal arrangement for the 24 VDC power supply option is as follows.

Terminal Position

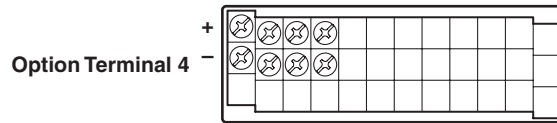
Option terminal 3
(/TPS8)

Option terminal 4
(/TPS4, /TPS8)

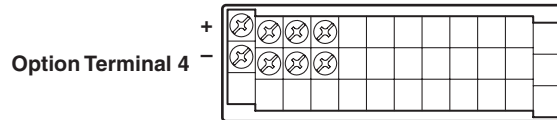
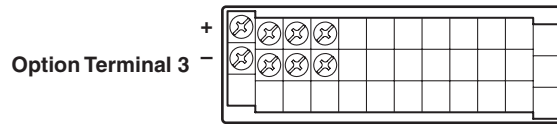


2.9 24 VDC Transmitter Power Supply Wiring (/TPS4, /Tps8, Option)

- /TPS4



- /TPS8



Note

Use shielded wires to reduce the effects of noise. Connect the shield to the ground terminal of the DX200P.

2.10 Power Supply Wiring

For Panel Mount Type

Precautions to Be Taken When Wiring the Power Supply

To prevent electric shock and damage to the DX200P, observe the following warnings.



WARNING

- To prevent electric shock, ensure the main power supply is turned OFF.
- To prevent the possibility of fire, use 600 V PVC insulated wire (AWG18) or an equivalent wire for power wiring.
- Make sure to earth ground the protective earth terminal through a grounding resistance less than 100 Ω before turning ON the power.
- Use crimp-on lugs (designed for 4 mm screws) for power and ground wiring termination (See section 2.4, "Input Signal Wiring").
- To prevent electric shock, make sure to attach the transparent terminal cover.
- Make sure to provide a power switch (double-pole type) on the power supply line in order to separate the DX200P from the main power supply. Put an indication on this switch as the breaker on the power supply line for the DX200P.

Switch Specification

Rated power current: 1 A or more (except /P1 model), 3 A or more (/P1 model)

Rated rush current: 60 A or more (except /P1 model), 70 A or more (/P1 model)

Use a switch complied with IEC60947-1, 3.

- Connect a fuse (between 2 A and 15 A) to the power line.
The power switch and fuse used on the power supply line should be
 - CSA approved (for the use in North America) or
 - VDE approved (for the use in Europe).
- Do not add a switch or fuse to the ground line.

Use a power supply that meets the following conditions:

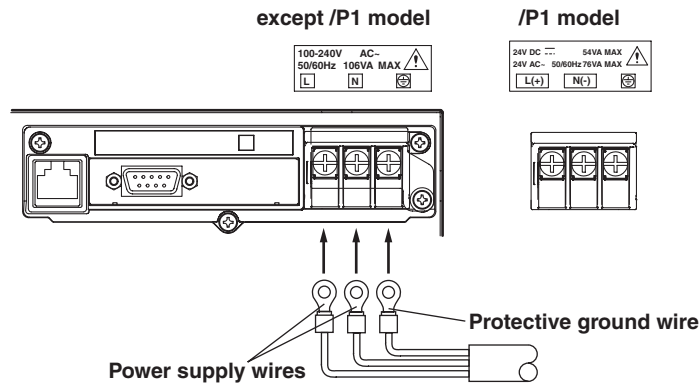
Item	except /P1 model	/P1 model
Rated power supply	100 to 240 VAC	24 VDC/AC
Allowable power supply voltage range	90 to 132 or 180 to 264 VAC	21.6 to 26.4 VDC/AC
Rated power supply frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz (for AC)
Allowable power supply frequency range	50/60 Hz \pm 2%	50/60 Hz \pm 2% (for AC)
Maximum power consumption	75 VA (100 V), 106 VA (240 V)	54 VA (for DC), 76 VA (for AC)

Note

Do not use a supply voltage in the range 132 to 180 VAC, as this may have adverse effects on the measurement accuracy (applies to all models except the ones with the /P1 option).

Wiring Procedure

1. Turn OFF the power switch of the DX200P and remove the transparent power terminal cover.
2. Connect the power supply wires and the protective ground wire to the power terminals.



3. Replace the power terminal cover, and fasten it with screws.

For the Desktop Type**Models with /H5D, /H5F, /H5R, or /H5J Option****• Precautions to Be Taken When Wiring the Power Supply**

To prevent electric shock and damage to the DX200P, observe the following warnings.

**WARNING**

- Before connecting the power cord, ensure that the power supply voltage matches the voltage rating for the instrument, and that it is within the maximum rated voltage for the power cord itself.
- Confirm that the power is turned OFF before connecting the power cord.
- To prevent electric shock and the possibility of fire, use only the power cord for the DX200P that is supplied by YOKOGAWA.
- Always use protective earth terminal to prevent electric shock. Connect the power cord of the DX200P to a three-pole power outlet that has a protective earth terminal.
- Never use an extension cord that does not have protective earth terminal, otherwise the protection function will be compromised.

Use a power supply that meets the following conditions:

Item	conditions
Rated power supply	100 to 240 VAC
Allowable power supply voltage range	90 to 132 or 180 to 264 VAC
Rated power supply frequency	50/60 Hz
Allowable power supply frequency range	50/60 Hz \pm 2%
Maximum power consumption	75 VA (100 V), 106 VA (240 V)

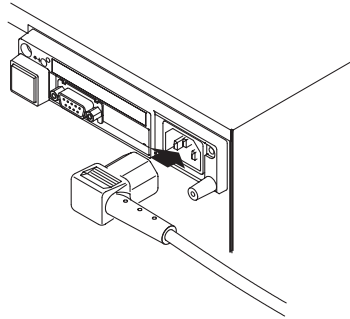
Note

Do not use a supply voltage in the range 132 to 180 VAC, as this may have adverse effects on the measurement accuracy (applies to all models except the ones with the /P1 option).

2.10 Power Supply Wiring

- **Connection Procedure**

1. Check that the power switch of the DX200P is turned OFF.
2. Connect the power cord (supplied with the DX200P) to the power connector on the rear panel of the DX200P.



3. Ensure that the power supply voltage is within the maximum rated voltage for the power cord, then plug the other end of the power cord into an outlet that meets the conditions below. Use only a 3-prong AC outlet with a protective ground terminal.

Models with /H5 Option

The wiring procedure of the power supply is the same as that for the panel mount type.

3.1 Turning ON/OFF the Power

Procedure

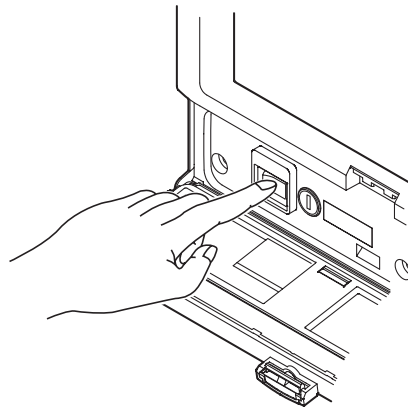
Turning ON the Power

1. Check the following points before turning ON the power.
 - The power cord/wires are connected correctly to the DX200P.
 - The DX200P is connected to the correct power supply (see section 2.10).
 - The proper fuse is set (see section 10.4).

CAUTION

If the input wires are connected in parallel with another instrument, avoid turning ON/OFF the DX200P or the other instrument when either one is in operation. This may affect the reading.

2. Open the front cover.
3. Turn ON the power switch.
4. Close the cover.
After performing a self-diagnosis for a few seconds, a screen in the operation mode appears.



Note

- If nothing is displayed when the power switch is turned ON, turn OFF the power switch and check the points listed in step 1. After checking the points, turn ON the power switch again. If the unit still does not work, it is probably malfunctioning. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer for repairs.
- If an error message is displayed on the screen, take measures according to the description in chapter 9, "Troubleshooting."
- Turn ON the power, let the DX200P warm up for at least 30 minutes, and then start the measurements.

Turning OFF the Power Switch

1. Open the front cover and remove the external storage medium (see section 3.2).
2. Turn OFF the power switch.
3. Close the front cover.

3.2 Inserting/Removing the External Storage Medium

This section describes the procedures to insert and remove the external storage medium. Two types of media can be used depending on the specification.

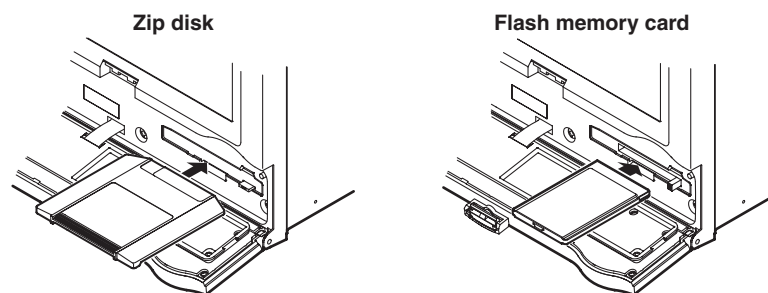
- Model DX2**P-2: Zip disk
- Model DX2**P-3: Flash memory card

For the handling procedure of the storage medium, see section 2.1.

Procedure

Inserting the Storage Medium

1. Open the front cover by pressing down on the knob that is located in the center of the upper section of the cover and pulling forward. Insert the medium into the drive until a click is heard.



2. When the power switch is turned ON, closing the front cover causes the DX200P to detect the existence of an external storage medium in the drive. If the storage medium is detected, an external storage medium icon is displayed in the status display section of the screen.



Note

Keep the front cover closed during operation except when accessing the power switch and the external storage medium. This will protect the storage medium and the drive from foreign particles such as dust.

Removing the Storage Medium

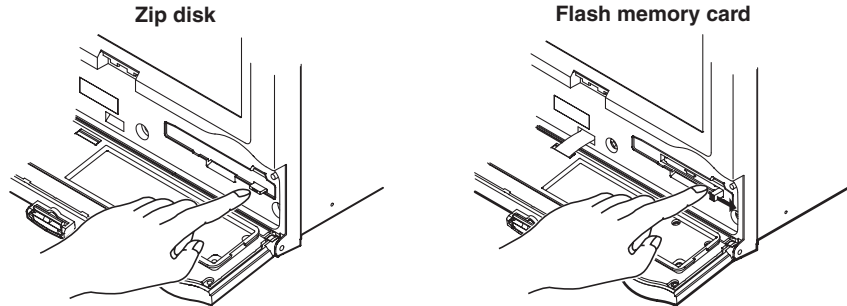
Floppy disks and flash memory cards can be removed from the drive regardless of whether the DX200P is turned ON or OFF. **Zip disks cannot be removed when the DX200P is turned OFF.**

1. Check that the storage medium is not being accessed.

Note

- The access indicator is lit while the storage medium is being accessed.
- A message "Data are being saved to the medium." is displayed while measured/computed data are being saved to the medium.

2. Open the front cover by pressing down on the knob that is located in the center of the upper section of the cover and pulling forward. Push the eject button to remove the storage medium.
3. Close the front cover. If the DX200P is turned ON, the external storage medium icon in the status display section disappears.



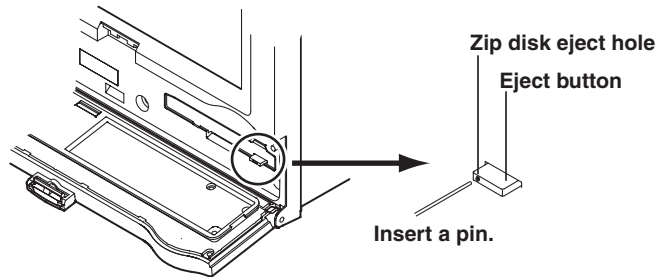
Note

- You cannot eject the Zip disk unless you log in using key operations as a user who is permitted to eject the Zip disk (see section 4.4).
- The Zip disk can be removed from the time the power is turned ON until the DX200P boots up.

Procedure When the Zip Disk Cannot Be Ejected

If the Zip disk cannot be removed by performing the steps given in the “Removing the storage medium” section, carry out the following steps to remove it.

1. Open the front cover by pressing down on the knob that is located in the center of the upper section of the cover and pulling forward.
2. Insert a pin of approx. 1 mm in diameter into the eject button hole and press slowly. This will cause the Zip disk to be ejected.



Explanation

Format Type of the External Storage Media

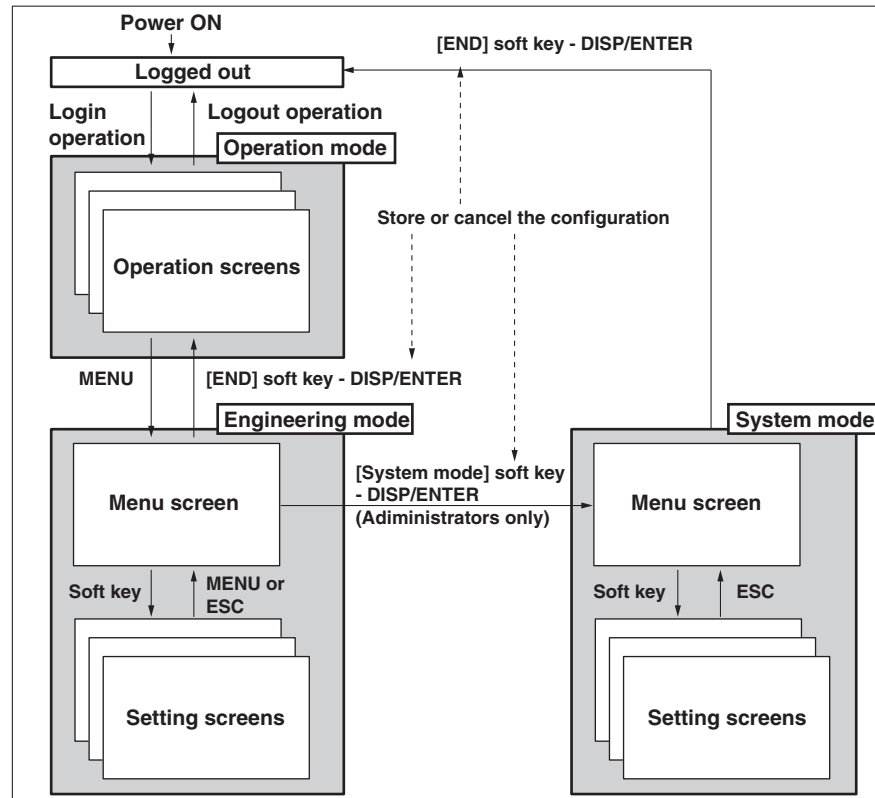
Use a formatted storage medium on the PC.

- Zip disk: FDISK 1 partition (hard disk format)
- Flash memory card: FDISK 1 partition (hard disk format)

3.3 Run Mode

The DX200P has three run modes, operation mode, engineering mode, and system mode. The function and relationship of each mode is described below.

Mode Types



Operation Mode

- This is the mode you enter when you turn ON the power and log in.
- This mode is used to acquire measured/computed data to the internal memory and save the data to the external storage medium.
- The operation screen is displayed.

Engineering Mode*

- The DX200P enters this mode when the MENU key is pressed in the operation mode.
- The DX200P cannot enter this mode when Memory Start is executed.
- Settings such as input range and alarms are entered.
- Input scan is being executed. Alarm detection is also in operation.

System Mode*

- This mode can be entered only when you logged in as an administrator.
- This mode is entered by pressing the system mode soft key on the engineering mode menu screen.
- Sets the basic environment of the DX200P such as the input format and the save format of measured/computed data.
- The input scan operation stops when this mode is entered. Alarm detection is also disabled. The condition of the alarm output relay (option) retains the condition existing immediately before.

* The DX200P can be configured so that a portion of the settings of these modes can be changed even when data acquisition is in progress (see page 3-6).

3.4 Operations in the Operation Mode

Note

Operations in the operation mode can be executed only when logged in as an administrator or a user that has permission to use the operation (see section 1.5).

Operations Using the Arrow Keys and the DISP/ENTER Key

Switches the operation screen such as trend, digital, and bar graph. For the operating procedure, see chapter 7.

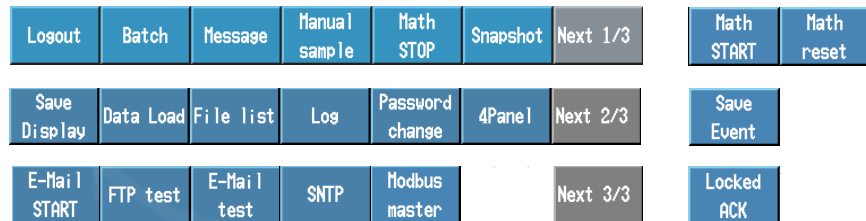
Operations Using the START/STOP Key

Executes Memory Start/Stop. For the operating procedure, see section 6.2.

Operations Using the FUNC Key and Soft Keys

Pressing the FUNC key displays a menu that is assigned to the soft keys at the bottom of the screen. The menu varies depending on the setup information and options.

Menu Example of the FUNC Key



Menu	Reference	Function (conditions to be displayed on the soft key menu)
Logout	6.1	Log out (only when logged in)
Batch	8.1	Display the batch screen.
Message	8.2	Write messages.
Manual sample	8.3	Saves the measured/computed data (instantaneous values) once.
Math START/Math STOP	8.4	Start/stop computation (only for models with the computation option (/M1))
Math reset	8.4	Set the computed value of the computation channel to 0 (only on models with the computation option (/M1) while the computation is stopped).
Math ACK	8.4	Set the icon indicating computation data dropout back to normal (only on models with the computation option (/M1) when computation data dropout occurred)
Snapshot	8.5	Saves the current screen image data to the external storage medium.
Save Display/Save Event	8.6	Saves the display data or event data to the external storage medium (only when [Type of process] is set to [Continue] and Memory Start is executed.)
Data Load	8.7	Loads the display data or event data from the external storage medium and displays the data on the sign record screen.
File list	8.8	Displays a list of files of the external storage medium.
Log	8.9	Displays the log screen/system screen.
Password change	8.10	Changes the login password.
4Panel	8.11	Assign a name to the 4 panel display (only when 4 panel display is shown)
E-Mail START/E-Mail STOP	*	Enables/disables the e-mail transmission function.
FTP test	*	Executes an FTP test.
E-Mail test	*	Transmit test mail messages to recipients 1 and 2.
SNTP	*	Adjusts the time to the time retrieved from an SNTP server.
Modbus master	*	Displays the status of the data read using the Modbus master function.
User Locked ACK	8.13	Clearing the User Locked icon (operation allowed only when you logged in as an administrator)

* See the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual, IM 04L05A01-17E.

3.4 Functions and Operations in the Operation Mode

Procedure

Below is the procedure for carrying out "File list" that is indicated in the second line of the menu examples.

1. Pressing the FUNC key displays a menu that is assigned to the soft keys at the bottom of the screen.
2. Press the [Next] soft key to show the next menu.
3. Press the [File list] soft key. The FUNC key menu is cleared and a list of files of the external storage medium is displayed.

Operations Using Other Keys

USER Key

Executes the assigned functions (see section 5.8).

Character/Number Input Keys

- Enter the user name, password, and user ID when logging in (see section 6.1).
- Enter the batch number/lot number, and batch comment (see sections 6.2 and 8.1).
- Set message strings (see section 8.2).
- Enter the name for the 4 panel display (see section 8.11).

Setup Operation While Data Acquisition Is in Progress

The following settings can be entered while data acquisition is in progress. For a description of the settings required to use this function, see section 4.14.

Operations That Can Be Carried Out by an Administrator

- Set the calibration correction (/CC1 option) (see section 5.21)
- Register administrators and users (see section 4.4)
- Change the time (see section 5.15)

Operations That Can Be Carried Out by a User

- Set the calibration correction (/CC1 option) (see section 5.21)

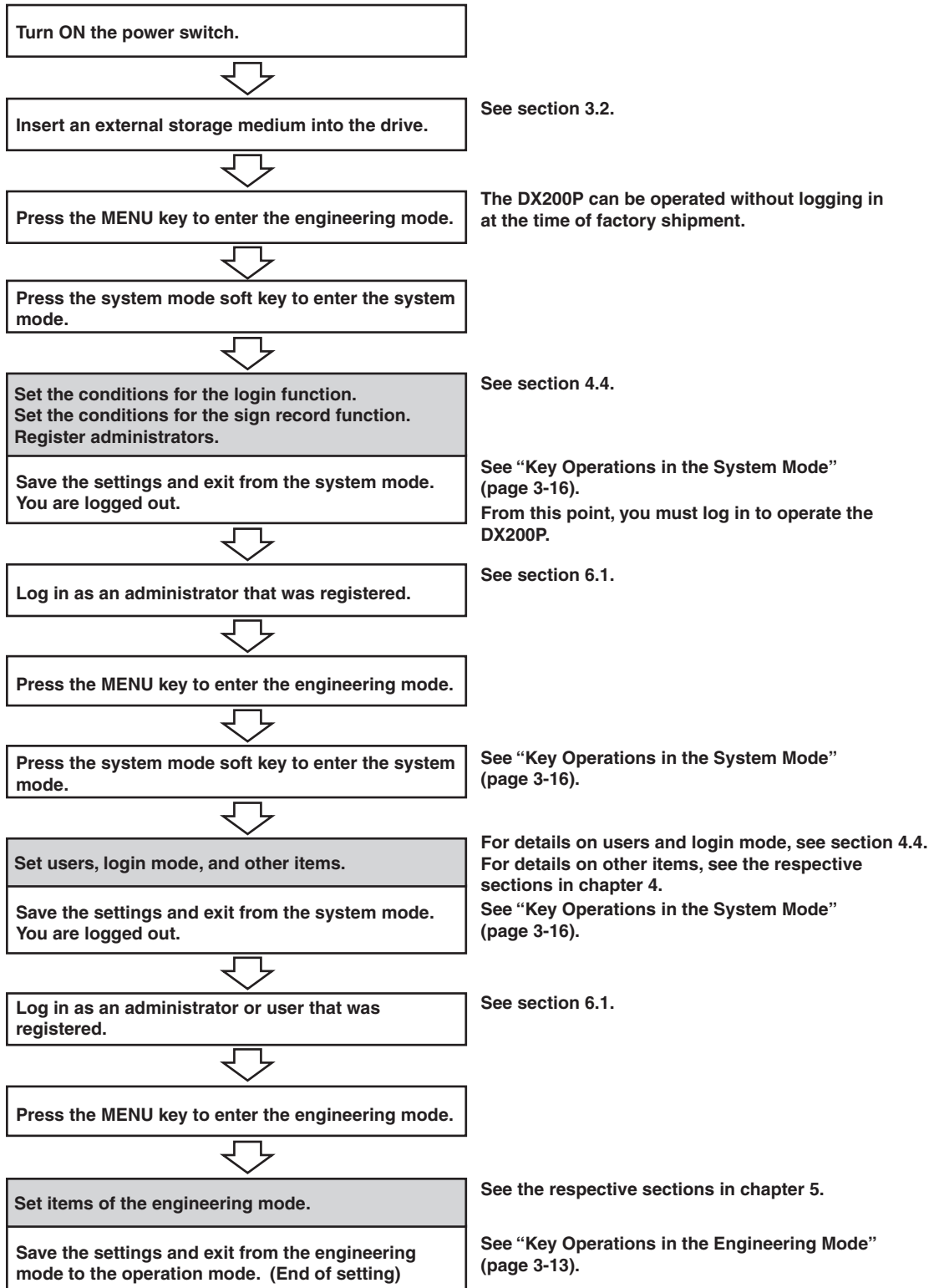
Note

If an auto save operation takes place during setup operation, the DX200P returns to the operation mode automatically and the setup data is canceled.

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Procedure for Setting Functions

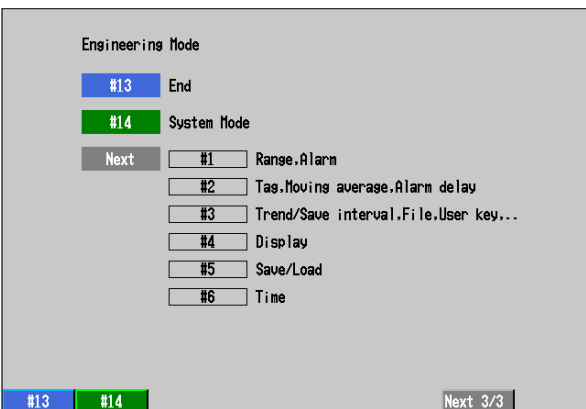
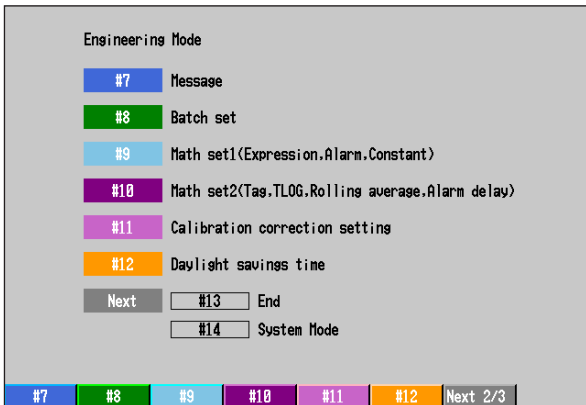
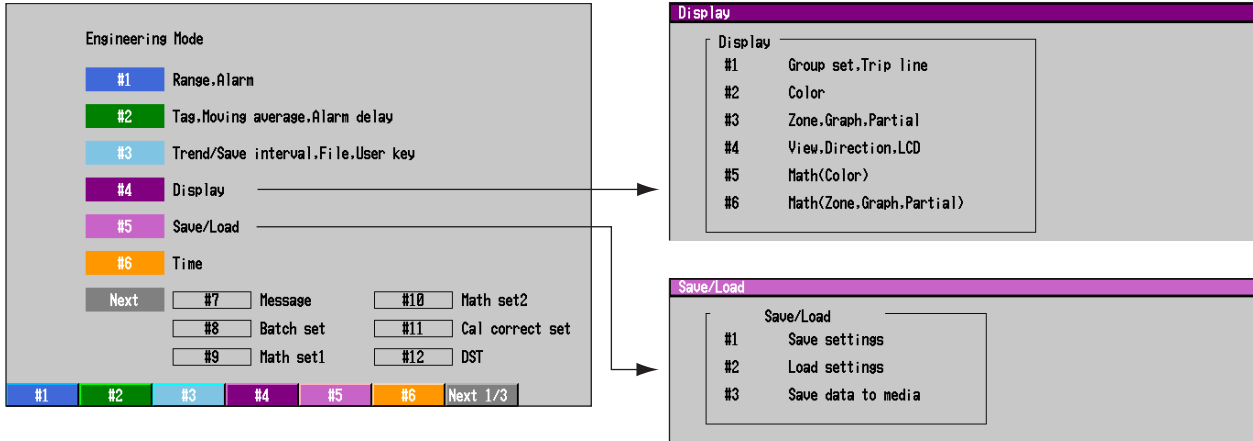
Set an administrator first. Then, log in as an administrator and set items of the system mode and engineering mode.



3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

The Menu Screen and Items of the Engineering Mode

The [Math set1] and [Math set2] are displayed when the /M1 option is equipped. The [Calibration correction settings] is displayed when the /CC1 option is equipped. [System Mode] appears only when the login function is not used or when the login function is used and you log in as an administrator.



Soft key	Settings in the engineering mode Title	Ref. section Item	Ref. section
#1	Range	Input type, measurement range, upper and lower limits of span, reference channel for difference computation, upper and lower limits of scale, Unit	5.1
	Alarm	Alarm type, Alarm value, Output relay number	5.2

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Soft key	Settings in the engineering mode	Ref. section
	Title Item	
#2	Tag	Tag name 5.3
	Filter	Filter time constant/Off (DX204P/DX208P) 5.4
	Moving average	Number of samples for the moving average/Off (DX210P/DX220P/DX230P) 5.4
	Alarm delay time	5.5
#3	Trend/Save interval	Trend display update rate, Auto save interval 5.6
	File	Header string to be written to file 5.7
	USER key	A name of directory to which data are to be saved Assign an action to the USER key 5.8
#4	Display	
#4 - #1	Group set/Trip line	Group name, Assign channels to groups Trip line position, display color 5.9
#4 - #2	Color	Measurement channel display color 5.10
#4 - #3	Zone	Zone upper and lower limits 5.11
	Graph	Number of scale divisions, Bar graph base position Specify the scale display position for trends 5.12
#4 - #4	Partial	Turn On/Off partial expanded display, Position and boundary for the partial expanded display 5.11
	View	Trend display direction, Bar graph display direction, Background color (white or black), Trend line width, Trip line width, Grid for the trend display, Group display switching interval (Scroll time), Scale digit LCD brightness 5.13
	LCD	Turn On/Off the LCD backlight saver, Transition time for the LCD backlight saver and conditions that restore the backlight 5.14
#4 - #5	Math (Color)	Computation channel display color 5.10
#4 - #6	Zone (computation channel)	Zone upper and lower limits 5.11
	Graph (computation channel)	Number of scale divisions for the trend and bar graph displays, Bar graph base positions, Specify the scale display position for trends 5.12
	Partial (computation channel)	Turn On/Off partial expanded display 5.11 Position and boundary for the partial expanded display
#5	Save/Load	
#5 - #1	Save settings	Save setup data to the external storage medium 5.23
#5 - #2	Load settings	Load setup data from the external storage medium 5.23
#5 - #3	Save data to media	Save data to the external storage medium 5.24
#6	Time	Enter the current time 5.15
#7	Message	Message string 5.16
#8	Batch set	Use/do not use lot number, Auto increment of lot number, Headers 1 to 3 5.17
#9	Math range	Computing equations, display span, and unit for computation channels 5.18
	Math alarm	Alarm type, Alarm value, Output relay number 5.18
	Constant	Constants (K01 to K30) 5.18
#10	Tag	Tag names of the computation channels 5.3
	TLOG	Timer number used in TLOG, sum unit 5.19
	Rolling average	Turn On/Off the rolling average, Sampling interval and the number of samples for the rolling average 5.20
	Alarm delay time	5.5
#11*	Calibration correction	Segments for calibration correction 5.21
#12*	Daylight savings time	Start/end times of DNS 5.22
#13*	End	End the engineering mode 3.5
#14*	System Mode	Enter the system mode 3.5

* The soft key varies depending on optional functions equipped.

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

The Menu Screen and Items of the System Mode

The menu screen and items of the system mode are as follows.

To [Admin tool] menu
To [Save/Load, Initialize] menu
To [Option] menu
See the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual.

See the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual.

[Admin tool] menu

[Save/Load, Initialize] menu

[Option] menu

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Soft key	Settings in the engineering mode Title	Item	Ref. section
#1	Alarm	Reflash alarm AND operation of alarm output relays Energize/de-energize alarm output relays Hold/non-hold alarm output relays Hold/non-hold alarm displays Rate-of-change alarm interval Turn On/Off the alarm hysteresis	4.1
	A/D	Integration time of the A/D converter Scan interval Burn out Off/Up/Down Reference junction compensation (internal or external, compensation voltage when using external)	4.2
	Temperature	Temperature unit	4.2
#2	Application	Type of process	4.3
	Memory	Whether to clear the displayed waveform at Memory Start Save method to the external storage medium Type of data to be acquired Event data	4.3
	Memory & trend	• Sampling interval • Data length (file size) Measurement channels to acquire data/display the waveform	4.3
	Memory timeup	Computation channels to acquire data/display the waveform Date and time to save data	4.3
#3	Admin tool		
#3 - #1	Batch system settings	Login settings • Use/Not use user ID • Auto logout On/Off • Enable/Disable screen change operation while logged out Sign record settings • Use/Not use electronic signature function • Sign at Memory Stop On/Off • Use/Not use user ID when signing	4.4
#3 - #2	Admin settings	Registration of administrator Login method, user name, user ID, password, password expiration duration	4.4
#3 - #3	User settings (Specifiable only when logged in as an administrator)	Registration of user Login method, user name, user ID, password, password expiration duration, Login mode No. Enable/disable calibration correction settings	4.4
#3 - #4	Login mode settings (Specifiable only when logged in as an administrator)	Login mode number Sign authority level or no authority Enable/disable key operations Enable/disable alarm ACK operation Enable/disable Zip disk removal Enable/disable other functions	4.4
#4	Save/Load, Initialize		
#4 - #1	Save settings	Save setup data to the external storage medium	4.11
#4 - #2	Load settings	Load setup data from the external storage medium	4.11
#4 - #3	Load login settings	Load login settings* from the external storage medium	4.12
#4 - #4	Initialize	Initialize the setup data in the internal memory and clear measured/computed data and logs	4.13

* Setup data that belongs to "Admin tool".

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Soft key	Settings in the engineering mode Title	Item	Ref. section
#5	Remote (/R1)	Action assignment to remote terminals	4.5
(#5 - #1) ^{*1}	Report (/M1)	Report types Date/Time of creation Report channel assignments Sum scale	4.6
	Timer (TLOG, /M1)	Timer mode (absolute time/relative time) Interval Reference time for the absolute timer Turn On/Off reset at each interval Turn On/Off data storage	4.7
(#5 - #2) ^{*1}	System relay (/F1)	Action assignment to system relays	4.8
#6	Communications		
#6 - #1	Ethernet, Serial ^{*2}		
#6 - #2	FTP client ^{*2}		
#6 - #3	Control (login, timeout) ^{*2}		
#7	Web, E-Mail ^{*2}		
#7 - #1	Web		
#7 - #2	Basic E-Mail settings ^{*2}		
#7 - #3	Alarm E-Mail settings ^{*2}		
#7 - #4	Scheduled E-Mail settings ^{*2}		
#7 - #5	System E-Mail settings ^{*2}		
#7 - #6	Report E-Mail settings ^{*2}		
#8	Active storage change	Set the time, set the user registration, set the calibration correction, and turn ON/OFF the calibration correction change message	4.14
#9	Date & Time	Time deviation limit for allowing the gradual correction of the time	4.15
	Time Zone	Time deviation from GMT	4.10
#10	SNTP		
#10 - #1	Basic settings ^{*2}		
#10 - #2	SNTP synched to start ^{*2}		
#11	AUX	Tag display or channel number display Minimum remaining amount of internal memory at which to generate the alarm Displayed language Use/Not use partial expanded display Remote controller ID	4.9
	Media FIFO	Turn ON/OFF the FIFO operation of the storage medium	4.16
End	End	End the system mode	3.5

*1 Enclosed in parentheses is the soft keys used when the FAIL/memory end option (/F1) is equipped.

*2 See the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

Key Operations in the Engineering Mode

Below is a description of the operating procedure when the name of message group 2 is set to "Process1."

Procedure

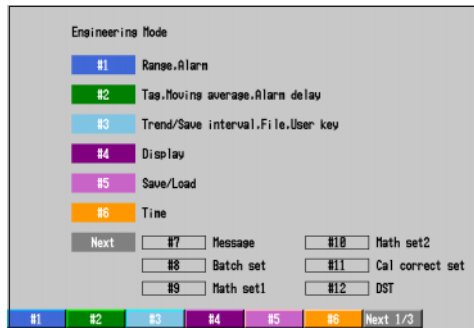
Entering the Engineering Mode

Note

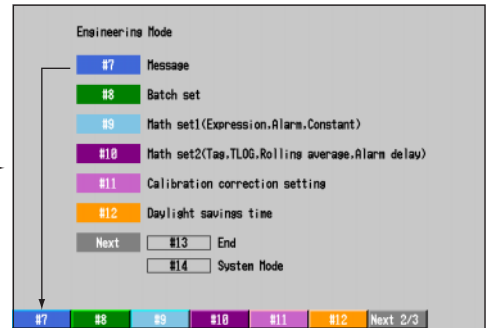
- Engineering mode can be entered only when logged in as an administrator or a user that has permission to enter the engineering mode (see section 1.5).
- You cannot enter the engineering mode when Memory Start is executed, when the sign record screen is displayed, when saving data to an external storage medium, or when there is data that has not been saved to the external storage medium.

1. Press the MENU key. The engineering mode menu screen appears.

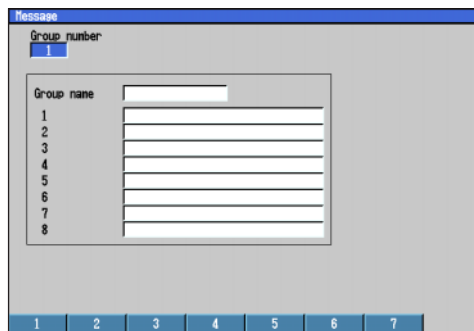
Setting the Message String



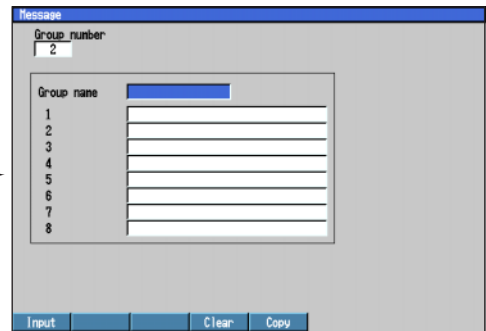
2. Press the [Next] soft key to show the next page.



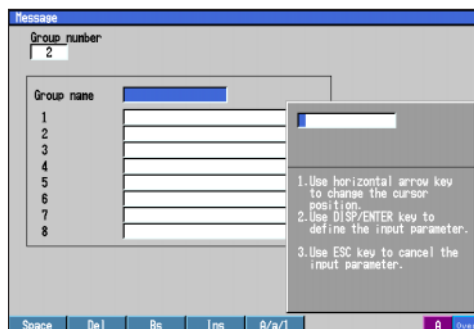
3. Press the [#7] (Message) soft key to show the setup screen.



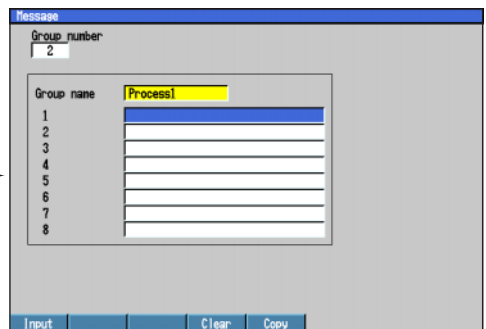
4. Press the [2] soft key to set "2" in the group number box. The cursor (blue) moves to the group name box.



5. Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the group name.



6. Enter the group name "P1 Process" and press the DISP/ENTER key. The group name box turns yellow, and the cursor moves to the message 1 box. For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6.



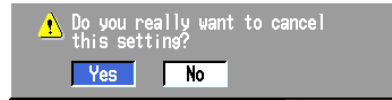
3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Confirming the Settings

7. Press the DISP/ENTER key. The parameters in the group name box are confirmed and turn white. The cursor returns to the first item (group number box) of the screen.

Canceling the Settings

7. Press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] or [No] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.



Yes: Cancels the settings and returns to the engineering mode menu screen.

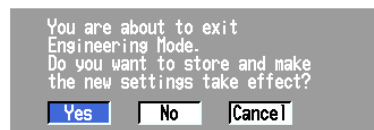
No: Does not cancel the settings and returns to the screen that was shown before the ESC key was pressed.

Finishing the Settings

8. Press the MENU key or the ESC key to return to the engineering mode menu screen.

- **Returning to the Operation Mode**

9. Press the soft key corresponding to [End]. A window appears for you to select whether to save the settings. Select [Yes], [No], or [Cancel] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.



Yes: Saves the settings and returns to the operation mode. The settings of the engineering mode are activated. **When settings are changed, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium, and the log of setting change operations is saved to the setting change log.**

Note

If the external storage medium is not inserted, an error message "Media has not been inserted" appears and the DX200P cannot return to the operation mode. The error message is cleared by pressing the ESC key. Insert an external storage medium into the drive and carry out the procedure again.

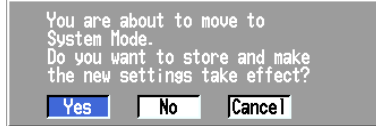
No: Does not save the settings and returns to the operation mode. The settings of the engineering mode remain the same as those before the setting change operation.

Cancel: Cancels the "operation to end the engineering mode" and returns to the engineering mode menu screen. The setting changes made up to that point are retained.

• **Proceeding to the System Mode**

9. Press the system mode soft key*. A window appears for you to select whether to save the settings. Select [Yes], [No], or [Cancel] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

* Appears only when logged in as an administrator.



Yes: Saves the settings and proceeds to the system mode. The settings made in the engineering mode are activated. **When settings are changed, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium, and the log of setting change operations is saved to the setting change log.**

Note

If the external storage medium is not inserted, an error message “Media has not been inserted” appears and the DX200P cannot proceed to the system mode. The error message is cleared by pressing the ESC key. Insert an external storage medium into the drive and carry out the procedure again.

No: Does not save the settings and proceeds to the system mode. The settings of the engineering mode remain the same as those before the setting change operation.

Cancel: Cancels the “operation to proceed to the system mode” and returns to the engineering mode menu screen. The setting changes made up to that point are retained.

Copying and Clearing Character Strings

When entering character strings, you can copy and paste preexisting strings or clear them. The soft keys used to perform these operations appear only when these operations are possible.

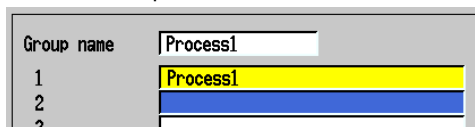


For example, if you wish to set the string “Process1 Start” to message 1, you can copy the group name “Process1” and add the string “Start”.

Procedure

Copying Character Strings

1. Move the cursor to the group name box and press the [Copy] soft key. The [Paste] soft key appears.
2. Move the cursor to the message 1 box and press the [Paste] soft key. “Process1” is pasted.



Clearing Character Strings

1. Move the cursor to the string you wish to clear and press the [Clear] soft key.

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Key Operations in the System Mode

Below is a description of the operating procedure when displaying tag names in place of channel numbers.

Procedure

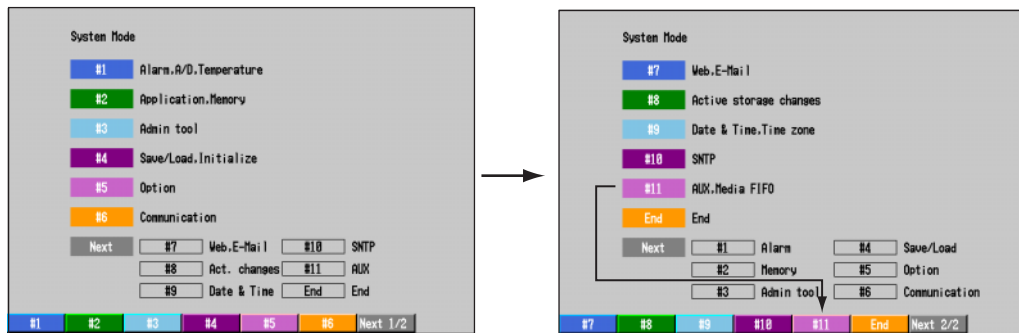
Entering the System Mode

Note

- System mode can be entered only when logged in as an administrator.
- If you change the data save format in the system mode ([Application], [Memory] and [Memory and Trend] items of the [#2] setup screen), save the settings, and return to the operation mode, the measured/computed data in the internal memory is cleared. Save important data to the external storage medium before entering the system mode.

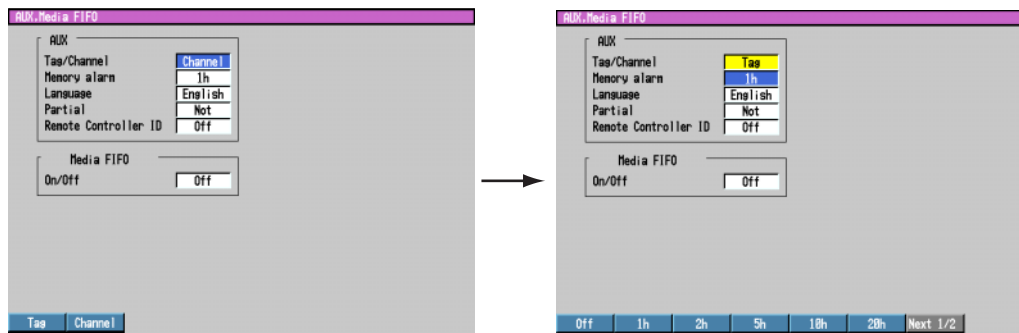
1. Carry out the procedure described in “Proceeding to the System Mode” on the previous page to enter the system mode. The menu screen appears.

Setting the Use of Tag Names



2. Press the [Next] soft key to show the next page.

3. Press the [#11] (AUX, Media FIFO) soft key to display the setup screen.



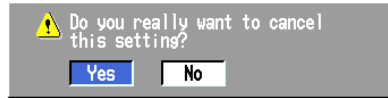
4. Press the [Tag] soft key to set “Tag” in the tag/channel box. The tag/channel box turns yellow, and the cursor (blue) moves to the box below.

Confirming the Settings

5. Press the DISP/ENTER key to confirm the settings of the tag/channel box. Since the cursor moves to the first item on the screen (tab/channel box in this case), the tag/channel box turns blue.

Canceling the Settings

5. Press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation.



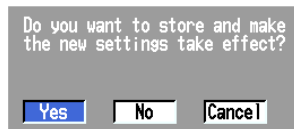
Select [Yes] or [No] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Yes: Cancels the settings and returns to the system mode menu screen.

No: Does not cancel the settings and returns to the screen that was shown before the ESC key was pressed.

Finishing the Settings

6. Press the ESC key to return to the system mode menu screen.
7. Press the [End] soft key. A window appears for you to select whether to save the settings.



Select [Yes], [No], or [Cancel] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Yes: Saves the settings and you are logged out. The settings of the system mode are activated. **When settings are changed, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium, and the log of setting change operations is saved to the setting change log.**

Note

- If the external storage medium is not inserted, an error message "Media has not been inserted" appears and the DX200P cannot end the system mode. The error message is cleared by pressing the ESC key. Insert an external storage medium into the drive and carry out the procedure again.
- If you end the system mode, you are logged out.

No: Does not save the settings and you are logged out. The settings of the system mode remain the same as those before the setting change operation.

Cancel: Cancels the "operation to end the system mode" and returns to the system mode menu screen. The setting changes made up to that point are retained.

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Function Setup Example

The function setup items and values for the case of a batch process when setting the users that can log in and batch conditions and recording the measured data of input channel CH1 as shown in the figure below are described.

Bold characters indicate items set in the system mode; thin characters indicate items set in the engineering mode or input items in the operation mode.

The numbers inside the parentheses correspond to the numbers assigned to the items of the setup screen on the succeeding pages.

Login conditions

Adminstrato	
Login method:	
Key operations and via the Ethernet	(1)
User name: ABC2001	(2)
User ID: 5555	(3)
Password: AAAAAA	(4)
Password expire: Off	(5)
User	
Login method:	
Key operations	(6)
User name: ope1	(7)
User ID: 6666	(8)
Password: yvspmj	(9)
Password expire: 1 month	(10)
Login mode:	
• MENU key is prohibited	(11)
• Enable to sign as "Sign 1"	(12)
Auto logput: Off	(13)

Sign record conditions

Sign at Memory Stop	(22)
Use user ID when signing	(23)

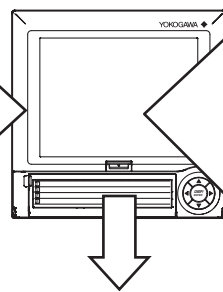
Batch conditions

Use lot number	(24)
Use lot number auto increment	(25)
Batch number: Process1	(26)
Lot number: 00000001	(27)
Header1: Manager ABC2001	(28)
Header2: Supervisor None	(29)
Header3: Operator ope1	(30)
Comment1: sample	(31)

Measurement channel

Channel: CH1	(14)
Tag name: T1-001	(15)
Input type: Type T thermocouple	(16)
Measuring range: 0.0 to 200.0 °C	(17)
Alarm: Upper limit alarm155 °C	(18)
Burn out: Up	(19)
Scan interval: 125 ms	(20)
Use "Alarm ACK"	(21)

DX200P



Display screens

Group: GROUP1	(32)
Trip line position: 78%	(33)
Scale: 0.0 to 200.0 °C(4 divisions)	(34)
Waveform update interval: 10 s	(35)
Trend diaplay: Horizontal	(36)
Bar graph display: Vertical	(37)
Clear the displayed waveform at Memory Start.	(38)

Measured data saving method

Acquire the display data of CH1 and save them to the external storage medium.	(39)
• Type of process: Batch	(40)
• Sampling interval: 10 s	(41)
• Saving interval: Automatically set by the DX200P (cannot be changed)	(42)
• Name of directory: P1DATA	(43)
• Header for data file: P1sample	(44)

Login Condition, Sign Record Condition (System Mode)

- **Setting Login, Sign Record (See Section 4.4)**

Login settings		
UserID Use/Not	<input type="button" value="Use"/>	
Auto Logout	<input type="button" value="Off"/>	(3) (8)
Display change without Login	<input type="button" value="Off"/>	(13)
Sign record settings		
Sign record Use/Not	<input type="button" value="Use"/>	Use the electronic signature function.
Batch stop sign record	<input type="button" value="On"/>	(22)
Sign record UserID	<input type="button" value="Use"/>	(23)

- **Setting Administrator (See Section 4.4)**

Admin settings		
Number	<input type="button" value="1"/>	
Login method	<input type="button" value="Key+Con"/>	(1)
User name	<input type="text" value="ABC2001"/>	(2)
User ID	<input type="text" value="5555"/>	(3)
Password	<input type="text" value="????????"/>	(4) "?????????" denauts
Password expire	<input type="button" value="Off"/>	(5) the default password.

- **Setting Users (See Section 4.4)**

User settings		
Number	<input type="button" value="1"/>	
Login method	<input type="button" value="Key"/>	(6)
User name	<input type="text" value="lope1"/>	(7)
User ID	<input type="text" value="6666"/>	(8)
Password	<input type="text" value="????????"/>	(9) "?????????" denoutes
Password expire	<input type="text" value="1month"/>	(10) the default password.
Login mode No.	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Number of the login mode applied

- **Setting Login Mode for Users (See Section 4.4)**

Number		
<input type="button" value="1"/>		
Login mode settings		
Sign record	<input type="button" value="Signature1"/>	(12)
Key		
START	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	Batch <input type="button" value="Free"/>
STOP	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	Message <input type="button" value="Free"/>
MENU	<input type="button" value="Lock"/>	Snapshot <input type="button" value="Free"/>
USER	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	Math <input type="button" value="Free"/>
DISP/ENTER	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	Save data <input type="button" value="Free"/>
		Load data <input type="button" value="Free"/>
Alarm ACK	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	E-mail <input type="button" value="Free"/>
Media eject	<input type="button" value="Free"/>	Other <input type="button" value="Free"/>

- **Setting Data Saving (See Section 4.3)**

Application		Memory and trend		
Type of process	<input type="button" value="Batch"/>	Meas CH/Math CH	<input type="button" value="Meas CH"/>	
Trend clear	<input type="button" value="On"/>	First-CH	Last-CH	(39) "CH1" is set.
Memory		<input type="text" value="01"/>	<input type="text" value="01"/>	
Data	<input type="button" value="Display"/>	On/Off	<input type="button" value="On"/>	(39) "Display data" is set.
		Memory timeup		
		Timeup type	<input type="button" value="Off"/>	(38)
				(40)

3.5 Setting the Functions (System Mode and Engineering Mode)

Setting Scan Interval/Burnout (System Mode, See Section 4.2)

Setting Use of Alarm ACK Operation (System Mode, See Section 4.1)

The screenshot shows two panels of settings. The left panel is for Alarm settings, and the right panel is for A/D settings.

Alarm Settings:

- Ref flash: Off
- Relay AND: None
- Action: Energize
- Behavior: Hold
- Indicator: Hold
- Rate of change:
 - Increase: 1
 - Decrease: 1
 - Hysteresis: On

A/D Settings:

- Integrate: Auto
- Scan interval: 125ms (20)
- First-CH: 01
- Last-CH: 01
- Burnout set: Up (19)
- RJC: Internal

A line labeled (21) points to the Alarm settings panel.

Setting Measurement Channel/Alarm (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.1)

The screenshot shows settings for a measurement channel and an alarm.

Measurement Channel Settings:

- First-CH: 01
- Last-CH: 01 (14)
- Range:
 - Mode: TC
 - Range: T
 - Span Lower: 0.0
 - Upper: 200.0 (17)

Lines (16) and (16) point to the Range settings.

Alarm Settings:

No.	On/Off	Type	Value	Relay On/Off
1	On	H	155.0	Off
2	Off			
3	Off			
4	Off			

Line (18) points to the Alarm table.

Setting Tag Name (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.3)

The screenshot shows settings for a tag name.

- First-CH: 01
- Last-CH: 01
- Tag: TI-001 (15)
- Filter: Off
- Alarm delay: 10 s

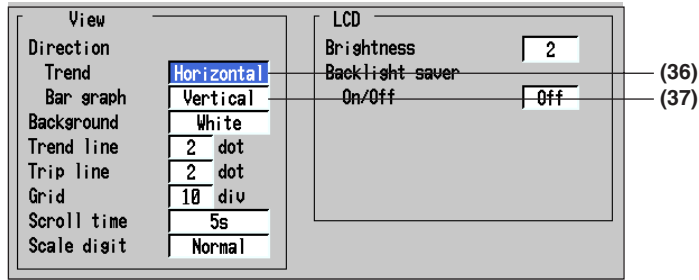
Setting Group/Trip Line (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.9)

The screenshot shows settings for a group and trip line.

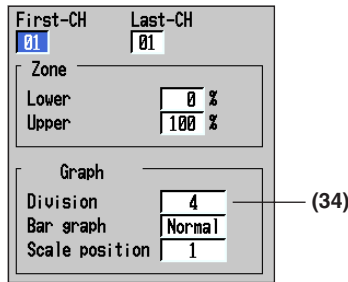
- Group number: 1
- Group set:
 - Group name: GROUP 1 (32)
 - CH set: 01.02.03.04 (32) CH1, CH2, CH3, and CH4 are assigned to GROUP1 in this setting.
- Trip line:

No.	On/Off	Position	Color
1	On	78 %	Red (33)
2	Off		
3	Off		
4	Off		

Setting Display Direction (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.13)

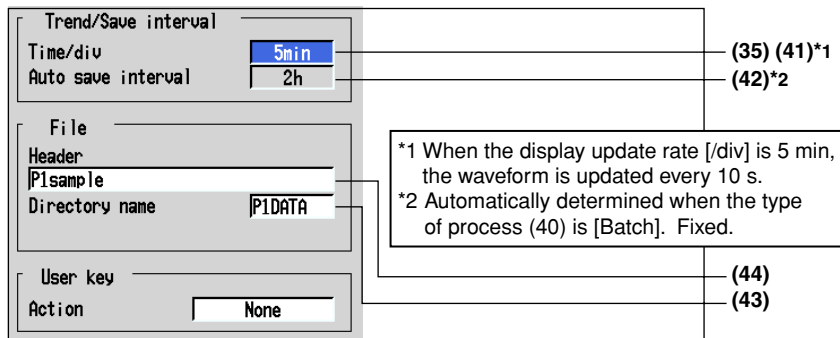


Setting Scale Divisions (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.12)

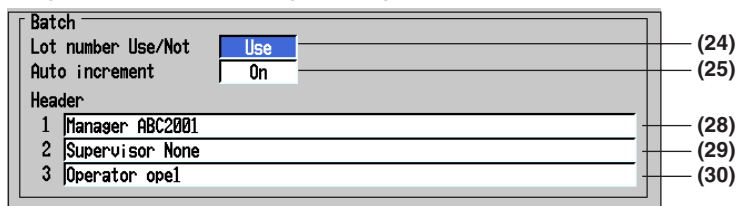


Setting Display Update Rate of Waveform (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.6)

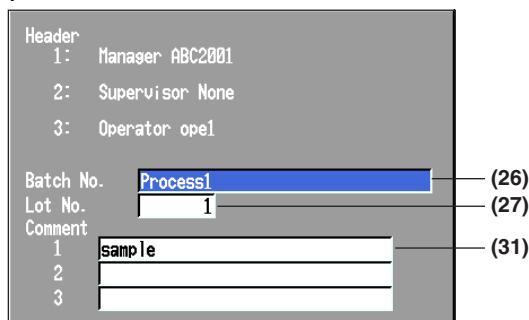
Setting Header/Name of Directory (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.7)



Setting Batch Function (Engineering Mode, See Section 5.17)



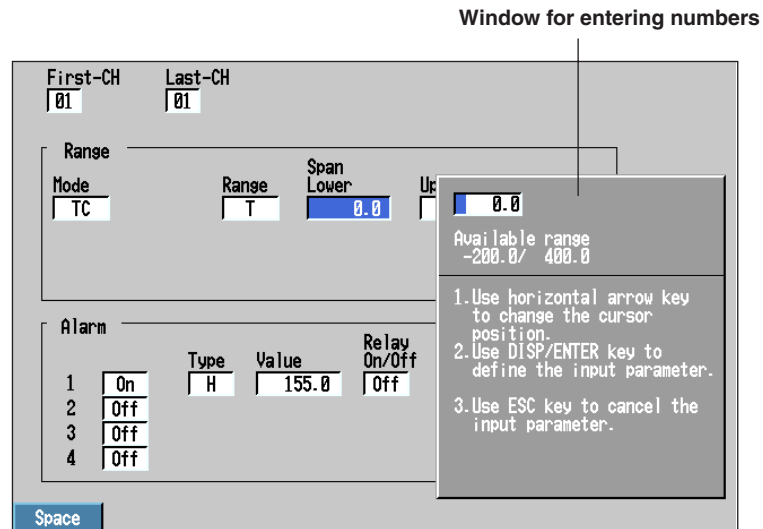
Setting Batch Number/Lot Number/Comment (Operation Mode, See Sections 8.1 or 6.2)



3.6 Entering Numbers and Characters

Entering Numbers

The operation to enter numbers is used such as when setting the date, time, and the display span of the input range.



Procedure

When the window used to enter the numbers appears, enter the value according to the following key operations.

- **Left and right arrow keys:** Selects the input position
- **Character/number input key:** Enters the number

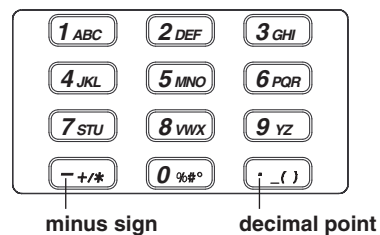
The following soft keys appear when appropriate.

- **[Space] soft key:** Enters a space.

Explanation

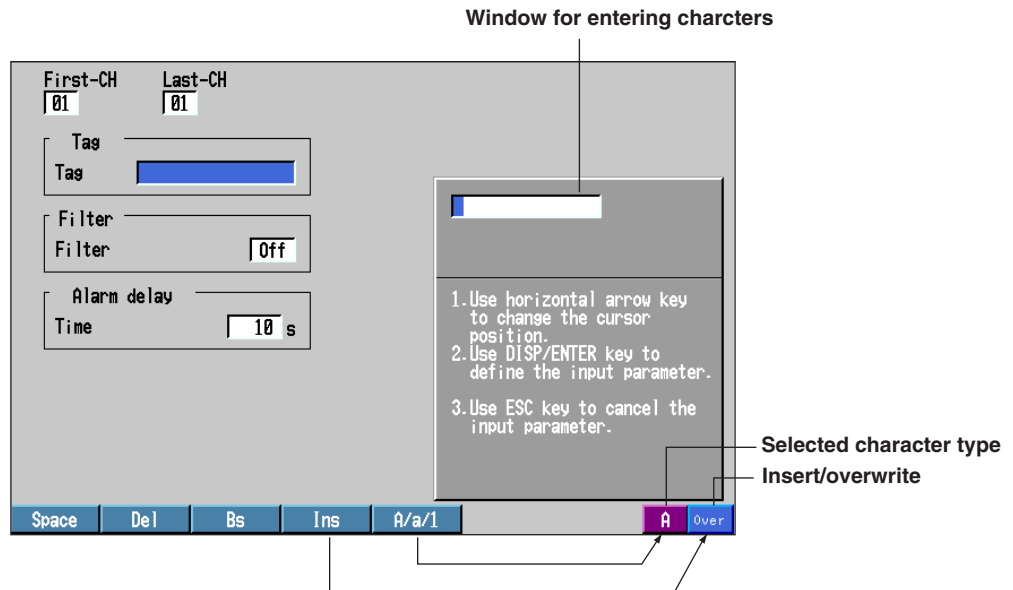
Character/Number Input Key

You can enter numbers, a decimal point, and a minus sign.



Entering Characters

Used to set tag names, set message strings, set or enter passwords.



Procedure

When the window used to enter the string appears, enter the characters according to the following key operations.

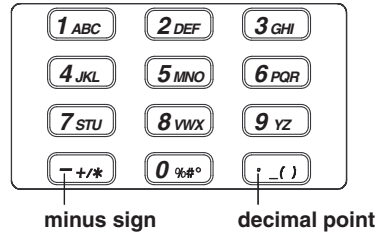
- **Left and right arrow keys:** Selects the input position.
- **Character/number input key:** Enters the character.
The character is selected according to the character type and the number of times the key is pressed (see “Explanation”).
- **[Space] soft key:** Enters a space.
- **[DEL] soft key:** Deletes the character at the cursor position.
- **[BS] soft key:** Deletes the character to the left of the cursor position.
- **[INS] soft key:** Selects insert or overwrite.
Insert and overwrite modes switch each time the [INS] soft key is pressed. The selected mode is displayed to the right of the soft key display section.
- **[A/a/1] soft key:** Selects upper-case alphabet (A), lower-case alphabet (a), or numbers (1).
The character type is switched in the following order each time the [A/a/1] soft key is pressed. The selected character type is displayed to the right of the soft key display section.
Upper-case alphabet (A) → lower-case alphabet (a) → numbers (1)

3.6 Entering Numbers and Characters

Explanation

Character/Number Input Key

The relationship between the character/number input keys and the available characters is shown below.



- **Upper-Case Alphabet (Lower-Case Alphabet)/Symbols**

Key	Pressed once	Twice	Three times	Four times
1 ABC	A(a)	B(b)	C(c)	
2 DEF	D(d)	E(e)	F(f)	
3 GHI	G(g)	H(h)	I(i)	
4 JKL	J(j)	K(k)	L(l)	
5 MNO	M(m)	N(n)	O(o)	
6 PQR	P(p)	Q(q)	R(r)	
7 STU	S(s)	T(t)	U(u)	
8 VWX	V(v)	W(w)	X(x)	
9 YZ	Y(y)	Z(z)		
- +/*	+	/	*	
0 %#°	%	#	°	@
. _ ()	_	()	

3.7 Using the Remote Control Terminal

Handling Precautions

- If the infrared signal output section of the remote control terminal or the light-receiving section on the DX200P becomes dirty or receives scratches, it can hinder the transmission/reception of the infrared signal. Clean the infrared signal output section of the remote control terminal or the light-receiving section on the DX200P as necessary.
- When cleaning, wipe using a dry soft cloth. Do not use volatile chemicals since this might cause discoloring and deformation.
- Do not apply shock to the remote control terminal.
- Do not operate the remote control terminal with wet hands.
- The transmission/reception sensitivity of the infrared signal may deteriorate if used in the following types of locations.
 - Location where the light-receiving section of the DX200P is exposed to direct sunlight or fluorescent lamp.
 - Near magnetic field sources such as a transceiver.
- If you carry the remote control terminal in your pocket, for example, keys may be pressed unintentionally and cause the DX100P or DX200P (herein after “the DXP”) to be controlled. Handle the remote control terminal properly so that keys are not pressed inadvertently.
- When you are near the DXP, press the keys on the remote control terminal only when controlling the DXP. Otherwise, you may unintentionally control the DXP (if you are going to press the keys on the remote control terminal but do not wish to control the DXP, take measures so that the signal does not reach the DXP such as by covering the infrared signal output section of the remote control terminal).
- The distance at which the DXP can be controlled using the remote control terminal varies depending on the operating environment such as the battery voltage and the presence or absence of external light.
- There is a possibility that DXPs with the same remote controller ID be controlled simultaneously. It is recommended that different remote controller IDs be set on each instrument.

Operation on the DX200P

Setting the remote controller ID

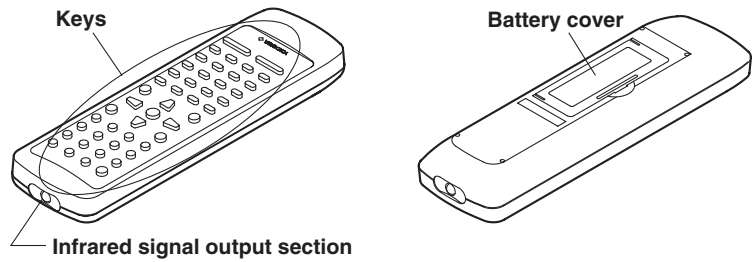
Set the remote controller ID of the DX200P. You can set a value between 0 and 31 or [Off] for the remote controller ID. For the setting procedure, see section 4.9.

Checking the remote controller ID

You can check the remote controller ID on the system screen. For the procedure for displaying the system screen, see section 8.9.

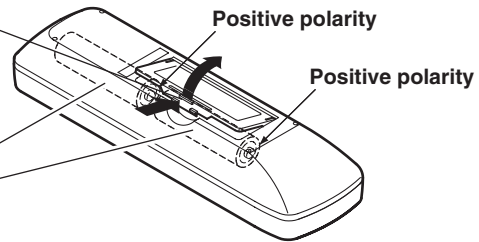
Operation Using the Remote Control Terminal

Names of parts



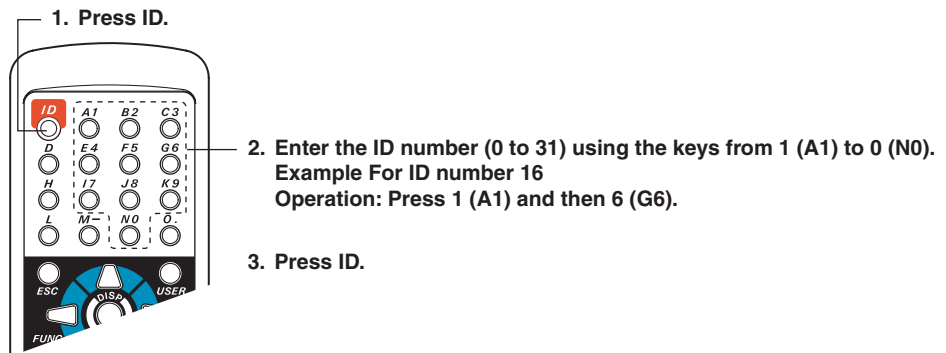
Inserting batteries

1. While pressing the projection on the battery cover, open the cover.
2. Insert the batteries.
3. Close the battery cover.



Setting the ID number

Set the ID number (0 to 31) of the remote control terminal according to the procedure shown in the figure below. Set the ID number the same as the remote controller ID of the DX200P that you wish to control. The ID number of the remote control terminal is not displayed anywhere. If you are not sure which ID number the remote control terminal is set to, set the appropriate ID number again according to the following procedure.

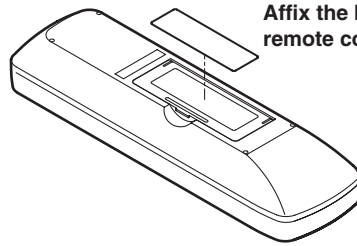


Note

- If you enter an ID number other than 0 through 31, the ID number retains the original setting.
- Pressing the ID key once causes the remote control terminal to enter the ID number setup mode. If none of the keys on the remote control terminal is pressed for 8 s, the remote control terminal automatically exits from the ID number setup mode. In this case, the ID number of the remote control terminal retains the original setting.
- If you remove the battery, the ID number is reset to 0. After inserting the battery, set the appropriate ID number again.

Affixing the ID number label

If you are using the remote control terminal with a fixed ID number (such as when there is a one-to-one correspondence between the DX200P to be controlled and the remote control terminal), you can enter the ID number on the ID number label and affix the label on the remote control terminal.



Affix the ID number label on the battery cover of the remote control terminal.

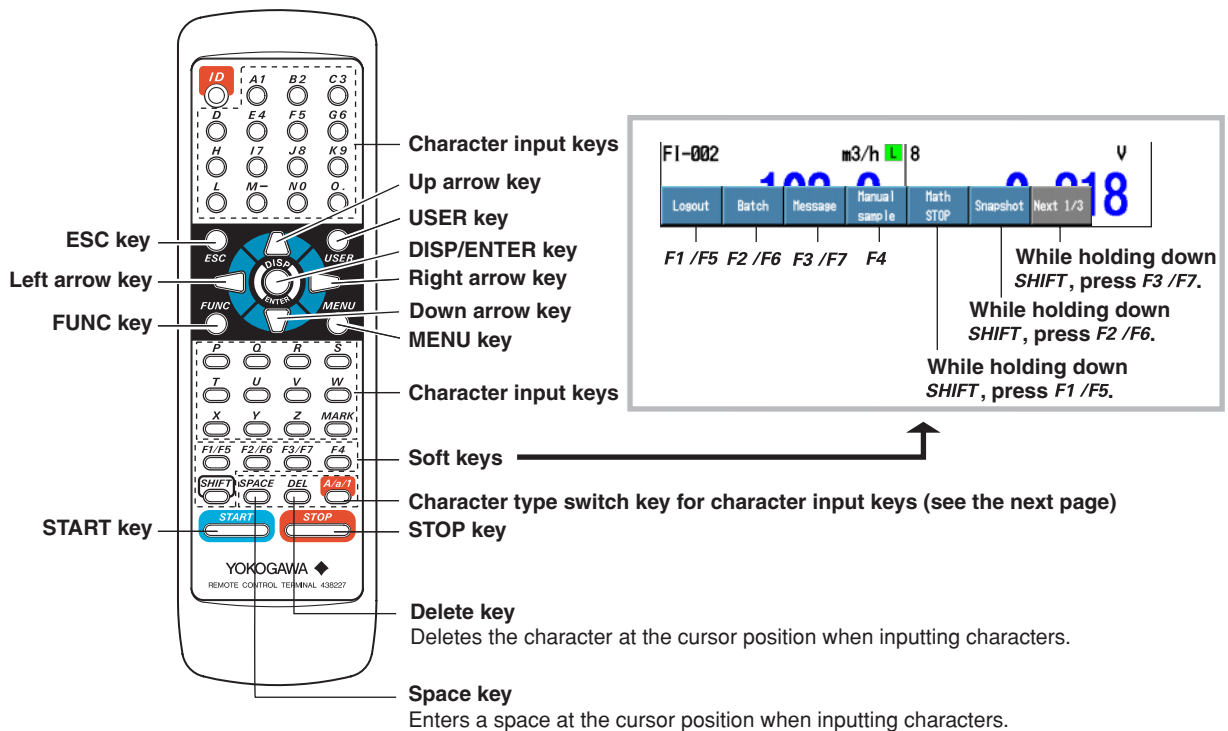
Controlling the DX200P

Control the DX200P by pointing the infrared signal output section of the remote control terminal to the light-receiving section on the DX200P. You can control the DX200P with a remote controller ID that is the same as the ID number of the remote control terminal. Control the DX200P while checking the results on the DX200P screen.

Note

- When a specific key operation is possible on the DX200P, the corresponding key on the remote control terminal is activated. For example, the operation for entering a character string is activated when a window for entering a character string is displayed on the DX200P screen.
- If another DXP with the same remote controller ID as the DX200P you wish to control exists in the range of the infrared signal of the remote control terminal, the two instruments may be controlled simultaneously.
- Pressing the ID key once causes the remote control terminal to enter the ID number setup mode. You cannot control the DX200P using the remote control terminal, if the remote control terminal is in the ID number setup mode. Pressing the ID key again causes the remote control terminal to exit the ID number setup mode. Or, if none of the keys on the remote control terminal is pressed for 8 s, the remote control terminal automatically exits from the ID number setup mode.

The keys in the following figure can be used to control the DX200P.



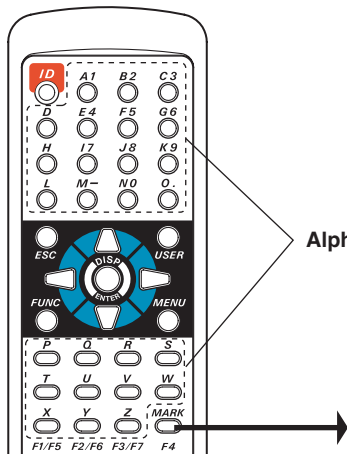
3.7 Using the Remote Control Terminal

Entering strings

When a character input window is displayed on the DX200P screen, pressing the **A/a/1** key switches the character type assigned to the character input keys as shown in the following figure.



- Uppercase alphabet characters and symbols/lowercase alphabet characters and symbols

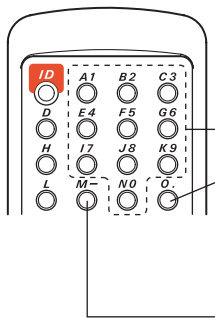


Alphabet (A to Z or a to z)

Each time the *MARK* key is pressed, the displayed symbol switches in the following order. The display switches in a cyclic pattern.

<i>MARK</i> key	Number of times the key is pressed									
Symbol	%	#	°	@	_	()	+	*	/

- Numbers



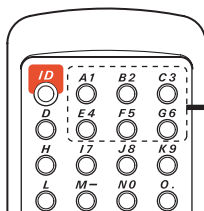
Number (1 to 9 and 0)

Decimal point

Minus sign

However, when setting a constant to be used in the computation on the DX200P with the computation option (/M1), the display switches in the order “.”, “+”, and “E” each time the key is pressed. The display switches in a cyclic pattern.

When a window for entering an equation is displayed on the DX200P with the computation option (/M1), the character strings of computing elements are assigned to each key as shown in the following figure.



Each time the key is pressed, the character string switches in the following order. The display switches in a cyclic pattern.

key	Number of times the key is pressed					
A1	(	)	K	C	D	
B2	+	-	*	/		
C3	SQR(	ABS(	LOG(	EXP(
E4	.EQ.	.NE.	.GT.	.LT.	.GE.	.LE.
F5	AND	NOT	XOR	OR		
G6	TLOG.AVE(	TLOG.MAX(	TLOG.MIN(	TLOG.SUM(	TLOG.P-P(

Troubleshooting

1. The DX200P does not react at all when you try to control it using the remote control terminal.
 - Check the voltage and the polarity of the batteries.
 - Check that the ID number of the remote control terminal matches the remote controller ID of the DX200P that you are trying to control.

2. The DX200P that could be controlled before cannot be controlled.
 - If the remote control terminal is in the ID number setup mode (condition in which the ID key is pressed once), the DX200P cannot be controlled using the remote control terminal. If none of the keys on the remote control terminal is pressed for 8 s, the remote control terminal automatically exits from the ID number setup mode.
 - Get closer to the DX200P. In addition, control the DX200P in front of the light-receiving section.
 - Replace the batteries with new ones.
 - Do not allow strong light to hit the light-receiving section of the DX200P.
 - Move magnetic field sources such as transceivers away from the system.
 - Clean the infrared signal output section of the remote control terminal or the light-receiving section on the DX200P.
 - Check whether the DX200P is in a condition that allows the operation, and start from an operation that can be performed.

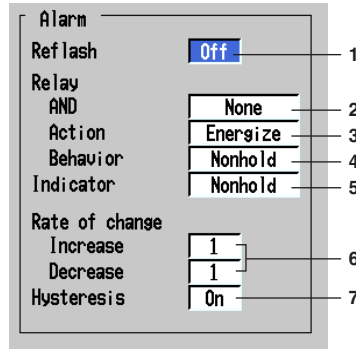
4.1 Setting the Auxiliary Alarm Function

Procedure

For the detail of the auxiliary alarm function, see section 1.6.

Enter the system mode.

To display the setting screen press the soft key #1.



Setting Reflash

1. Reflash
 [On]: Use reflash function.
 [Off]: Not use reflash function

Note

If the reflash alarm is turned On, relays I01 to I03 (relays I11 to I13 on the option terminal 2 for models without I01 to I06 on the option terminal 1) operates as reflash alarms.

Setting the AND/OR Logic of Output Relays

2. Relay - AND
 Select the relays that are to use the AND logic. Set the last relay that is to use the AND logic. The relays beyond this relay will use the OR logic.
 Select from [None], [I01] (I01 only), [I01 - I02] (I01 and I02), ... , and [I01 - I36] (I01 to I36). The setting is valid for relays specified by options.

Note

If the reflash alarm is turned On, relays I01 to I03 (relays I11 to I13 on the option terminal 2 for models without I01 to I06 on the option terminal 1) are set to OR logic. Specifying AND produces no effect.

Setting the Output Relay Operation (Energize/De-energize)

3. Relay - Action
 [energize]: The output relay is energized when an alarm occurs
 [de-energize]: The output relay is de-energized when an alarm occurs

4.1 Setting the Auxiliary Alarm Function

Setting the Output Relay Operation (Hold/Non-hold)

4. Relay - Behavior
[non-hold]: Turn OFF the output relay in sync with the alarm release
[hold]: Hold the output relay ON till an alarm acknowledge operation is executed

Note

If the reflash alarm is turned On, relays I01 to I03 (relays I11 to I13 on the option terminal 2 for models without I01 to I06 on the option terminal 1) are set to non-hold. Specifying hold produces no effect.

* When the alarm output relay option is not installed, these settings are void.

Setting the Alarm Indication Operation (Hold/Non-hold)

5. Indicator
[non-hold]: Release the alarm indicator in sync with the alarm release
[hold]: Hold the alarm indicator till an alarm acknowledge operation is executed

Note

If the output relay operation is set to [hold], the alarm indication operation is [hold]. [non-hold] cannot be specified.

Setting the Interval for the Rate-of-Change Alarm

6. Set the Increase (upper limit alarm) and Decrease (lower limit alarm) intervals for calculating the rate of change.
The interval is the product of the setting value and the measurement interval.
Select the limit from 1 to 15 using the soft key.

Setting the Alarm Hysteresis

7. Hysteresis
Select [On] or [Off] using the soft key.
[On]: The hysteresis is 0.5% of the display span or scale.
[Off]: No hysteresis

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

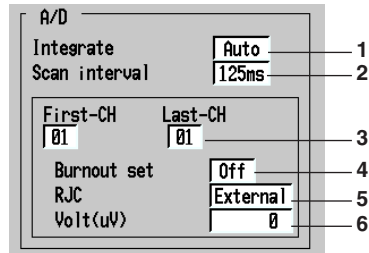
To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.2 Setting the A/D Integration Time, Scan Interval, Burnout, Reference Junction Compensation, and Temperature Unit

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the setting screen press the soft key #1.



Setting the Integration Time of the A/D Converter

- Integrate

Select the integration time of the A/D Converter.

DX204P/DX208P: Select [Auto], [50 Hz], or [60 Hz].

DX210P/DX220P/DX230P: Select [Auto], [50 Hz], [60 Hz], or [100 ms].

[Auto]: automatically switches 20 ms and 16.7 ms (fixed to 20 ms on models that use the DC power supply)

[50 Hz]: fixed to 20 ms

[60 Hz]: fixed to 16.7 ms

[100 ms]: fixed to 100 ms (the scan interval is 2 s)

Note

If the power supply frequency is different between the DX200P and the item being measured, set the integration time of the A/D converter to match the power supply frequency of the instrument that is generating more noise.

Setting the Scan Interval

- Scan interval

Input signals are scanned at every scan interval. For the models with computation function (/M1), the computation carried out at every scan interval.

DX204P/DX208P: Select [125 ms] or [250 ms]

DX210P/DX220P/DX230P: Select [1 s] or [2 s] (when the A/D integration time is 100 ms, the scan interval is fixed to [2 s].)

Setting the Burnout Function for Thermocouple Input and Setting the Reference Junction Compensation

This setting is void for all input settings other than the TC.

- First channel and last channel

Select the desired channels.
- Burnout

Select [Off], [Up], or [Down].

[Off]: Disable the burnout detection function.

[Up]: When the thermocouple burns out, the measured result is set to positive over range "+*****."

[Down]: When the thermocouple burns out, the measured result is set to negative over range "-*****."
- RJC

Select the reference junction compensation method from [External] and [Internal].

[External]: Use the external RJC.

[Internal]: Use the RJC of the DX200P.

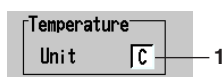
4.2 Setting the A/D Integration Time, Scan Interval, Burnout, Reference Junction... , and Temperature Unit

6. Volt (μV)

If [External] is selected, set the reference junction compensation voltage to add to the input.

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the voltage. Enter a value ($-20000 \mu\text{V}$ to $20000 \mu\text{V}$, initial value is $0 \mu\text{V}$) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Setting the Temperature Unit



1. Temperature Unit

Select [C] or [F].

[C]: Use Celsius.

[F]: Use Fahrenheit.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.3 Setting the Method of the Display/Event Data Acquisition and Saving

Set the method of the display/event data acquisition. The waveforms of the specified channels can be displayed on the trend screen.

For the procedure of setting the cyclic use (Media FIFO) of the storage area of the external storage medium, see section 4.16.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the setting screen press the soft key #2.

Channels to Display the Trend and Acquire the Data

1. Meas CH/Math CH*
To set the measurement channels, select [Meas CH]. To set the computation channels, select [Math CH].
* [Math CH] appears only on models with the computation option (/M1).
2. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channel numbers.
3. On/Off
[On]: Display the trend/acquire data
[Off]: Do not display the trend/do not acquire data
The initial setting is [On] for all channels.

Repeat step 1 through 3 if necessary.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.3 Setting the Method of the Display/Event Data Acquisition and Saving

Setting the Method of Data Acquisition and Saving

1. Application - Type of process
Select [Batch] or [Continuous]. For information on [Batch] and [Continuous], see section 1.4.
2. Application - Trend clear
Sets whether to clear the displayed waveform at Memory Start.
[On]: Start after clearing the waveform display.
[Off]: Start without clearing the waveform display.
3. Data
Select data type to be acquired. If [Event] is selected, [Sample rate] and [Data length] appears.
[Display]: Acquire and save the display data
[Event]: Acquire and save the event data.

Note

If you set the type of process to [Continue] and the [Data] to [Display], set the auto save interval of the display data (see section 5.6).

• Setting the Conditions for Event Data Acquisition

4. Event - Sample rate
Select the sampling interval for the event data. You cannot specify a sampling interval that is faster than the scan interval.
DX204P, DX208P: 125 ms, 250 ms, 500 ms, 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 300 s, and 600 s
DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: 1 s, 2 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 60 s, 120 s, 300 s, and 600 s
5. Event - Data length
This is the interval for delimiting the event data in the internal memory and saving to the external storage medium. Use the soft key to select the interval (see "Explanation"). If [Type of process] is set to [Batch], the [Data length] is fixed to the maximum possible value. You cannot change this value.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

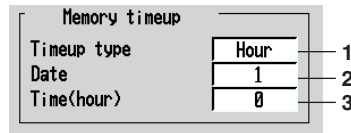
To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Setting the Date/Time When Data Is To Be Saved to the External Storage Medium

When the date/time set here comes, the display data or the event data in the internal memory is delimited and saved to the external storage medium.

Note

If the type of process is "Batch" and a single batch data is divided into multiple files, you cannot sign the batch data using the DX200P. Use the DAQSIGNIN that came with the package to sign the data.



1. Timeup type

Select the type of the time interval from [Hour], [Day], [Week], and [Month]. If a setting other than [Off] is specified, [Date] or [Day of the week] and [Time(hour)] are displayed.

[Off]: Disable this function.

[Hour]: Saves the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium every hour on the hour.

[Day]: Saves the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium every day at the hour on the hour specified by [Time(hour)].

[Week]: Saves the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium at the day specified by [Day of the week] at the hour on the hour specified by [Time(hour)].

[Month]: Saves the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium at the date specified by [Date] at the hour on the hour specified by [Time(hour)].

2. Date or Day of the week

When [Timeup type] is set to [Hour], [Day], or [Month], [Date] is displayed.

However, the [Date] setting is valid only when [Timeup type] is set to [Month].

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the value. Enter the date (1-28)* and press DISP/ENTER. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

* You cannot specify 29, 30, or 31.

When [Timeup type] is set to [Week], [Day of the week] is displayed.

Enter the day of the week using the soft key.

3. Time(hour)

Set the time when data is to be saved. This is invalid when [Timeup type] is set to [Hour].

Enter the hour (00-23) using the same method as step 2.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.3 Setting the Method of the Display/Event Data Acquisition and Saving

Explanation

The Number of Measurement and Computation Channels Available in the Different Models

Model	Measurement Channel	Computation channel
DX204P	4 channels (1 to 4)	8 channels (31 to 38)
DX208P	8 channels (1 to 8)	8 channels (31 to 38)
DX210P	10 channels (1 to 10)	30 channels (31 to 60)
DX220P	20 channels (1 to 20)	30 channels (31 to 60)
DX230P	30 channels (1 to 30)	30 channels (31 to 60)

Choices for the Data Length

The maximum value of the data length varies depending on the sampling interval and the number of measurement and computation channels to be acquired. The available choices for the data length from the table below are displayed on the soft key menu.

Sample rate (s)	0.125*	0.25*	0.5*	1	2	5	10	30	60	120	300	600
Data length (choices)	3 min	3 min	3 min	3 min	3 min							
	5 min	5 min	5 min	5 min	5 min							
	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min					
	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min					
	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min					
	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h
	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h
	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h
	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h
	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h
	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h
	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h
		1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day
			2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day
				3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day
				5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day
					7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day
					10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day
						14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day
							31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day

* for DX204P and DX208P only

4.4 Registering Users and Setting the Login Function and Electronic Signature Function

Procedures of Setting Functions for the First Time

When using the DX200P, first set the login function, electronic signature function, and administrators. Log in as the registered administrator to register users. See the flow chart on section 3.5.

Note

The DX200P can be operated without logging in at the time of factory shipment.

Procedures of Registering Users While Data Acquisition Is in Progress

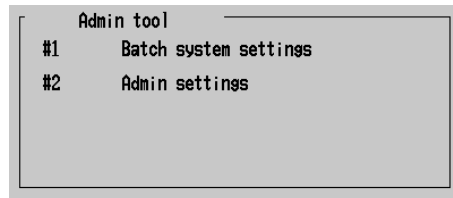
See page 4-15.

Setting the Login Function and Electronic Signature Function for the First Time

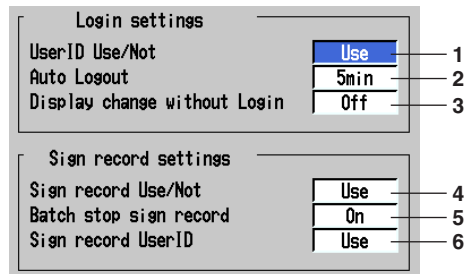
Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the menu screen press the soft key .



To display the setting screen press the soft key .



Setting the Conditions for the Login Function

1. User ID Use/Not
[Use]: Enter an user ID when logging in.
[Not]: Not use an user ID when logging in.
2. Auto logout
Select the time period from [1 min], [2 min], [5 min], and [10 min]. The user who logged in is automatically logged out if there is no key operation for the specified time.
[Off]: The user stays logged on, until the user manually logs out.
3. Display change without Login
[On]: The operation screen can be switched using keys while logged out.
[Off]: The operation screen can not be switched using keys while logged out.

4.4 Registering Users and Setting the Login Function and Electronic Signature Function

Setting the Conditions for the Electronic Signature Function

4. Sign record Use/Not
[Use]: Use the electronic signature function.
[Not]: Not use the electronic signature function.
5. Batch stop sign record
[On]: When you execute Memory Stop, the sign record screen appears automatically.
[Off]: When you execute Memory Stop, the sign record screen does not appear.

Note

The [Batch stop sign record] setting is invalid in the following cases.

- If the type of process is [Batch] and a single batch data is divided into multiple files.
- When a user who is not allowed to sign executed Memory Stop.

6. Sign record User ID
[Use]: Use an user ID when signing.
[Not]: Not use an user ID when signing.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Registering an Administrator

Note

It is recommended that two or more administrators be registered. If one administrator fails to log in due to erroneous input of the password, the other administrator can fix the registration.

Display the [Admin tool] menu (see the previous page).

To display the setting screen press the soft key #2.

Setting	Value	Label
Number	3	1
Login method	Key	2
User name		3
User ID		4
Password	????????	5
Password expire	Off	6

1. Number
Select the number used to identify the administrator from 1, 2, and 3.
2. Login method
[Off]: Disables the administrator.
[Key]: Enables to login through key operations on the DX200P.
[Key+Com]: Enables to login through key operations on the DX200P and via communications.

4.4 Registering Users and Setting the Login Function and Electronic Signature Function

3. User name

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the user name (up to 20 characters), and press the DISP/ENTER key.

For the procedure related to entering values and strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."



Note

- You cannot register user names that are already registered.
- You cannot specify "quit" as a user name. In addition, character strings that include a space or spaces are not allowed.

4. User ID

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the user ID. Enter the user ID (up to 8 numbers), and press the DISP/ENTER key.

For the procedure related to entering values and strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

5. Password

[????????]: The default password for the DX200P is set. The password cannot be changed. For details on the default password, see section 6.1.

[*****]: The password that the user actually uses is set. To change to the default password, press the [Default] soft key.

[-----]: User Locked condition. To clear the User Locked condition, press the [Default] soft key to set the default password.

Note

- The password that is actually used is set when the user logs in for the first time.
- If the user name or user ID is changed, the password is reset to the default password.

6. Password expire

If the specified time elapses, you will be requested to change the password.

Select the time period from [1 month] (1 month), [3month] (3 months), and [6month] (6 months).

[Off]: Not set a password expiration period.

Confirming Operation

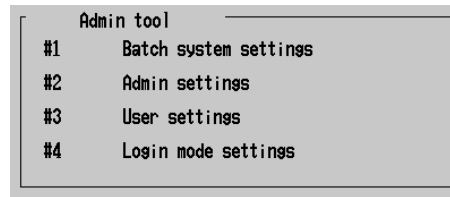
To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

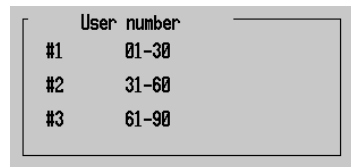
Registering Users

Enter the system mode.

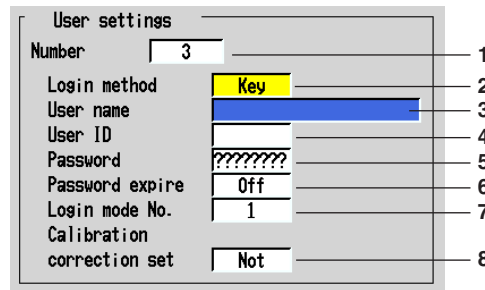
To display the menu screen press the soft key .



To display the screen used to select the registration number range press the soft key



To display the setting screen press the soft key , , or



1. Number
Number used to identify the user. Select a number from 1 to 30, 31 to 60, or 61 to 90.
2. Login method
[Off]: Disables the user.
[Key]: Enables to login through key operations on the DX200P.
[Com]: Enables to login via communications.
[Key+Com]: Enables to login through key operations on the DX200P and via communications.
3. User name
See the section "User name" in "Registering an Administrator."
4. User ID
See the section "User ID" in "Registering an Administrator."
5. Password
See the section "Password" in "Registering an Administrator."
6. Password expire
See the section "Password expire" in "Registering an Administrator."
7. Login mode number
Set the number (1 to 30) of the login mode to be applied. The login mode is set in the section followed.

8. Calibration correction set

This item is displayed when the calibration correction (/CC1) is equipped.

[Use]: You can change the segments for calibration correction^{*1}.

[Not]: You cannot change the segments for calibration correction^{*1} or the range of the measurement channel^{*2}.

*1 Items in section 5.21

*2 Items in section 5.1. Cannot be changed because changing the range of the measurement channel may affect the calibration correction.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Calibration correction set

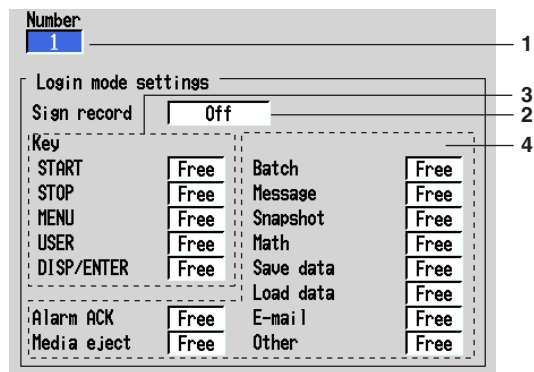
Sets whether to allow the changing of the segments for calibration correction when the calibration correction (/CC1) option is installed. Below are the items that can be specified depending on this setting and the [MENU] setting in the next section, "Setting the Login Mode."

MENU (Login mode) Calibration correction set	Lock	Free
Use	You can only specify calibration correction settings.	You can specify all Engineering Mode settings.
Not	You cannot specify Engineering Mode settings.	You can specify Engineering Mode settings excluding the range setting of the measurement channel and the calibration correction setting.

Setting the Login Mode

Display the [Admin tool] menu (see the previous page).

To display the setting screen press the soft key #4.



1. Number
Login mode number. Select a number from 1 to 30.
2. Sign record
Select from the three sign authority levels (Sign1, Sign2, and Sign3) or [Off].
[Off]: Signing to data is not permitted.

4.4 Registering Users and Setting the Login Function and Electronic Signature Function

3. Key
 Set whether to enable the operation.
 Free: Enable
 Lock: Disable

Symbol	Operation When "Lock" Is Specified
START	The START key does not operate.
STOP	The STOP key does not operate.
MENU	The MENU key does not operate.
USER	The USER key does not operate.
DISP/ENTER	The DISP/ENTER key does not operate in the operation mode (except, the key operates on the sign record screen). The DISP/ENTER key operates in the engineering mode.

4. Alarm ACK, Media, Batch, ... , Others
 Set whether to enable the operation.
 [Free]: Enable
 [Lock]: Disable

Symbol	Operation When "Lock" Is Specified
Alarm ACK	Alarm ACK operation on the overview screen and Alarm ACK operation by the USER key are not allowed.
Media	Zip disk eject operation is not allowed (on the models with the Zip disk drive).
Batch	[Batch] soft key is not displayed.
Message	[Message] soft key is not displayed. Message writing by the USER key does not operate.
Snapshot	[Snapshot] soft key is not displayed. Snapshot by the USER key does not operate.
Math	[Math START], [Math STOP], [Math reset], and [Math ACK] soft keys are not displayed. [Math START], [Math STOP], and [Math reset] operations by the USER key do not operate.
Data save	[Display data save], [Event data save], and [Manual Sample] soft keys are not displayed. Manual sampling by the USER key does not operate.
Data load	[Display data load], [Event data load] soft keys are not displayed.
E-mail	[Mail START], [Mail STOP], [Mail transmission test] soft keys are not displayed.
Others	[4 panel], [Log], [FTP test], [MODBUS master], and [File list] soft keys are not displayed.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Registering Users When Data Acquisition Is in Progress


This operation applies when data acquisition is in progress in the operation mode.

- Only an administrator can carry out this operation.
- The operation must be enabled in the settings. For the setup procedure, see section 4.14.

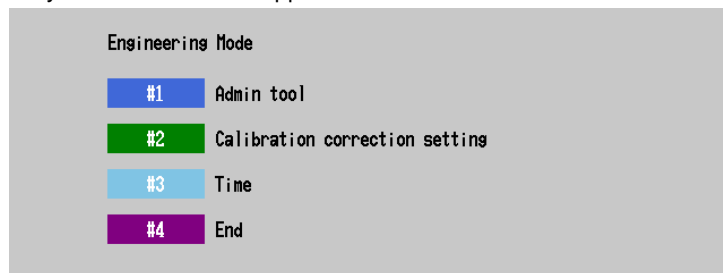
Note

You cannot change settings of users that are logged in.

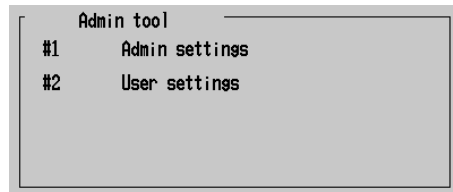
Procedure

Press . The engineering mode menu appears.


Only the enabled items appear in the menu.



Press [Admin tool] soft key. The menu screen is displayed.




Registering an Administrator

Press the  (Admin settings) soft key. The setup screen is displayed.

For the rest of the procedure, see “Registering an Administrator” on page 4-10.

Registering Users

Press the  (User settings) soft key. The setup screen is displayed.

For the rest of the procedure, see “Registering Users” on page 4-12.

4.5 Assigning Actions to the Remote Control Terminals (/R1 Option)

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Models without /F1 Option

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Models with /F1 Option

To display the menu screen press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

No.	Action
1	None
2	None
3	None
4	None
5	None
6	None
7	None
8	None

1. Action

Select the [Action] box using the arrow keys and select actions for the terminals 1 to 8.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Actions That Can be Assigned

Enclosed in parentheses are soft key expressions. For details of actions, see section 1.9.

- No action is assigned: [None]
- Memory Start/Memory Stop: [StartStop]
- Releasing the alarm indication and output relay: [AlarmACK]
- Adjusting the internal clock: [Time adj]
- Starts/stops computation (option): [Math]
- Clears computed results (option): [Math rst]
- Manual sampling: [M.sample]
- Writing messages: [Message1] to [Message8]

The messages 1 to 8 of the message group 7 (see section 5.16) can be assigned to the remote control input to be written.

- Snap shot: [Snapshot]

4.6 Setting the Report Function

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

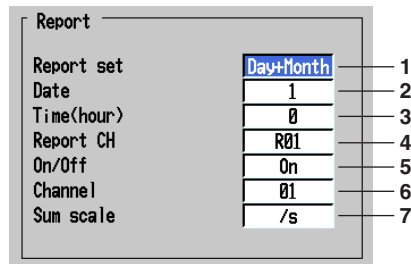
Models without /F1 Option

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Models with /F1 Option

To display the menu screen press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. Report set (see page 1-46)
 - [Hour]: Creates hourly reports.
 - [Day]: Creates daily reports.
 - [Hour+Day]: Creates hourly and daily reports.
 - [Day+Week]: Creates daily and weekly reports.
 - [Day+Month]: Creates daily and monthly reports.
2. Date/Day of the week

This is the date or day of the week on which the report is created.

If the [Report set] is set to [Day+Month], [Date] is displayed. If [Day+Week] is specified, [Day] is displayed. If [Hour], [Day], or [Hour+Day] is specified, [Date] is displayed. However, this setting is void.

 - Date (for monthly reports)

Pressing the [Input] soft key or one of the character/number input keys displays a window used to enter the date. Enter the date (01-28)* and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

* You cannot specify 29, 30 or 31.
 - Day (for weekly reports)

Enter the day of the week using the soft key.
3. Time (hour)

Set the time to create daily, weekly, and monthly reports with the time on the hour (00 to 23).

Enter the time using the same method as step 2.

This setting is void for hourly reports.
4. Report CH

Select the report channel (R01 to R30) to which the measurement/computation channel is assigned. The reports are output in order according to this number.

4.6 Setting the Report Function

5. On/Off
Select whether to use the selected report channel or not. If [Off] is selected, the report channel and the data are not output.
[On]: Use the report channel.
[Off]: Do not use the report channel.
6. Channel
Set the measurement or computation channel to assign to the report channel. All measurement and computation channels can be specified. However, the reports are not created for the measurement channels that are set to [Skip] and the computation channels that are turned [Off].
7. Sum scale (sum unit)
Select the method to determine the sum value from [Off], [/s], [/min], [/h], and [/day]. For details on the sum scale, see section 1.7.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.7 Setting the Timer for TLOG Data Acquisition and TLOG Computation

The timers specified here are used to determine the interval for the TLOG data acquisition (see page 1-27) and the TLOG computation (see page 1-47). Up to three timers can be specified.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Models without /F1 Option

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Models with /F1 Option

To display the menu screen press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Timer(TLOG)					
No.	Mode	Interval	Ref. time	Reset	Action
1	Absolute	1h	0:00	Off	Off
2	Relative	01:00		Off	Off
3	Off				

1
5
2
6
7
3
8
4

Setting the Relative Timer

1. Mode
Select [Relative]. [Interval], [Reset], and [Action] are displayed.
2. Interval
Set the interval the timer expires.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the time. Enter the time (00:01 to 24:00) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
3. Reset
For the computation channel that TLOG computation is set, select whether or not to reset the computed data at every interval.
[On]: Reset the computed data at every interval.
[Off]: Do not reset the computed data.
4. Action
[DataSave]: The measured/computed data (instantaneous values) of all measurement/computation channels is acquired to the internal memory and saved to the external storage medium at specified intervals (TLOG data saving).
[Off]: TLOG data is not saved.

4.7 Setting the Timer for TLOG Data Acquisition and TLOG Computation

Setting the Absolute Timer

1. Mode
Select [Absolute]. [Interval], [Reset], [Ref. time], and [Action] are displayed.
5. Interval
Select the interval to determine the time the timer expires from 19 choices below. 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 10 min, 12 min, 15 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 3 h, 4 h, 6 h, 8 h, 12 h, 24 h.
6. Ref. time
Set the reference time to determine the time the timer expires.
Pressing the [Input] soft key or one of the character/number input keys displays a window used to enter the time. Enter the time on the hour (00 to 23), and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
7. Reset
For the computation channel that TLOG computation is set, select whether or not to reset the computed data at every interval.
[On]: Reset the computed data at every interval.
[Off]: Do not reset the computed data.
8. Action
[DataSave]: The measured/computed data (instantaneous values) of all measurement/computation channels is acquired to the internal memory and saved to the external storage medium at specified intervals (TLOG data saving).
[Off]: TLOG data is not saved.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

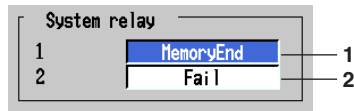
4.8 Setting System Relays (/F1 Option)

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the menu screen press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



- 1 (Relay 1)
Select the relay using the up and down arrow keys and select the output you wish to assign to relay 1.
[FAIL]: CPU failure
[Memory end]: Memory end
[Batch]: Memory start/stop
[User locked]: Occurrence of a user locked condition
[Login user]: Presence of login users
For details on the behavior, see section 1.8.
- 2 (Relay 2)
Assign an output to relay 2 using the same method as for relay 1.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.9 Setting the Auxiliary Functions

Select whether tag names or channel numbers are to be displayed on the operation screen (trend screen, digital screen, etc.). The initial setting is “channel number display.” Tag names are set in the engineering mode (see section 5.3).

When the remaining time for storing the display or event data in the internal memory falls to the specified time (Memory alarm time), an alarm is generated via e-mail or the relay contact output (/F1 option). For details related to the relay output action, see section 1.8.

Select the display language.

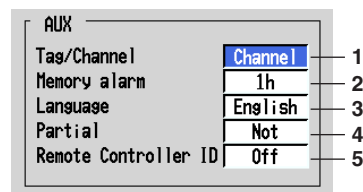
Set whether or not to use the partial expanded display. The display specifications of the partial expanded display are set in the engineering mode (see section 5.11).

Set the remote controller ID (Easy text entry (/KB1, /KB2) option).

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the setting screen press the soft key #11.



1. Tag/Channel
Select [Tag] or [Channel].
[Tag]: Display tag names.
[Channel]: Display channel numbers.

Note

Even if [Tag] is selected, the channel number display will be used for the channels that tag names are not entered.

2. Memory alarm
Select the remaining write time of the internal memory at which the relay should be activated from [1 h], [2 h], [5 h], [10 h], [20 h], [50 h], [100 h], and [Off]. The initial setting is [1 h].
[Off]: Memory end output function is disabled (the free space of the external storage medium is not checked either (see section 1.8)).
3. Language
Select the display language.
4. Partial
[Use]: Use the partial expanded display. The partial expanded display can be set in the engineering mode.
[Not]: Do not use the partial expanded display.

5. Remote Controller ID

This item is for the easy text entry option (/KB and /KB2).

Select the remote controller ID from 0 to 31 or [Off].

[Off]: Do not operate the DX200P using the remote control terminal.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.10 Setting the Time Zone

Set the time difference from GMT (Greenwich Mean Time). If you use the DST function or the Web server function, make sure to set this parameter.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

To display the setting screen press the soft key

#9



1. Difference from GMT

Pressing the [Input] soft key or one of the character/number input keys displays a window used to enter the time difference. Enter the value (–1200 to 1200 (upper two digits: hours, lower two digits: minutes)) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see 3.6, “Entering Numbers and Characters.”

Example: If the local time leads 9 hours to GMT, set “900.”

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

4.11 Saving/Loading Setup Data

Saving Setup Data

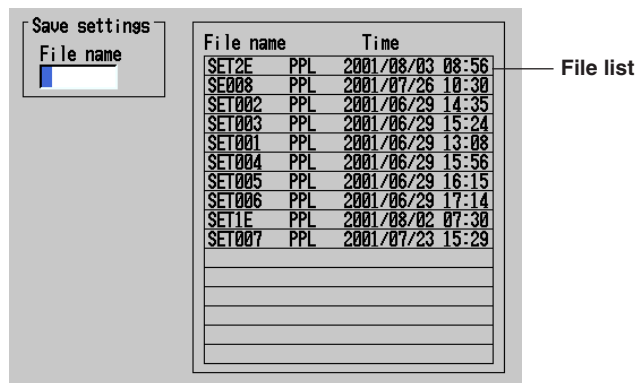
Saves the setup data of the engineering and system modes (including the login information) to the external storage medium.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press soft key to display the [Save/Load, Clear data] menu screen.

Press soft key to display the [Save settings] screen.



1. Enter the file name in the [File name] box (up to eight characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering strings see 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the [Save/Load, Initialize] menu.

Note

- Setup data file is automatically assigned .PPL extension.
- The following characters or strings cannot be used as file names.
"AUX," "CON," "PRN," "NUL," "CLOCK," character strings that include a space or spaces

2. Press the DISP/ENTER key to save the setup data to the root directory of the external storage medium. The saved file is displayed in the file list section on the right side.
If a file with the same name as you entered exists on the external storage medium, a message will appear to confirm overwriting. To overwrite the file, select [Yes] and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Loading Setup Data

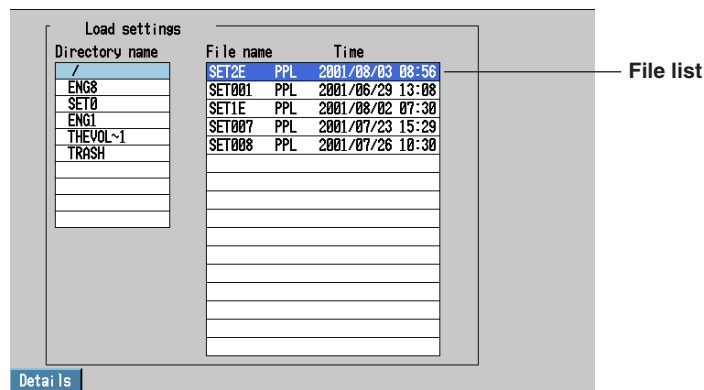
Loads the data excluding the login information from the setup file (file with .PPL extension) on the external storage medium to the DX200P. When executed, the loaded data are activated, and the user is logged out.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press #4 soft key to display the [Save/Load, Clear data] menu screen.

Press #2 soft key to display the [Load settings] screen.



- Using the up and down arrow keys, select the directory (root directory [/] or SET0) containing the setup file shown in the [Directory name] box. A list of files in the selected directory is displayed in the right column.
- Press the right arrow key to move the cursor on to the file list. Press the up or down arrow key to select the setup file to be loaded. Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the [Save/Load, Initialize] menu.
- Press the [Details] soft key to view the information about the file.

File name	: 80307151.PPL	File name
Damage check	: Not damaged	Damage check
Save kind	: Change settings	Damaged: File damaged, data tampered, etc.
File number	: 8	Save type
Save time	: Dec.28.20/* %*:11:00	Save settings: File saved through save settings operation.
User name	: ABC2001	Change settings: File saved when settings were changed.

File number
A sequence number assigned in the order of occurrence when "Save type" is "Change settings" (identical to the number in the setting change log file. See "Audit Trail Function" in section 1.5)

Date and time the file was saved
Name of the user who saved the file

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key. The loaded setup data is activated, and the user is logged out.

When the loaded setup data is different from the setup data of the DX200P, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium and the log of setting change is recorded in the setting change log (audit trail function, see section 1.5).

Note

- If the file is [Damaged], the setup data cannot be loaded from the file.
 - If the loaded setup data are void, check the error log. For the procedure for displaying the error log, see section 8.9.
-

4.12 Loading the Login Information

This operation loads only the login information from the setup file (file with .PPL extension) on the external storage medium and uses it as the login information of the DX200P.

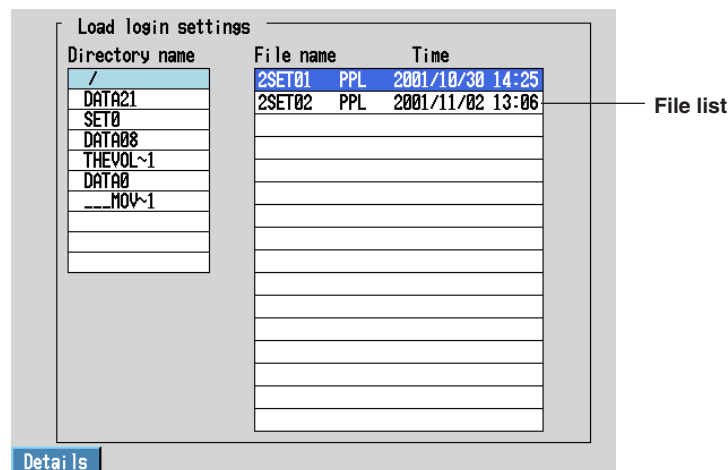
When this operation is executed, the user is logged out.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press soft key to display the [Save/Load, Clear data] menu screen.

Press soft key to display the [Load login settings] screen.



1. Using the up and down arrow keys, select the directory (root directory [/] or SET0) containing the setup file shown in the [Directory name] box. A list of files in the selected directory is displayed in the right column.
2. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor on to the file list. Press the up or down arrow key to select the setup file to be loaded. Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the [Save/Load, Initialize] menu.
3. Press the [Details] soft key to view the information about the setup file. For a display example, see page 4-23. Press the ESC key to clear the window displaying the information.
4. Press the DISP/ENTER key. The loaded login information is activated and the user is logged out.

Note

- If the loaded login information differs from that of the DX200P, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium and a log of the setting change is recorded to the setting change log file (Audit trail function, see section 1.5).
- When login information is loaded, the passwords of all administrators and users are reset to their default passwords (see section 6.1). Set the password according to the procedure "Logging in for the First Time" in section 6.1.
- If the file is [Damaged], the login information cannot be loaded from the file.

4.13 Clearing the Data in the Internal Memory and Initializing the Setup Data

You can initialize the setup data of the DX200P. At the same time, the measured/computed data (display data, event data, manual sample data, TLOG data (optional function), report data (optional function)), and logs in the internal memory can be cleared.

When this operation is executed, the user is logged out.

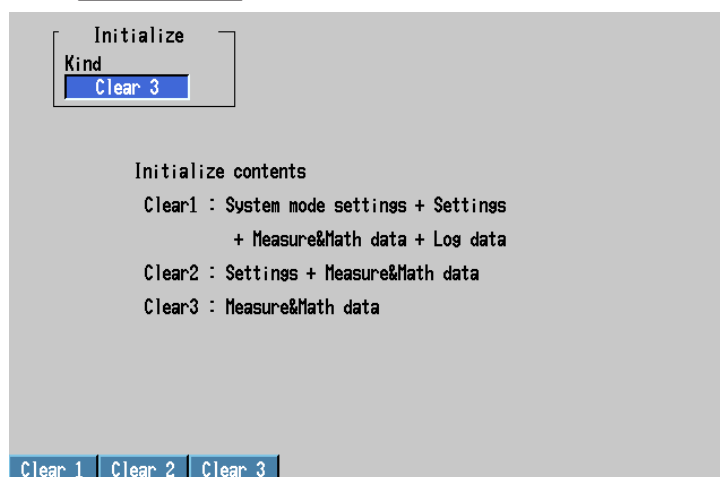
For the initial values of settings, see appendix 1.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press soft key to display the [Save/Load, Initialize] menu screen.

Press soft key to display the [Initialize] screen.



1. Select the type of initialization.

Use the soft keys to select the initialization type form [Clear 1], [Clear 2], and [Clear 3]. Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the menu.

[Clear 1]: Initializes the setup data of the system mode and engineering mode and clears **the measured/computed data and logs** in the internal memory. However, the following system mode items (the login information) are not initialized (see section 4.4).

- **Batch system settings**
- **Administrator settings**
- **User settings**
- **Login mode settings**

[Clear 2]: Initializes the setup data of the engineering mode and clears **the measured/computed data** in the internal memory.

[Clear 3]: Clears **the measured/computed data** in the internal memory.

2. Press the DISP/ENTER key. A confirmation window is displayed. Select [Yes] and press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the initialization. The user is logged out.

Note

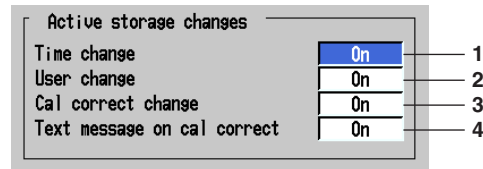
If settings are changed on the DX200P through the [Clear 1] or [Clear 2] operation, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium and the log of the setting change is recorded to the setting change log file (Audit trail function, see section 1.5).

4.14 Setting Items That Are Allowed to Be Changed While Data Acquisition Is in Progress

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press the (Active storage change) soft key. The menu screen is displayed.



1. Time change
[On]: The time on the DX200P can be changed while data acquisition is in progress.
[Off]: The time cannot be changed while data acquisition is in progress.
2. User change
[On]: Users can be registered while data acquisition is in progress.
[Off]: Users cannot be registered while data acquisition is in progress.
3. Cal correct change
[On]: The segments for calibration correction can be specified while data acquisition is in progress.
[Off]: The segments for calibration correction cannot be specified while data acquisition is in progress.
4. Text message on cal correct
Displayed only when Cal correct change is set to On in step 3.
[On]: A message is written when there is a change in the calibration correction setting while data acquisition is in progress (see "Explanation").
[Off]: A message is not written even when there is a change in the calibration correction setting while data acquisition is in progress.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Text message on cal correct

"Cal Correct Setting" is the message that appears when the calibration correction setting is changed while data acquisition is in progress. The message is displayed in purple on the trend display and recorded in the message summary.

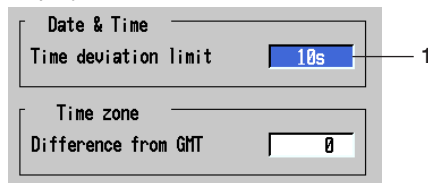
4.15 Setting the Time Deviation Limit for Time Correction

Set the maximum value of time deviation between the time on the DX200P and the new time when changing the time while data acquisition is in progress. For a description of this function, see section 1.10.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press the (Date & Time, Time Zone) soft key. The setup screen is displayed.



1. Time deviation limit
Select [Off], [10s], [20s], [30s], [1min], [2min], [3min], [4min], or [5min].
When the time deviation between the time on the DX200P and the specified time is within \pm (the value specified here), the time on the DX200P is gradually corrected. Otherwise, the time is not corrected.
[Off]: The time cannot be changed while data acquisition is in progress.

Example: If [Time deviation limit] is set to [10s] and the time on the DX200P is 10 hours 21 minutes 15 seconds, the time on the DX200P is corrected if the specified time is between 10 hours 21 minutes 5 seconds and 10 hours 21 minutes 25 seconds.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

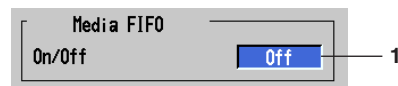
4.16 Using the Storage Area of the External Storage Medium Cyclically (FIFO Operation of the Storage Media)

Set the storage method that retains the specified number of the newest files in the storage area of the external storage medium. For a description of this function, see section 1.4.

Procedure

Enter the system mode.

Press the (AUX, Media FIFO) soft key. The setup screen is displayed.



1. Media FIFO
[On]: Uses the storage area of the external storage medium cyclically.
[Off]: Does not use the storage area of the external storage medium cyclically.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

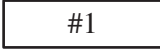
5.1 Setting Measuring Range

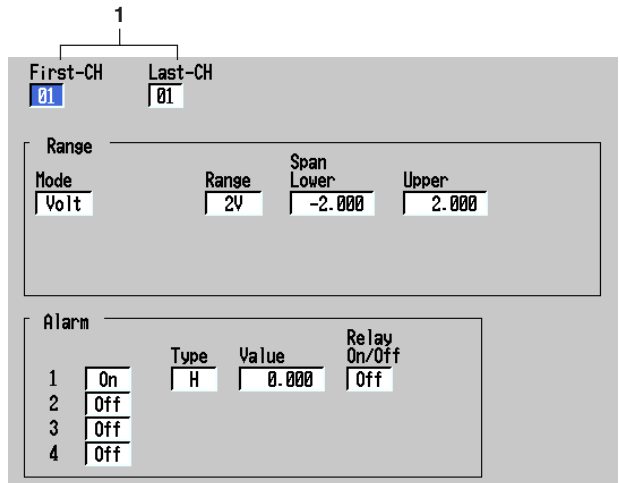
Note

On models with the calibration correction (/CC1) option, users who are not allowed to set the calibration correction cannot set the measuring range either.

Procedure

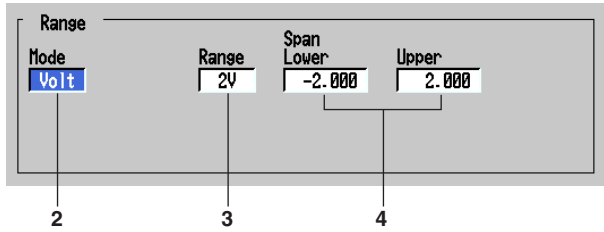
Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

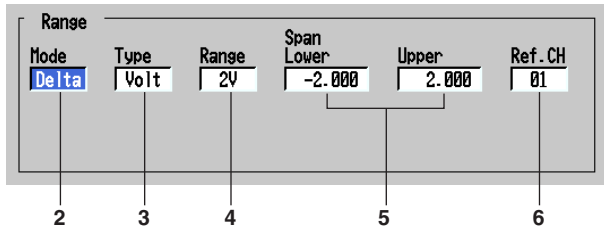


The setting items varies depending on the selected [Mode].

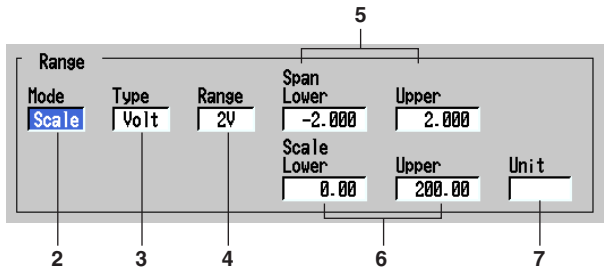
- **DC Voltage, Thermocouple, RTD, or Digital Input**



- **Difference**



- **Scaling, Square Root**



5.1 Setting Measuring Range

1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels.
DX204P: 01 - 04
DX208P: 01 - 08
DX210P: 01 - 10
DX220P: 01 - 20
DX230P: 01 - 30
2. Mode
Select the input type or the computation type.
[Volt]: DC voltage
[TC]: Thermocouple
[RTD]: Resistance temperature detector
[DI]: Digital input
[Delta]: Difference
[Scale]: Scaling
[Sqrt]: Square root
[Skip]: Not used
3. Type
Select the input type when [Delta] or [Scale] is selected for [Mode].
[Volt]: DC voltage
[TC]: Thermocouple
[RTD]: Resistance temperature detector
[DI]: Digital input
4. Range
Select the input range corresponding to the selected [Mode] or [Type].
5. Upper and lower limits of span
Set the upper and lower limits of the display span.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value in the allowed range and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Note

- Span lower limit and span upper limit cannot be set to the same value.
 - For the difference computation ([Delta] is selected for [Mode]), refer to the following notes.
 - For TC or RTD input, the display span cannot exceed the difference between the maximum and the minimum of the input range.
Example: For TC type L, the measurable range is -200.0 to 900.0 °C.
The range of display span is calculated as $(-200.0 - (-900.0))$ to $(900.0 - (-200.0))$, namely, -1100.0 to 1100.0 °C.
 - For DC voltage input, the display span cannot exceed the measurable range.
-

6. Ref. CH
Set the reference channel when [Delta] is selected for [Mode] (see "Explanation").
7. Upper and lower limits of scale
Set the upper and lower limits of the scale.
Enter a value in the allowed range using the same method as step 5.
 - Allowed range: -30000 to 30000
 - Decimal position
The decimal can be set in the following positions:
"□.□□□□" "□□.□□□□" "□□□.□□□□" "□□□□.□□□□" "□□□□□□□□"
 - The decimal position is determined by the scale lower limit setting.

Note

- Scale lower limit and scale upper limit cannot be set to the same value.
- The DX200P converts the measured data within a value span derived by removing the decimal from the scaling upper and lower limits. In other words, conversion is performed by using a span of 10 if the scale setting is -5 to 5 , and 100 if the scale setting is -5.0 to 5.0 . The resolution of the value derived by using a span of 10 is coarser than the value derived using a span of 100 . Because the display becomes rough, set this value so that it is greater than 100 .

8. Unit

Set the unit when [Scale] or [Sqrt] is selected for [Mode].

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a character string. Enter the unit (up to 6 alphanumeric characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation**Measurable Range**

The following table shows the range and measurable range for each input type.

Mode	Range	Measurable Range
Volt	20 mV	-20.00 to 20.00 mV
	60 mV	-60.00 to 60.00 mV
	200 mV	-200.0 to 200.0 mV
	2 V	-2.000 to 2.000 V
	6 V	-6.000 to 6.000 V
	20 V	-20.00 to 20.00 V
	50 V	-50.00 to 50.00 V

Mode	Range	Measurable Range (°C)	Measurable Range (°F)	Note
TC	R	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	S	0.0 to 1760.0°C	32 to 3200°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	B	0.0 to 1820.0°C	32 to 3308°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	K	-200.0 to 1370.0°C	-328 to 2498°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	E	-200.0 to 800.0°C	-328.0 to 1472.0°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	J	-200.0 to 1100.0°C	-328.0 to 2012.0°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	T	-200.0 to 400.0°C	-328.0 to 752.0°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	N	0.0 to 1300.0°C	32 to 2372°F	IEC584, DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995
	W	0.0 to 2315.0°C	32 to 4199°F	W-5% Re/W-26% Re (Hoskins Mfg.Co.), ASTM E988
	L	-200.0 to 900.0°C	-328.0 to 1652.0°F	Fe-CuNi, DIN 43710
U	-200.0 to 400.0°C	-328.0 to 752.0°F	Cu-CuNi, DIN 43710	
RTD	Pt100	-200.0 to 600.0°C	-328.0 to 1112.0°F	JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1997, IEC751-1995, DIN IEC751-1996
	JPt100	-200.0 to 550.0°C	-328.0 to 1022.0°F	JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989
	CU1	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω GE1 (Cuid based on a particular manufacturer)
	CU2	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω L&N (Cuid based on a particular manufacturer)
	CU3	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω WEED (Cuid based on a particular manufacturer)
	CU4	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω BAILAY (Cuid based on a particular manufacturer)
	CU5	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω $\alpha = 0.00392$ at 20°C
	CU6	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU10 Ω $\alpha = 0.00393$ at 20°C
CU25	-200.0 to 300.0°C	-328.0 to 572.0°F	CU25 Ω $\alpha = 0.00425$ at 0°C	

Cu1 to 6, and Cu25 are options.

5.1 Setting Measuring Range

Mode	Range	Measurable Range
DI	Level	0: Less than 2.4 V 1: Greater than or equal to 2.4 V
	Contact	0: Opened 1: Closed

Measurable Range for Difference Computation

The following table shows the input type, range, and measurable range for difference computation.

Type	Range	Measurable Range	
Volt	20 mV	-20.00 to 20.00 mV	
	60 mV	-60.00 to 60.00 mV	
	200 mV	-200.0 to 200.0 mV	
	2 V	-2.000 to 2.000 V	
	6 V	-6.000 to 6.000 V	
	20 V	-20.00 to 20.00 V	
	50 V	-50.00 to 50.00 V	
TC	R	-1760.0 to 1760.0°C	-3168 to 3168°F
	S	-1760.0 to 1760.0°C	-3168 to 3168°F
	B	-1820.0 to 1820.0°C	-3276 to 3276°F
	K	-1570.0 to 1570.0°C	-2826 to 2826°F
	E	-1000.0 to 1000.0°C	-1800.0 to 1800.0°F
	J	-1300.0 to 1300.0°C	-2340.0 to 2340.0°F
	T	-600.0 to 600.0°C	-1080.0 to 1080.0°F
	N	-1300.0 to 1300.0°C	-2340 to 2340°F
	W	-2315.0 to 2315.0°C	-4167 to 4167°F
	L	-1100.0 to 1100.0°C	-1980.0 to 1980.0°F
	U	-600.0 to 600.0°C	-1080.0 to 1080.0°F
RTD	Pt100	-800.0 to 800.0°C	-1440.0 to 1440.0°F
	JPt100	-750.0 to 750.0°C	-1350.0 to 1350.0°F
	CU1 to 6 (CU10)	-500.0 to 500.0°C (option)	-900.0 to 900.0°F
	CU25	-500.0 to 500.0°C (option)	-900.0 to 900.0°F
DI	Level	-1 to 1	
	Contact	-1 to 1	

5.2 Setting Alarm


This section describes the procedure related to setting the alarm on measurement channels. For the procedure to set alarms on computation channels, see section 5.18.

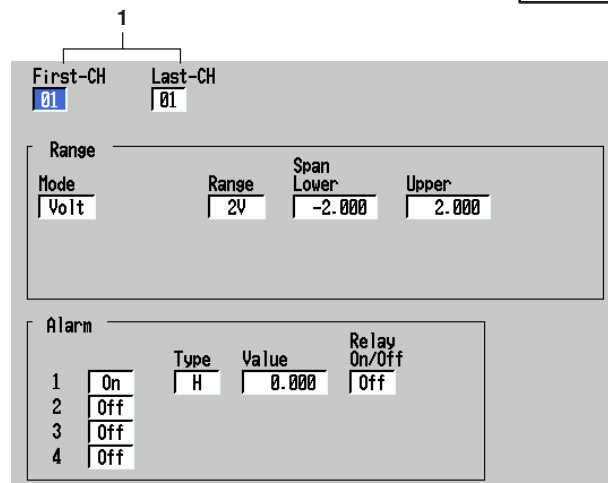
Note

- Set the measurement range before setting the alarm.
- All of the alarm settings of a channel are canceled in the following cases:
 - When the input type is changed (Volt, TC, etc.).
 - When the input range is changed.
 - When the upper and lower limits of the span or scale are changed on channels that are set to scaling or square root computation (including changes in the decimal point position).

Procedure

Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



First-CH	Last-CH
01	01

Range			
Mode	Range	Span Lower	Upper
Volt	2V	-2.000	2.000

Alarm						
		Type	Value	Relay	On/Off	
1	On	H	0.000	Off		
2	Off					
3	Off					
4	Off					

1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, [Range] is also simultaneously set).
2. On/Off
When the alarm is turned on, [Type], [Value], and [Relay On/Off] are displayed.
3. Type
Set the alarm type.
[H]: Upper limit alarm
[L]: Lower limit alarm
[h]: Difference upper limit alarm
[l]: Difference lower limit alarm
[R]: Upper limit on rate-of-change alarm
[r]: Lower limit on rate-of-change alarm
[T]: Delay upper limit alarm
[t]: Delay lower limit alarm

Note

If you select delay alarm (T or t) for the alarm type, you must set the alarm delay period. See section 5.5.

4. Value
Enter the value at which the alarm is activated.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value in the allowed range and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
- 5.* Relay On/Off
Set whether or not to activate the output relay (On/Off). When turned ON, the output relay number box appears.
- 6.* Number
Set the output relay number. For the correspondence between the output relay number and the output relay position, see section 2.5.

* When the alarm output relay option is not installed, these settings are void.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.


5.3 Setting Tag Names

Set tag names for the measurement and computation channels. The system mode is used to select whether tag names or channel numbers are displayed (see section 4.9).

Procedure


Press .

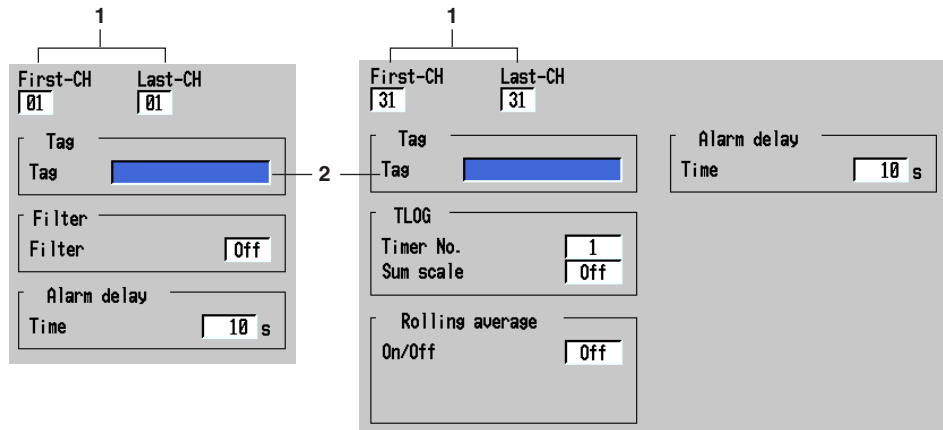
Setting on a Measurement Channel

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Setting on a Computation Channel (Option)

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).
2. Tag
Set a character string as a tag name.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the tag name (up to 16 alphanumeric characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.


To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

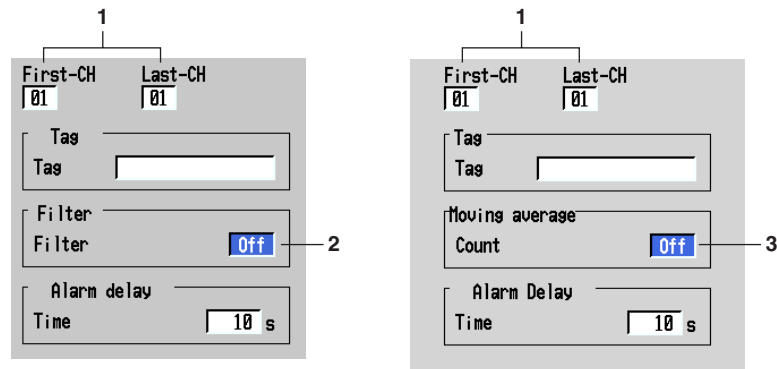
5.4 Setting Input Filter and Moving Average

Set the input filter (for DX204P/DX208P, low pass filters) or the moving average of the input (for DX210P/DX220P/DX230P).

Procedure

Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).

Input Filter Setting (for DX204P/DX208P)

2. Filter - Filter
Select the time constant of the filter.
[Off]: Do not use the filter
[2s]: Filter time constant 2 s
[5s]: Filter time constant 5 s
[10s]: Filter time constant 10 s

Moving Average Setting (for DX210P/DX220P/DX230P)

3. Moving Average - Count
Select the number of data points (2 to 16) for the moving average.
[Off]: Do not use moving average

Note

Regardless of this setting, filter and moving average operations are not performed for the digital inputs (DI).

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.


5.5 Setting the Alarm Delay Period

Set the alarm delay period for delay upper/lower limit alarm.

Procedure


Press .

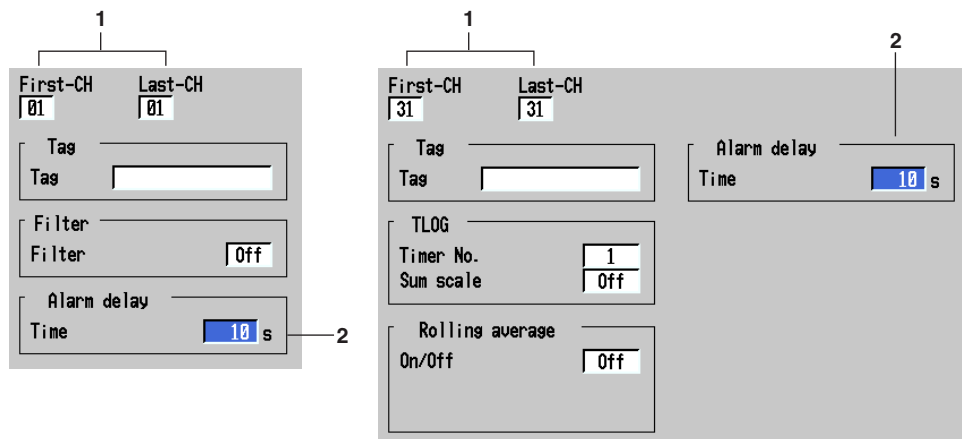
Setting on a Measurement Channel

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Setting on a Computation Channel (Option)

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).
2. Alarm delay period
Set the alarm delay period for the delay upper/lower limit alarm.
Pressing the [Input] soft key or one of the character/number input keys displays a window used to enter the alarm delay period. Enter an integer value in the range 1 to 3600 s and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
If the scan interval is 2 s and you set an odd value for the alarm delay period, it will operate at the specified period + 1 s.
Example: If the alarm delay period is set to 5 s, it will operate at 6 s.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.


5.6 Setting the Display Update Rate and Auto Save Interval

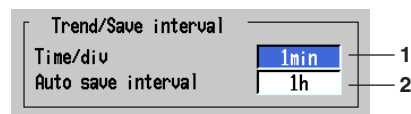
The time period corresponding to 1 division on the time axis on the trend display is specified. The sampling interval of the display data is also determined by the display update rate.

The auto save interval is the interval at which the display data residing in the internal memory are delimited and stored to the external storage medium. If the type of process is set to [Batch] (see section 4.3), it cannot be changed.

Procedure

Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



The numbers in front of the operating procedure shown below correspond to the numbers in the above figure.

1. Time/div (Display update rate)
Select the display update rate from 15 s*, 30 s*, 1 min, 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h, 2 h, 4 h and 10 h.
* for DX204P and DX208P only
2. Auto save interval
Select the auto save interval from the choices shown on the soft keys (see "Explanation").

Note

- The selectable values for [Auto save interval] vary depending on the [Time/div] setting.
- If the type of process is set to [Batch] (see section 4.3), the [Auto save interval] is set to the maximum possible value and cannot be changed.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

The Display Data Sampling Interval and the Speed of Movement of Waveforms along the Time Axis

The following table shows the display update rate, display data sampling interval, and the speed of movement of waveforms along the time axis

Display Update Rate (/div)	15 s*	30 s*	1 min	2 min	5 min	10 min	15 min	20 min	30 min	1 h	2 h	4 h	10 h
Display data sampling interval (s)	0.5	1	2	4	10	20	30	40	60	120	240	480	1200
Speed of movement of waveforms (approximate value, mm/h)	2376	1188	594	297	119	59	40	30	20	10	5	2.5	1.0

* for DX204P and DX208P only

Choices for the Auto Save Interval

The maximum auto save interval varies depending on the display update rate (sampling interval is determined from the display update rate) and the number of measurement and computation channels to be stored (see section 4.3). The available choices for the auto save interval from the table below are displayed on the soft key.

Display update rate (/DIV)	15 s*	30 s*	1 min	2 min	5 min	10 min	15 min	20 min	30 min	1 h	2 h	4 h	10 h
Sampling interval (s)	0.5	1	2	4	10	20	30	40	60	120	240	480	1200
Auto save interval (choices)	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min	10 min						
	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min	20 min						
	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min	30 min						
	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h	1 h			
	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h	2 h		
	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h	3 h		
	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	4 h	
	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	6 h	
	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h	8 h
	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h	12 h
	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day	1 day
	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day	2 day
		3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day	3 day
			5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day	5 day
			7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day	7 day
				10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day	10 day
				14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day	14 day
					31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day	31 day

* for DX204P and DX208P only

5.7 Setting the File Header and Directory Name

File Header


A header comment specified here is written to the display data file, event data file, manual sampled data file, TLOG data file (option) and report data file (option).

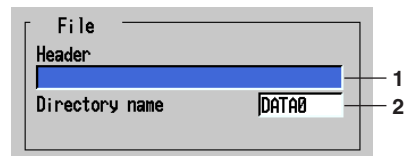
Directory Name

When saving data to the external storage medium, you can specify the name of the directory to which the files are to be saved. The display data, event data, manual sampled data, TLOG data (option), report data (option), and screen image data are saved to this directory. The initial setting is "DATA0."

Procedure

Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. Header
Set a header comment for data files.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the header (up to 32 alphanumeric characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
2. Directory name
Set the name (up to 8 alphanumeric characters) of the directory to which the files are to be saved using the same method as step 1.

Note

The following characters or strings cannot be used as file names.
"AUX," "CON," "PRN," "NUL," "CLOCK," character strings that include a space or spaces

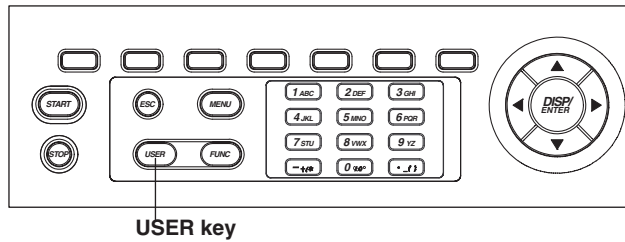
Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

5.8 Assigning an Action to the USER Key

An action can be assigned to the USER key.




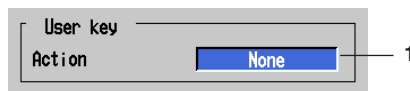
Note

If logged in as a user that is not permitted to execute the assigned operation (see section 1.5), the operation cannot be executed using the USER key. Even if the operation is registered to the USER key, it is invalid.

Procedure

Press .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. Action
Select the action (see "Explanation") to be assigned.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Actions That Can Be Assigned and the Reference Sections for Operation

For details of actions, see section 1.10.

Soft Key	Ref. section	Note
None	-	No operation
AlarmACK	8.12	
Math	8.4	When computation function (/M1) is equipped.
Math rst	8.4	When computation function (/M1) is equipped.
M.sample	8.3	
Message 1 to 8	8.2	Messages 1 to 8 of the message group 7 can be assigned.
Snapshot	8.5	

5.9 Setting Groups and Trip Lines

Trend, digital, and bar graph screens are displayed in groups. Channels can be assigned to each group and the group name can be registered.


- Number of groups: 6
- Number of channels: Up to 10 channels/group


A line to indicate a particular value of interest (trip line) can be displayed on the trend display.

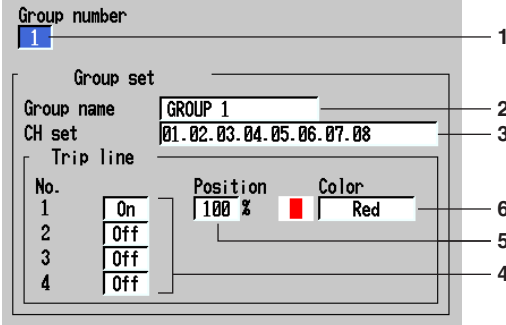
- The maximum number of trip lines that can be displayed in one group is four.
- You can specify the thickness of the trip lines (see section 5.13).

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



No.	On/Off	Position	Color
1	On	100 %	Red
2	Off		
3	Off		
4	Off		

1. Group number
Select the group number (1 to 6).
2. Group name
Set the name of the group.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the group name (up to 16 alphanumeric characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
3. CH Set
Assign measurement/computation channels to groups using the same method as step 2.
 - Enter the channel number using two digits.
 - Separate each channel with a period.
 - Consecutive channels can be specified using a hyphen.**Example:** To set CH1, CH3, CH5 to CH8 to a particular group, "01.03.05-08" is entered.

Note

- The channels are displayed in the order they are specified on the trend, digital, bar graph screens.
- One channel can be assigned to multiple groups.
- A channel cannot be assigned twice in the same group.

4. On/Off
 Move the cursor to the desired trip line and press the [On] soft key. The [Position] and [Color] boxes appear.
 [On]: Use the trip line.
 [Off]: Not use the trip line.
5. Position
 Set the display position of the trip line.
 Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value. Enter a value (1 to 100) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
6. Color
 Select the color of the trip line from 16 colors (Red, green, blue, blue violet, brown, orange, yellow-green, light blue, violet, gray, limes, cyan, dark blue, yellow, silver, and purple).

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.
 To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Initial Settings of the Groups

Group Name	
Group 1: GROUP 1	Group 4: GROUP 4
Group 2: GROUP 2	Group 5: GROUP 5
Group 3: GROUP 3	Group 6: GROUP 6

The initial setting varies depending on the models (the number of installed channels.)

Group Number	DX204P	DX208P	DX210P
1	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
2	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
3	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
4	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
5	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
6	01.02.03.04	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10

Group Number	DX220P	DX230P
1	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
2	11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20	11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20
3	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10	21.22.23.24.25.26.27.28.29.30
4	11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10
5	01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09.10	11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20
6	11.12.13.14.15.16.17.18.19.20	21.22.23.24.25.26.27.28.29.30

Initial Colors of the Trip Lines

- Trip line No.1: Red
- Trip line No.2: Green
- Trip line No.3: Blue
- Trip line No.4: Yellow


5.10 Setting the Channel Display Colors (Trend, Bar Graph)

Procedure


Press .

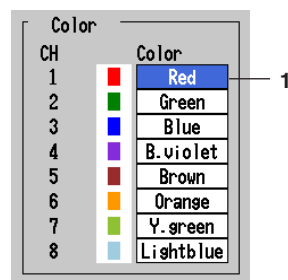
Press the soft key .

Setting on a Measurement Channel

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Setting on a Computation Channel (Option)

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. Channel display color
Move the cursor to the desired channel and select the channel display color from 16 colors (Red, green, blue, blue violet, brown, orange, yellow-green, light blue, violet, gray, limes, cyan, dark blue, yellow, silver, and purple).

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Initial Settings of Channel Display Color

Channel 1: Red, Channel 2: Green, Channel 3: Blue, Channel 4: Blue violet, Channel 5: Brown, Channel 6: Orange, Channel 7: Yellow-green, Channel 8: Light blue, Channel 9: violet, Channel 10: Gray, Channel 11: Red, Channel 12: Green, Channel 13: Blue, Channel 14: Blue violet, Channel 15: Brown, Channel 16: Orange, Channel 17: Yellow-green, Channel 18: Light blue, Channel 19: violet, Channel 20: Gray, Channel 21: Red, Channel 22: Green, Channel 23: Blue, Channel 24: Blue violet, Channel 25: Brown, Channel 26: Orange, Channel 27: Yellow-green, Channel 28: Light blue, Channel 29: violet, Channel 30: Gray


5.11 Setting Zone Displays/Partial Expanded Displays (Trend)

For details on the zone display function and the partial expanded display function, see section 1.3.

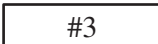
To use the partial expanded display, first, set the partial expanded display to [Use] in the system mode (see section 4.9). If not, a partial expanded display setting box in the engineering mode will not be displayed.

Procedure


Press .

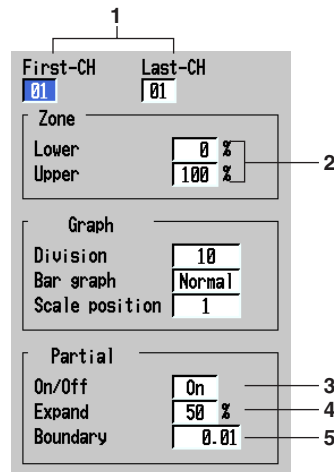
Press the soft key .

Setting on a Measurement Channel

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Setting on a Computation Channel (Option)

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).

Zone Displays

2. Zone upper limit and lower limit
Set the waveform display zone (from [Lower] to [Upper]).
[Lower]: 0 to 95%
[Upper]: 5 to 100%
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Note

- [Lower] must be a smaller value than [Upper].
- The width of the zone (upper limit – lower limit) must be greater than or equal to 5%.

5.11 Setting Zone Displays/Partial Expanded Displays (Trend)

Partial Expanded Display

3. On/Off

When [On] is selected, the [Expand] and [Boundary] boxes are displayed.

[On]: Use the partial expanded display.

[Off]: Not use the partial expanded display.

4. Expand (Boundary displacement position)

Set the position to which a particular value (the boundary, see step 4) in the display span is to be moved as a percentage of the display span.

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value. Enter the position and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

The range for the position: 1 to 99

5. Boundary

Set the boundary value within the display span. By moving the value within the display span to another position (see step 4), the area on either side of the boundary is expanded or compressed.

Enter the boundary using the same method as step 4.

The range for the boundary:

The minimum value of the span +1 digit to the maximum value of the span -1 digit (when the range is not set to "scaling")

The minimum value of the scale +1 digit to the maximum value of the scale -1 digit (when the range is set to "scaling").

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Note

- The partial expanded display is turned [Off] for all channels if the partial expanded display setting (use/not use) in the system mode is changed and stored.
 - When the range setting of the channel is set to [Skip] or when the span width is less than or equal to 1 digit, the partial expanded display cannot be specified. (The box is grayed in this case.)
-

5.12 Setting the Scale Division, Bar Graph Base Position (Bar Graph), and Scale Position (Trend)


- The scale used on trend and bar graphs can be set.
- When the bar graph is displayed horizontally, the base position of the bar graph can be set on each channel by selecting either [Normal] or [Center].
[Normal]: The left edge or the right edge of the display span depending on which value is smaller.
[Center]: Position at 50% of the display span
- For the procedures to set the vertical or horizontal display, see section 5.13.
- The scale display position for each channel can be specified on the trend screen.

Procedure


Press .

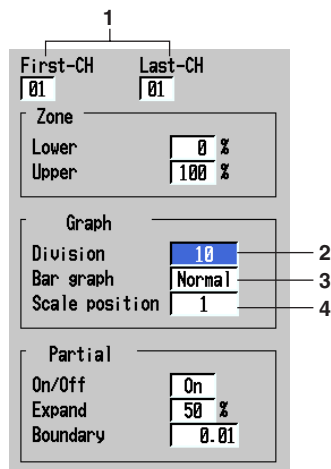
Press the soft key .

Setting on a measurement channel

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Setting on a computation channel (option)

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).

Setting the Number of Divisions for the Scale

2. Division
Select the number of scale divisions from [4] to [12] and [C10]. The scale is equally divided and scale marks are displayed at the divided position.
[C10]: The scale is equally divided into 10 divisions by main scale marks, and scale values are indicated at 0, 30, 50, 70, and 100% positions.
On the bar graph screen: Only the main scale marks are displayed.
On the trend screen: See "Explanation."

5.12 Setting the Scale Division, Bar Graph Base Position (Bar Graph), and Scale Position (Trend)

Setting the Bar Graph's Base Position

3. Bar graph (base position of the bar graph)
Select the base position of the bar graph from [normal] and [center] (see "Explanation").

Note

When the bar graph is displayed vertically (see section 5.13), the base position is fixed to [Normal] (the bottom of the bar graph is the base position).

Setting the Scale Position on the Trend Screen

4. Scale position
Select the scale display position when the scale is displayed on the trend screen (see section 7.2) from [1] to [10]. Select [Off] for channels without scale.

Note

- The scale for the channels that are assigned to the group in the trend screen are displayed.
 - The larger the number of scales to be displayed, less amount of area there is to display the waveform.
-

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

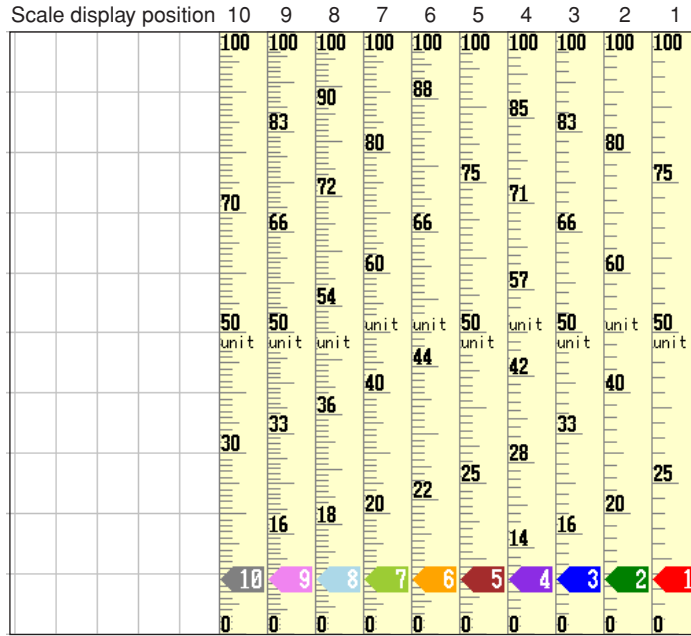
Explanation

Scale Display on the Trend Screen

Scale Display Position and Scale Divisions

On the trend screen, the scale for the channels that are assigned to groups can be displayed in 10 different positions (see the figure below).

- **During Trend Horizontal Display**



The scale is divided into 4 to 12 sections as shown in the figure above.

- Scale for display position 1: 4 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 2: 5 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 3: 6 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 4: 7 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 5: 8 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 6: 9 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 7: 10 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 8: 11 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 9: 12 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)
- Scale for display position 10: C10 scale division example (Span: 0 to 100, Unit: UNIT)

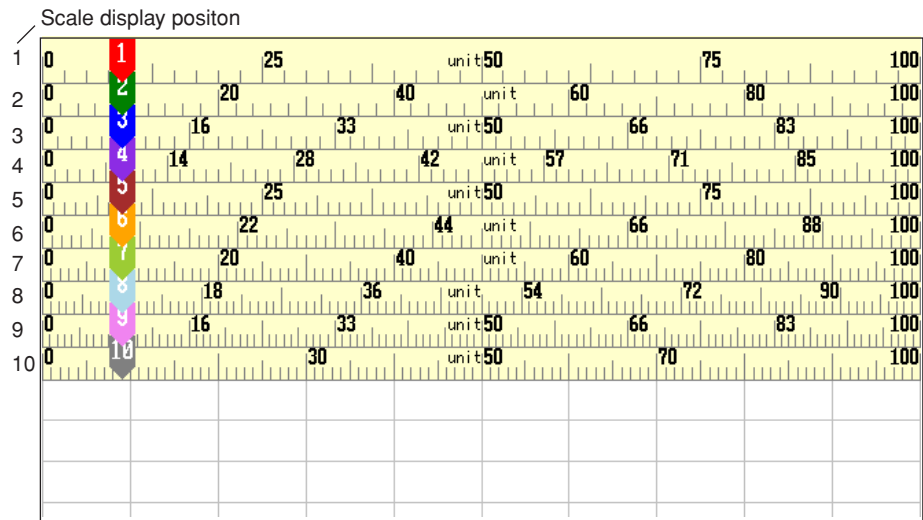
[C10] Scale Division

The scale is divided into 10 divisions and the scale values are displayed at 0, 30, 50, and 70 % positions of the scale (If [10] scale division is set, the scale values are at 0, 20, 40, 60, 80, and 100 % positions).

5.12 Setting the Scale Division, Bar Graph Base Position (Bar Graph), and Scale Position (Trend)

- **During Trend Vertical Display**

The number of scale divisions, span, and unit are the same as those of the examples provided for the trend horizontal display.



- If the scales for two or more channels are specified to the same position, the scale for the channel that was assigned first to the group is displayed.

Example 1: When the channels were assigned to a group in the following order: [03.02.01.05], and the scale display positions for channels 3, 2, 1, and 5 are all set to [1]

The scale for channel 3 is displayed at position 1.

- Vacant positions in between scale assigned positions are void. The scales are displayed close together from the display position 1.

Example 2: When the channels were assigned to a group in the following order: [01.02.03.05], and the scale display position for channels 1, 2, 3, and 5 are set to positions 1, 3, 6, and 10, respectively.

The scales for the channels are actually displayed at positions 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively.

- If the scale display position is set to [Off], the scale is not displayed.

Note

- **Scale Marks**

The scale can be divided into 4 to 12 sections using the main scale marks. The area between the main scale marks is divided further into 10 sections using small and medium marks. However, small marks are not displayed for the following cases:

- When the measurement/computation range resolution is smaller than the total number of sections created by small marks.
- When zone display is used
- When partial expanded display is used

- **Scale Values**

The scale values are displayed at all main scale marks when the scale is divided into 4 to 7 sections using the main scale marks. When the scale is divided into 8 to 12 sections, the scale values are displayed at every other main scale mark.

In addition, the upper or lower limit of the scale is displayed at the end of the scale.

Rule 1 Up to 3 digits excluding the minus sign can be displayed for the scale values.

Rule 2 If the integer section of either value at the end of the scale is less than or equal to one digit, the value is displayed as $\square.\square$ or $0.\square$.

Example 1: If the scale is set to -0.05 to 0.5 , the scale display for the upper and lower limits is -0.0 to 0.5 .

5.12 Setting the Scale Division, Bar Graph Base Position (Bar Graph), and Scale Position (Trend)

Example 2: If the scale is set to -0.005 to 0.05 , the scale display for the upper and lower limits are -0.0 to 0.0 .

Rule 3 If the integer section of either value at the end of the scale is two digits or three digits, the value is displayed with the decimal fraction is discarded.

Example 3: If the scale is set to 0.1 to 100.0 , the scale display for the upper and lower limits is 0 to 100 .

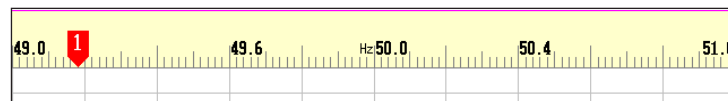
Rule 4 If the integer section of either value at the end of the scale is greater than or equal to four digits, a three-digit mantissa and exponent are displayed ($\times 10$ or $\times 10^2$, for example).

Example 4: If the scale is set to 10 to 2000 , the scale display for the upper and lower limits are 1 to 200×10 .

The number of digits of the scale values can be increased by one digit within Rule 1. For the procedure, see section 5.13.

Consider the case when the scale marks are between 49.0 and 51.0 using center scale.

Normally the decimals of the scale values are truncated according to Rule 3. However, if the number of digits is increased by one, the values are displayed as follows:

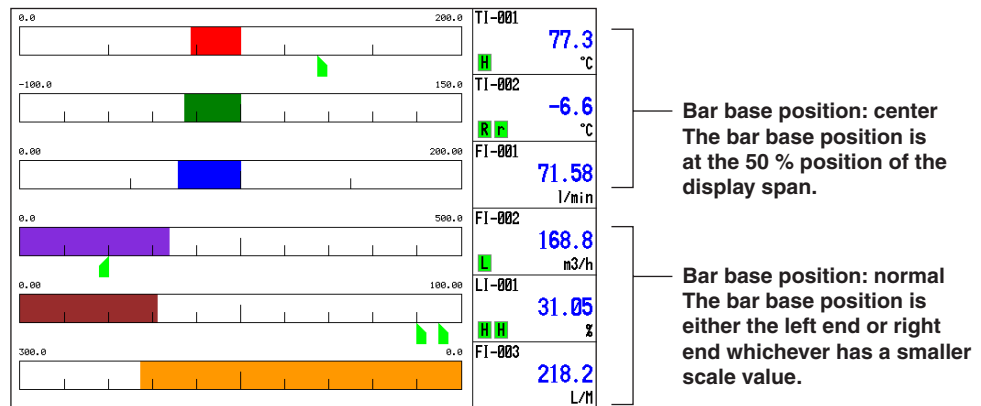


- **Unit**

The unit is displayed near the center of the scale. When the partial expanded display is used, the position will be shifted.

When the trend is displayed horizontally, the number of characters that can be displayed is up to 4.

Bar Base Position on the Bar Graph Display




5.13 Setting the Display Direction, Background Color, Waveform Line Width, Trip Line Width, Grid, Scroll Time, and Scale digit

- The display direction of the trend and bar graph can be set to horizontal or vertical.
- The background color used in the trend, digital, bar graph, and information screens can be set to white or black (common to all screens).
- The line width of the waveform can be selected as 1, 2, or 3 dots.
- The line width of the trip line can be selected as 1, 2, or 3 dots.
- The grid lines can be displayed on the trend's waveform display area by dividing the display span into 4 to 12 sections.
- The interval at which the displayed group is automatically switched on the trend, digital, and bar graph screens can be specified. The displayed group rotates from group 1 to group 6.
- You can increase the number of digits of the scale values by one digit on the trend display.

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

View	
Direction	
Trend	Horizontal 1
Bar graph	Vertical 2
Background	White 3
Trend line	2 dot 4
Trip line	2 dot 5
Grid	10 div 6
Scroll time	5s 7
Scale digit	Normal 8

Set the Display Direction of the Trend

1. Direction - Trend
Select the display direction of the trend from [Horizontal], [Vertical], and [Horizon2].

Set the Display Direction of the Bar Graph

2. Direction - Bar graph
Select the display direction of the bar graph from [Horizontal] and [Vertical].

Set the Background Color

3. Background
Select the background color from [White] and [Black].

Note

The background color of the historical trend is opposite that of the trend screen.

Setting the Trend Line Width

4. Trend line
Select the width of the trend line as [1], [2], and [3] dots.

5.13 Setting the Display Direction, Background Color, Waveform Line Width, ... , and Scale digit

Setting the Width of the Trip Line

5. Trip line
Select the width of the trip line as [1], [2], or [3] dots.

Setting the Number of Grids on the Waveform Display Area

6. Grid
Select the number of grids from [4] to [12], and [Auto].
[Auto]: Display the same number of grids as the number of scale divisions of the first assigned channel of the group.

Setting the Interval at Which the Displayed Group is Automatically Switched

7. Scroll time
Select the interval from [5 s], [10 s], [20 s], [30 s], and [1 min].

Setting the Number of Displayed Digits of the Scale Value

8. Scale digit
[Normal]: See the explanation given in "Scale values" in section 5.12.
[Fine]: The number of displayed digits of the scale value is increased by one.
See the explanation given in "Scale values" in section 5.12.

Confirming Operation

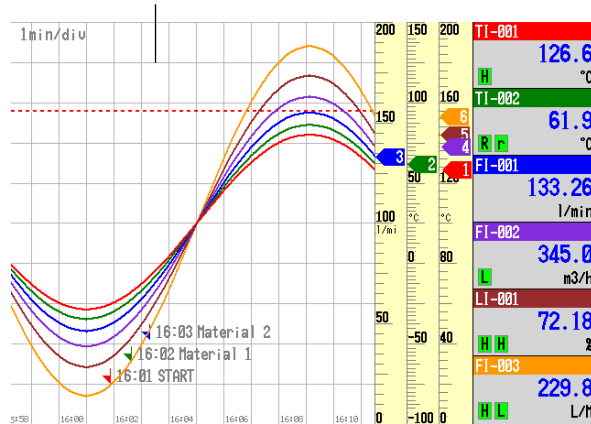
To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Grid on the Waveform Display Area

Grid ([Grid] is set to [10] in this example.)




5.14 Setting the Brightness of the Screen and the Backlight Saver Function

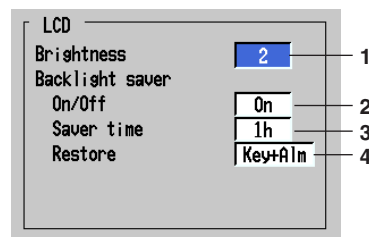
- There are four screen brightness settings which can be selected (1, 2, 3 or 4).
- The lifetime of the LCD backlight can be extended by automatically dimming the light when there has been no key operation for a certain amount of time. The screen will return to the original brightness with a key operation or an alarm occurrence. The screen saver is initially disabled.

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



Setting the Brightness of the Screen

1. Brightness
Select the brightness of the screen from [1], [2], [3], and [4]. The initial setting is [3]. A higher number corresponds to a brighter screen setting.

Setting the Backlight Saver

2. On/Off
Select [On] (use the backlight saver) or [Off] (not use the backlight saver).
When [On] is selected, [Saver time] and [Restore] boxes are displayed.
3. Saver time
Select the time from [1 min], [2 min], [5 min], [10 min], [30 min], and [1 hour].
If the specified time elapses without any key operation, the LCD backlight is automatically dimmed.
4. Restore
Select the trigger action to restore the original brightness of the screen from [Key] and [Key + Alm] (Key + Alarm).
[Key]: The screen will return to the original brightness with a key operation.
[Key + Alm]: The screen will return to the original brightness with a key operation or an alarm occurrence.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

5.15 Setting the Date and Time

Set the date and time on the internal clock of the DX200P.


Note

When using the login function, only the administrator can set the date/time.

Procedure

Press .

When data acquisition is stopped

To display the window for the date and time setting, press the soft key .

When data acquisition is in progress

Press the [Time] soft key. A window used to set the time appears.



Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a cursor on the text box. Enter the date and time. For the procedures related to entering numbers, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Applying New Date and Time

Press the DISP/ENTER key to apply the settings and close the window.

To cancel the settings and close the window, press the ESC key.

Explanation

Selectable Range of Date/Time

You can set the date/time in the range of 0 hour 0 minute 0 second of January 1, 1980 to 14 hour 0 minute 0 second of January 18, 2038.

Time Correction Operation

The time correction operation varies depending on whether data acquisition is in progress. For a description of the operation, see section 1.10.


The operation of changing the time during data acquisition must be set so that such operation is allowed in advance. For the setup procedure, see section 4.14.

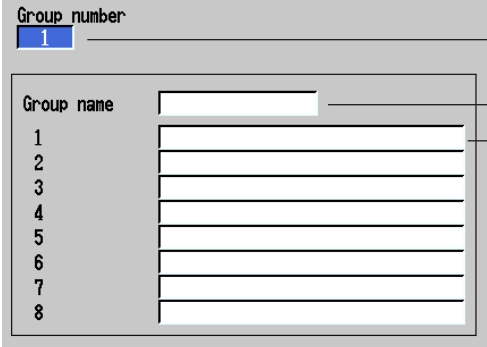
5.16 Setting the Message String

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



The screenshot shows a screen with the following elements:

- Group number:** A field containing the number '1', with a callout line labeled '1' pointing to it.
- Group name:** An input field with a callout line labeled '2' pointing to it.
- Message strings:** A list of eight empty input fields, numbered 1 through 8 on the left. A callout line labeled '3' points to the first input field.

1. **Group number**
Select the message group number (1 to 7).
2. **Group name**
Set the group name for the selected message group.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the group name (up to 16 characters), and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."
3. **Message string**
Set the message strings (up to 8 strings) that belong to the selected message group.
Move the cursor to the box corresponding to the message No. you wish to set. Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a string. Enter the message string (up to 32 characters) using the same method as step 2, and press DISP/ENTER.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

5.17 Setting the Batch Information


The following items can be specified.

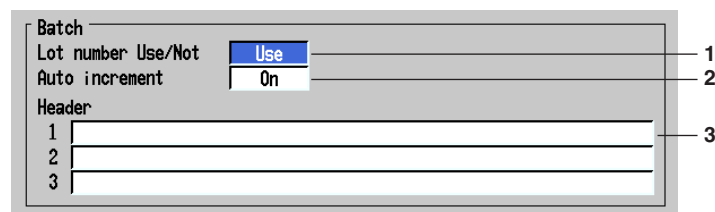
- Whether to use lot numbers
- Whether to use the function to increase the lot number by one at Memory Stop
- Headers 1 to 3

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1. Lot number Use/Not
If you enter [Use], the "Auto increment" box appears.
[Use]: Use lot numbers
[Not]: Not use lot numbers
2. Auto increment (of lot numbers)
Set whether to automatically increase the lot number at Memory Stop as the lot number of the next batch.
[On]: Automatically increase the lot number by "1."
[Off]: Do not change the lot number.

Note

The lot number after "99999999" is "0."

3. Headers 1, 2, 3
Set the header comment for the display data file and the event data file.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the string. Enter the header string (up to 64 characters), and press DISP/ENTER. For the procedures related to entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.


To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

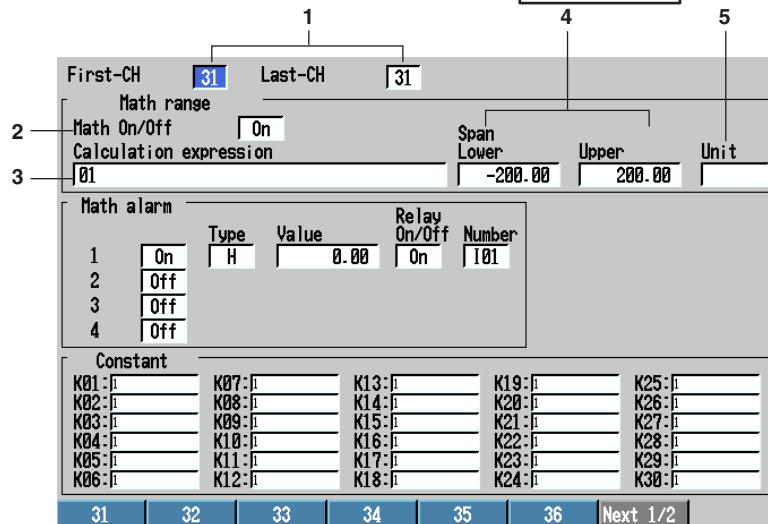
5.18 Setting Equations, Alarms, and Constants for Computation Channels (/M1 Option)

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



1	Type	Value	Relay On/Off	Number
1	On	H	0.00	On
2	Off			I01
3	Off			
4	Off			

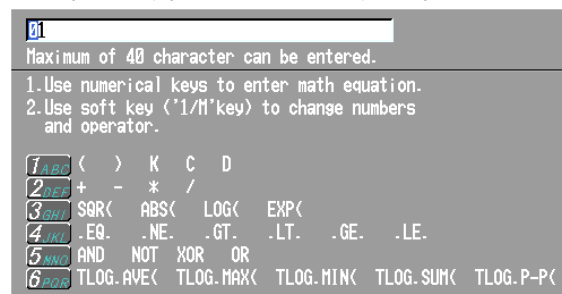
Constant	Value	Constant	Value	Constant	Value
K01:		K07:		K13:	
K02:		K08:		K14:	
K03:		K09:		K15:	
K04:		K10:		K16:	
K05:		K11:		K17:	
K06:		K12:		K18:	
				K19:	
				K20:	
				K21:	
				K22:	
				K23:	
				K24:	
				K25:	
				K26:	
				K27:	
				K28:	
				K29:	
				K30:	

Turning On/Off the Computation, Setting Equations

Note

When computation is turned On/Off or when equations and span settings are changed, the alarm setting for that channel is turned Off.

1. First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels.
2. Math On/Off
Turn [On] or [Off] the computation of the selected channel. If [On] is selected a box for the equation will appear.
[On]: Use the computation channel
[Off]: Do not use the computation channel
3. Calculation expression
Set the equation for the selected channel.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter an equation. Enter the equation (up to 40 characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key.

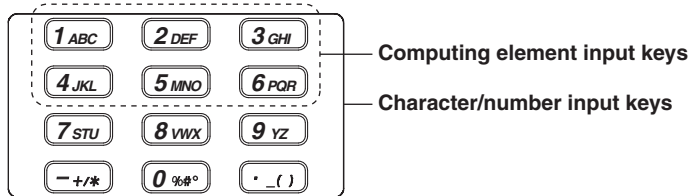


5.18 Setting Equations, Alarms, and Constants for Computation Channels (/M1 Option)

Use the following keys. For the detail on equations, see “Explanation.”

- **Left and right arrow key:** Select the input position.
- **Character/number input key:** Enter computing elements.

Use the [1/M] soft key to switch the function of the character/number input key between number input and computing element input. The computing elements are assigned to the character/number input keys by the number of times the key is pressed as follows:



Key Assignment of Computing Elements

Key	Pressed Once	Twice	3 Times	4 Times	5 Times	6 Times
1	(	)	K	C	D	
2	+	-	*	/		
3	SQR(	ABS(	LOG(	EXP(
4	.EQ.	.NE.	.GT.	.LT.	.GE.	.LE.
5	AND	NOT	XOR	OR		
6	TLOG.AVE(	TLOG.MAX(	TLOG.MIN(	TLOG.SUM(	TLOG.P-P(

- **[DEL] soft key:** Delete the character at the cursor position.
 - **[BS] soft key:** Delete the character before the cursor position.
 - **[INS] soft key:** Switch between insert and overwrite.
Each time the [INS] soft key is pressed insert and overwrite switches. The selected function is displayed to the right of the soft key display section.
[Over]: Overwrites the cursor position.
[Ins]: Inserts at the cursor position.
 - **[1/M] soft key:** Switch the function of the character/number input key between number input and computing element input.
Each time the [1/M] soft key is pressed the function of the character/number input key switches between number input and computing element input. The selected function is displayed to the right of the soft key display section.
[1]: Number is selected.
[M]: Computing element is selected.
4. Upper and lower limits of span
Set the upper and lower limits of the display span.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value in the allowed range given below and press the DISP/ENTER key.
For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, “Entering Numbers and Characters.”
Allowed range: -9999999 to 99999999
The decimal can be set in the following positions:
“□.□□□□” “□□.□□□□” “□□□.□□□□” “□□□□.□□□□” “□□□□□□□□”

Note

The upper and lower limits of span cannot be set to the same value.

5.18 Setting Equations, Alarms, and Constants for Computation Channels (/M1 Option)

- Unit
Set the unit for the computed value.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a character string.
Enter the unit (up to 6 alphanumeric characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.
To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Setting Alarms on Computation Channels

You can set up to 4 alarms on each computation channel. The hysteresis is not applied to alarms for computation channels.

Note

When [Math On/Off] is turned ON, an entry box used to enter the equation is displayed and the alarm setting boxes are activated (white color). Set the alarm after setting the equation.
When computation is turned On/Off or when equations and span settings are changed, the alarm setting for that channel is turned OFF.

First-CH	31	Last-CH	31		
Math range					
Math On/Off	On				
Calculation expression	Span Lower	Upper	Unit		
01	-200.00	200.00			
Math alarm					
	Type	Value	Relay On/Off	Number	
1	On	H	0.00	On	T01
2	Off				
3	Off				
4	Off				

- First channel and last channel
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, the [Math range] is also simultaneously set).
- On/Off
Select [On] or [Off]. If [On] is selected, items 3, 4 and 5 are displayed.
[On]: Use alarm
[Off]: Do not use alarm
- Type
Set the alarm type (see section 1.6).
[H]: Upper limit alarm
[L]: Lower limit alarm
[T]: Delay upper limit alarm
[t]: Delay lower limit alarm

Note

If you select delay alarm (T or t) for the alarm type, you must set the alarm delay period. See section 5.5.

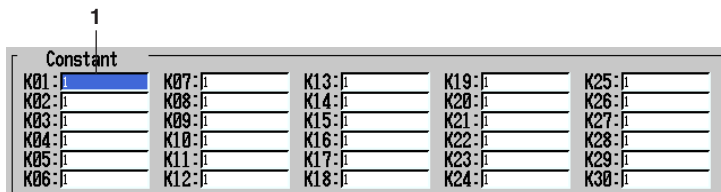
4. Value
Set the value at which the alarm is activated.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."
 - 5.* Relay On/Off
Select whether to use the relay output (On) or not to use the relay output (Off).
If [On] is selected, output relay [Number] is displayed.
 - 6.* Number
Set the output relay number.
For the correspondence between the output relay number and the output relay position, see section 2.5.
- * If the alarm output relay option (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, or /A5) is not installed, this setting is void.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.
To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Setting Constants Used in Computation Equations

Constants are used in computation equations. Up to 30 constants (K01 to K30) can be defined.



1. Constant
Select the constant you wish to set using the arrow keys.
Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter a numerical value.
Enter a value in the allowed range and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering numerical values, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."

Range of Numerical Values

The number of significant digits is 5 excluding the decimal. When using exponents to set values, use 5 or less digits for the mantissa and two digits for the exponent.

The allowed range is as follows.

$$-9.9999E + 29 \text{ to } -1.0000E - 30, 0, 1.0000E - 30 \text{ to } 9.9999E + 29$$

[E], [+] soft keys: Used when setting numbers with exponents.
Example: 5.0E + 12

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.
To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

This section describes the meaning of the computation equation and how to write them.

Four Arithmetical Computations

The types of data that can be used in equations are measured data, computed data, constants (K01 to K30), communication interface data (C01 to C30), and the remote control terminal conditions (D01 to D08).

Example:

Addition (+): 01+02

Computes the measured value of channel 1 plus the measured value of channel 2

Subtraction (-): 01-02

Computes the measured value of channel 1 minus the measured value of channel 2

Multiplication (*): 01*K03

Computes the measured value of channel 1 multiplied by constant K03

Division (/): 01/K02

Computes the measured value of channel 1 divided by constant K02

Note

When you set an expression as e.g. 31 + 01 on channel 31, the summation of channel number 1 will be displayed in channel 31.

Power, SQR, ABS, LOG, EXP Computations

The types of data that can be used in equations are measured data, computed data, constants (K01 to K30), communication interface data (C01 to C30), and the remote control terminal conditions (D01 to D08). You can nest a computing element inside the parentheses of another computing element.

Example:

Power (**): 01**02

Raises measured value of channel 1 to the power of measured value of channel 2

Square root (SQR): SQR (01)

Returns the square root of the measured value of channel 1

Absolute value (ABS): ABS (01)

Returns the absolute value of the measured value of channel 1

Logarithm (LOG): LOG (01)

Returns the common logarithm of the measured value of channel 1

Exponent (EXP): EXP (01)

Raises e to the power of the measured value of channel 1

Note

The natural logarithm is not directly provided, but can be obtained by using the following:

$\log_e x = \log_{10} x / \log_{10} e$ as $\log_b x = \log_a x / \log_a b$

Therefore, to calculate the natural logarithm of the value of channel 01, set K01 = 1.

Then the expression will become: LOG (01)/LOG (EXP(K01))

Relational Computation

The types of data that can be used in equations are measured data, computed data, constants (K01 to K30), communication interface data (C01 to C30), and the remote control terminal conditions (D01 to D08). You can specify a computing equation that performs relational computation on a computing element (Example: 01.LT.ABS(02)).

Example:

02.LT.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is less than the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

02.GT.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is greater than the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

02.EQ.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is equal to the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

02.NE.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is not equal to the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

02.GE.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is greater than or equal to the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

02.LE.03

The computed result will be "1" if the measured value of channel 2 is less than or equal to the measured value in channel 3, otherwise the value will be "0."

Logical Computation

The computation is performed using e1 and e2 which are identified as either "zero" or "non zero". The types of data that can be used in equations are measured data, computed data, constants (K01 to K30), communication interface data (C01 to C30), and the remote control terminal conditions (D01 to D08). You can specify a computing equation that performs logical computation on a computing element.

AND Logical Product

Syntax: e1ANDe2

Condition: If both e1 and e2 are "non 0", the operation results in "1", otherwise in "0."

Status: e1 = 0, e2 = 0
e1ANDe2 = 0

e1 ≠ 0, e2 = 0
e1ANDe2 = 0

e1 = 0, e2 ≠ 0
e1ANDe2 = 0

e1 ≠ 0, e2 ≠ 0
e1ANDe2 = 1

5.18 Setting Equations, Alarms, and Constants for Computation Channels (M1 Option)

OR Logical Sum

Syntax: $e1ORe2$

Condition: If both $e1$ and $e2$ are "0", the operation results in "0", otherwise in "1."

Status: $e1 = 0, e2 = 0$
 $e1ORe2 = 0$

$e1 \neq 0, e2 = 0$
 $e1ORe2 = 1$

$e1 = 0, e2 \neq 0$
 $e1ORe2 = 1$

$e1 \neq 0, e2 \neq 0$
 $e1ORe2 = 1$

XOR Mutually Exclusive Logical Sum

Syntax: $e1XORe2$

Condition: If $e1$ and $e2$ have different values, the operation results in "1", otherwise in "0."

Status: $e1 = 0, e2 = 0$
 $e1XORe2 = 0$

$e1 \neq 0, e2 = 0$
 $e1XORe2 = 1$

$e1 = 0, e2 \neq 0$
 $e1XORe2 = 1$

$e1 \neq 0, e2 \neq 0$
 $e1XORe2 = 0$

NOT Logical Negation

Syntax: $NOTe1$

Condition: Reverses the value of data $e1$

Status: $e1 = 0$ $NOTe1 = 1$
 $e1 \neq 0$ $NOTe1 = 0$

Example:

01-02OR03.GT.04

Determines the OR of the computed results of "01-02" and "03.GT.04."

TLOG Computation (MAX, MIN, AVE, SUM, MAX-MIN)

Only measured data and computed data can be used in the TLOG computation. In the explanation below, e1 is used to represent a measurement or computation channel. You cannot specify an equation that contains a computing element inside e1. In addition, only one TLOG computation can be specified in a single computing equation.

TLOG.MAX ()

Syntax: TLOG.MAX (e1)

Result: Computes the maximum value of channel e1

TLOG.MIN ()

Syntax: TLOG.MIN (e1)

Result: Computes the minimum value of channel e1

TLOG.AVE ()

Syntax: TLOG.AVE (e1)

Result: Computes the average value of channel e1

TLOG.SUM ()

Syntax: TLOG.SUM (e1)

Result: Computes the summation of channel e1

TLOG.P-P ()

Syntax: TLOG.P-P (e1)

Result: Computes the maximum value – minimum value of channel e1

An Example of Computing Equations

TLOG.MAX(01)+K01*SQR(02)

Examples of Computing Equations That are Not Allowed

TLOG.AVE(01)+TLOG.AVE(02)

Reason: TLOG appears twice in one equation.

TLOG.AVE(ABS(01))

Reason: A computing element is used inside the parentheses.

Rules for Writing an Equation (Common Items)

Follow the rules below in writing the computing equations.

- Use up to 40 characters to write equations.
- The precedence of computing terms can be specified using parentheses.
- Specify the channels in the equation using channel numbers.
- You can use "01" or "1," for example, to specify one-digit numbers for channels, constants, communication input data, and conditions of the remote control terminals in equations.

Example: 01, 1, K01, K1, C01, C1, D01, D1

- The data value for the channel used in the equation, and for all channels greater in number than that channel, are substituted with data from the previous scan.
- Do not use more than 16 stacks (channel, K01 to K30, C01 to C30, D01 to D08) in one equation. Otherwise, a computation error may occur. The computed result is set to positive overflow (displayed as +******) in this case.

Example: The number of stacks in the equation $01+K01*(03+04*K02)$ is five.


5.19 Setting the Timer Number and Sum Scale for TLOG Computation (/M1 Option)

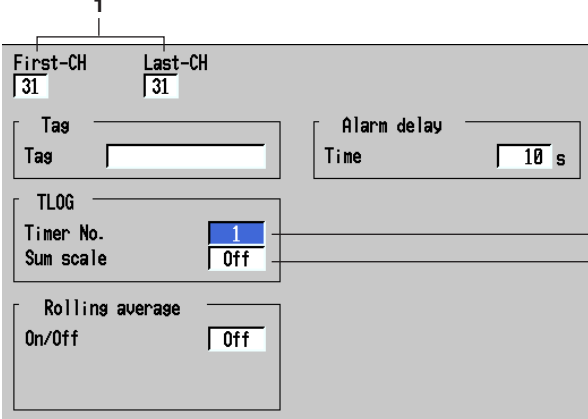
Set the number of the timer used by the channel computing the TLOG. Also, set the [sum scale] that is used when determining the sum in TLOG.SUM. The timer specifications are set in the system mode (see section 4.7).

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



The screenshot shows a configuration screen with the following fields and values:

- First-CH: 31
- Last-CH: 31
- Tag: [Empty]
- Alarm delay: 10 s
- TLOG Timer No.: 1
- Sum scale: Off
- Rolling average: Off

Numbered callouts indicate the following:

- 1: Points to the First-CH and Last-CH fields.
- 2: Points to the Timer No. field.
- 3: Points to the Sum scale field.

1. First-CH and Last-CH
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).
2. Timer No.
Select the number of the timer (1, 2, or 3) specified in the system mode.
3. Sum scale
When the channel is computing TLOG.SUM, select the scale unit from [Off], [/s], [/min], or [/h] (see section 1.7). You do not have to set this for channels that are not computing TLOG.SUM (leave it [Off]).

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.


To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

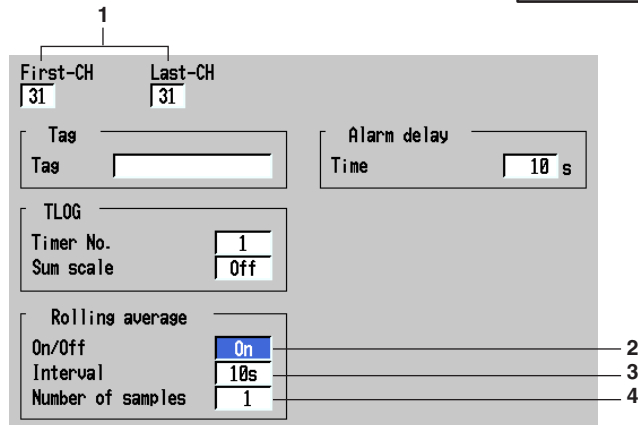
5.20 Setting the Rolling Average (/M1 Option)

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

To display the setting screen press the soft key .



First-CH	31	Last-CH	31
Tag		Alarm delay	10 s
Timer No.	1		
Sum scale	Off		
Rolling average	On		
Interval	10s		
Number of samples	1		

- 1. First channel and last channel**
Select the desired channels (For the channels set here, other parameters shown in the above figure are also simultaneously set).
- 2. On/Off**
Select [On] or [Off]. If [On] is selected, [Interval] and [Number of samples] are displayed.
[On]: Use rolling average
[Off]: Do not use rolling average
- 3. Interval**
Select the interval from the selections below. However, when the scan interval is set to 2 s, even if the sampling interval is set to 1 s, 3 s, 5 s, or 15 s, the sampling will be performed at 2 s, 4 s, 6 s, or 16 s.
1 s, 2 s, 3 s, 4 s, 5 s, 6 s, 10 s, 12 s, 15 s, 20 s, 30 s, 1 min, 2 min, 3 min, 4 min, 5 min, 6 min, 10 min, 12 min, 15 min, 20 min, 30 min, 1 h
- 4. Number of samples**
Select the number of data points used to compute the rolling average from integer values between 1 and 64.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

5.21 Setting the Calibration Correction (/CC1 Option)

Sets the segments for calibration correction using measured values and corresponding true values. Only allowed users can use this function (see section 4.4).

Note

- If you change the [Mode], [Type], or [Range] of the measurement channel (see section 5.1), the calibration correction setting is reset.
- If you change the upper or lower limit of span or the upper or lower limit of scale on a measurement channel whose [Mode] is set to [Scale] or [Sqrt], the calibration correction setting is reset.
- The calibration correction cannot be set to the channels that are set to [Skip].


Procedure

Press .

When data acquisition is stopped

Press the soft key .

Models without the computation function (/M1 option)

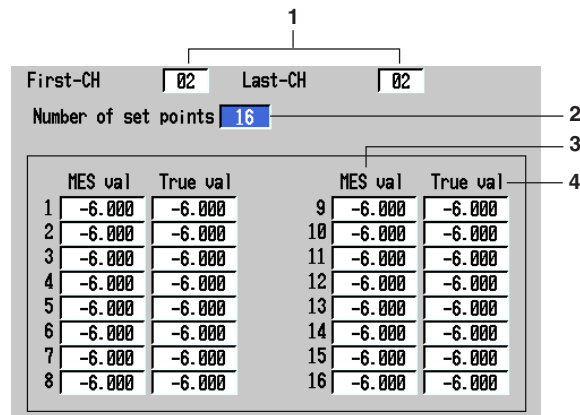
To display the setting screen press the soft key .

Models with the computation function (/M1 option)

To display the setting screen press the soft key .

When data acquisition is in progress

Press the [Calibration correction settings] soft key. The setup screen is displayed.



1. First-CH/Last-CH
Set the target channels.
You can set consecutive channels whose range is set to the same value as the first channel.
2. Number of set points
Select the number of points that make up the segments (2 to 16 including the start and end points) or [Off].
Off: Do not perform calibration correction.

3. MES val

When directly entering numeric values

Press the [Input] soft key to display a window used to enter the value. Enter the value and press DISP/ENTER.

- **Selectable range for measured value**

- Channels set to scaling or square root computation
–30000 to 30000

The decimal point position is the same as for the scale lower limit.

- Other channels
Measurable range of the selected range
Example: –2.000 to 2.000 for [Volt], [2V]

When entering current measured values

Press the [Measure] soft key to set the measured value at that point.

Note

- If the measured value is less than or equal to the previous value, you cannot confirm the setting. An error message is displayed.
- If you change the following items, the [Measure] soft key cannot be used on the channel unless the changes are activated (save the settings and exit the engineering mode). Otherwise, an error message is displayed.
 - Input filter or moving average setting.
 - [Mode], [Type], or [Range] on the measurement channel.
 - The upper or lower limits of span, the upper or lower limits of scale, or the decimal point position on a measurement channel whose [Mode] is set to [Scale] or [Sqrt].
- If you press the [Measure] soft key when setting multiple channels simultaneously, the measured value of the first channel are set to all channels.

4. True val

Press the [Input] soft key to display a window used to enter the value. Enter the value and press DISP/ENTER.

The selectable range for true value is the same as that for the measured value.

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation**Changing the Settings While Data Acquisition Is in Progress**

To change the calibration correction setting during data acquisition, this operation must be enabled in advance. In addition, a message can be written when the calibration correction setting is changed during data acquisition. For these setup procedures, see section 4.14.

When the calibration correction setting is changed during data acquisition, a log for this operation is recorded (see appendix 5).

5.22 Setting the DST

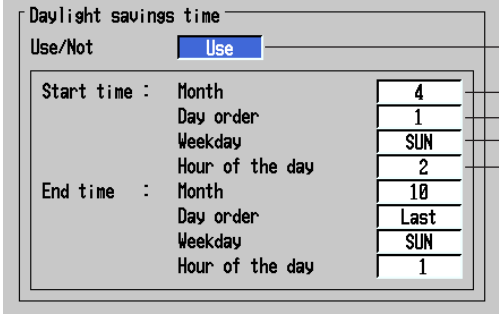
Set the DST start time and end time. When you use the DST function, set the time difference from GMT correctly (see section 4.10).

Procedure

Press .

Press the soft key .

Press the [Daylight savings time] soft key. The setup screen is displayed.



Daylight savings time	
Use/Not	Use
Start time :	
Month	4
Day order	1
Weekday	SUN
Hour of the day	2
End time :	
Month	10
Day order	Last
Weekday	SUN
Hour of the day	1

1. Use/Not
Set whether to use DST. If Use is selected, the time entry boxes appear.

Start time

The DST start time. Set as in “2nd hour on the first Sunday in April.”

2. Month
Select the month between January [1] and December [12].
3. Day order
Set the number of the week in the month in which the day specified by [Weekday] falls. Select from [1] (1st), [2] (2nd), [3] (3rd), [4] (4th), and [Last].
4. Weekday
Set the day of the week. Select from [SUN], [MON], [TUE], [WED], [THU], [FRI], and [SAT].
5. Hour of the day
Set the hour.

Pressing the [Input] soft key displays a window used to enter the value. Enter the hour as in [1] hour, [2] hour, ..., [23] hour and press DISP/ENTER. For the procedures for entering values, see section 3.6, “Entering Numbers and Characters.”

End time

The DST end time. Set as in “1st hour on the first Sunday in October.” The method of setting [Month], [Day order], [Weekday], and [Hour of the day] are the same as with [Start time].

Confirming Operation

To confirm the new settings, press the DISP/ENTER key.

To cancel the new settings, press the ESC key. A window appears for you to confirm the cancellation. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Explanation

Start time and End time

You cannot set the same value to [Start time] and [End time].


5.23 Saving/loading the Setup Data

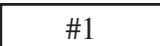
Saving Setup Data

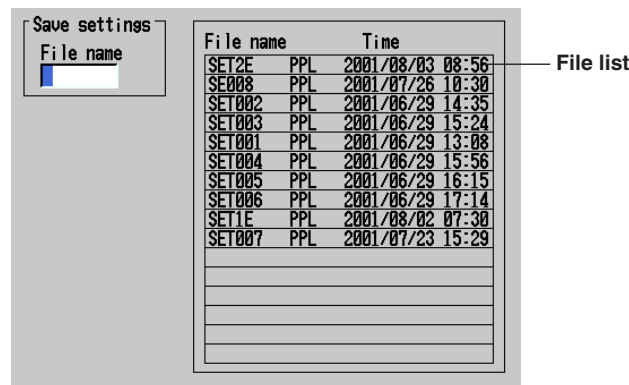
The setup data set in the engineering mode and system mode (including the login information) is saved to the external storage medium.

Procedure

Press .

Press  soft key to display the [Save/Load, Clear data] menu screen.

Press  soft key to display the [Save settings] screen.



1. Enter the file name (up to eight characters) in the [File name] box and press the DISP/ENTER key. For the procedures related to entering a string, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."
Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the [Save/Load] menu.

Note

- Setup data file is automatically assigned .PPL extension.
- The following characters or strings cannot be used as file names.
"AUX," "CON," "PRN," "NUL," "CLOCK," character strings that include a space or spaces


2. Press the DISP/ENTER key to save the setup data to the root directory on the external storage medium. The name of the saved file is displayed in the file list section on the right side.
If a file with the same name as you entered exists on the external storage medium, a message will appear to confirm overwriting. To overwrite the file, select [Yes] and press the DISP/ENTER key.

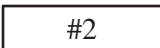
Loading Setup Data

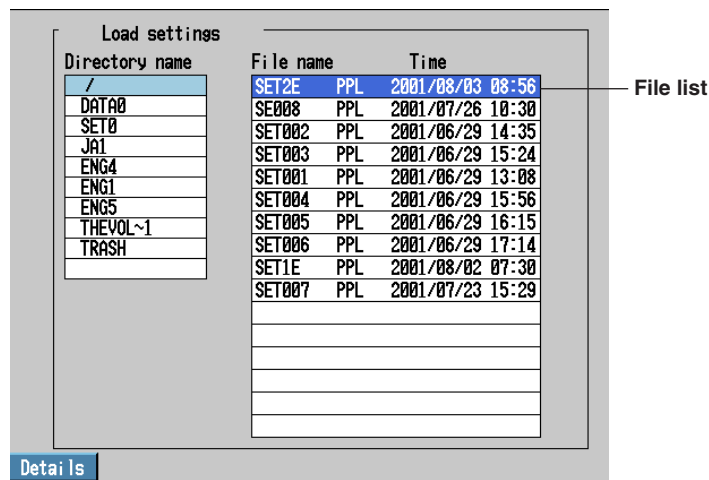
Loads only the data that was set in the engineering mode from the setup file (file with .PPL extension) on the external storage medium to the DX200P. Parameters of the loaded data that contradict with the system mode information on the DX200P are not retrieved. When executed, the loaded data are activated, and the system returns to the operation mode.

Procedure

Press .

Press  soft key to display the [Save/Load, Clear data] menu screen.

Press  soft key to display the [Load settings] screen.



- Using the up and down arrow keys, select the directory (root directory [/] or [SET0] directory) containing the setup file shown in the [Directory name] box. A list of files in the selected directory is displayed in the right column.
- Press the right arrow key to move the cursor on to the file list. Press the up or down arrow key to select the setup file to be loaded. Press the ESC key to cancel the operation and return to the [Save/Load] menu.
- Press the [Details] soft key to view the information about the file. For details, see section 4.11.
- Press the DISP/ENTER key to return to the operation mode. The loaded setup data is activated.

At this point, **if the loaded setup data is not identical to the setup data on the DX200P, the setup file is saved to the external storage medium, and the log of setting change is saved to the setting change log** (audit trail function, see section 1.5).

Note


- If “damage check” indicates “damaged,” the setup data cannot be loaded.
- If the loaded setup data are void, check the error log. For the procedure for displaying the error log, see section 8.9.


5.24 Saving the Data in the Internal Memory to the External Storage Medium Using Keys

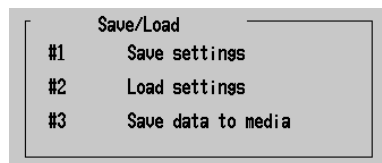
Save the data in the internal memory to the external storage medium when data acquisition is stopped.


This operation can be carried out only by an administrator.

Procedure

Press . The engineering mode menu screen appears.

Press the  soft key. The menu screen is displayed.



Press the  soft key.

The data in the internal memory is saved to the external storage medium.

Explanation

Data That Are Saved

The display data, event data, manual sampled data, TLOG data, and report data in the internal memory are saved. For details, see section 1.4.

Save Destination Directory

- The data saved using this method is saved to the following directory.
"The specified directory name".A** (where ** is a sequence number)
- The sequence number of the directory name is incremented by 1 each time the data save operation is carried out.
Example: If the specified directory name is [Data0], the data is saved to DATA0.A00 on the first key operation and DATA0.A01 on the second key operation.

Note

- This operation cannot be carried out if the engineering mode setting is changed but the change has not been applied.
- Data storage is cancelled when there is no free space on the storage medium.
- If a directory of the same name exists on the storage medium for saving data, an error message is displayed, and the save operation is terminated (data is not saved).
- You cannot carry out other operations while the data is being saved.
- If you change the directory name for saving the data, the sequence number is reset to 0.

6.1 Login/Logout

Logging in

Procedure

Logging in for the First Time

1. Press the FUNC key. A window appears for you to enter the user name.
2. Enter the user name and press the DISP/ENTER key.

For the procedures for entering values and strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

If the use of the user ID is enabled, a window appears for you to enter the user ID. Proceed to step 3.

If the use of the user ID is disabled, a window appears for you to enter the password. Proceed to step 4.

3. Enter the user ID and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter the password.

4. Enter the default password for the DX200P and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter a new password.

User	Default Password
Administrator 1	Admin1
Administrator 2	Admin2
Administrator 3	Admin3
User 1	User01
User 2	User02
:	:
User 90	User90

5. Enter the new password in the same fashion as step 2 and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to confirm the password.

Note

- The combinations of user IDs and passwords that are identical to those specified by other users or those that have been registered in the past cannot be specified.
- Set the password using 6 to 8 characters. Spaces cannot be used for the password.

6.1 Login/Logout

6. Enter the password that you entered in step 5 in the same fashion as step 2 and press the DISP/ENTER key. The window disappears and you are logged in.



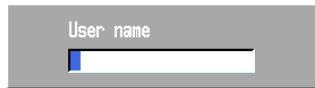
Logging in after the First Time

1. Press the FUNC key. A window appears for you to enter the user name.
2. Enter the user name and press the DISP/ENTER key.

For the procedures for entering values and strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

If the use of the user ID is enabled, a window appears for you to enter the user ID. Proceed to step 3.

If the use of the user ID is disabled, a window appears for you to enter the password. Proceed to step 4.



3. Enter the user ID in the same fashion as step 2 and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter the password.



4. Enter the password in the same fashion as step 2 and press the DISP/ENTER key. The window disappears and you are logged in.



"User locked" and Corrective Action

If you repeat the operation of entering a wrong password and pressing the DISP/ENTER key three times, the user is invalidated and can no longer log in. The status display section shows a User Locked icon.



- **Clearing the User Locked Icon (Executable Only by the Administrator)**

1. Log in as an administrator.
2. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
3. Press the [User Locked ACK] soft key to clear the User Locked icon.

- **Clearing the Invalidated User/Log in by the Invalidated User**

1. The administrator sets the password of the invalidated user to the default password. For the operating procedure, see section 4.4.
2. The invalidated user sets the password according to the procedure "Logging in for the First Time."

Note

If the passwords of all administrators are invalidated, you can no longer login as an administrator (if a user is registered, you can still log in as a user).

Make sure to keep track of passwords to avoid such situation. If you find yourself in such situation, contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

Logging Out

Procedure

Operation Using the FUNC Key

1. Press the FUNC key to display the FUNC key menu.
2. Press the [Logout] soft key to log out.



Logging Out Automatically

If the auto logout function is enabled (see section 4.4) and there is no key operation for the specified time, you will be automatically logged out.

6.2 Executing Memory Start/Memory Stop

Executing Memory Start

Procedure

1. Press the START key. The start screen is displayed.

Press DISP/ENTER to begin storage with these settings?

Start button

Header

1: Manager ABC2001

2: Supervisor SPSVR3

3: Operator opel

Headers 1 to 3

Batch No. []

Lot No. [0]

Batch number

Lot number

Comment

1 []

2 []

3 []

Comments 1 to 3

Entering the Batch Number, Lot Number, and Comment

Perform the following operations as necessary.

2. Using the arrow keys, move the cursor (blue) to the batch number, lot number, or comment 1, 2, or 3 box and press the [Input] soft key. Enter the batch number, lot number, or comment 1, 2, or 3 and press the DISP/ENTER key.
Batch number: Up to 32 characters
Lot number: Up to 8 digits
Comment 1, 2, and 3: Up to 32 characters
For the procedures for entering values and strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Starting Operations

3. Using the arrow keys, move the cursor (blue) to the [START] button and press the DISP/ENTER key.
The following operations start.
 - Acquisition of the display data or event data to the internal memory
The icon of the status display section changes to indicate data acquisition to the internal memory is in progress.
 - Waveform display on the trend screen.
 - On models with the computation function (/M1 option)
 - Computation
The computation icon appears in the status display section.
 - Report

Note

If a user that is not allowed to use [Batch] operation in login mode settings (see section 4.4) is logged in, the user cannot enter the batch number, lot number, and comment.

Executing Memory Stop

Procedure

1. Press the STOP key. A confirmation window below opens.

Note

If there are alarms that have not been acknowledged using the alarm ACK operation when you press the STOP key, a message "Please acknowledge all active alarms before stopping this record" appears. Cancel the memory stop operation as necessary (see step 3) and perform alarm ACK operation.

If Memory Stop is executed without alarm ACK operation, the alarm ACK operation is not recorded in that batch file. If the alarm ACK operation is performed after Memory Stop, the operation is recorded in the next batch file.

Do you want to stop data storage?

Yes No

Header
1: Manager ABC2001
2: Supervisor SPSVR3
3: Operator ope1

Batch No. Process1
Lot No. 00000001

Comment
1: sample
2:
3:

Header 1

Header 2

Header 3

Batch number

Lot number

Comments 1 to 3

For models with the computation function (/M1 option)

What do you want to stop?

Mem+Math Memory Cancel

Header
1: Manager ABC2001
2: Supervisor SPSVR3
3: Operator ope1

Batch No. Process1
Lot No. 00000001

Comment
1: sample
2:
3:

2. Confirm the batch information such as the header, batch number, lot number, and comments.
3. Select an item using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

- **For Models without the Computation Function (/M1 Option).**

Yes: Acquisition of the display/event data to the internal memory stops. The icon of the status display section changes to indicate data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped.

No: Acquisition of the display/event data to the internal memory continues.

- **For Models with the Computation Function (/M1 Option).**

Mem+Math: Acquisition of the display/event data to the internal memory and computation stop. If the report function is being used, it is also stopped.

The icon of the status display section changes to indicate data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped.

Memory: Acquisition of the display/event data to the internal memory stops. If the report function is being used, it is also stopped.

The icon of the status display section changes to indicate data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped.

Cancel: Acquisition of the display/event data to the internal memory and computation continue.

If the data acquisition to the internal memory is stopped, **the display data or event data is saved to the external storage medium.** If the report function is being used, a report data is created and saved to the external storage medium.

Make sure to back up the saved data.

If [batch stop sign record] is specified and a user that has sign authority executes Memory Stop, the signing record display appears. Proceed to section 6.3.

6.3 Signing Display Data/Event Data

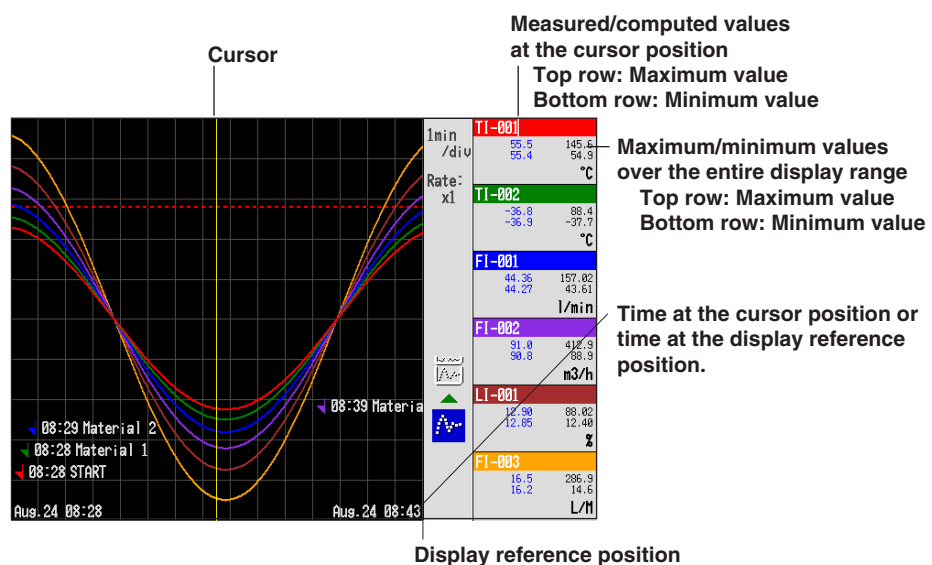
Sign the display data and event data using the sign record screen.

- If [batch stop sign record] is specified and a user that has sign authority executes Memory Stop, the signing record display appears.
- The sign record screen appears when the operation to load the display data or event data on the external storage medium (see section 8.7) is executed.

Note

If the type of process is [Batch] and a single batch data is divided into multiple files, the [Batch stop sign record] setting is invalid (you cannot sign using the DX200P). Use the DAQSIGNIN that came with the package to sign the data.

Procedure



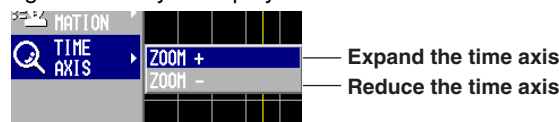
The following operations can be carried out on the sign record screen.

- **Read the time and measured/computed values at the cursor position**
- **Scroll the waveforms**
- **Change the range of displayed waveforms**

For details on the operations above, see section 7.5, “Using the Historical Trend.”

Expanding/Reducing the Time Axis

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Using the up and down arrow keys, move the cursor to [TIME AXIS]. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.



3. Select [ZOOM+] or [ZOOM-] using the up and down arrow keys.
4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to switch to the waveform display with the time axis expanded or reduced.

Display data: 2 times the trend display to 1/60 minimum

Event data: Reduction only, up to 1/60 minimum

The minimum magnification and the factor by which the display can be expanded or reduced with one operation varies depending on the display update

rate for the display data and on the sampling interval for the event data.
To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Using the up and down arrow keys, move the cursor to [TREND HISTORY]. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.

Sub menu of the historical trend screen



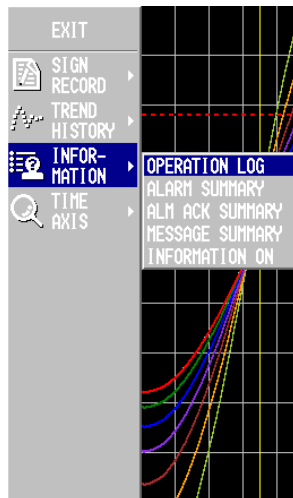
- GROUP 1: Displays group 1
- GROUP 2: Displays group 2
- GROUP 3: Displays group 3
- GROUP 4: Displays group 4
- GROUP 5: Displays group 5
- GROUP 6: Displays group 6
- ALL CHANNEL:
Displays the waveform of all the channels
(See "Explanation" in section 7.2)
- GROUP CHANNEL:
Displays the waveforms of the channels
registered to groups
- MESSAGE DISP 2:
Switches to message display 2.
- MESSAGE DISP 1:
Switches to message display 1.
(see "Explanation" in section 7.2)
- CURSOR TIME ON:
Displays the time at the cursor position.
- CURSOR TIME OFF:
Displays the time at the display reference
position.

3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.
4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display. To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Confirming the Information

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Using the up and down arrow keys, move the cursor to [INFORMATION]. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.

Sub Menu of "Information"



- OPERATION LOG:
Displays the operation log
- ALARM SUMMARY:
Displays the alarm summary
- ALM ACK SUMMARY:
Displays the alarm ACK summary
- MESSAGE SUMMARY:
Displays the message summary
- INFORMATION ON:
Displays the file information

3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.
4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the selected information. To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

6.3 Signing Display Data/Event Data

Operation Log

The operation log displays the log of operations from Memory Stop to the next Memory Stop.

The number of the log displayed on the last line
Total number of logs

(0020/0039)	Time	Action	User Name	[R]
Aus. 24. 2001	08:40:11	AlarmACK	ABC2001	
Aus. 24. 2001	08:39:35	Message	ABC2001	
Aus. 24. 2001	08:38:21	Manual	ABC2001	
Aus. 24. 2001	08:37:37	Snapshot	ABC2001	

Operation type (see page 1-36)
Name of the user who performed the operation
Operation information (see appendix 5)
Date and time when operation was performed

Alarm Summary

(020/122)	Channel	Type	Alarm IN Time	Alarm OUT Time
●	FI-003	2L	Aus. 02. 2001 16:15:28	
➡	TI-001	1H	Aus. 02. 2001 16:07:24	Aus. 02. 2001 16:10:52
●	FI-003	1H	Aus. 02. 2001 16:07:15	Aus. 02. 2001 16:10:59
●	FI-002	1L	Aus. 02. 2001 16:00:26	Aus. 02. 2001 16:01:40

Cursor (selects the alarm)
Date and time of release
Date and time of occurrence

Alarm ACK Summary

If the alarm display is set to [Hold], the log of alarm ACK operations is displayed.

(006/006)	Channel	Type	ACK Time	User Name
●	TI-001	1H	Aus. 03. 2001 14:51:49	ABC2001
●	FI-003	1H	Aus. 03. 2001 14:51:56	ABC2001
●	FI-003	2L	Aus. 03. 2001 14:52:01	ABC2001
●	TI-001	1H	Aus. 03. 2001 14:51:49	ABC2001

Date and time of alarm ACK operation

Message Summary

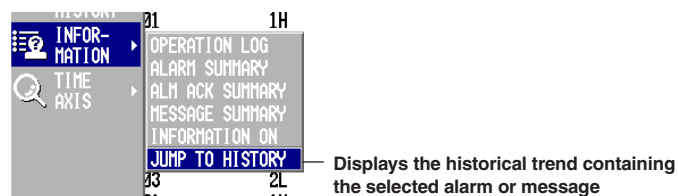
(003/003)	Message / Time	User Name
➡	Material 2 Aus. 02. 2001 16:03:17	ABC2001
	Material 1 Aus. 02. 2001 16:02:37	ABC2001
	START Aus. 02. 2001 16:01:51	ABC2001

Cursor (selects the message)

- **Recalls the Historical Trend for When the Alarm Occurred / Recalls the Historical Trend for When the Message Was Written.**

The operation described here is for the case when alarm summary or message summary is being displayed.

5. Move the cursor using the up and down arrow keys and select the alarm or message for which the historical trend is to be displayed.
6. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
7. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu. [TREND HISTORY] is selected in the sub menu.



8. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the historical trend. To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

• **Confirming the File Information**

Select [INFORMATION ON] from the sub menu and press the DISP/ENTER key to display the file information. You can switch the file information window using the left and right arrow keys.

Basic information

```

Process1-00000003
File Name (Data Kind) : Y1608091.DBE (EVENT)
Serial No.           : 12A338617
Start Time          : Nov.16.2001 08:09:50
Start User Name     : ABC2001
End Time            : Nov.16.2001 08:17:02
End User Name       : ABC2001

Header 1 : Manager ABC2001
Header 2 : Supervisor SPSVR3
Header 3 : Operator opel
                    
```

**File name (Data type)*
(DISP: Display data
EVENT: Event data)**

**Serial number of the DX200P
used for data acquisition**

**Date & time and the user
name at Batch Start/Stop**

Headers

Comments, date and time, user name

```

Comment 1 : sample
User Name : ABC2001
Time      : Nov.16.2001 08:09:48

Comment 2 :
User Name :
Time      :

Comment 3 :
User Name :
Time      :
                    
```

Sign record
Date and time, result (pass/fail), comments

```

Sign record 1:
Time :
Result :
Comment :

Sign record 2:
Time :
Result :
Comment :

Sign record 3:
Time :
Result :
Comment :
                    
```

* For data that is saved using keys while data acquisition is stopped, the file name and data type appear in red. See page 1-31.

Signing (Adding Approval Information)

Note

Make sure to confirm the measured/computed data and alarm information before signing the data.

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Move the cursor to [SIGN RECORD]* using the up and down arrow keys.
 - * This menu is displayed when the user is assigned a sign authority level.

When Logged in as an Administrator

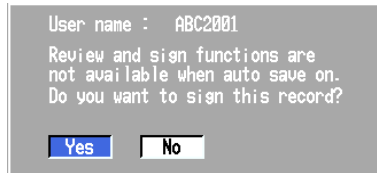
Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu. Select [Sign1], [Sign2], or [Sign3] using the up and down arrow keys.

6.3 Signing Display Data/Event Data

When Logged in as a User

If you are logged in as a user, you can sign at the registered authority level only. The sub menu [Sign1] to [Sign3] does not appear.

3. Press the DISP/ENTER key. A confirmation window is displayed. To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.
4. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.



User name : ABC2001
Review and sign functions are
not available when auto save on.
Do you want to sign this record?

For data that is saved using keys while data acquisition is stopped, the text appears in red. See page 1-31.

If the use of the user ID is enabled, a window appears for you to enter the user ID. Proceed to step 5.

If the use of the user ID is disabled, a window appears for you to enter the password. Proceed to step 6.

5. Enter the user ID and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter the password.



User name : ABC2001
User ID

6. Enter the password and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to select [Pass] or [Fail].

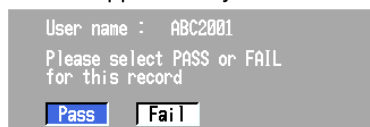


User name : ABC2001
Password

Note

If you repeat the operation of entering a wrong password and pressing the DISP/ENTER key **three times**, the user is invalidated. Have the administrator set a default password and reset the password according to "Logging in for the First Time."

7. Select [Pass] or [Fail] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter a comment.

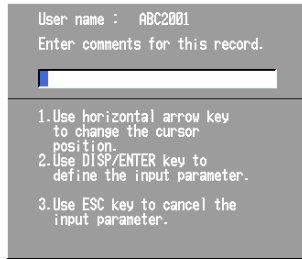


User name : ABC2001
Please select PASS or FAIL
for this record

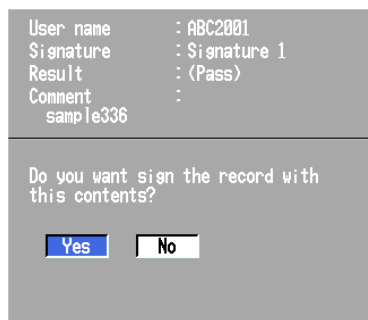
Note

After confirming the data, select [Pass] if it is OK or [Fail] if it is not. Define the pass/fail criteria for each application and for each user.

- Enter a comment (up to 32 characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key. A confirmation window opens.



- Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key. The approval information is added to the data file on the external storage medium. The operation screen is displayed.



Note

While the DX200P is writing the approval information to the data file in the external storage medium, and the file is being transferred using FTP (when the file transfer function through FTP is used), the keys on the DX200P do not operate. If a remote control signal is received, the action is executed after the above mentioned processing ends.

Exiting from the Sign Record Screen without Signing

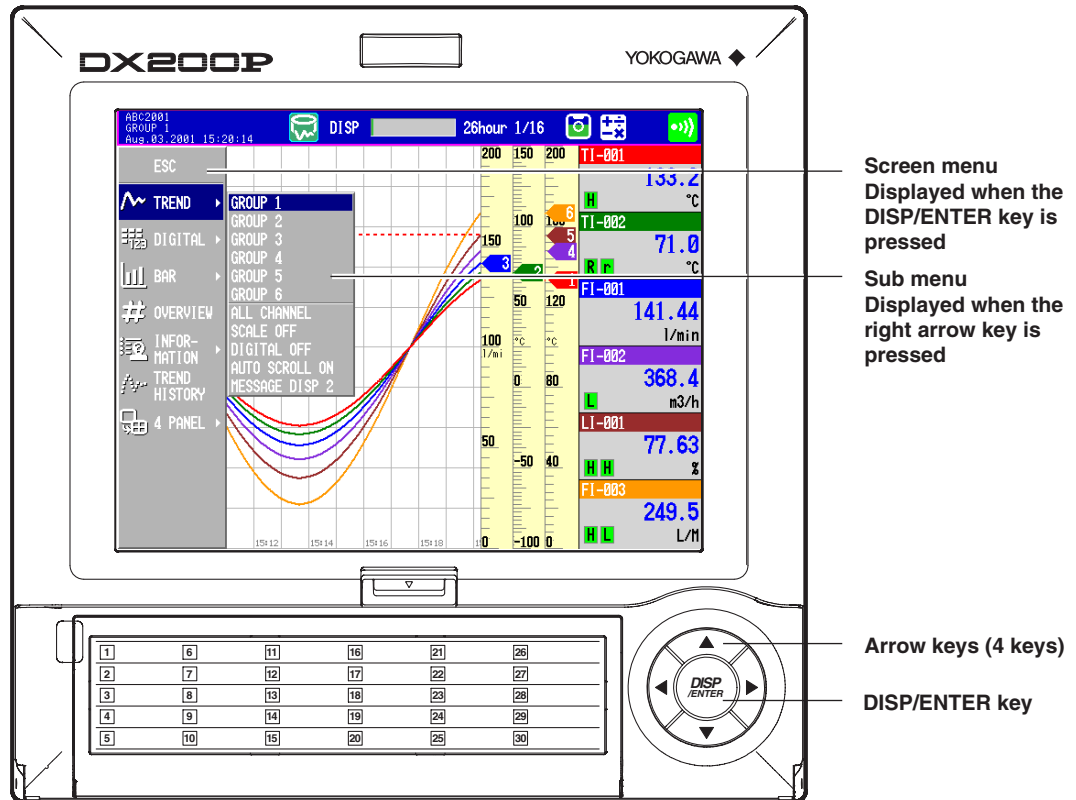
- Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
- Move the cursor to [EXIT] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key to return to the original operation screen.



Select to exit from the sign record display without signing.

7.1 Displaying and Switching Operation Screens

The screen is switched using the arrow keys and the DISP/ENTER key.



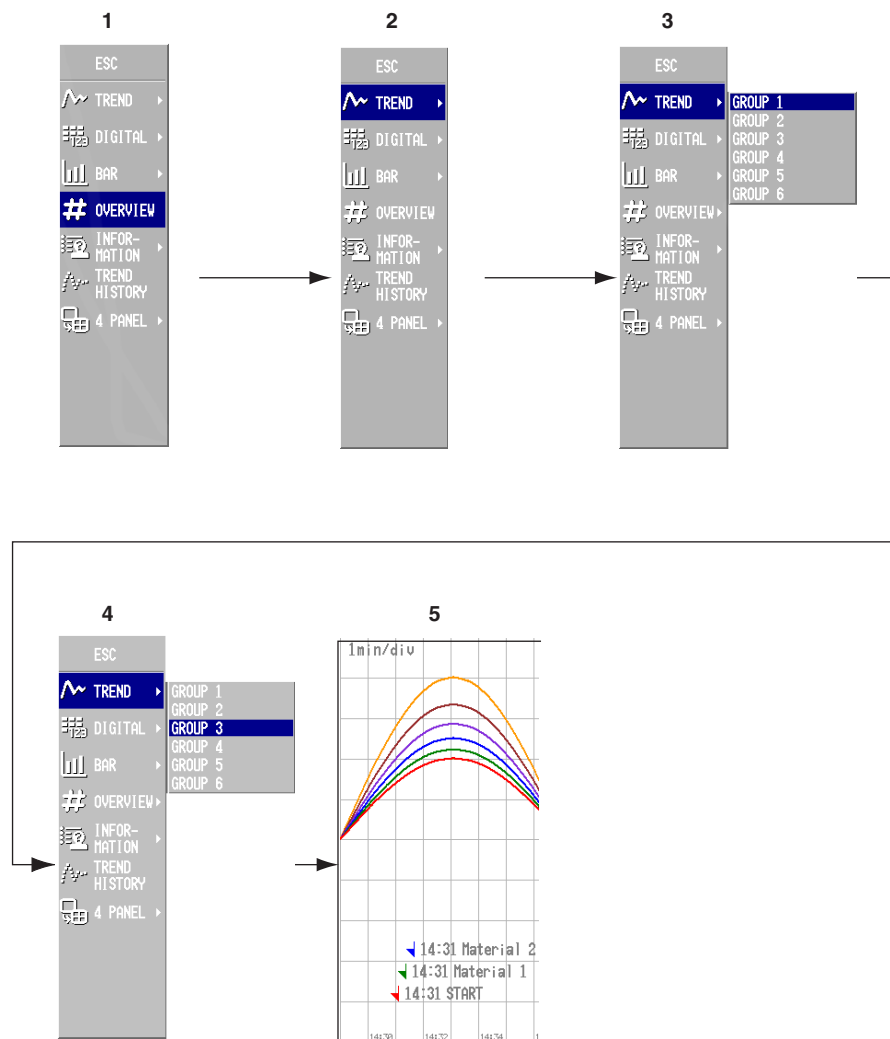
7.1 Displaying and Switching Operation Screens

Procedure

Switching the Screen

Carry out the following procedure to switch the displayed screen.

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Select the type of screen to be displayed using the up and down arrow keys.
3. For items with a ▶ mark, you can display the sub menu by pressing the right arrow key.
4. Select the screen to be displayed using the up and down arrow keys.
5. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen.



7.2 Using the Trend, Digital, and Bar Graph Screens

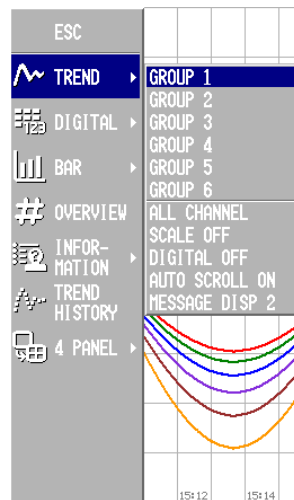
Trend Screen

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the trend screen



- GROUP 1: Displays group 1
- GROUP 2: Displays group 2
- GROUP 3: Displays group 3
- GROUP 4: Displays group 4
- GROUP 5: Displays group 5
- GROUP 6: Displays group 6

ALL CHANNEL:
Displays the waveform of all the channels
(See "Explanation")

GROUP CHANNEL:
Displays the waveforms of the channels registered to groups

SCALE ON: Displays the scale
SCALE OFF: Clears the scale

DIGITAL OFF:
Clears the numerical display section

DIGITAL ON:
Displays the numerical display section

AUTO SCROLL ON:
Automatically switches the displayed groups
(see "Explanation")

AUTO SCROLL OFF:
Cancels the auto switching of the displayed groups

MESSAGE DISP 2:
Switches to message display 2.

MESSAGE DISP 1:
Switches to message display 1.
(see "Explanation")

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display. To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Starting the Waveform Display of the Trend Display/Stopping the Waveform Update

The operation for starting and stopping the waveform display of the trend display is the same as the operation for Memory Start and Memory Stop. When Memory Start is executed, waveforms are displayed; when Memory Stop is executed, waveforms are not updated. For the operating procedure, see section 6.2.

Writing Messages

See section 8.2.

7.2 Using the Trend, Digital, and Bar Graph Screens

Explanation

Waveform Display during All Channel Display or Group Display

In group display, the waveforms of channels that are assigned to the group (see section 5.9) and are set to display the trend (see section 4.3) are displayed.

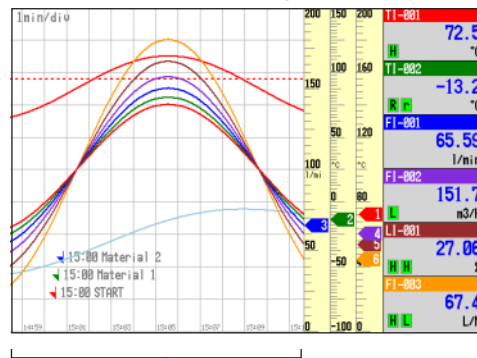
In **all channel display**, the waveforms of all channels that are set to display the trend (see section 4.3) are displayed on the current group display.

Condition Assigned to Groups ^{*1}	Trend Display/Data Storage Specification ^{*2}	Trend's Waveform Display	
		During Group Display	During All Channel Display
Yes	Yes	Display	Display
Yes	None	Don't display	Don't display
None	Yes	Don't display	Display
None	None	Don't display	Don't display

*1 Whether or not the channel is assigned to a group.

*2 Whether or not the channel is set to display the trend and store the data.

Trend all channel display example (horizontal display)



Except for the waveform, all information displayed on the screen corresponds to the group that was being displayed before switching to the all channel display.

The waveforms of all the channels set to display the trend are displayed.

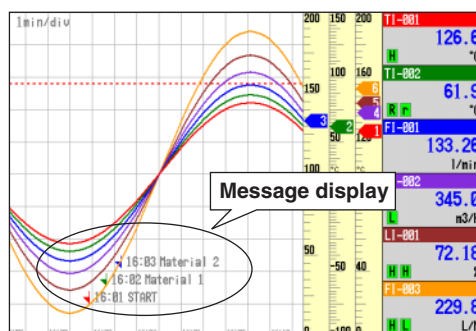
Auto Switching of Groups

When [AUTO SCROLL ON] is selected, the displayed group on the trend, digital, and bar graph displays can be automatically switched at a specified interval. In each display, the displayed group rotates from group 1 to group 6. You can select 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, and 1 min for the switch interval. For the procedure related to setting the switch interval (scroll time), see section 5.13.

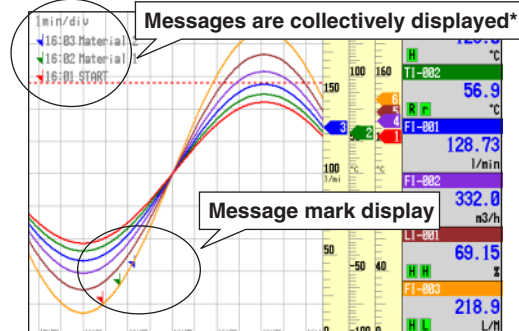
Displaying Messages

You can switch between the two message display formats as shown below by selecting [MESSAGE DISP 1] or [MESSAGE DISP 2].

Message display 1



Message display 2



* The number of lines that can be displayed varies depending on the trend display direction and the number of scales displayed.

Vertical: 10 lines max., Horizontal: 4 lines, Horizontal (type 2): 3 lines

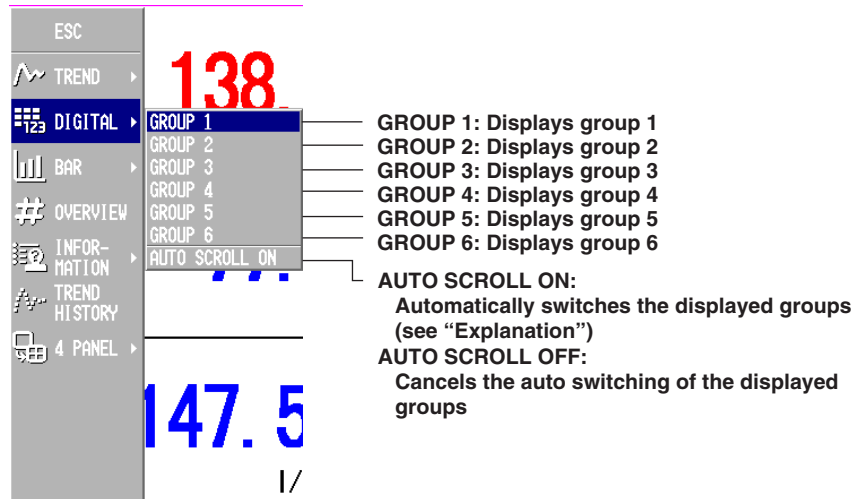
Digital Screen

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the digital screen



4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display.
 To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Bar Graph Screen

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the bar graph screen

GROUP 1: Displays group 1
 GROUP 2: Displays group 2
 GROUP 3: Displays group 3
 GROUP 4: Displays group 4
 GROUP 5: Displays group 5
 GROUP 6: Displays group 6

AUTO SCROLL ON:
 Automatically switches the displayed groups (see "Explanation")
 AUTO SCROLL OFF:
 Cancels the auto switching of the displayed groups

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display.
 To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Changing the Displayed Group Using the Arrow Keys

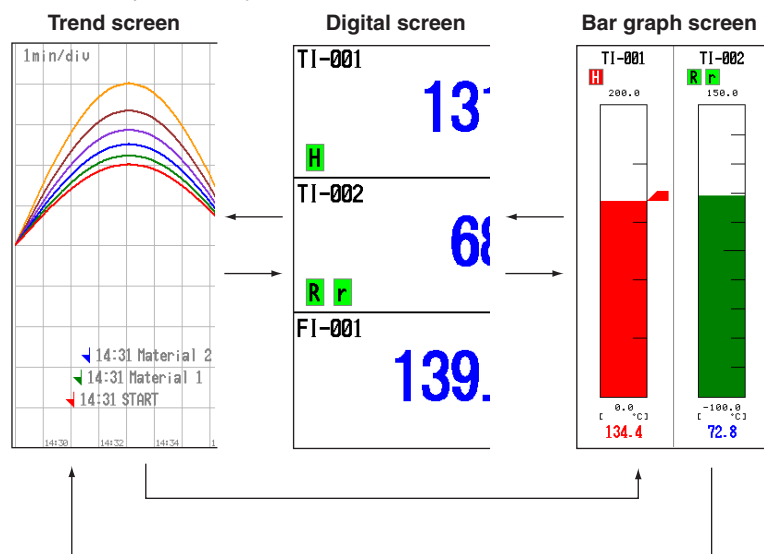
Procedure

Press the right arrow key while displaying the trend, digital, or bar graph screen to rotate the displayed group from group 1 to group 6.
Press the left arrow key to rotate the displayed group in reverse order.

Switching the Trend, Digital, and Bar Graph Screen Using the Arrow Keys

Procedure

Press the down arrow key while displaying the trend, digital, or bar graph screen to switch the screen in the order trend, digital, bar graph, trend, and so on.
Press the up arrow key to switch the screen in reverse order.



7.3 Using the Overview Screen

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the overview screen

The screenshot shows a menu with the following items and their functions:

- CURSOR OFF:** Clears the cursor
- CURSOR ON:** Displays the cursor
- JUMP TO TREND:** Displays the trend screen of the group containing the channel selected using the cursor
- JUMP TO BAR:** Displays the bar graph screen of the group containing the channel selected using the cursor
- ACK ALARM 1:** Performs ACK operation against alarm 1 of the channel selected using the cursor ("H" indicates that an unacknowledged upper limit alarm is occurring)
- ACK alarm 2:** Performs ACK operation against alarm 2 of the channel selected using the cursor
- ACK alarm 3:** Performs ACK operation against alarm 3 of the channel selected using the cursor
- ACK alarm 4:** Performs ACK operation against alarm 4 of the channel selected using the cursor

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display.
To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Releasing Alarm Display/Relay Output (Option) of Individual Alarms (Alarm ACK Operation)*

The operation described here is for the screen with the cursor displayed.

1. Move the cursor using the arrow keys and select the channel on which the alarm is occurring.
2. The alarm display/relay output is released^{*2} by performing the procedure as described in "Changing the Display."

*1 Operation when the use of alarm ACK operation (see section 4.1) is enabled.

*2 For the procedure in releasing the alarm display/relay output of all alarms and a description on the alarm display and output relay behavior, see section 8.12.

Switching to the Trend/Bar Graph Display Containing the Channel Specified Using the Cursor

The operation described here is for the screen with the cursor displayed.

1. Move the cursor using the arrow keys and select the channel.
2. Switch to the trend display or bar graph according to the procedure described in "Changing the Display."

7.4 Using the Information Screen (Alarm Summary, Alarm ACK Summary, Message Summary, and Memory Summary)

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the information screen



- ALARM SUMMARY:**
Displays the alarm summary
- ALM ACK SUMMARY:**
Displays the alarm ACK summary
- MESSAGE SUMMARY:**
Displays the message summary.
- Memory summary:**
Displays the memory summary
- JUMP TO HISTORY:**
When alarm summary is displayed
Displays the historical trend for when the alarm selected using the cursor occurred
When message summary is displayed
Displays the historical trend for when the message selected using the cursor was written
When memory summary is displayed
Displays the historical trend for the data selected using the cursor
- JUMP TO REPORT:**
(Only when memory summary is displayed)
Displays the most recent report data.

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display.
To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

7.4 Using the Information Screen (Alarm Summary,, and Memory Summary)

Alarm Summary

Procedure

Recalling the Historical Trend for When the Alarm Occurred.

The operation described here is for the alarm summary.

1. Move the cursor using the up and down arrow keys and select the alarm.

(006/006) Channel	Type	Alarm IN Time	Alarm OUT Time
● TI-001	1H	Aug. 03. 2001 14:47:59	Aug. 03. 2001 14:50:45
● FI-003	1H	Aug. 03. 2001 14:47:47	Aug. 03. 2001 14:50:53
● FI-003	2L	Aug. 03. 2001 14:39:46	Aug. 03. 2001 14:42:38
● TI-001	1H	Aug. 03. 2001 14:31:44	Aug. 03. 2001 14:34:30
● FI-003	1H	Aug. 03. 2001 14:31:32	Aug. 03. 2001 14:34:38

Select the alarm →

2. Display the historical trend according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display.”

The data of the following type is displayed.

- When configured to acquire the display data to the internal memory: Display data
- When configured to acquire the event data to the internal memory: Event data

Alarm ACK Summary

Procedure

Date and time when the alarm ACK operation is executed and the name of the user who executed is displayed.

(013/013) Channel	Type	ACK Time	User Name
● FI-003	2L		
● TI-001	1H	Aug. 18. 2001 16:31:38	ABC2001
● FI-003	1H	Aug. 18. 2001 16:30:01	ABC2001
● FI-003	2L	Aug. 18. 2001 16:24:35	ABC2001

When alarm ACK operation is executed, the time of execution and the user name are shown on the alarm ACK summary screen.

Operation type (see page 1-13)

Message Summary

Procedure

Recalling the Historical Trend for When the Message Was Written.

The operation described here is for the memory summary.

1. Move the cursor using the up and down arrow keys and select the message.

(009/009) Message / Time	User Name	
Material 2 Aug. 18. 2001 16:14:46	ABC2001	[R]
Material 1 Aug. 18. 2001 16:14:38	ABC2001	[R]
START Aug. 18. 2001 16:14:28	ABC2001	[R]

Select the message →

Operation type
(see page 1-14)

2. Display the historical trend according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display.”

The data of the following type is displayed.

- When configured to acquire the display data to the internal memory: Display data
- When configured to acquire the event data to the internal memory: Event data

Memory Summary

Procedure

Displaying the Historical Trend for the Data Specified by Memory Summary

The operation described here is for the case when the information of display data or event data is displayed in the memory summary.

1. Move the cursor using the up and down arrow keys and select the data.

Select the data →

M. SAMPLE DATA	(04/50)	: Jan. 01. 2000 00:37:11	RELAY 0:	■■■■■■■	1:	■■■■■■■
TLOG DATA	(042/400)	: Aug. 07. 2001 10:30:00				
REPORT DATA	(06/50)	: Aug. 07. 2001 10:00:00				
SAMPLE DATA	:	● DISPLAY DATA				
(08/10)	Batch Name / Start	End Time	Data	Status		
Process1-00000004	Aug. 07. 2001 10:20:48	Aug. 07. 2001 10:34:14	404	Sampling		
Process1-00000004	Aug. 07. 2001 10:00:02	Aug. 07. 2001 10:20:32	616	Power Fail		
Process1-00000004	Aug. 07. 2001 09:00:02	Aug. 07. 2001 10:00:00	1800	Auto Save		

2. Display the historical trend according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display.”

Report Data (/M1 option)

Procedure

Displaying the Report Data

Display the report data according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display.”

Number of the report data being displayed
 Number of report data stored to the internal memory

Index: 7/13	Kind: Hourly	Start: Aug. 07. 2001 00:44:20	Timeup: Aug. 07. 2001 10:39:58			
Channel	Unit	Sts	Ave	Max	Min	Sum
TI-001	°C	-OP-	106.0	99999	54.0	2.50E371E+05
TI-002	°C	-OP-	33.3	99999	-30.9	7.870073E+04
FI-001	l/min	-OP-	107.50	99999	42.51	2.540787E+05
FI-002	~3%	-OP-	791.4	99999	88.7	6.415015E+06

Switching the Displayed Report Data

The [Number] box of the report data display shows “the number of the report data being displayed/the number of report data saved to the internal memory.” The largest report data number corresponds to the most recent report data.

Press the arrow keys while displaying the report data to switch the report data to be displayed. The behavior when the four keys are pressed is as follows:

- Up arrow key:** Displays the report data corresponding to report data being displayed + 1.
- Down arrow key:** Displays the report data corresponding to report data being displayed – 1.
- Right arrow key:** Displays the report data corresponding to report data being displayed + 10. However, if such report data does not exist, the most recent report data is displayed (maximum report data number).
- Left arrow key:** Displays the report data corresponding to report data being displayed – 10. However, if such report data does not exist, the oldest report data is displayed (report data number 1).

Note

Even if a new report data is created while displaying the report data, the display is not updated. The most recent report data is displayed by performing either operation below.

- Press the right arrow key.
- Press DISP/ENTER and display the report data again from the screen menu.

7.5 Using the Historical Trend

Displaying the Historical Trend

There are four methods for displaying the historical trend.

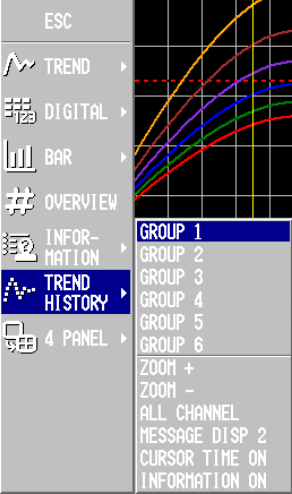
- Display from the alarm summary ⇒ section 7.4
- Display from the message summary ⇒ section 7.4
- Display from the memory summary ⇒ section 7.4
- Call from the screen menu ⇒ section 7.1

Procedure

Changing the Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
2. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
3. Select the sub menu item using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the historical trend screen



GROUP 1: Displays group 1
GROUP 2: Displays group 2
GROUP 3: Displays group 3
GROUP 4: Displays group 4
GROUP 5: Displays group 5
GROUP 6: Displays group 6

ZOOM+: Display by expanding the time axis
ZOOM-: Display by reducing the time axis

ALL CHANNEL:
Displays the waveform of all the channels
(see "Explanation" in section 7.2).

GROUP CHANNEL:
Displays the waveforms of the channels
registered to groups.

MESSAGE DISP 2:
Switches to message display 2.

MESSAGE DISP 1:
Switches to message display 1
(see "Explanation" in section 7.2).

CURSOR TIME ON:
Displays the time at the cursor position.

CURSOR TIME OFF:
Displays the time at the display reference
position.

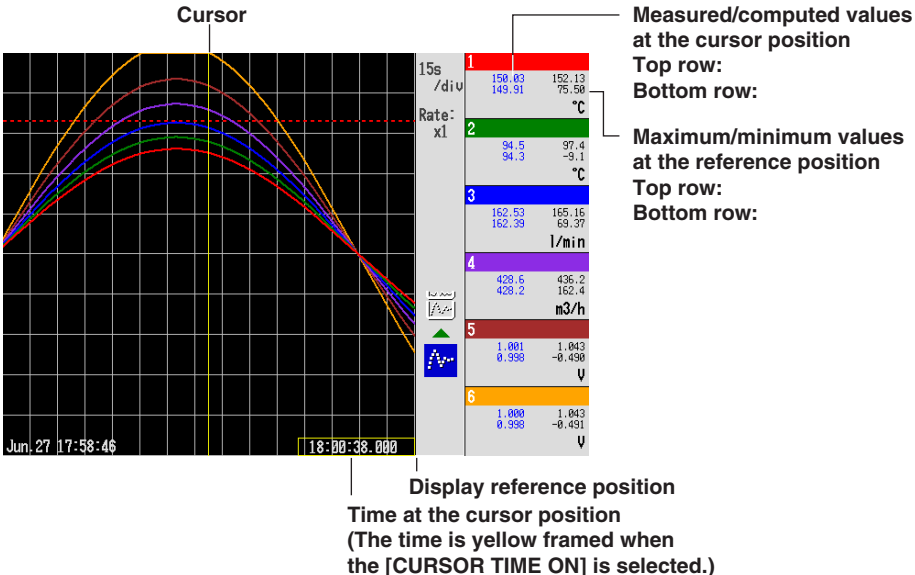
INFORMATION ON:
Displays the memory information.

4. Press the DISP/ENTER key to execute the display.
To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

Reading the Measured/Computed Values Using the Cursor

The measured/computed values at the cursor position are displayed on the screen. You can move the cursor by pressing the left and right arrow keys (during horizontal display) or up and down arrow keys (during vertical display).

- * When the cursor reaches the end of the displayed waveform, the display range of the waveform moves so that the cursor is at the center of the display range.



Note

Moving the Cursor

- Press an arrow key once to move the cursor by 1 dot.
- Keep pressing an arrow key to move the cursor by 2 divisions. In this case, when the cursor reaches the end of the screen, it no longer moves.

Date and Time at the Cursor Position

- Time down to milliseconds is displayed for the following cases. Otherwise, time down to seconds is displayed.
 - Event data acquired at a sampling interval of 500 ms or lower.
 - Display data acquired at a display update rate of 15 sec/div.
- If you reduce the time axis, multiple sampled points exist at each dot on the time axis of the screen. In this case, the time of the oldest data is displayed.

Scrolling the Waveforms

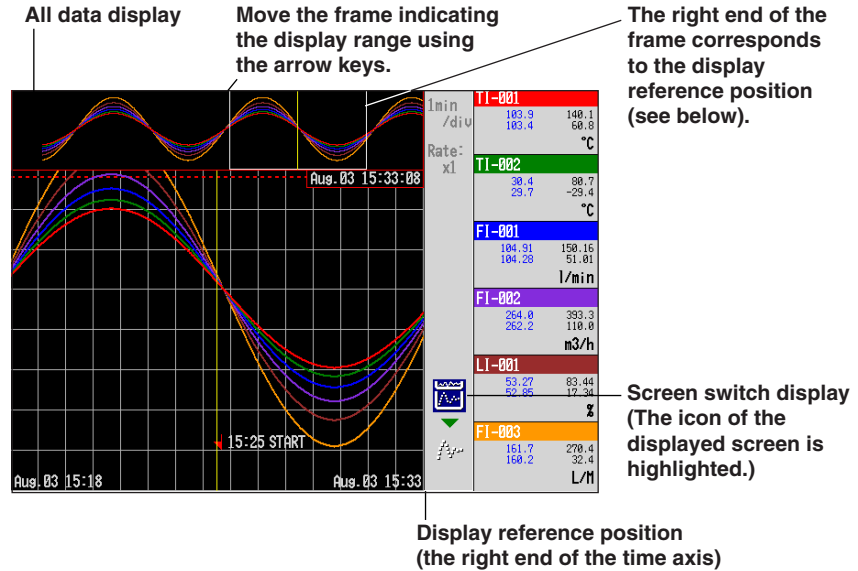
When the cursor is at the end of the display range and you press the arrow key directed away from the center, the waveform scrolls for a half of page.

7.5 Using the Historical Trend

Specifying the Display Range

The position specified by the frame is the display range. Items inside the parentheses are for vertical trend displays.

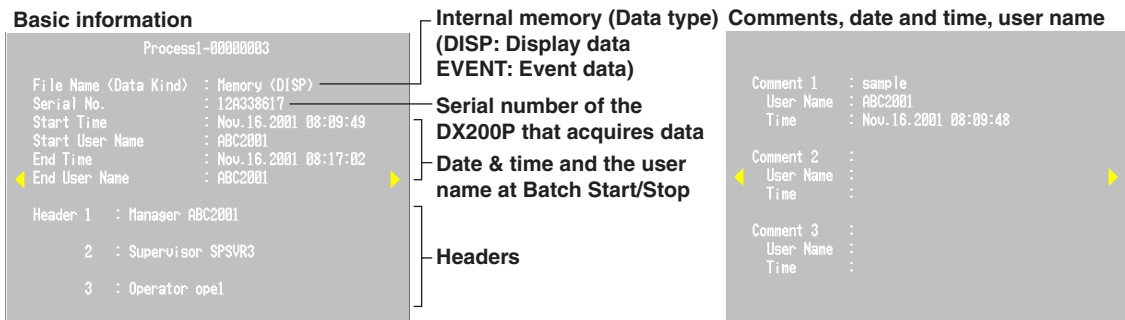
1. Press the up (right) arrow key to display the waveform of the entire data range at the top section (right side) of the screen.



2. Set the display position by moving the frame using the left and right (up and down) arrow keys.
3. Press the down (left) arrow key to display the historical trend with the waveform display position changed.

Displaying/Clearing the Memory Information

1. Select [INFORMATION ON] according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display” and press the DISP/ENTER key to display the memory information. You can use the left and right arrow keys to switch the memory information display.



2. Press the DISP/ENTER key to clear the memory information window.

Expanding/Reducing the Time Axis

Expand or reduce the time axis according to the procedure described in “Changing the Display.” The time axis can be expanded or reduced with respect to the cursor position.

Display data: 2 times the trend display to 1/60 minimum

Event data: Reduction only, up to 1/60 minimum

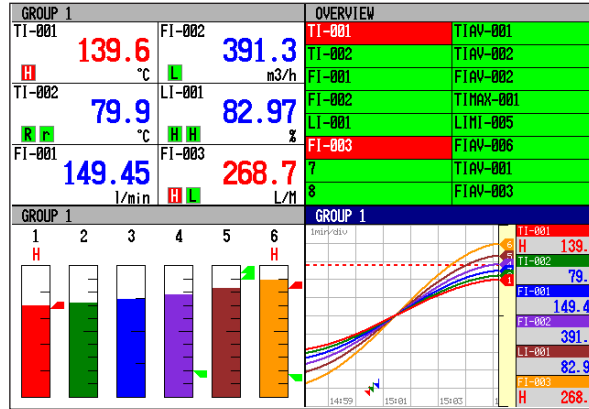
The minimum magnification and the factor by which the display can be expanded or reduced with one operation vary depending on the display update rate for the display data and on the sampling interval for the event data.

7.6 Using the 4 Panel Display

Procedure

Switching the Screen

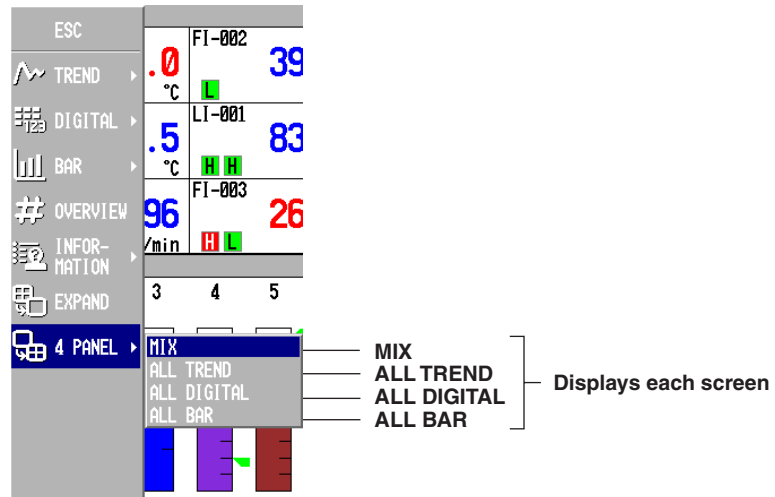
1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the title section of one of the 4 panels in dark blue.



The title section of the selected quadrant displayed in dark blue.

2. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
3. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
4. From the sub menu, select the screen to be displayed using the up and down arrow keys.

Sub menu of the 4 panel display



5. Press the DISP/ENTER key to switch the screen.
To close the menu without switching the screen, press the ESC key.

7.6 Using the 4 Panel Display

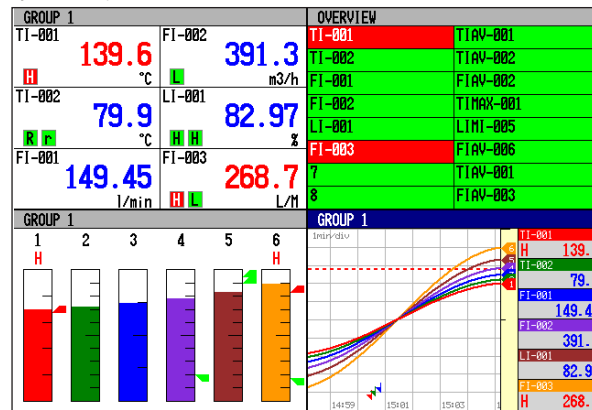
Switching the Screens Using the Arrow Keys

Press the right arrow key to change the screens in the order “4 panel 1,” “4 panel 2,” “4 panel 3,” “4 panel 4,” “4 panel 1,” and so on. Press the left arrow key to rotate the displayed group in reverse order.

Changing the Display Assign to the 4 Panel Display

The operations described here for 4 panel display.

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the title section of a quadrant in dark blue.
2. Select the quadrant you wish to change the display using the arrow keys (the quadrant of which the title section is displayed in dark blue is the selected quadrant).



The title section of the selected quadrant displayed in dark blue.

3. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
 4. Select the display to be assigned using the up and down arrow keys.
- **When Assigning the Trend, Digital, Bar Graph, or Information Display Screen**
 5. Press the right arrow key to display the sub menu.
 6. Select the group or screen using the up and down arrow keys.
 7. Press the DISP/ENTER key to assign the specified screen to the selected quadrant.
To close the menu without assigning the screen, press the ESC key.
 - **When Assigning the Overview Display**
 5. Press the DISP/ENTER key to assign the overview display to the selected quadrant.

Note

- The screens that can be assigned to the 4 panel display are trend (excluding all channel display), digital, bar graph, overview, alarm summary, message summary, and memory summary screens.
- The following information is not displayed on the 4 panel display.
 - Measured/computed values, alarm type, and cursor of the overview
 - Scale of trends
 - Measured/computed values, upper and lower limit of span, and unit of bar graphs.
 - Cursors of alarm summary, message summary, and memory summary
- Channel numbers are used on the screens assigned to a quadrant, even if the tag name display is specified.
 - Trend screen in vertical waveform display
 - Trend screen in type 2 horizontal waveform display
 - Trend screen in horizontal waveform display when the seven or more channels are assigned to the group.
 - Bar graph screen

Expanding One Screen for a 1 Screen Display

1. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the title section of one of the 4 panels in dark blue.
2. Select the quadrant you wish to expand using the arrow keys (the quadrant of which the title section is displayed in dark blue is the selected quadrant).
3. Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu.
4. Select [EXPAND] using the up and down arrow keys.
You can select [EXPAND] from the sub menu by pressing the right arrow key ([EXPAND] is selected when the sub menu is displayed).



5. Press the DISP/ENTER key to expand the specified screen.
To close the menu without expanding the screen, press the ESC key.

You can change the name of the 4 panel display. For the operating procedure, see section 8.11.

8.1 Setting the Batch Number, Lot Number, and Comment

Procedure

These procedures are carried out in the operation mode.

Opening the Batch Screen

1. Press the FUNC key. The soft key menu is displayed.
2. Press the [Batch] soft key to display the batch screen.

The screenshot shows a terminal interface. At the top, there is a blue button labeled 'Batch' and a grey button below it. Below these is a grey rectangular area containing the following text:

```
Header
1: Manager ABC2001
2: Supervisor SPSVR3
3: Operator ope1

Batch No. [ ]
Lot No. [ 1 ]
Comment
1 [ ]
2 [ ]
3 [ ]
```

Numbered callouts on the right side of the screenshot point to the following elements:

- 3: The 'Batch No.' label and its input field.
- 4: The 'Lot No.' label and its input field containing the number '1'.
- 5: The 'Comment' label and its three input fields.

Changing the Batch Number

3. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor (blue) to the [Batch No.] box. Press the [Input] soft key. The other items are dimmed and the batch number can be entered. Change the batch number (up to 32 characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key to confirm the change. For the procedures for entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Changing the Lot Number

4. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor (blue) to the [Lot No.] box. Press the [Input] soft key. The other items are dimmed and the lot number can be entered. Change the lot number (up to 8 digits) and press the DISP/ENTER key to confirm the change. For the procedures for entering values, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Note

Batch numbers and lot numbers cannot be changed after Memory Start.

8.1 Setting the Batch Number, Lot Number, and Comment

Entering Comments

Three comments (1, 2, and 3) can be set separately.

5. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the [Comment] box [1], [2], or [3]. Press the [Input] soft key. The other items are dimmed and the comment can be entered. Enter the comment (up to 32 characters) and press the DISP/ENTER key to confirm the setting.
For the procedures for entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Note

- You can change the comment as many times as you wish **before executing Memory Start**. Only the comment that was entered last remains.
 - **After Memory Start**, only the comments that are not specified can be entered. You can change the comment as many times as you wish while the batch screen is displayed. Only the comment that was entered last remains.
 - The comment is cleared when Memory Stop is executed.
-

Clearing the Batch Screen Window

Press the DISP/ENTER key or the ESC key while the batch screen is displayed.

Note

The batch number, lot number, and comments are saved to the display data file or event data file. They are not saved to the setup file.

8.2 Writing Messages Strings (Trend)

You can set arbitrary strings (messages) and display them on the trend display. The displayed message is written to the internal memory.

The written messages can be listed in the message summary. For the procedure in displaying the message summary, see section 7.4.

Note

Messages can be written after Memory Start.

Procedure

Operation Using the FUNC Key

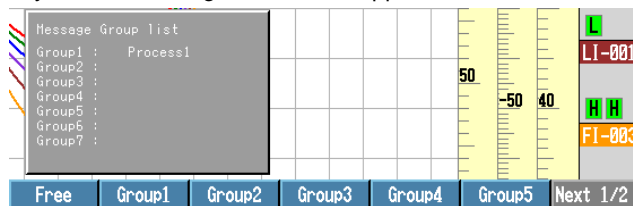
These procedures are carried out in the operation mode.

1. Press the FUNC key. The soft key menu is displayed.
2. Press the [Message] soft key. Soft keys for free message and message groups 1 through 7 and a message group list window appear.

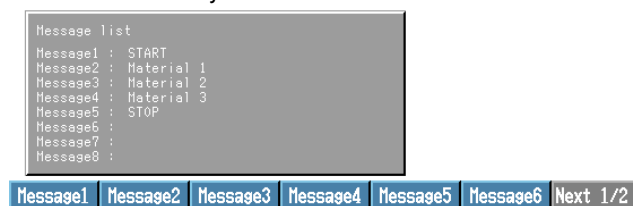


Writing Messages of Message Groups 1 through 7

3. Press one of the [Group 1] to [Group 7] soft keys. Message 1 through 8 soft keys and a message list window appear.



4. Press the soft key corresponding to the message you wish to write. A message mark, time, and the message are displayed on the trend display and written to the internal memory.



Setting and Writing the Message String

3. Press the [Free] soft key. Message 1 through 8 soft keys appear.



8.2 Writing Messages Strings (Trend)

- Press the soft key corresponding to the message you wish to write. A window appears for you to set the message string.



- Enter the message (up to 32 characters), and press the DISP/ENTER key. A message mark, time, and the message are displayed on the trend display and written to the internal memory. A window for entering the message string is cleared.

For the procedures for entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."

Operation Using the USER Key

The operation described here is for the case when the function used to write the message is assigned to the USER key.

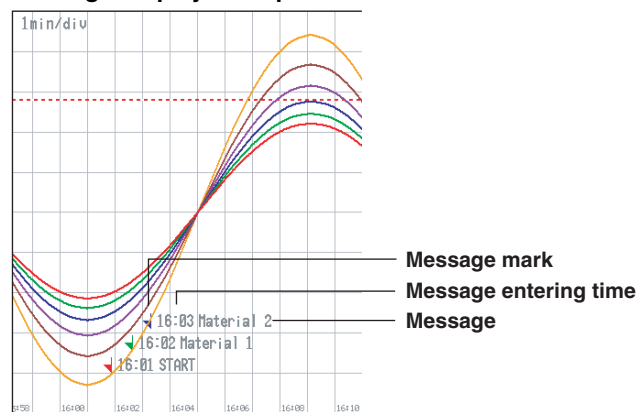
- Press the USER key. A message mark, time, and the message corresponding to the message (1 to 8) that are assigned to the USER key are displayed on the trend display and written to the internal memory.

Note

Messages that can be written using the USER key are messages 1 to 8 of message group 1 to 7.

Explanation

Message Display Example



Display Color of Message

The message colors on the trend display are shown below. You cannot change the colors.

Message number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Display color	Red	Green	Blue	Blue-violet	Brown	Orange	Yellow-green	Light blue

8.3 Storing Measured/Computed Data at Arbitrary Times (Manual Sampling)

The instantaneous values of the all measurement and computation channels (excluding the measurement channels that are set to [Skip] and the computation channels that are turned Off) can be saved to the external storage medium with a key operation. For actions related to saving manual sampled data, see section 1.4. The data format of the manual sampled data is explained in appendix 2, “Data Formats of ASCII Files.”

Procedure

Operation Using the FUNC Key

This operation is carried out in the operation mode.

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Manual sample] soft key to execute the manual sampling.



Operation Using the USER Key

This is an operation carried out only when the manual sampling is assigned to the USER key.

1. Press the USER key to execute the manual sampling.

8.4 Starting/Stopping Computation, Resetting Computation, Releasing Computation Dropout Display (/M1 Option)

Starting/Stopping Computation

Procedure

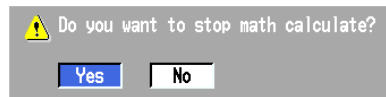
Operations Using the START/STOP Key

- **Starting/Stopping the Computation Simultaneously with Memory Start/Stop**

See section 6.2.

- **Stopping the Computation (When Memory Start Is Not Executed)**

1. Press the STOP key. A confirmation window is displayed.



2. Select [Yes] using the arrow keys and press the DISP/ENTER key.

Operation Using the FUNC Key

- **Starting the Computation**

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Math START] key to start the computation. When the computation is started, a computation icon is displayed in the status display section.



- **Stopping the Computation**

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Math STOP] key to stop the computation. The computation icon in the status display section also disappears.



Note

When the computation is stopped, the computed data of the computation channel is held at the value that existed immediately before. If data is being acquired to the internal memory, the value held is written.

Operation Using the USER Key

The operation is for the case when the start/stop function of computation is assigned to the USER key.

- Press the USER key when the computation is stopped to start the computation. When the computation is started, a computation icon is displayed in the status display section.
- Press the USER key when the computation is started to stop the computation. The computation icon in the status display section disappears.

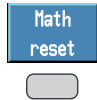
Resetting the computation

This is executable only when the computation is suspended. Data from all computation channels are cleared.

Procedure

Operation Using the FUNC Key

1. Pressing the FUNC key displays the soft key menu.
The [Math reset] soft key is displayed only when the computation is suspended.
2. Pressing the [Math reset] soft key clears the data from all computation channels.

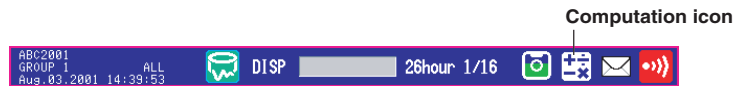


Operation Using the USER Key

The operation is for when the reset function of computation is assigned to the USER key. Press the USER key to reset the computation data of all computation channels.

Clearing the Computation Dropout Display

When a computation data dropout occurs during computation, the computation icon displayed in the status display section turns yellow. The computation icon will return to a white color once the computation data dropout has been acknowledged.



Procedure

1. Pressing the FUNC key displays the soft key menu.
The [Math ACK] soft key is displayed only when a computation data dropout occurs.
2. Pressing the [Math ACK] soft key causes the yellow computation icon in the status display section to return to a white color.

Explanation

Computation Data Dropout

Computation data dropout occurs when the computation is not completed within the scan interval. When this occurs frequently, lower the CPU load by reducing the number of computation channels or making the scan interval longer. When computation data are acquired to the internal memory, the data immediately before a computation drop out are substituted for the computation data at the time of the dropout.

8.5 Saving the Screen Image (Snap Shot)

The screen image that is displayed is saved to the external storage medium. The data size of the screen image is approximately 12 KB/screen.

Procedure

FUNC Key Operation

This operation is carried out in the operation mode. The images of soft keys or messages are not saved.

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Snapshot] soft key. The screen image is saved to the external storage medium. However, the images assigned to soft keys or the message windows are not saved.



USER Key Operation

This applies only when [Snapshot] is assigned to the USER key.

This key operates in all run modes (operation, engineering and system modes).

Press the USER key. The exact screen image that is displayed when the USER key is pressed is saved to the external storage medium. However, error messages are not saved.

Explanation

File Format

Screen image data is in "PNG" format.

File Name

For details, see appendix 3.

8.6 Saving the Display Data/Event Data to the External Storage Medium Using Key Operation

This operation saves the display data/event data to the external storage medium at an arbitrary time after Memory Start. For a description on the behavior when this operation is executed, see section 1.4.

If the type of process is “Batch” (see section 1.4), this operation is not possible. [Save Display] and [Save Event] soft keys do not appear.

Procedure

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
Either the [Save Display] soft key or the [Save Event] soft key is displayed.
2. Press the [Save Display] soft key or the [Save Event] soft key.
The unsaved data residing in the internal memory is saved to the external storage medium at the time of the next sampling after the soft key is pressed.



[Save Display]: The display data is saved to the external storage medium.

[Save Event]: The event data is saved to the external storage medium.

Note

When the external storage medium does not have enough space, a message “Not enough free space on media” is displayed and the data are not saved to the external storage medium. Change the medium and operate again.

8.7 Signing Display/Event Data Files on the External Storage Medium

This operation is for loading the display data file or event data file on the external storage medium into the DX200P and signing (adding approval information). Signing is allowed only at the level that has not been signed before (sign 1 to 3).

Note

- If the type of process is "Batch" and a single batch data is made up of multiple files, you cannot sign the batch data using the DX200P (see page 1-38). Use the DAQSIGNIN that came with the package to sign the data.
- If a single batch data made up of multiple files is combined into a single file using the DAQSIGNIN that came with the package, the DX200P cannot load the file.

Procedure

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Load data] soft key to display the display data load or event data load screen.

Data Load

(File name and the date & of file creation)

Load display data		
Directory name	File name	Time
/	80210471 DBD	2001/08/02 11:48
SET0	80211471 DBD	2001/08/02 12:48
JAI	80212471 DBD	2001/08/02 13:48
ENG1	80213471 DBD	2001/08/02 14:48
ENG7	80214471 DBD	2001/08/02 15:48
THEVOL~1	80215471 DBD	2001/08/03 07:04
TRASH	80307021 DBD	2001/08/03 07:04
	80314241 DBD	2001/08/03 14:44
	80314491 DBD	2001/08/03 14:56
	80314571 DBD	2001/08/03 15:55

Batch **Time**

(Batch number - lot number)

Load display data	
Directory name	Batch name-No.
/	Process1-00000001
SET0	Process1-00000001
JAI	Process1-00000001
ENG1	Process1-00000001
ENG7	Process1-00000001
THEVOL~1	Process1-00000001
TRASH	Process1-00000001
	Process1-00000001
	Process1-00000002

Note

When set to save the display data, the display data load screen is displayed; when set to save the event data, the event data load screen is displayed.

Switching the File Name Display

- You can change the file name display using the [Batch] and [Time] soft keys.
 - Batch:** Displays the file name using the batch number and lot number.
 - Time:** Displays the file name in Mddhhmma.DBD (display data file) or Mddhhmma.DBE (event data file) format and displays the time the file was created. For details on Mddhhmma, see appendix 3.

Selecting the File

- The directories in the external storage medium are displayed in the [Directory name] column. Press the up or down arrow key to select the directory containing the display/event data to be loaded. A list of files in the selected directory is displayed in the right column.
- Press the right arrow key to move the cursor on to the file list. Press the up or down arrow key to select the file to be loaded. To cancel the operation, press the ESC key.

Confirming the File Information

- Press the [Details] soft key to view the information about the file.



- File name*
- Damage check
- Damaged: File damaged, data tampered, etc.
- Batch name
- Batch number - Lot number
- Setting file number
- Sequence number of the setup file used
- Sign record

* For data that is saved using keys while data acquisition is stopped, the file name appears in red. See page 1-31.

- Press the DISP/ENTER key or the ESC key to clear the file information window.

Displaying the Data

- Press the DISP/ENTER key to display the selected file in the signing record display.

Signing

For the signing procedure, see section 6.3.

8.9 Displaying the Log Screen/System Screen

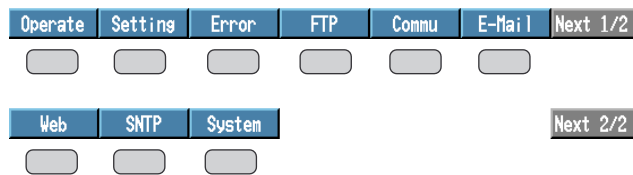
Procedure

Display the Log Screen/System Screen

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Log] soft key. The types of logs that can be displayed and the system screen are assigned to the soft keys and displayed.



3. Press a soft key to display the log or the system screen.



[Operate] soft key: Displays a log of operations.

[Setting] soft key: Displays a log of setting changes.

[Error] soft key: Displays a log of error messages.

[FTP] soft key: Displays a log of file transfers made using the FTP client function.

[Commu] soft key: Displays a log of communication commands that have been executed.

[E-Mail] soft key: Displays a log of e-mail transmission.

[Web] soft key: Displays a log of operations on the Web screen (when the web server function is in use).

[SNTP] soft key: Displays the Access Log of the SNTP Server

[System] soft key: Displays the system screen.

Displaying the Details of the Operation Log

If you press the ESC key while displaying the operation log, the details of the log are displayed as follows:

- Log of calibration correction setting changes during data acquisition
- Log of the starting of the gradual time correction
- Log accompanying erroneous operation and warning messages

If you press the ESC key again, the screen returns to the operation log.

Scrolling through the log

Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the log.

Returning to the Operation Screen

To return to the operation screen from the log screen or the system screen, press the DISP/ENTER key to display the screen menu, select the desired screen using the up and down arrow keys, and then press the DISP/ENTER key.

8.9 Displaying the Log Screen/System Screen

Explanation

Operation Log

For the detail of operation logs, see appendix 5.

<0020/0318>	Time	Action	User Name	ESC
Jul.20.2004	18:33:12	Snapshot	A	
Jul.20.2004	18:32:49	TRevStart	A	[Y]
Jul.20.2004	18:32:49	TimeChg	A	
Jul.20.2004	18:30:12	Error158	A	
Jul.20.2004	18:29:17	CCSet01	A	
Jul.20.2004	18:29:17	EngSet	A	

Operation type
(see page 1-36)

Name of the user who performed the operation
Operation information
Date and time when operation was performed

↓ ESC key ↑

Detailed display

<0020/0317>	Details	ESC
TRevStart	Adjust time = -00:09.750.000	
Error158	Exceeds time deviation settings.	
CCSet01	02: 0.000/-0.001 → 0.000/-0.002	

Setting Change Log

<010/010>	Time	File Name	User Name
Aus.03.2001	14:23:21	80314231	ABC2001
Aus.03.2001	14:22:22	80314221	ABC2001
Aus.03.2001	14:15:37	80314150	ABC2001
Aus.03.2001	14:15:01	80314151	ABC2001

Name of the user who changed the settings
Setup file name that was saved
Date and time when settings were changed

Error Message Log

<005/005>	Time	No.	Message
Jan.12.2000	00:36:47	201	"Not enough free space on media."
Jan.12.2000	00:36:19	210	"Media has not been inserted."
Jan.11.2000	04:15:30	005	"The input numerical value exceeds the set range.."
Jan.11.2000	04:15:28	005	"The input numerical value exceeds the set range.."
Jan.11.2000	03:23:19	601	"Measured data have been initialized."

Error message
Error code (see chapter 9)
Date and time of occurrence

FTP Log

<005/005>	Time	No.	Code	Flag	File Name
Jan.01.2000	01:50:22	282	HOSTNAME	S	10101500.DDS
Jan.01.2000	01:50:22	282	UNREACH	P	10101500.DDS
Jan.01.2000	01:49:32			P	10101490.DDS

File name
FTP server (P: primary, S: secondary)
Error code (see chapter 9)
Date and time when the file transfer was made

Communication Command Log

<007/007>	Time	ID	User Name	I/O Message	Link
Jan. 06. 2000	18:52:23	1	user	< (Logout)	
Jan. 06. 2000	18:52:23	1	user	> CC 0	
Jan. 06. 2000	18:51:48	1	user	< (259)	
Jan. 06. 2000	18:51:48	1	user	> FD 0.001.010	
Jan. 06. 2000	18:51:41	1	user	< E0	

Communicaton status
of the Ethernet interface
On (green): Electrically connected
Off : Not connected

Message

I/O symbol

(>: input, <: output)

Name of the user that accessed this instrument

A number used to identify the user that is connected

Date and time when the access occurred

E-mail Log

<005/005>	Time	Type	No.	Recipient / Error
Jan. 07. 2001	01:00:24	Full	264	1+2 Some recipients' addresses are inv..
Jan. 07. 2001	01:00:01	Time	1	H_S
Jan. 07. 2001	01:00:00	Report	1	H_S
Jan. 07. 2001	00:59:53	Report	1	H_S
Jan. 06. 2001	01:02:21	Alarm	1	H_S

Recipient address

Recipient No.

Error code (see chapter 9)

Date/time Mail type

Web Browser Operation Log

<004/004>	Time	Request	No.	Parameter
Jan. 07. 2001	01:18:15	Key		UP
Jan. 07. 2001	01:17:58	Screen		DIGITAL GROUP=1

Operation

Date/time Type Error code (see chapter 9)

SNTP Log

For the detailed code, see chapter 6 in the Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

<005/005>	Time	No.	Code
Jun. 08. 2004	00:50:10		SUCCESS
Jun. 08. 2004	00:50:00	294	OVER
Jun. 08. 2004	00:52:42	290	LINK
Jun. 08. 2004	00:52:27	291	TIMEOUT
Jun. 08. 2004	00:51:26	292	HOSTNAME

Detailed code

Error code (see chapter 9)

Date and time of access to the SNTP server

System Screen

See "System Screen" in section 1.10.

8.10 Changing the Password

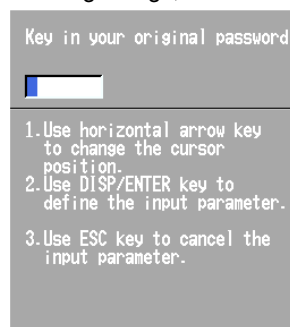
This operation is for changing the password that is used when logging in.

Procedure

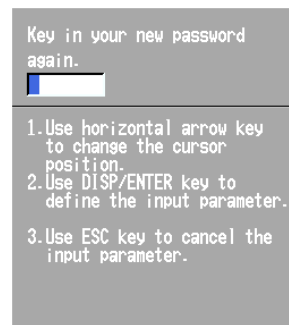
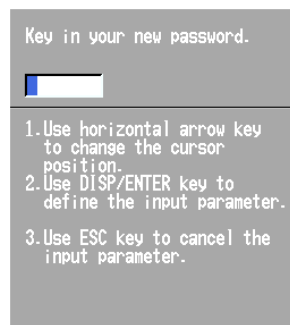
1. Press the FUNC key. The soft key menu is displayed.
2. Press the [Password change] soft key. A window appears for you to enter the password currently in use.



3. Enter the password in use and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter the new password. For the procedures for entering strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Values and Strings."



4. Enter the new password (6 to 8 alphanumeric characters, spaces are not allowed) and press the DISP/ENTER key. A window appears for you to enter the password again. Enter the same password.



Note

- When the use of the user ID is enabled, the combination of the user ID and password must be unique.
- When entering the password currently in use, if you repeat the operation of entering a wrong password and pressing the DISP/ENTER key **three times**, the user is invalidated. Have the administrator set a default password and reset the password according to "Logging in for the First Time" (see section 6.1).

8.11 Assigning a Name to the 4 Panel Display

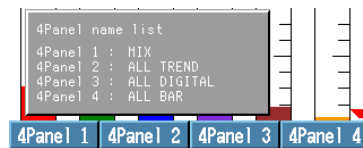
Procedure

This operation is carried out on the 4 panel display.

1. Pressing the FUNC key displays the soft key menu.
2. Pressing the [4Panel] soft key displays the soft keys and a list of 4 panel display names.



3. Pressing one of the soft keys displays the window used to enter the screen name.



4. Enter the screen name (up to 16 alphanumeric characters). For the procedures related to entering character strings, see section 3.6, "Entering Numbers and Characters."



5. Pressing the DISP/ENTER key validates the specified screen name and return to the 4 panel display.
To discard the specified screen name and close the window used to enter the screen name, press the ESC key or the FUNC key.

Note

The screen name is saved to the setup file.

8.12 Acknowledging Alarms (Alarm ACK)

Alarm ACK is an operation used to acknowledge the activated alarm when the alarm display and alarm output relay behavior is set to [Hold].

Procedure

Alarm ACK against Individual Alarms

This operation is carried out on the overview screen. For the operating procedure, see section 7.3.

Alarm ACK against All Alarms Occurring

You can acknowledge all alarms occurring or have occurred but not yet acknowledged at once .

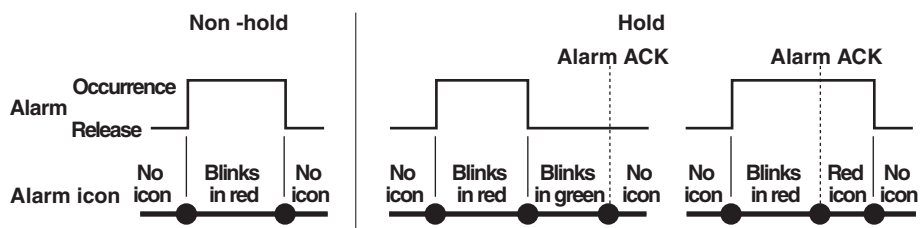
- When you assign [Alarm ACK] to the USER key and execute the alarm ACK.
- When you execute the alarm ACK via the remote control function (/R1 option).

Explanation

Alarm Indication

The alarm condition can be confirmed with the alarm icon in the status display section and the alarm indication on the operation screen such as the trend screen. The indicator pattern varies depending on the hold/non-hold setting (see section 1.6). For an example, the alarm icon on the status display section is explained below.

- **The Alarm Icon in the Status Display Section**



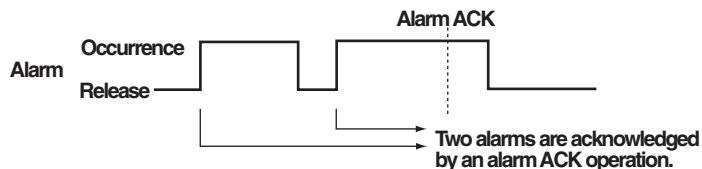
Alarm Output Relay

For the description, see “Hold/Non-Hold Operation of the Alarm Output Relay ” in section 1.6.

Note

If the same alarm occurs before performing the alarm ACK operation

The same alarm is acknowledged through a single alarm ACK operation.



Alarm information of each alarm is recorded in the alarm summary.

8.13 Clearing the User Locked Icon

Clears the user locked icon () on the status display section.

You can clear the icon when you logged in as a registered administrator.

Procedure

1. Press the FUNC key to display the soft key menu.
2. Press the [Locked ACK] soft key. The user locked icon is cleared.



9.1 A List of Messages

Occasionally, error codes and messages appear on the screen while using the DX200P.
The entire list of messages is given below.

The messages are displayed in the language that you have chosen.

Errors Related to Parameter Settings

• Setting Errors

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
1	System error.	Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
2	Incorrect date or time setting.	See section 5.15.
3	A disabled channel is selected.	See section 5.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
4	Incorrect function parameter.	See section 5.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
5	The input numerical value exceeds the set range.	Enter a proper value.
6	Incorrect input character string.	Enter a proper character string.
7	Too many characters.	Enter specified number of characters.
8	Incorrect input mode.	See section 5.1.
9	Incorrect input range code.	See section 5.1.
21	Cannot set an alarm for a skipped channel.	See section 5.1.
22	The upper and lower span limits are equal.	See section 5.1.
23	The upper and lower scale limits are equal.	See section 5.1.
30	The partial boundary value exceeds the range of the span.	See section 5.11.
31	Partial expansion display is set ON for a SKIPPED channel.	See section 5.1.
35	The upper and lower limits of the display band are equal.	See section 5.11.
36	The lower limit of the display band is greater than the upper limit.	See section 5.11.
37	The display band is narrower than 4% of the entire display.	See section 5.11.
40	Incorrect group set character string.	See section 5.9.
41	There is no specified input channel.	Check the number of input channels.
42	Exceeded the number of channels which can be set.	Check the number of input channels.
43	A channel number cannot repeat in a group.	See section 5.9.
45	There is no character string saved in the clipboard.	Copy a character string to the clipboard.
46	The character string saved in the clipboard is too long.	Paste a character string with the specified number of characters.
61	There is no channel specified by the MATH expression.	See section 5.18.
62	MATH expression grammar is incorrect.	See section 5.18.
63	MATH expression sequence is incorrect.	See section 5.18.
64	MATH upper and lower span values are equal.	See section 5.18.
70	MATH constant description is incorrect.	See section 5.18.
71	The range of the MATH constant is exceeded.	See section 5.18.
80	This username is already registered.	See section 4.4.
81	All space or 'quit' string cannot be specified.	See section 4.4.
83	Duplicate used combination of user ID and password.	See section 4.4.
85	The login password is incorrect.	See section 6.1.
86	The key-lock release password is incorrect.	-
87	This key is locked.	See section 4.4.
88	This function is locked.	See section 4.4.
89	Press [FUNC] key to login.	See section 6.1.
90	No permission to enter to the SETUP mode.	-
91	Password is incorrect.	Enter correct password. See sections 6.1 and 6.3.

9.1 A List of Messages

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
92	Press [ESC] key to change to the operation mode.	Press the ESC key.
93	String including space or all space cannot be specified.	Spaces are not allowed in the Web user name and password.
94	More than one address cannot be specified.	Multiple addresses cannot be specified. Only a single sender is allowed.
95	This function is locked.	Unlock the function. See section 4.4.
100	IP address doesn't belong to class A, B, or C.	See section 2.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
101	The result of the masked IP address is all 0s or 1s.	See section 2.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
102	SUBNET mask is incorrect.	See section 2.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
103	The net part of default gateway is not equal to that of IP address.	See section 2.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
110	This user name is not registered.	Enter a registered user name. See sections 4.4 and 6.1.
111	The login user ID is incorrect.	Enter the correct user ID. See sections 4.4, 6.1, and 6.3.
112	Password must use more than 6 alphanumeric characters.	A space or spaces cannot be used. See section 6.1.
113	Password entered is incorrect.	Enter the correct password. See sections 6.1 and 8.10.
114	This user name is invalid.	Use a valid user name.
115	Relay behavior Hold and Indicator Nonhold can not be selected.	See section 4.1.
116	This user name cannot be specified.	See section 4.4.
117	This password is not effective.	See section 6.1.
118	You are logged out, because of invalid access.	Register the user again. See section 4.4.
119	This user name is unable to use this mode.	Use other user name to log in. See section 4.4.
120	Measured value is incorrect. (in ascending order)	See section 5.21.
121	A user is already logged in.	See section 1.5.
122	Measured value exceeds the range setting.	See section 5.21.
123	Measure function cannot be used until range settings are stored.	See section 5.21.
124	Password entry cannot be performed.	Errors when entering characters using barcode. See section 3.7 of IM04L05A01-17E.
125	Character entry cannot be performed.	Errors when entering characters using barcode. See section 3.7 of IM04L05A01-17E.

• Execution Errors

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
150	This action is not possible because sampling is in progress.	Execute Memory Stop if the action is necessary.
151	This action is not possible during sampling or calculating.	Execute Memory Stop or stop computation if the action is necessary.
152	This action is not possible because saving is in progress.	Wait till the saving ends.
153	This action is not possible because formatting is in progress.	-
155	The message is not written while sampling is stopped.	Messages can be written after Memory Start.
157	This function is not possible at this time.	-
158	Exceeds time deviation setting.	Set a time within the deviation time. See section 4.15.
170	End process can't proceed, because setting file is not saved to Media.	Check the external storage medium. See section 3.5.
171	The selected configuration file is not compatible with this system.	Select other configuration file.
172	Data save is not possible in the current operating mode.	Save engineering mode settings first. See section 5.24.
173	Data save is not possible because of insufficient media capacity.	Use another storage medium. See section 5.24.

Operation Errors

• Errors Related to External Storage Medium

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
200	Operation aborted because an error was found on media.	Check the storage medium.
201	Not enough free space on media.	Use another storage medium.
202	Media is read-only.	Release the write protection.
210	Media has not been inserted.	Insert a storage medium into the drive.
211	Media is damaged or not formatted.	Use another storage medium or carry out formatting.
212	Format error.	Try formatting again or use another storage medium.
213	The file is read-only.	Access to other files or make the file write-enable.
214	There is no file or directory.	See section 5.3 (Communication Interface Manual).
215	Exceeded the allowable number of files.	Delete files or change storage medium.
216	The file or directory name is incorrect.	See sections 4.11, 4.12, 5.7, and 5.23.
217	Unknown file type.	Access to other files.
218	Directory exists. Delete the directory or change directory name.	See section 5.7.
219	Invalid file or directory operation.	Cannot handle files and directories in the 2nd and deeper layers.
220	The file is already in use. Try again later.	Wait till file is free.
230	There is no setting file.	Access to other files.
231	Abnormal setting exists in file.	Access to other files.

• Errors Related to Historical Trend

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
232	There is no available data.	This message may appear when recalling historical trend. Access to other files.
233	The specified historical data do not exist.	This message may appear when recalling historical trend.
234	The specified channel is not assigned to the display group.	This message may appear when switching to trend or bar graph from overview. See section 5.9.

• Errors Related to Sign Record

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
240	You cannot sign this record because a signature is already present.	Sign at the same authority level is allowed once.
243	This file is not allowed to sign record.	Only files created at Memory Stop can be signed.
244	Data is damaged or changed.	You cannot sign this file.
245	This function cannot be used in the record signature display.	Exit from the sign record screen. See section 6.3.
246	This function cannot be used due to no data file saved in media.	Insert a storage medium. If a storage medium is already present, replace with a formatted medium.
247	This function cannot be used in the engineering mode display.	End the engineering mode. See section 3.5.
248	Signature function cannot be performed.	Insert a normal storage medium containing the data to be signed.

9.1 A List of Messages

• Errors Related to E-mail and Web Server

Code	Message	Explanation/Countermeasures/Ref. section
260	IP address is not set or ethernet function is not available.	The IP address is not specified. Check the IP address.
261	SMTP server is not found.	Occurs when the SMTP server is specified. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check the DNS setting.• Check the SMTP server name.
262	Cannot initiate E-mail transmission.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The host name of the DX is not correct. Check the host name.• The port number for SMTP server is not correct. Check the port number.
263	Sender's address rejected by the server.	Check the sender's address.
264	Some recipients' addresses are invalid.	Check the recipient's address.
265	SMTP protocol error.	May occur if a network failure (cable problems, duplicate addresses, network device failure, and so on) occurs in the middle of the e-mail transmission.
266	Ethernet cable is not connected.	Check the cable connection.
267	Could not connect to SMTP server.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Check to see that the SMTP server is connected to the network.• If the SMTP server name is specified using an IP address, check to see that the IP address is correct.
268	E-mail transmission request failed.	Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.
269	E-mail transfer error.	May occur if a network failure (cable problems, duplicate addresses, network device failure, and so on) occurs in the middle of the e-mail transmission.
275	The current image cannot be output to the Web.	The setup screen cannot be output to the Web browser. This message is displayed on the Web browser.
276	Image data currently being created. Unable to perform key operation.	Try again a little later. This message is displayed on the Web browser.
277	Could not output screen to Web.	Failed to create the image. This message is displayed on the Web browser.
278	Web control denied because a user has control.	If there is a user logged in using the keys on the DXP or if there is a user logged into the setting function of the setting/measurement server of the DXP via the communication interface, you cannot operate the DXP from the browser.

• Errors Related to FTP Client

For information regarding the FTP client function of the DX200P, see the DX100P/ DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

Code	Message
280	<p>IP address is not set or FTP function is not available. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 280.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>HOSTADDR The DX's IP address has not been specified. Check the IP address.*¹</p> <p>DORMANT Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>LINK Data link is disconnected. Check the cable connection.</p>
281	<p>FTP mail box operation error. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 281.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>MAIL Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>STATUS Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>TIMEOUT Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>PRIORITY Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>NVRAM Internal processing error.*²</p>
282	<p>FTP control connection error. Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 282.</p> <hr/> <p>Character String and Details</p> <hr/> <p>HOSTNAME Failed the DNS lookup (search the IP address corresponding to the host name). Check the DNS setting and the destination host name.</p> <p>TCPIP Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>UNREACH Failed to connect to a control connection server. Check the address setting and that the server is running.</p> <p>OOBINLINE Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>NAME Internal processing error.*²</p> <p>CTRL The control connection does not exist. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period.</p> <p>IAC Failed to respond in the TELNET sequence. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period.</p> <p>ECHO Failed to transmit data on the control connection. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period.</p> <p>REPLY Failed to receive data on the control connection. Check that the server does not drop the connection and that it responds within the proper time period.</p> <p>SERVER The server is not in a condition to provide the service. Check that the server is in a condition in which service can be provided.</p>

9.1 A List of Messages

Code	Message
------	---------

283	FTP command was not accepted.
-----	-------------------------------

Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 283.

Character String and Details

USER

Failed user name verification.
Check the user name setting.

PASS

Failed password verification
Check the password setting.

ACCT

Failed account verification.
Check the account setting.

TYPE

Failed to change the transfer type.
Check that the server supports the binary transfer mode.

CWD

Failed to change the directory.
Check the initial path setting.

PORT

Failed to set the transfer connection.
Check that the security function is disabled.

PASV

Failed to set the transfer connection.
Check that the server supports PASV commands.

SCAN

Failed to read the transfer connection settings.
Check that proper response to the PASV command is received from the server.

284	FTP transfer setting error.
-----	-----------------------------

Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 284.

Character String and Details

MODE

Internal processing error.*2

LOCAL

Internal processing error.*2

REMOTE

The destination file name is not correct.
Check that you have the authority to create or overwrite files.

ABORT

File transfer abort was requested by the server.
Check the server for the reason for the abort request.

Code Message

285 FTP data connection error.

Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 285.

Character String and Details

SOCKET

Failed to create a socket for the transfer connection.*3

BIND

Failed the transfer connection command.*3

CONNECT

Failed the transfer connection.*3

LISTEN

Failed the transfer connection reception.*3

ACCEPT

Failed to accept the transfer connection.*3

SOCKNAME

Internal processing error.*2

RECV

Failed to receive data over the transfer connection.*3

SEND

Failed to send data over the transfer connection.*3

287 FTP is failed because of file acquirement from external media.

*1 See the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

*2 Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer when the messages is displayed.

*3 These errors may occur if the network experiences trouble during the data transmission (bad cable connection, duplicate addresses, network equipment failure).

Note

For information regarding the FTP client function of the DX200P, see the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

9.1 A List of Messages

Errors Related to SNTP Client

290	SNTP access failure	Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 290.
<hr/>		
Character String and Details		
<hr/>		
DORMANT Internal processing error.*1		
LINK The link is dropped. Check the cable connection.		
<hr/>		
291	SNTP server does not respond.	Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 291.
<hr/>		
Character String and Details		
<hr/>		
TIMEOUT Confirm the SNTP server is in service.*2		
<hr/>		
292	Incorrect SNTP server setting.	Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 292.
<hr/>		
Character String and Details		
<hr/>		
HOSTNAME Failed to specify the IP address from a hostname using the DNS. Check the DNS settings and the name of the SNTP server.		
TCP/IP Internal processing error.*1		
<hr/>		
293	Invalid SNTP server reply.	Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 293.
<hr/>		
Character String and Details		
<hr/>		
SEND The DX200P's IP address has not been specified correctly. Check the IP address.		
BROKEN Access to the SNTP server manually several times. If this error occurs check the SNTP server.		
<hr/>		
294	No time correction because excess time deviation with SNTP server.	Further details are provided by the character string that appears after error code 294.
<hr/>		
Character String and Details		
<hr/>		
OVER This error occurs when a periodic time adjustment does not operate because the time deviation between the time of the DX200P internal clock and the SNTP server exceeds ten minutes. Check the time on the DX200P and the SNTP server.		

*1 Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

*2 These errors may occur if the network experiences trouble during the data transmission (bad cable connection, duplicate addresses, network equipment failure).

Communication Errors

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not displayed on the screen.

For information regarding the communication function of the DX200P, see the DX100P/DX200P Communication Interface User's Manual (IM 04L05A01-17E).

- **Errors Related to Engineering Mode Setting, System Mode Setting, Control, and Output Command Execution**

Code	Message
300	Command is too long.
301	Too many number of commands delimited with ';'.
302	This command has not been defined.
303	Data request command can not be enumerated with sub-delimiter.
350	Command is not permitted to the current user level.
351	This command cannot be specified in the current mode.
352	The option is not installed.
353	This command cannot be specified in the current setting.
354	This command is not available during sampling or calculating.
360	Output interface must be chosen from Ethernet or Serial.
362	There are no data to send 'NEXT' or 'RESEND'.
363	All data have already been transferred.
367	Password change is denied because another user is logged in.

9.1 A List of Messages

• Maintenance and Test Communication Command Errors

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. It is not displayed on the screen.

Code	Message
390	Command error.
391	Delimiter error.
392	Parameter error.
393	No permission.
394	No such connection.
395	Use 'quit' to close this connection.
396	Failed to disconnect.
397	No TCP control block.

• Other Communication Errors

An English error message is returned via the communication interface. Codes other than 085 and 117 are not displayed on the DX100P/DX200P screen.

Code	Message and Description
085	The login password is incorrect. The password is incorrect. Check the password.
117	This password is not effective. The user is invalidated. If the login operation is carried out with a wrong password for three consecutive times, the user is invalidated. From that point, the user can no longer log in. Clearing the user locked condition Administrators can clear the user locked condition. For the procedure, see section 6.1 in the DX100P/DX200P User's Manual.
400	Input username. Enter a user name that is registered in the DXP.
401	Input password. Enter the password.
402	Select function from 'setting' or 'monitor'. Specify the function to be connected, "setting" or "monitor".
403	Login incorrect, try again! Login failed. Restart from the user name.
404	No more login at the specified level is acceptable. Attempting to connect exceeding the number of simultaneous connections allowed (setting function: 1, monitor function: up to 2). Connect to a different function or use "quit" to exit.
405	Input user ID. Input user ID.
407	Password has expired. Please enter a new password. The password is expired. Enter a new password.
408	Enter password again for confirmation. Reenter the password for confirmation.
409	This password is not correct or was already used. The password is incorrect. Or, the password has been used in the past. The combinations of user IDs and passwords that are identical to those specified by other users or those that have been registered in the past cannot be specified. Enter the password using 6 to 8 alphanumeric characters. Spaces cannot be used for the password.
420	Connection has been lost. The specified function name (setting or monitor) is incorrect. Or, "quit" was used for the user name. Communication has been disconnected. Enter the correct function name using lowercase letters. You cannot use "quit" as a user name.

Code	Message and Description
421	The number of simultaneous connection has been exceeded. Attempted to connect exceeding the maximum number of simultaneous connections. Drop other connections first.
422	Communication has timed-out. Connection has been dropped due to communication timeout. Enter the function name, user name, user ID, and password within two minutes.
450	This entry is incorrect. User information is incorrect. Communication has been disconnected. Check the user name, user ID, and password.
451	Login prohibited because another user is logged in. There is a user with the same user name already logged into the setting/measurement server, maintenance/test server, or FTP server. Or, there is a user logged in using keys on the DXP (administrator or user) when attempting to log into the setting function of the setting/measurement server. Check the login status.

Status Messages

Code	Message
500	Execution is complete.
501	Please wait a moment...
503	Data are being saved to media...
504	File is being loaded from media...
505	Formatting...
506	Memory save to media was interrupted.
507	Exchange media to continue the saving operation.
508	There is no file or directory.
510	Range cannot be changed during sampling or calculating.
511	MATH expression cannot be changed during sampling or calculating.
512	Because memory save is 'manual' mode, FTP is not available.
513	Cannot change during calculating.
520	Connecting to the line...
521	The data file is being transferred.
551	FTP test is being executed...
553	Review and sign functions cannot be used when the file is divided.
554	Signature functions are being executed.
555	Login prohibited because software login is active.
556	Press [FUNC] key to login.
557	This user is not allowed to change a setting.
558	Setting changes are aborted while data is saved.
559	This command must be used with LL command.
560	Now connecting to SNTP server...
561	Now adjusting the time.

9.1 A List of Messages

Cautions

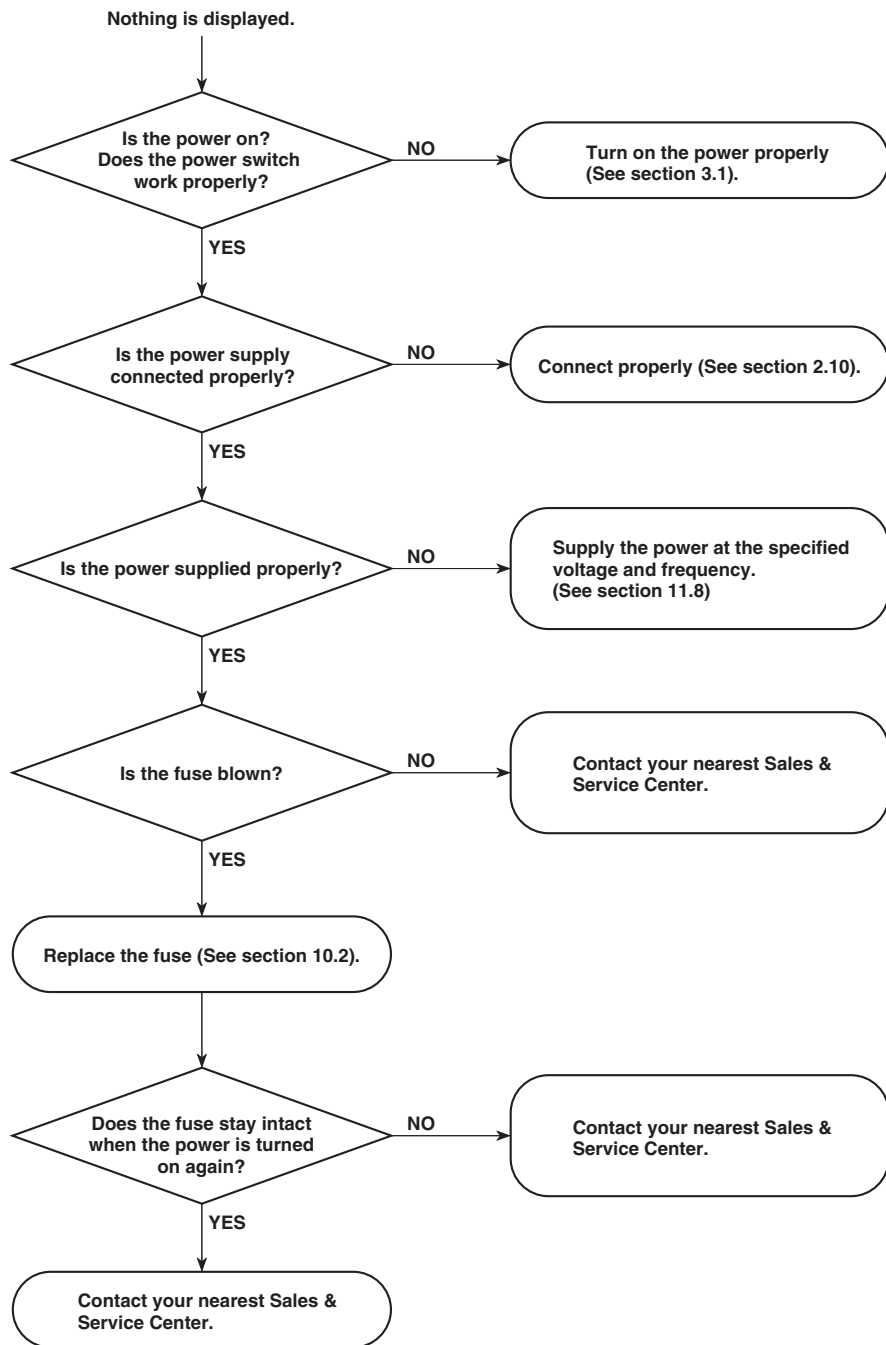
Code	Message	Ref. section
600	Measured data and Settings have been initialized.	See section 4.13.
601	Measured data have been initialized.	See sections 4.13 and 3.5.
610	This user name is already registered.	See section 4.4.
611	There is no user who can enter to the SETUP mode.	–
612	Please acknowledge all active alarms before stopping this record.	See section 8.12.
613	You can't sign this record because of being made by memory time up.	See sections 1.4 and 1.5.
614	Calibration settings are reset because of range setting change.	See sections 5.21.
615	Setting changes are aborted while data is saved.	See section 3.4.

System Errors

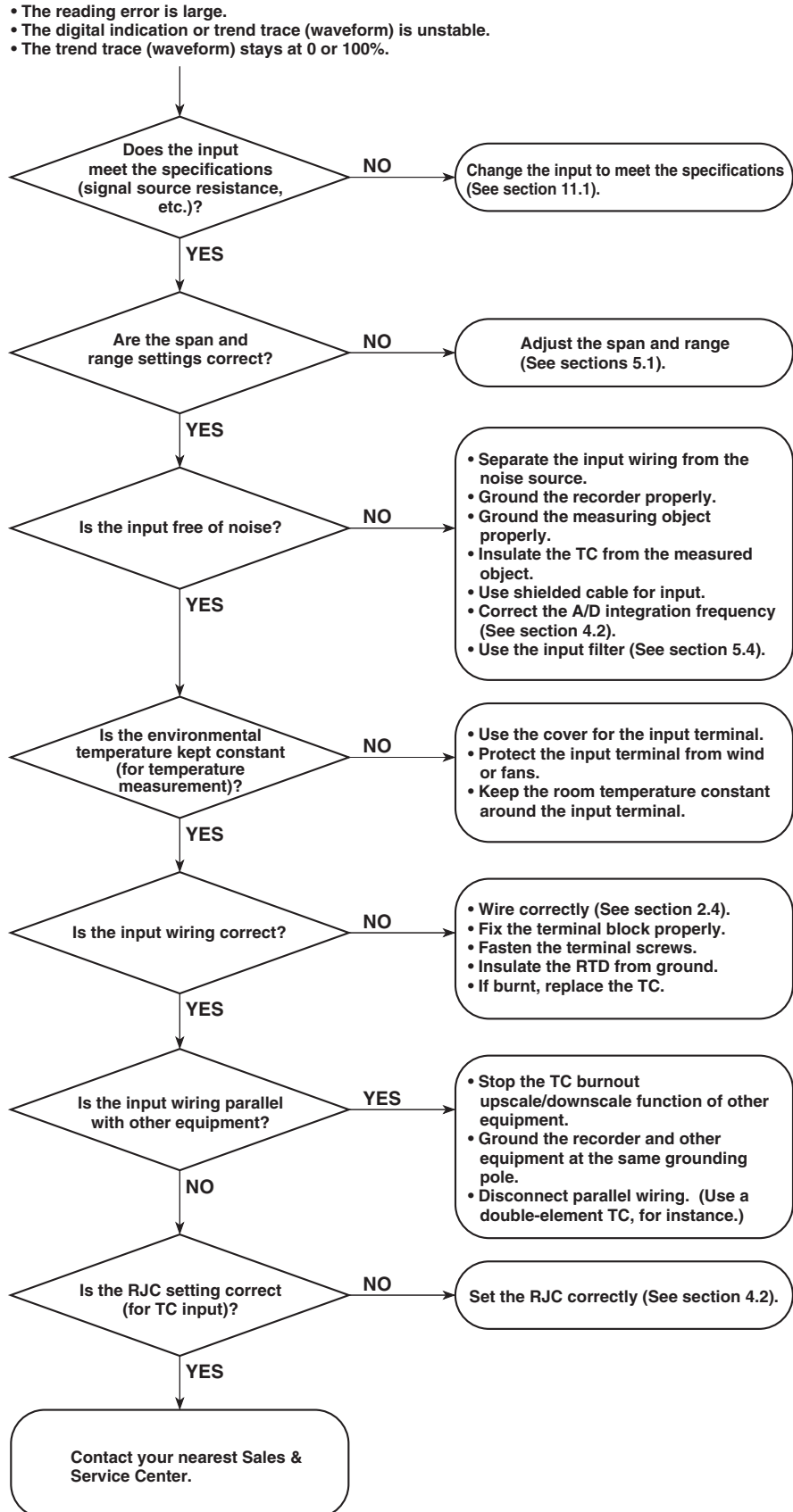
Servicing is required when a system error occurs. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer for repairs.

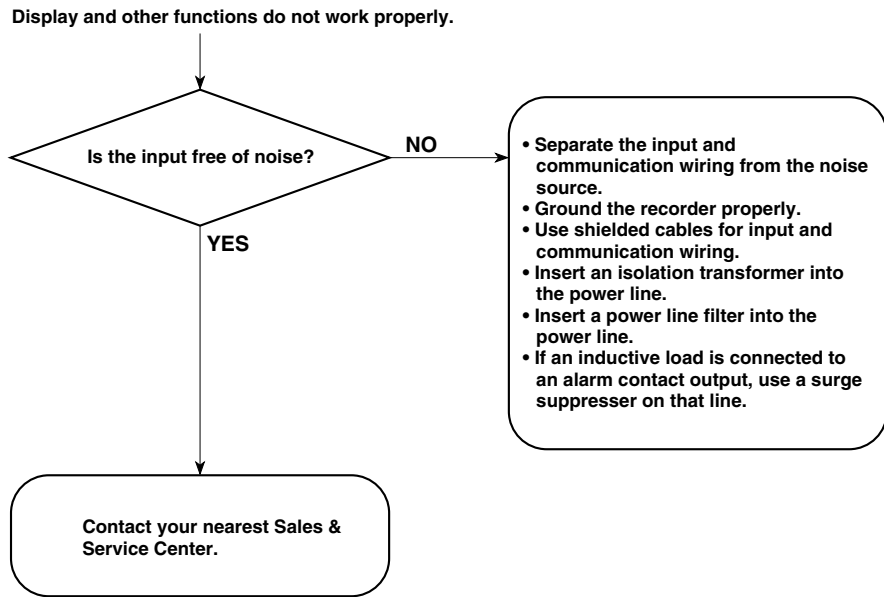
Code	Message
901	ROM failure.
902	RAM failure.
910	A/D memory failure for all input channels.
911	Channel 1 A/D memory failure.
912	Channel 2 A/D memory failure.
913	Channel 3 A/D memory failure.
914	Channel 4 A/D memory failure.
921	Channel 1 A/D calibration value error.
922	Channel 2 A/D calibration value error.
923	Channel 3 A/D calibration value error.
924	Channel 4 A/D calibration value error.
930	Memory acquisition failure.
940	The Ethernet module is down.

9.2 Troubleshooting Flow Chart



9.2 Troubleshooting Flow Chart





10.1 Periodic Maintenance

Check the operation periodically to keep the DX200P in good working order. Perform the following checks and replace worn parts as needed.

- Is the display and storage functioning properly?
In the event of problems, see section 9.2, "Troubleshooting Flow Chart."
- Has the brightness of the LCD backlight deteriorated?
If replacement is necessary, see section 10.4, "Recommended Replacement Periods for Worn Parts."

10.2 Replacing the Fuse

Replace the fuse every two years for preventive maintenance.

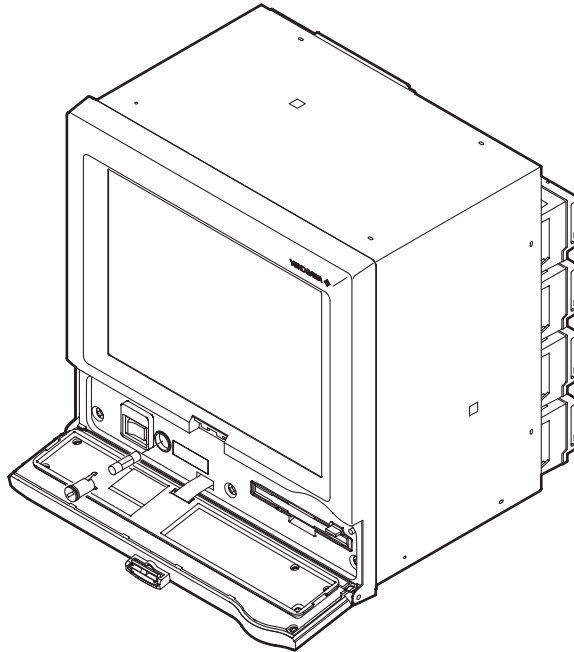


WARNING

- For safety reasons, make sure to turn OFF the power switch and disconnect the DX200P from the main power supply before replacing the fuse.
 - To prevent the possibility of fire, use only the specified fuse purchased from YOKOGAWA.
 - Never short circuit the fuse holder to bypass the use of a fuse.
-

For fuse rating, see section 10.4 “Recommended Replacement Periods for Worn Parts.” Follow the procedures below to replace the fuse.

1. Turn OFF the power switch.
2. Disconnect the DX200P from the main power supply.
3. While pressing the fuse carrier located to the right of the power switch, turn it counterclockwise approximately 45 degrees. The carrier and the fuse will slide out.



4. Replace with a new fuse, insert the carrier in the fuse holder, and turn it clockwise while pressing the carrier to fix it in place.

10.3 Calibration

To maintain the measurement accuracy, we recommend the DX200P be calibrated once a year. Calibration service is also provided by YOKOGAWA dealers. For details, contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

Required Instruments

For calibrating the DX200P, calibration instruments with the following resolution are necessary.

Recommended Instruments

- DC voltage standard: YOKOGAWA Model 2552 or equivalent
Main specifications
Accuracy of output in the range 20 mV to 20 V: $\pm 0.005\%$
- Decade resistance box: Yokogawa M&C Model 2793-01 or equivalent
Main specifications
Accuracy of output in the range 0.1 to 500 Ω :
 $\pm(0.01\%+2 \text{ m}\Omega)$
Resolution: 0.001 Ω

(To purchase these instruments, contact the supplier of the DX200P.)

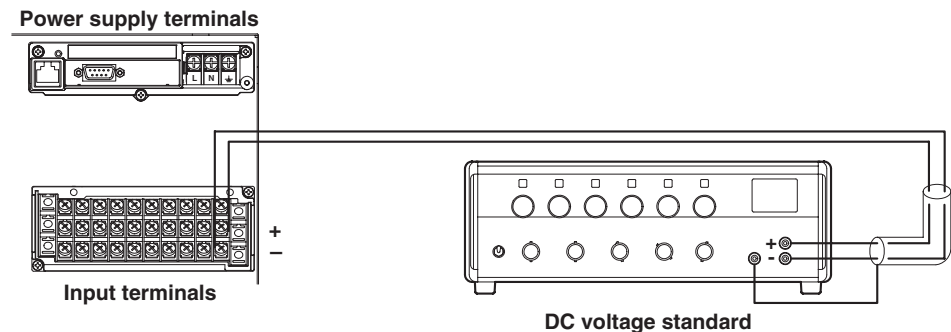
Calibration procedure

1. Connect the DX200P and the calibration instruments as shown in the following figure, and allow the instruments to warm-up adequately (The warm-up time for the DX200P is at least 30 minutes).
2. Check that the ambient temperature and humidity are within the normal operating conditions (See chapter 11).
3. Apply input signals corresponding to 0, 50, and 100% of the specified input range and calculate the errors from the readings.
If the error is not within the accuracy specifications, contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer.

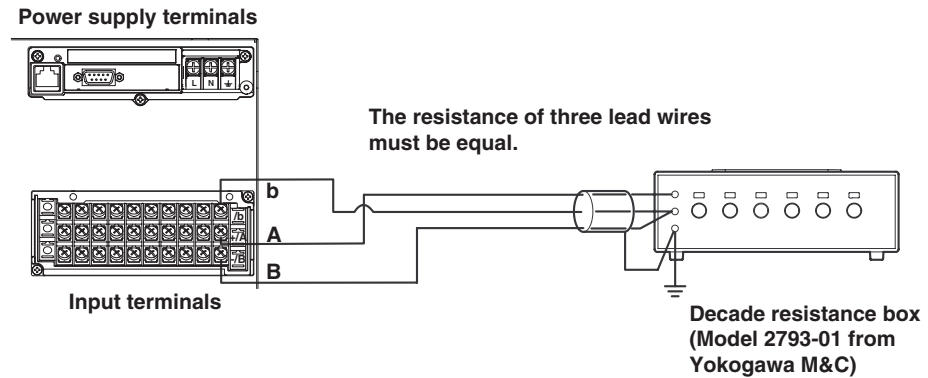
Note

For TC input, the temperature of the input terminals must be measured and a voltage corresponding to the temperature at the reference junction must be added.

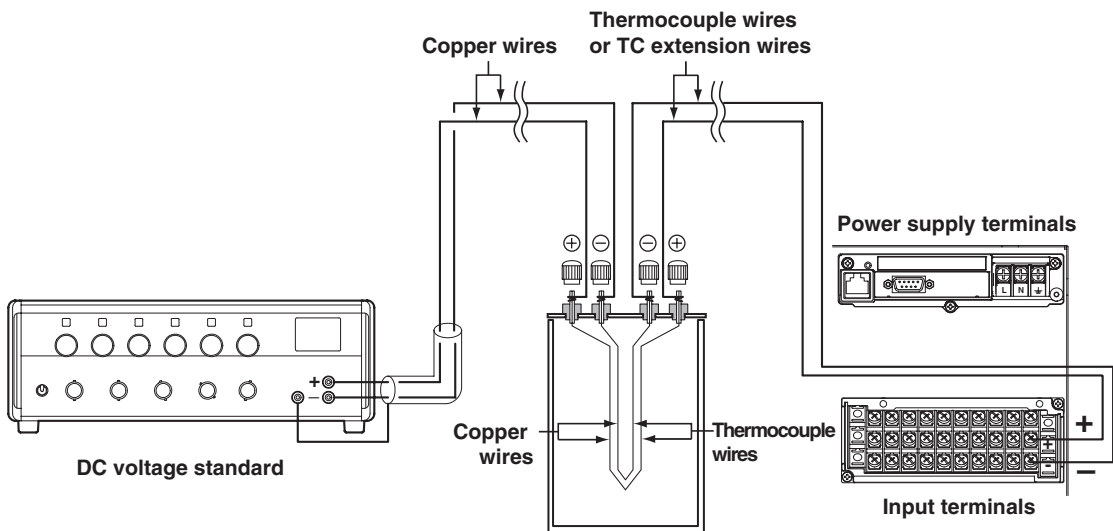
DC Voltage Measurement (Example for the DX210P)



Temperature Measurement Using the RTD (Example for the DX210P)



Temperature Measurement Using the TC (Example for the DX210P)



(0°C standard temperature device: Model ZC-114/ZA-10 from Coper Electronics Co., Ltd.)

Reference Junction Compensation for the Thermocouple Input

As the measurement terminal of the DX200P is generally at room temperature, the actual output of the thermocouple is different from the values given on the thermoelectromotive force table based on 0°C. The DX200P measures the temperature of the terminal and makes adjustments by calculation. Therefore, when the measurement terminals are shorted (equivalent to 0°C at the detector tip), the temperature at the measurement terminal is displayed. When calibrating the DX200P, this compensation voltage (thermoelectromotive force of 0°C reference corresponding to the input terminal temperature) must be subtracted from the output of the standard generator before application. As shown in the figure, by using the 0°C standard temperature device to compensate the reference junction at 0°C, you can input the thermoelectromotive force of 0°C reference from the DC voltage standard and make the calibration.

10.4 Recommended Replacement Periods for Worn Parts

To maintain the reliability of the DX200P and to use it in good working order for a long time, we recommend periodic replacement of worn parts as preventive maintenance.

The recommended replacement periods for worn parts are shown in the following table. The replacement periods apply when the DX200P is operated under standard operating conditions.

Please consider the actual operating conditions when determining the actual replacement periods for your DX200P.

The replacement of the worn parts except the fuse must be conducted by a qualified YOKOGAWA personnel. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer to have the LCD replaced.

Item	Replacement Period	Part Name	Part Number	Specifications	Quantity Used
Fuse	2 years	FUSE	A1423EF	250 V, 1.25 A, time lag (except for /P1 model)	1
	2 years	FUSE	A1463EF	250 V, 6.3 A, time lag (for /P1 model)	1
LCD	5 years	Back light module			1
Battery	10 years	Lithium battery			1
Rubber strip	5 years	Dust and water proof rubber strip		for front panel, for front cover	1 each
Zip drive	5 years				1
PWB assembly	5 years	Power Assy*			1
	5 years	Sub Power Assy*			1
	5 years	AD Assy*			Up to models

* Replacement Period at the Upper Limit of the Normal Operating Temperature (50°C)
The replacement period varies depending on the temperature in which the instrument is operated, and the instrument's specifications. If the instrument is used in a 30°C environment, it may be operational for 10 years or more.

Note

The recommended replacement period for the back light module is the period when the brightness falls to half. The speed of degradation of the brightness varies depending on the operating conditions and the judgement is subjective.

These factors should be considered when determining the actual replacement period.

11.1 Input Specifications

Number of inputs:	DX204P: four channels DX208P: eight channels DX210P: ten channels DX220P: twenty channels DX230P: thirty channels
Scan interval:	DX204P, DX208P: 125 ms or 250 ms DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: 1 s or 2 s (2 s when an A/D integration time is set to 100 ms)
Inputs:	Volt (DC voltage), TC (thermocouple), RTD (resistance temperature detector), DI (digital input), DC current (with external shunt resistor attached)

Input Type and Measurable Range

Input type	Range	Measurable range	
Volt	20 mV	-20.00 to 20.00 mV	
	60 mV	-60.00 to 60.00 mV	
	200 mV	-200.0 to 200.0 mV	
	2 V	-2.000 to 2.000 V	
	6 V	-6.000 to 6.000 V	
	20 V	-20.00 to 20.00 V	
	50 V	-50.00 to 50.00 V	
TC	R ^{*1}	0.0 to 1760°C	32 to 3200°F
	S ^{*1}	0.0 to 1760°C	32 to 3200°F
	B ^{*1}	0.0 to 1820°C	32 to 3308°F
	K ^{*1}	-200.0 to 1370°C	-328 to 2498°F
	E ^{*1}	-200.0 to 800°C	-328.0 to 1472.0°F
	J ^{*1}	-200.0 to 1100°C	-328.0 to 2012.0°F
	T ^{*1}	-200.0 to 400°C	-328.0 to 752.0°F
	N ^{*1}	0.0 to 1300°C	32 to 2372°F
	W ^{*2}	0.0 to 2315°C	32 to 4199°F
	L ^{*3}	-200.0 to 900°C	-328.0 to 1652.0°F
	U ^{*3}	-200.0 to 400°C	-328.0 to 752.0°F
RTD ^{*5}	Pt100 ^{*4}	-200.0 to 600°C	-328.0 to 1112.0°F
	JPt100 ^{*4}	-200.0 to 550°C	-328.0 to 1022.0°F
DI	DCV input (TTL)	OFF : less than 2.4 V ON : more than 2.4 V	
	Contact input	Contact ON/OFF	

*1 R, S, B, K, E, J, T, N: IEC584-1 (1995), DIN IEC584, JIS C1602-1995

*2 W: W-5% Rd/W-26% Rd (Hoskins Mfg. Co.), ASTM E988

*3 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN43710, U: Cu-CuNi, DIN43710

*4 Pt100: JIS C1604-1997, IEC751-1995, DIN IEC751-1996

JPt100: JIS C1604-1989, JIS C1606-1989

*5 Measuring current: i = 1 mA

A/D integration time:	Selectable from 20 ms (50 Hz), 16.7 ms (60 Hz), 100 ms (50/60 Hz for DX210P/220P/230P), or AUTO (automatic selection from 20 ms and 16.7 ms by detection of power supply frequency)
Thermocouple burnout:	Burnout upscale/downscale function can be switched ON/OFF (for each channel). Burnout upscale/downscale selectable
Filter:	DX204P, DX208P: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signal damping • On/off selectable for each channel • Time constant: selectable from 2, 5, and 10 seconds
Moving average:	DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On/off selectable for each channel • Number of samples to be averaged is selectable from 2 to 16

11.1 Input Specifications

Computation:	Differential computation: Between any two channels Available for Volt, TC, RTD, and DI ranges.
Linear scaling:	Available for Volt, TC, RTD, and DI ranges. Scaling limits: -30000 to 30000 Decimal point: user selectable Engineering unit: user definable, up to 6 characters
Square root:	Square root computation and linear scaling Available for Volt range. Scaling limits: -30000 to 30000 Decimal point: user selectable Engineering unit: user definable, up to 6 characters

11.2 Display Specifications

Display unit:	10.4-inch TFT color LCD (VGA, 480 × 640 dot resolution)
Channel display color:	Trend/Bar graph: Selectable from 16 colors (Red, Green, Blue, Blue violet, Brown, Orange, Yellow green, Lightblue, Violet, Gray, lime, Cyan, Darkblue, Yellow, Light Gray, Purple) Initial settings of channel display color: Channel 1: Red, 2: Green, 3: Blue, 4: Blue violet, 5: Brown, 6: Orange, 7: Yellow-green, 8: Light blue, 9: violet, 10: Gray, 11: Red, 12: Green, 13: Blue, 14: Blue violet, 15: Brown, 16: Orange, 17: Yellow-green, 18: Light blue, 19: violet, 20: Gray, 21: Red, 22: Green, 23: Blue, 24: Blue violet, 25: Brown, 26: Orange, 27: Yellow-green, 28: Light blue, 29: violet, 30: Gray
Trend screen:	Background: White or black selectable Direction: vertical or horizontal selectable Number of indication channels: 10 channels per screen (maximum) All channels indication: 60 channels (maximum, including computation channels) Number of screens: 6 screens (6 group) Line width: 1, 2, and 3 dots selectable Display update rate: Waveform: (One division has 30 dots.) • DX204P, DX208P: 15 s, 30 s, 1, 2, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30 min., 1, 2, 4, 10 hours/div selectable • DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: 1, 2, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30 min, 1, 2, 4, 10 hours/div selectable Numerical value: 1 s (2 s when the scan interval is 2 s.) Contents: Waveform, Numerical value (numerical display section can be turned ON/OFF), scale (scale display can be turned ON/OFF), grid lines (number of divisions selectable from 4 to 12), times on time axis, trip lines (line widths are selectable from 1, 2 and 3 dots), messages (up to 32 characters for each), alarm indication Zone display and partial expanded display are available.
Digital screen:	Number of indication channels: 10 channels per screen (maximum) Number of screens: 6 screens (6 group) Display update rate: 1 s (2 s when the scan interval is 2 s) Contents: Numerical value, unit, alarm indication
Bar graph screen:	Direction: Vertical or horizontal selectable Number of indication channels: 10 channels per screen (maximum) Number of screens: 6 screens (6 group) Scales: 4 to 12 divisions selectable Base position of bar: Left, right or center (only for horizontal display) Display update rate: 1 s (2 s when the scan interval is 2 s) Contents: Bar graph, numerical value, unit, scale, alarm indication

11.2 Display Specifications

Automatic display switching:	<p>The displayed group can be automatically changed on the trend, digital, and bar graph screens.</p> <p>The display switching interval is selectable from 5 s, 10 s, 20 s, 30 s, and 1 min.</p>
Overview screen:	<p>Displays measured values and alarm status of all channels.</p> <p>Alarm ACK for individual alarms can be executed.</p>
Information screen:	<p>Alarm summary: Displays the list of alarms. Capable to switch to historical trend screen by cursor pointing.</p> <p>Alarm ACK summary: Display the list of alarm ACK operations.</p> <p>Message summary: Display the list of messages and time. Capable to switch to historical trend screen by cursor pointing.</p> <p>Memory summary: Display the file list in internal memory. Capable to switch to historical trend screen by cursor pointing.</p> <p>Report data display (/M1 option): Display the report data in internal memory.</p>
Tags:	<p>Number of characters: 16 characters maximum</p>
Historical trend screen:	<p>Displays the retrieved data from internal memory.</p> <p>Time axis operation: Can be expanded, reduced, and scrolled</p> <p>Memory information: The following information of the retrieved data are displayed: Data type, serial number of the DXP which is used to acquire data, starting and ending time of data acquisition, user name, batch information, and sign record</p>
Sign record screen:	<p>Enables you to sign display data and event data.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Displays the historical trend of the display data or event data on the external storage medium.• Can display the operation log, alarm summary, alarm ACK summary, and message summary that accompany the data.• Can display the file information.
4 panel display:	<p>The LCD display is divided into four sections. The following screens can be shown in each.</p> <p>Trend, digital, bar graph, overview, alarm summary, alarm ACK summary, message summary, and memory summary.</p>
Log screen:	<p>Displays logs of operation errors, operations, communication commands, file transfers via FTP, Web operations, e-mail transmissions, access to the SNTP server, and setting changes.</p>
System screen:	<p>Displays the number of input points, capacity of the internal memory, options, remote controller ID (/KB1, /KB2 options), MAC address, and firmware version number.</p>
Backlight saver function:	<p>The LCD backlight automatically dims if no key is pressed for a certain preset time (can be set from 1, 2, 5, 10, 30 and 60 minutes).</p>
Display language:	<p>Selectable from English, German, French, and Japanese.</p>
Temperature unit:	<p>°C or °F selectable</p>

11.3 Data Storage Specifications

- External storage medium: Selectable from:
- PCMCIA ATA flash memory card (4 to 440 MB), or CF card (32 to 512 MB, adapter required)
 - Zip disk (100 MB or 250 MB)
- File types: The following two file types can be created.
- Event data file (stores instantaneous values acquired periodically at a specified sampling interval)
 - Display data file (stores the maximum and minimum values for each sampling interval from among measured data acquired at scan intervals)
- Data format: Binary
- Automatic saving:
- When the type of process is set to “Batch”
 - Display data: Saved to the external storage medium at maximum applicable interval
 - Event data: Saved to the external storage medium at maximum applicable interval
 - When the type of process is set to “Continue”
 - Display data: Saving at specified times / periodic saving (10 min to 31 days) to external storage medium
 - Event data: Saving at specified times / periodic saving (3 min to 31 days) to external storage medium
- Save operation: Cyclic use of the storage area is possible (Media FIFO)
- Sampling interval: Display data: Linked with the waveform display update rate
Event data: Specified sampling interval
- Sampling interval for event data: A sampling interval that is faster than the scan interval cannot be specified.
- DX204P, DX208P:
Selectable from 125, 250, 500 ms, and 1, 2, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, 300, 600 s
- DX210P, DX220P, DX230P:
Selectable from 1, 2, 5, 10, 30, 60, 120, 300, and 600 s
- Sampling length: The maximum sampling length (the maximum data length) can be derived from the following equation.
- $$\text{Maximum sampling length} = \text{the maximum sampling count} \times \text{sampling interval}$$
- Maximum sampling count: calculated from internal memory capacity (5 MB), types of data, data size, and number of measurement and computation channels data to be stored
- Data size per channel:

Data type	Measurement channel	Computation channel
Display data	4 bytes/datum	8 bytes/datum
Event data	2 bytes/datum	4 bytes/datum

11.3 Data Storage Specifications

Maximum sampling count:

Sampling date and time (8 bytes) is attached.

Data type	Maximum sampling count
Display data	5,000,000 bytes/(number of measurement channels × 4 + number of computation channels × 8 + 8)
Event data	5,000,000 bytes/(number of measurement channels × 2 + number of computation channels × 4 + 8)

Example of the maximum sampling length:

In case measurement ch = 4 ch, computation ch = 0 ch

Display data (approx.)

Display rate (min/div)	1 min	5 min	20 min	30 min	60 min	240 min
Sampling interval (s)	2 s	10 s	40 s	60 s	120 s	480 s
Sampling length	115 h	24 days	96 days	144 days	289 days	1157 days

Event data (approx.)

Sampling interval	125 ms	250 ms	1 s	5 s	30 s	120 s
Sampling length	10 h	21 h	86 h	18 days	108 days	434 days

In case measurement ch = 6 ch, computation ch = 0 ch

Display data (approx.)

Display rate (min/div)	1 min	5 min	20 min	30 min	60 min	240 min
Sampling interval (s)	2 s	10 s	40 s	60 s	120 s	480 s
Sampling length	86 h	18 days	72 days	108 days	217 days	863 days

Event data (approx.)

Sampling interval	1 s	5 s	10 s	30 s	60 s	120 s
Sampling length	69 h	14 days	28 days	86 days	173 days	347 days

In case measurement ch = 30 ch, computation ch = 0 ch

Display data file only (approx.)

Display rate (min/div)	1 min	5 min	20 min	30 min	60 min	240 min
Sampling interval (s)	2 s	10 s	40 s	60 s	120 s	480 s
Sampling length	21 h	4.5 days	18 days	27 days	54 days	217 days

Event data file (approx.)

Sampling interval	1 s	5 s	10 s	30 s	60 s	120 s
Sampling length	20 h	4.2 days	8.5 days	25 days	51 days	102 days

Manual sampled data:	Trigger:	Key operation, communication command, or remote input signals (/R1 option)
	Data format:	ASCII
	Max. number of data sets internal memory can hold:	50
TLOG data (/M1 option):	Trigger:	Timeout of the timer
	Data format:	Binary
	Max. number of data sets or data divisions internal memory can hold:	400 data sets or 16 divisions (number of computation start/stop operations)
Report data (/M1 option):	Types:	Hourly, daily, hourly + daily, daily + monthly, and daily + weekly
	Data format:	ASCII
	Max. number of report data internal memory can hold:	50
Screen image data:	Trigger:	Key operation, communication command, or remote input signals (/R1 option)
	Data format:	png format
	Output:	To external storage medium

11.4 Alarm Function Specifications

Number of alarms:	Up to four alarms for each channel
Alarm types:	Upper and lower limits, delay upper and lower limits, difference upper and lower limits, and upper limit and lower on rate-of-change
Alarm delay time:	Selectable from 1 s to 3600 s for each channel
Interval time of rate-of-change alarms:	The scan interval times 1 to 15, common to all channels.
Display:	The alarm status (type) is displayed in the numerical value display area upon occurrence of an alarm. A common alarm indication is also displayed in the status display section. The alarm indication behavior: non-hold or hold-type can be selectable for common to all channels (Only hold-type is selectable when output relay action is set to "hold").
Hysteresis:	On (0.5% of display span)/off selectable (applied to upper and lower limits alarms, common to all measurement channels)
Relay outputs (option):	Number of points: 2, 4, 6, 12 or 24 points Relay action: Energized/de-energized, hold/non-hold, AND/OR, reflash actions selectable. The alarm relay condition is held even in the system mode.
Alarm information:	Alarm types, date and time of alarm occurrences/releases. Up to 240 latest alarms are stored in the internal memory. Displayed on the alarm summary screen.
Alarm ACK information:	Alarm types, date and time of alarm ACK operation, user name. Up to 240 latest alarms are stored in the internal memory. Displayed on the alarm ACK summary screen.

11.5 Specifications of the Function Used to Manage the Data

Supports 21 CFR Part 11 of the FDA (Food and Drug Administration).

Login Function: Users enter identification information. The user can operate the DX200P when the user is confirmed as a registered user.

User types:
Administrator: 3 administrators
Able to perform all operations.
Login method: Key only or Key and via communications

User: 90 users
Set the range of operations allowed for each user. System mode operations are not allowed. Time set operation is not allowed.
Login method: Key only, via communications only, or Key and via communications

User identification:
User name, user ID, and password are used.
Combinations of user ID and password that have been used in the past cannot be used.

Auto logout: Logged out when there is no key operation for a specified time.

When logged out: Operation of switching the operation screen is possible.

Audit trail function:

Saving of operation log:
The operation log from the previous Memory Stop to the current Memory Stop is added to the data file.
Number of operation logs: Up to 2000

Saving of setting change log and setup file:
The log of setting changes is saved to the external storage medium. The setup file when settings have been changed is saved to the external storage medium.

Electronic signature function:

Adds approval information (electronic signature) to the display data file or event data file.

- Information that can be added:
User name, date and time, pass/fail, and comment
- User identification: User ID and password
- Sign authority level: One of three authority levels or no authority can be specified.
- Approval information cannot be added if errors exist in the data.
- Approval information that has been added cannot be erased or changed.

Applicable files

- When the type of process is set to "Batch"
Data file that is not divided (1 data file/batch)
- When the type of process is set to "Continue"
All data files

11.5 Specifications of the Function Used to Manage the Data

Batch function:

Adds batch information to the display data file or event data file.

Information that can be added to the data:

DX200P serial No., headers 1 to 3, batch number, lot number, date and time of Memory Start and user name, date and time of Memory Stop and user name, and comment.

Data format of measured/computed data and setup data:

Display data, event data, TLOG data, and setup data are in BINARY format (undisclosed).

11.6 Specifications of Communication Functions

Connection:	Ethernet (10BASE-T)
Protocols:	FTP, TCP, IP, UDP, ICMP, ARP, HTTP, SMTP
FTP client functions:	Automatic file transfer from the DX200P (FTP client protocol) Files that can be transferred: Display data file, event data file, setup file, setting change log file, report data file, and screen image data file
FTP server functions:	Directory information output and file output on the external storage medium on request of FTP client.
Setting/Measurement server:	Registered users can log in via Ethernet. A proprietary protocol is used. Setting function: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Outputs measured data (real time monitor is possible).• Outputs logs, setup data, screen image data, status info., and login info.• Outputs files on the external storage medium.• Operates the DX200P.• Configures the DX200P. Real time monitor function: Monitor the measured/computed data of the DX200P. Monitor function: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Outputs measured data (real time monitor is possible).• Outputs logs, setup data, screen image data, status info., and login info.
E-mail transmission function:	E-mail is automatically transmitted at the following times. Alarm occurrence/release, recovery from a power failure, memory end detection, occurrence of error related to the external storage medium and FTP client, occurrence of locked user, at the specified time, and report creation. Destination: Specify two groups of destinations.
Web server function:	Displays the DX200P screen on the Internet Explorer browser. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Browser: Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.0 to 5.5• Monitor page: For monitoring• Operator page: Switches the screen on the DX200P from the browser. When the login function is not used, writing message and alarm ACK operation are possible.• Access control (user name (up to 8 characters) and password (up to 20 characters)) on each page is available.
Maintenance/Test server:	Registered users can log in via Ethernet. Setting function: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Outputs connection information and network information.• Closes other connections. Setting function: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Outputs connection information and network information.
Instrument information server:	Outputs the serial number and model of the DX200P.
SNTP server:	Operates as an SNTP server. Time resolution is 15.625 milliseconds.
SNTP client:	Synchronizes to the time of the SNTP server on the network.

11.7 Specifications of Optional Functions

Alarm Output Relays (/AR1, /AR2, /A3, /A4, /A5):

An alarm signal is output from the rear panel as a relay contact signal.

/AR1 and /AR2 includes remote control functions (/R1)

Number of output relays: 2, 4, 6, 12, or 24

Relay contact rating: 250 VAC (50/60 Hz)/3 A, 250 VDC/0.1 A (for resistance load)

Terminal configuration: SPDT (NO-C-NC). Energized-at-alarm/de-energized-at-alarm, AND/OR, hold/non-hold, and reflash actions are selectable.

Serial Communication Interface (/C2, /C3):

Allows communications using one of four protocols.

Connection: EIA RS-232 (/C2) or RS-422A/485 (/C3)

Protocols: Normal (setting/measurement function), Modbus master/slave protocol, and bar code protocol (/C2)

Synchronization method: Start-stop asynchronous transmission

Connection method (RS-422A/485):

4-wire half-duplex multi-drop connection

(1 : N where N = 1 to 31)

Transmission speed: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bps

Data length: 7 or 8 bits

Stop bit: 1 bit

Parity: Odd, even, or none

Communication distance (RS-422A/485): Up to 1200 m

Application:

- Setting/measurement function:

A proprietary protocol is used.

For details, see "Setting/measurement server," section 11.6.

- Modbus:

Mode: RTU SLAVE, RTU MASTER

Data type: SLAVE: Data read and data write by the master device

MASTER: Data read from the slave device
(Computation function /M1 is necessary)

- Bar code input:

A proprietary protocol is used.

Reads bar codes to operate the DX200P.

VGA Output (/D5):

The DX200P's screen can be displayed on a monitor via this terminal.

Only a VGA monitor or a multi-synchronous monitor which is capable of displaying VGA can be used.

Resolution: 640-by-480 dots (VGA)

Connection: D-SUB 15 pin receptacle

FAIL/Memory End Output (/F1):

One of the following five functions can be assigned to each of two output relays.

Contact specifications: 250 VDC/0.1 A (resistive load), 250 VAC (50/60 Hz)/3 A

- System fail

Relay action: De-energized on system fail

11.7 Specifications of Optional Functions

- Memory end
Informs of the time until end of the internal memory space before the data is overwritten, or of the time when the remaining space on the external storage medium reaches to 10% of whole capacity or 6 Mbytes.
Relay action: Energized when the remaining spaces reaches the specified value.
Memory alarm time: selectable from 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50 or 100 hours
- Memory Start/Memory Stop
Relay action: Energized on Memory Start, de-energized on Memory Stop
- User Locked
Relay action: Energized on occurrence of locked user, de-energized on the operation of acknowledging the user lock
- Presence of Login Users
Relay action: Energized when there is a user logged into the DX200P, otherwise, de-energized

Clamped Input Terminal (/H2):

Clamped input terminal is used for input terminal.

Desktop Type (/H5[]):

Provides carrying handle.

/H5D, /H5F/, H5R, or /H5J: Power cord is provided.

/H5: Screw type power terminal (can only be specified when /P is simultaneously specified).

Computation Functions (/M1):

Can perform computation, display the computed data assigned to channels in trends and numerical values, and store computed data.

Channels assignable to computed data:

DX204P, DX208P: Up to 8 channels

DX210P, DX220P, DX230P: Up to 30 channels

Operation:

General arithmetic operations:

Four arithmetic operations, square root, absolute, common logarithm, exponential, power, relational operations (<, ≤, >, ≥, =, ≠), logical operations (AND, OR, NOT, XOR)

Statistical operations (TLOG computation): Average, maximum, minimum, summation, and maximum - minimum

Special operations: Rolling average (moving average on computed results)

Constant:

Available (Up to 30 constants)

Digital input data via communication:

Digital data via communication can be used in calculation expression (Up to 30 data)

Remote input status (/R1 option):

Remote input status (0/1) can be used in calculation expression (Up to 8 inputs)

TLOG data

The instantaneous values of all channels (excluding measurement channels set to skip and computation channels set to Off) can be saved from the time computation is started to the time computation is stopped at intervals specified by a timer.

Report functions: Report type: Hourly, daily, hourly + daily, daily + monthly, and daily + weekly
 Operation: Average, maximum, minimum and summation
 Report channel: Up to 30 channels per report
 Data format: ASCII

Cu10, Cu25 RTD Input/3 terminal isolated RTD Input (/N1):

This option allows Cu10 and Cu25 inputs besides the standard input types. A, B, and b terminals are of isolated input type for DX210P, DX220P and DX230P.

	Input type	Measuring range
RTD (measurement current : i = 1.25 mA)	Cu10 (GE)	-200 to 300°C (-328.0 to 572.0°F)
	Cu10 (L&N)	
	Cu10 (WEED)	
	Cu10 (BAILEY)	
	Cu10 : $\alpha = 0.00392$ at 20°C	
	Cu10 : $\alpha = 0.00393$ at 20°C	
	Cu25 : $\alpha = 0.00425$ at 0°C	

Measuring accuracy (For measuring accuracy of other input types, see section 11.8.)

Input type	Accuracy guaranteed range	Measuring accuracy
Cu10 (GE)	-70 to 170°C	± (0.4% of rdg + 1.0°C)
Cu10 (L&N)	-75 to 150°C	
Cu10 (WEED)	-200 to 260°C	
Cu10 (BAILEY)	-200 to 300°C	
Cu10 : $\alpha = 0.00392$ at 20°C		
Cu10 : $\alpha = 0.00393$ at 20°C		
Cu25 : $\alpha = 0.00425$ at 0°C		± (0.3% of rdg + 0.8°C)
Pt100	Measuring range	± (0.3% of rdg + 0.6°C)
Jpt100		

3 terminal Isolated RTD Input (/N2):

A, B, and b terminals are of isolated input type.

- * Can be specified only for DX210P, DX220P and DX230P.
- A, B, and b terminals of DX204P and DX208P are isolated as standard.

24 VDC/AC Power Supply (/P1):

Powered by 24 VDC or 24 VAC.

For related specifications, see “Power Supply,” “Normal Operating Conditions,” “Effects of Operating Conditions,” and “Other Specifications” in section 11.8.

Rated power supply: 24 VDC/AC

Allowable power supply voltage range:

21.6 to 26.4 VDC/AC

Dielectric strength: Power supply to ground terminal: 500 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute

Rated power supply frequency: 50/60 Hz (for AC)

Allowable power supply frequency range: 50/60 Hz±2% (for AC)

Rated power consumption: 54 VA (for DC), 76 VA (for AC)

Power consumption:

Supply voltage	Backlight saving mode	Normal	Max.
24 VDC	34 VA	35 VA	54 VA
24 VAC (50/60Hz)	50 VA	53 VA	76 VA

Effects on measured value:

With variation within 21.6 to 26.4 V AC/DC:

±1 digit or less

With variation of ±2 Hz from rated power supply frequency (at 24 VAC):

±(0.1% of rdg + 1 digit) or less

11.7 Specifications of Optional Functions

Calibration Correction (/CC1):

Corrects the measured value of each channel using ten-segment linearizer approximation.

Can be set on each measurement channel.

Number of segment points: 2 to 16

Remote Control (/R1):

This option allows the following functions to be controlled remotely by a contact or an open collector input (up to eight inputs):

- Alarm acknowledgment (trigger, 250 ms or longer)
- Memory Start/Memory Stop (rising and falling edge)
- Time adjustment (adjusting the internal clock to the nearest hour upon remote signal, trigger, 250 ms or longer)

The table below shows the operation when data acquisition is stopped. The time is gradually corrected while data acquisition is in progress.

Time of signal input	Processing
hh:00:00 to hh:01:59	Cut off reading of less than one minute. e.g. 10:00:50 is corrected as 10:00:00
hh:58:00 to hh:59:59	Round up reading of less than one minute. e.g. 10:59:50 is corrected as 11:00:00
hh:02:00 to hh:57:59	No process is to be performed.

- Start/stop of computation (rising and falling edge, /M1 option)
- Reset of computation data (trigger, 250 ms or longer, /M1 option)
- Manual sampling (trigger, 250 ms or longer)
- Writing messages (Up to 8 different messages can be set, trigger, 250 ms or longer)
- Saving the current screen image data to the external storage medium (trigger, 250 ms or longer)

24 VDC Power Supply for Transmitter (/TPS4 or /TPS8)

Number of loops: 4 (/TPS4) or 8 (/TPS8)

Output voltage: 22.8 to 25.2 VDC (under rated output current)

Rated output current: 4 to 20 mADC

Maximum output current: 25 mADC (overcurrent protection operation current: approximately 68 mADC)

Allowable cable resistance: $RL \leq (17.8 - \text{minimum operation voltage of transmitter})/0.02 \text{ A}$
where $17.8 \text{ V} = 22.8 \text{ V} - 5 \text{ V}$
22.8 V: Minimum output voltage
5 V: Maximum voltage across the load resistor (250 Ω)

Maximum length of cable: 2 km (when using CEV cable)

Insulation resistance: 20 M Ω or more (500 VDC) between output terminal and ground terminal

Withstand voltage: 500 VAC (50/60 Hz, I = 10 mA) for one minute between output terminal and ground terminal
500 VAC (50/60 Hz, I = 10 mA) for one minute between output terminals

Easy Text Entry (/KB1, /KB2)

/KB1: With a remote control terminal, /KB2: Without remote control terminal

Operation temperature range: 0 to 40°C

Operation humidity range: 20 to 80% RH (5 to 40°C, no condensation)

Storage temperature range: -10 to 60°C

Power supply: 3 VDC, two AAA batteries (alkaline or manganese. Use the same type of batteries.)

Weight: Approx. 60 g (excluding the batteries)

External dimensions: 170 (H) × 50 (W) × 23.7 (D) mm

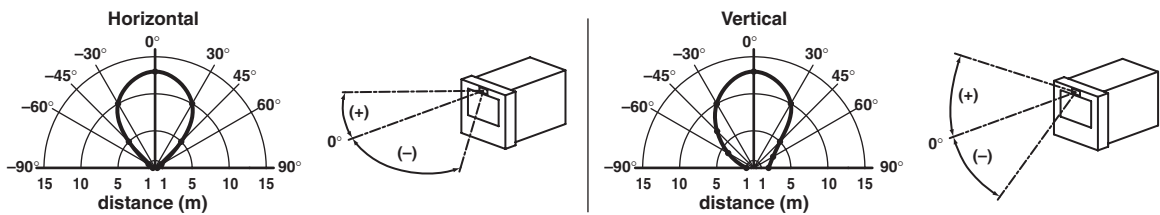
Number of units that can be controlled individually:
Up to 32 units by setting the ID number

Control range: 8 m or less from the front of the light-receiving section of the DX200P. (A reference value.* Varies depending on the operating environment such as the battery voltage and the presence or absence of external light.)

* The value is not warranted.

Directional characteristics: See the figure below. (A reference value.* Varies depending on the operating environment such as the battery voltage and the presence or absence of external light.)

* The value is not warranted.



11.8 General Specifications

Construction

Mounting:	Flush panel mounting (on a vertical plane) Mounting may be inclined backward up to 30 degrees from a horizontal plane.
Allowable panel thickness:	2 to 26 mm
Material:	Case: drawn steel Bezel: polycarbonate
Case Color:	Case: Grayish blue green (Munsell 2.0B 5.0/1.7 or equivalent) Bezel: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B 3.6/0.3 or equivalent)
Front Panel:	Water and dust-proof (based on IEC529-IP65, and NEMA No.250 TYPE4 (except External Icing Test))
Dimensions:	288(W) × 288(H) × 247.1(D) mm
Weight:	DX204P: approx. 6.6 kg DX208P: approx. 6.8 kg DX210P: approx. 6.6 kg DX220P: approx. 6.9 kg DX230P: approx. 7.3 kg

Standard Performance

Measuring accuracy:

The following specifications apply to operation of the DX200P under standard operation conditions:

Temperature:	23 ± 2°C
Humidity:	55% ± 10% RH
Power supply voltage:	90 to 132 or 180 to 250 VAC
Power supply frequency:	50/60 Hz ± 1%
Warm-up time:	At least 30 minutes.
Other ambient conditions such as vibration should not adversely affect the operation of the DX200P.	

Input	Range	Measuring accuracy (digital display)	Max. resolution of digital display
DC voltage	20 mV	± (0.1% of rdg + 2 digits)	10 μV
	60 mV		10 μV
	200 mV		100 μV
	2 V		1 mV
	6 V		1 mV
	20 V		10 mV
	50 V		± (0.1% of rdg + 3 digits)	10 mV
TC (Excluding the reference junction compensation accuracy)	R	± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C)	0.1°C
	S	However, R, S : ± 3.7°C at 0 to 100°C, ± 1.5°C at 100 to 300°C	
	B	B : ± 2°C at 400 to 600°C (Accuracy at less than 400°C is not guaranteed.)	
	K	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C) However, ± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C) at -200 to -100°C	
	E	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C)	
	J	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C)	
	T	However, ± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C) at -200 to -100°C	
	N	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C)	
	W	± (0.15% of rdg + 1°C)	
	L	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.5°C)	
	U	However, ± (0.15% of rdg + 0.7°C) at -200 to -100°C	
RTD	Pt100	± (0.15% of rdg + 0.3°C)	
	JPt100		

Measuring accuracy in case of scaling (digits):

Accuracy during scaling (digits) = measuring accuracy (digits) × multiplier + 2 digits (rounded up)

where the multiplier = scaling span (digits)/measuring span (digits).

Example: Assuming that

- range: 6 V
- measuring span: 1.000 to 5.000 V
- scaling span: 0.000 to 2.000

Then,

Measuring accuracy = $\pm(0.1\% \times 5 \text{ V} + 2 \text{ digits})$
 = $\pm(0.005 \text{ V [5 digits]} + 2)$
 = $\pm(7 \text{ digits})$

Multiplier = $2000 \text{ digits (0.000 to 2.000)}/4000 \text{ digits (1.000 to 5.000 V)}$
 = 0.5

Accuracy during scaling = $7 \text{ digits} \times 0.5 + 2 = 6 \text{ digits (rounded up)}$

Reference junction compensation:

Internal/External selectable for each channel

Reference junction compensation accuracy (above 0°C):

Types R, S, B, W: $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$

Types K, J, E, T, N, L, U: $\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum allowable input voltage:

$\pm 10 \text{ V DC (continuous)}$ for ranges of 2 V or less and TC ranges

$\pm 60 \text{ V DC (continuous)}$ for 6 V DC, 20 V DC, and 50 V DC

ranges

Input resistance:

Approximately $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more for ranges of 2 V DC or less and TC

Approximately $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ for 6 V DC, 20 V DC, and 50 V DC ranges

Input source resistance:

Volt, TC: $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ or less

RTD: 10Ω or less per wire (The resistance of all three wires must be equal).

Input bias current: 10 nA or less

Maximum common mode noise voltage: $250 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}} \text{ AC (50/60 Hz)}$

Maximum noise voltage between channels: $250 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}} \text{ AC (50/60 Hz)}$

Interference between channels:

120 dB (when the input source resistance is 500Ω and the

inputs to other channels are 60 V)

Common mode rejection ratio:

$120 \text{ dB (50/60 Hz } \pm 0.1\%, 500 \Omega \text{ imbalance, between the minus terminal and ground)}$

Normal mode rejection ratio: $40 \text{ dB (50/60 Hz } \pm 0.1\%)$

Power Supply

Rated power supply:

100 to 240 VAC (automatic switching, except /P1 model)

24 VDC/AC (/P1 model)

Allowable power supply voltage range:

90 to 132 or 180 to 264 VAC (except /P1 model)

21.6 to 26.4 VDC/AC (/P1 model)

Rated power supply frequency:

50/60 Hz (automatic switching, for AC)

Rated Power consumption:

106 VA (except /P1 model)

54 VA (/P1 model, DC), 76 VA (/P1 model, AC)

11.8 General Specifications

Power consumption: Except /P1 model

Supply voltage	Backlight saving mode	Normal	Max.
100 VAC	50 VA	53 VA	75 VA
240 VAC	78 VA	80 VA	106 VA

/P1 model

Supply voltage	Backlight saving mode	Normal	Max.
24 VDC	34 VA	35 VA	54 VA
24 VAC (50/60Hz)	50 VA	53 VA	76 VA

Normal Operating Conditions

Power supply voltage: 90 to 132 VAC or 180 to 250 VAC (except /P1 model)
21.6 to 26.4 VDC/AC (/P1 model)

Power supply frequency:

Ambient temperature: 0 to 50°C (when using Zip drive: 5 to 40°C)

Ambient humidity: 20% to 80% RH (at 5 to 40°C)

Vibration: 10 to 60 Hz, 0.2 m/s² or less

Shock: Not acceptable

Magnetic field: 400 A/m or less (DC and 50/60 Hz)

Noise: Normal mode (50/60 Hz):
Volt: The peak value including the signal must be less than 1.2 times the measuring range.
TC: The peak value including the signal must be less than 1.2 times the measuring thermal electromotive force.
RTD: 50 mV or less
Common mode noise (50/60 Hz):
250 Vrms AC or less for all ranges
Maximum noise voltage between channels (50/60 Hz):
250 Vrms AC or less

Mounting position: Can be inclined up to 30 deg backward. Mounting at an angle away from the perpendicular is not acceptable.

Warm-up time: At least 30 minutes after power on

Altitude: 2000 m or less above sea level

Effects of Operating Conditions

Ambient temperature: With temperature variation of 10°C:

- $\pm(0.1\%$ of rdg + 1 digit) or less for Volt and TC ranges
Excluding the error of reference junction compensation
- $\pm(0.1\%$ of rdg + 2 digit) or less for RTD ranges

Power supply: Except /P1 model

- With variation within 90 to 132 V and 180 to 250 VAC (50/60 Hz): ± 1 digit or less
- With variation of ± 2 Hz from rated power frequency (at 100 VAC): $\pm(0.1\%$ of rdg + 1 digit) or less

/P1 model

- With variation within 21.6 to 26.4 VDC/AC: ± 1 digit or less
- With variation of ± 2 Hz from rated power frequency (at 24 VAC): $\pm(0.1\%$ of rdg + 1 digit) or less

Magnetic field: AC (50/60 Hz) and DC 400 A/m fields:
 $\pm(0.1\%$ of rdg + 10 digits) or less

- Input source resistance: Volt range
- With variation of +1 k Ω :
 Ranges of 2 V or less: within $\pm 10 \mu\text{V}$
 Ranges of 6 V or greater: $\pm 0.1\%$ of rdg or less
- TC range
- With variation of +1 k Ω :
 Within $\pm 10 \mu\text{V}$ ($\pm 100 \mu\text{V}$ when the burnout upscale/
 downscale function is switched on)
- RTD range (Pt100)
- With variation of 10 Ω per wire (resistance of all three wires
 must be equal): $\pm 0.1\%$ of rdg + 1 digit) or less
 - With maximum difference of 40 mhos between wires:
 approximately 0.1 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Transport and Storage Conditions

The following specifies the environmental conditions required during transportation from shipment to the start of service and during storage as well as during transportation and storage if the DX200P is temporarily taken out of service.

No malfunction will occur under these conditions with serious damage, which is impossible to repair; however, calibration may be necessary to recover normal operation performance.

- Ambient temperature: -25°C to 60°C
 Humidity: 5% to 95% RH (No condensation is allowed).
 Vibration: 10 to 60 Hz, 4.9 m/s² maximum
 Shock: 392 m/s² maximum (while being packed)

Other Specifications

- Clock: With calendar function (year of grace)
 When the time is changed while data acquisition is in progress, the time is corrected by 15.625 milliseconds per a second.
 The time can be adjusted by a remote contact (with the remote control option).
- Daylight saving: Automatically sets the internal clock ahead by 1 hour during the specified period in the year.
- Accuracy of clock: ± 100 ppm, excluding a delay (of 1 second, maximum) caused each time the power is turned on.
- Memory backup: A built-in lithium battery backs up the setup parameters (battery life: approximately ten years at room temperature).
- Insulation resistance: Each terminal to ground terminal: 20 M Ω or greater (at 500 VDC)
- Dielectric strength: Power supply to ground terminal:
 1500 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute (except /P1 model)
 Power supply to ground terminal:
 500 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute (/P1 model)
 Contact output terminal to ground terminal:
 1500 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute
 Measuring input terminal to ground terminal:
 1500 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute
 Between measuring input terminals:
 1000 VAC (50/60 Hz), 1 minute (except for b-terminal of RTD input of DX210P, DX220P and DX230P)
 Between remote control terminal to ground terminal:
 500 VDC, 1 minute

Safety and EMC Standards

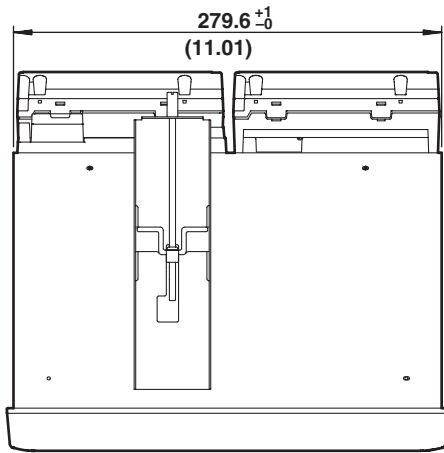
CSA:	Certified by CSA22.2 No. 1010.1, Installation category (Overvoltage category) II ^{*1} , Pollution degree 2 ^{*2}
UL:	Certified by UL61010B-B (CSA NRTL/C)
CE:	EMC: Complies with EN61326-1 Complies with EN61000-3-2 Complies with EN61000-3-3
	Low voltage: Complies with EN61010-1, Measurement category II ^{*3}

*1 "Installation category (Overvoltage category)" describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. It implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. "II" applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like distribution board.

*2 "Pollution degree" describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering. "2" applies to normal indoor atmosphere. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.

*3 Applies to measuring circuits connected to low voltage installation, and electrical instruments supplied with power from fixed equipment such as electric switchboards.

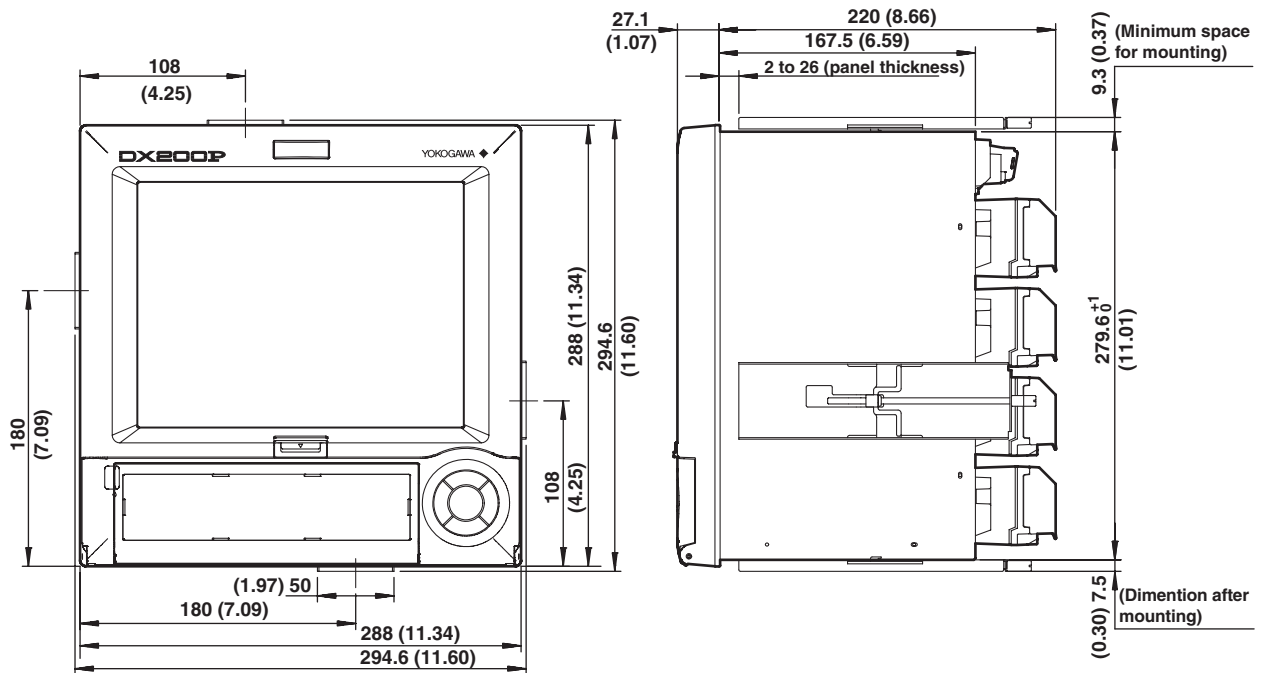
11.9 Dimensional Drawings



Unit : mm

(approx. inch)

The dimensional tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ unless otherwise specified.
(However, the tolerance for dimensions less than 10 mm is ± 0.3 mm).

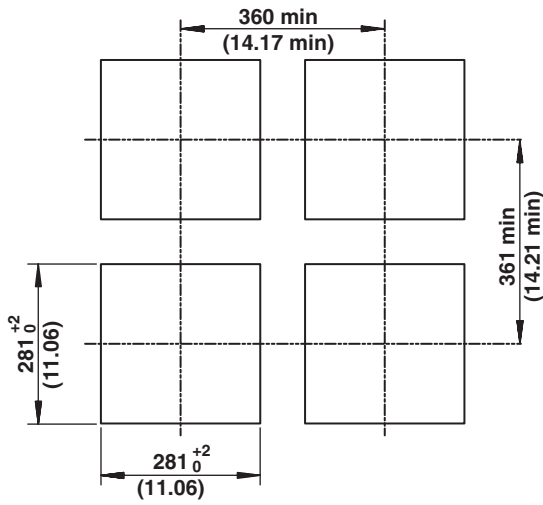


Note

When mounting to a panel, use two brackets, one each of the top and bottom of the DX200P, or on the left and right sides.

11.9 Dimensional Drawings

Panel Cutout

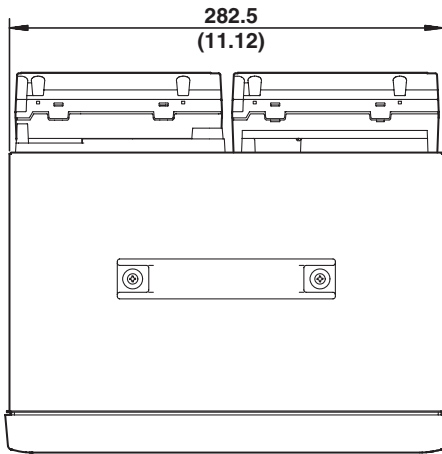


Unit : mm

(approx. inch)

The dimensional tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ unless otherwise specified. (However, the tolerance for dimensions less than 10 mm is ± 0.3 mm).

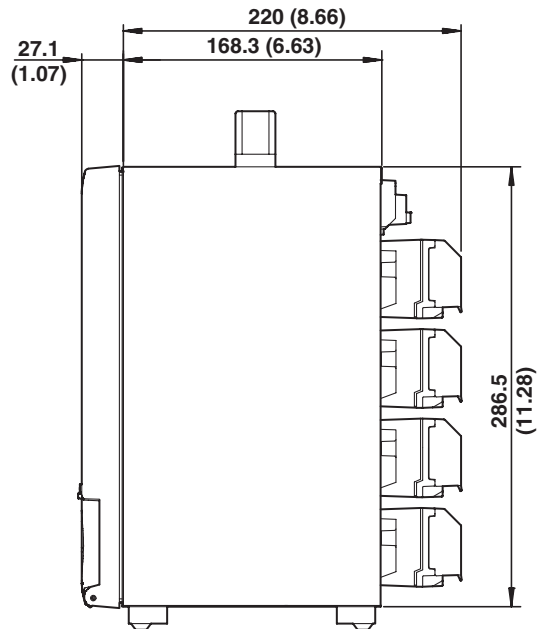
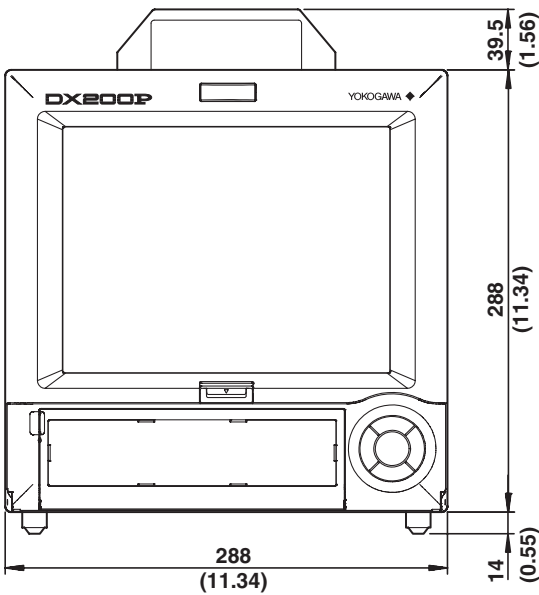
Desktop Type



Unit : mm

(approx. inch)

The dimensional tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ unless otherwise specified. (However, the tolerance for dimensions less than 10 mm is ± 0.3 mm).



Note

The dimensional tolerance is $\pm 3\%$ unless otherwise specified. (However, the tolerance for dimensions less than 10 mm is ± 0.3 mm).

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Engineering Mode

Initial settings are thick-framed.

Parameters		Menu				Notes	
Range	Volt	20 mV	60 mV	200 mV	2 V	Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span	
		6 V	20 V	50 V			
	TC	R	S	B	K		
		E	J	T	N		
		W	L	U			
	RTD	PT	JPT			Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span	
	Scale	Volt	20 mV	60 mV	200 mV	2 V	Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span Upper/lower limits of scale
			6 V	20 V	50 V		
		TC	R	S	B	K	
			E	J	T	N	
			W	L	U		
		RTD	PT	JPT			
	DI	Level	Cont				
	Unit					Character string	
	Delta	Volt	20 mV	60 mV	200 mV	2 V	Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span
			6 V	20 V	50 V		
		TC	R	S	B	K	
			E	J	T	N	
			W	L	U		
		RTD	PT	JPT			
DI	Level	Cont					
Ref. CH					Up to model types		
DI	Level	Cont			Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span		
Sqrt	Unit	20 mV	60 mV	200 mV	2 V	Other parameters: Upper/lower limits of span Upper/lower limits of scale	
		6 V	20 V	50 V			
Skip					Character string		
Alarm	On/Off	On	Off				
	Type	H	L	h	l		
		R	r	T	t		
	Value					Numerical value	
	Relay On/Off	On	Off				
Number	I01 to I06, I11 to I16, I21 to I26, I31 to I36				Up to model types		
Tag	Tag				Character string, Initial setting is "all space"		
Moving average	Count	Off	2	3	4	DX210P/DX220P/DX230P	
		5	6	7	8		
		9	10	11	12		
		13	14	15	16		
Filter		Off	2 s	5 s	10 s	DX204P/DX208P	
Alarm delay time		1 to 3600 s	10 s			Numerical value	
Trend/Save interval	Time/div	15 s	30 s	1 min	2 min	15 s and 30 s are for DX204P and DX208P only	
		5 min	10 min	15 min	20 min		
		30 min	1 h	2 h	4 h		
		10 h					
	Auto save interval	10 min to 31 days	1 h			Up to other parameters set	
File	Header					Character string, Initial setting is "all space"	
	Directory name					Character string, Initial setting is [DATA 0]	

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes	
User key	Action	None	Alarm ACK	Math	Math rst		
		M. sample	Message 1	Message 2	Message 3		
		Message 4	Message 5	Message 6	Message 7		
		Message 8	Snapshot				
Group set	Group number	1	2	3	4	Fixed	
	Group name	GROUP 1	GROUP 2	GROUP 3	GROUP 4	Character string	
		GROUP 5	GROUP 6				
	CH set					See section 5.9 for initial settings.	
	Trip line	On/Off	On	Off			
Position						Numerical value	
Color		Red	Green	Blue	B. violet	Initial settings are No.1: Red, No.2: Green, No.3: Blue, No.4: Yellow	
	Brown	Orange	Y. green	Lightblue			
	Violet	Gray	Lime	Cyan			
	Darkblue	Yellow	Lightgray	Purple			
Color	CH1 to CH30	Red	Green	Blue	B. violet	See section 11.2 for initial settings.	
		Brown	Orange	Y. green	Lightblue		
		Violet	Gray	Lime	Cyan		
		Darkblue	Yellow	Lightgray	Purple		
Zone	Lower	0 to 95				Numerical value	
	Upper	5 to 100					
Graph	Division	4	5	6	7		
		8	9	10	11		
		12	C10				
	Bar graph	Normal	Center				
	Scale position	Off	1	2	3		
		4	5	6	7		
8		9	10				
Partial	On/Off	On	Off			Numerical value	
	Expand	1 to 99					
	Boundary						
View	Direction	Trend	Horizontal	Vertical	Horizon2		
		Bar graph	Horizontal	Vertical			
	Background	White	Black				
	Trend line	1	2	3			
	Trip line	1	2	3			
	Grid	Auto	4	5	6		
		7	8	9	10		
		11	12				
	Scroll	5 s	10 s	20 s	30 s		
		1 min					
Scale digit	Normal	Fine					
LCD	Brightness	1	2	3	4		
	Backlight saver	On/Off	On	Off			
		Saver time	1 min	2 min	5 min		10 min
			30 min	1 h			
Restore	Key	Key + Alm					
Math color	CH31 to CH60	Red	Green	Blue	B. violet	See section 11.2 for initial settings.	
		Brown	Orange	Y. green	Lightblue		
		Violet	Gray	Limegray	Cyan		
		Darkblue	Yellow	Lightgray	Purple		
Math Zone	Lower	0 to 95				Numerical value	
	Upper	5 to 100					
Math partial	On/Off	On	Off			Numerical value	
	Expand	1 to 99					
	Boundary						

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters	Menu				Notes		
Math Graph	Division	4	5	6	7		
		8	9	10	11		
		12	C10				
	Bar graph	Normal	Center				
	Scale position	1	2	3	4		
		5	6	7	8		
9		10	Off				
Save/Load	Save settings						
	Load settings						
	Save data to media						
Time set	YY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS					Numerical value	
	DST	Summer	Winter				
Message	Group number	1	2	3	4	Character string, Initial setting is "all space"	
		5	6	7			
	Group name 1 to 8						
Batch set	Lot number Use/Not	Use	Not				
	Auto increment	On	Off				
	Header	1					
		2					
3							
Math set	Math range	On/Off	On	Off			
		Calculation expression					Equation for computation
		Span Lower					Numerical value
		Span Upper					
		Unit					Character string
	Math alarm	On/Off	On	Off			
		Type	H	L	T	t	
		Value					Numerical value
		Relay On/Off	On	Off			
		Number	I01 to I06, I11 to I16, I21 to I26, I31 to I36				Up to model types
	Constant	K01 to K30					Numerical value, Initial setting is "1"
	Tag	Tag					Character string, Initial setting is "all space"
	TLOG	Timer No.	1	2	3		
		Sum scale	Off	/s	/min	/h	
		Rolling average	On/Off	On	Off		
	Rolling average	Interval	1 s	2 s	3 s	4 s	
			5 s	6 s	10 s	12 s	
			15 s	20 s	30 s	1 min	
			2 min	3 min	4 min	5 min	
			6 min	10 min	12 min	15 min	
20 min			30 min	1 h			
Number of samples			1 to 64				Numerical value
Alarm delay time	1 s to 3600 s	10 s			Numerical value		
Calibration correction setting	Channel					Up to model types	
	Number of set points	Off	2 to 16				
	1 to 16	MES val					Numerical value
True val							

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes	
Daylight saving time	Use/Not	Use	Not				
	Start time	Month	1 to 12				
		Day order	1	2	3	4	
			Last				
		Weekday	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	
			THU	FRI	SAT		
	Hour of the day					Numerical value 0 to 23	
	End time	Month	1 to 12				
		Day order	1	2	3	4	
			Last				
		Weekday	SUN	MON	TUE	WED	
			THU	FRI	SAT		
Hour of the day					Numerical value 0 to 23		

System Mode

Initial settings are thick-framed.

Parameters	Menu						Notes
Alarm	Reflash		On	Off			
	Relay	AND	None	I01	I01 - I02	I01 - I03	Up to model types
			I01 - I04	I01 - I05	I01 - I06	I01 - I11	
			I01 - I12	I01 - I13	I01 - I14	I01 - I15	
			I01 - I16	I01 - I21	I01 - I22	I01 - I23	
			I01 - I24	I01 - I25	I01 - I26	I01 - I31	
			I01 - I32	I01 - I33	I01 - I34	I01 - I35	
			I01 - I36				
	Action		Energize	De-energ			
	Behavior		Hold	Nonhold			
	Indicator		Hold	Nonhold			
	Rate of change	Increase Decrease	1	2	3	4	
			5	6	7	8	
			9	10	11	12	
			13	14	15		
Hysteresis		On	Off				
A/D	Integrate		Auto	50 Hz	60 Hz	100 ms	Initial setting is 50 Hz for models with /P1. 100 ms is for DX210P/DX220P/DX230P.
	Scan interval		125 ms	250 ms			DX204P/DX208P
			1 s	2 s			DX210P/DX220P/DX230P
	Burnout set		Off	Up	Down		
	RJC		Internal	External			
	Volt (μ V)						Numerical value
Temperature unit		C	F				
Application	Type of process		Batch	Continu			
	Trend clear		On	Off			
Memory	Data		Display	Event			
	Event	Sample rate	125 ms	250 ms	500 ms	1 s	125 ms, 250 ms, and 500 ms are for DX204P and DX208P only
			2 s	5 s	10 s	30 s	
			60 s	120 s	300 s	600 s	
	Data length		3 min to 31 days				Up to other parameters set
Memory and trend	Meas CH/Math CH		Meas CH	Math CH			
	First-CH						Up to model types
	Last-CH						
	On/Off		On	Off			
Memory timeup	Timeup type		Off	Hour	Day	Week	
			Month				
		Date					
	Day of the week		SUN	MON	TUE	WED	
	Time (hour)		THU	FRI	SAT			Numerical value
Admin tool Batch system settings	Login settings	User ID	Use	Not			
		Use/Not					
		Auto Logout	Off	1 min	2 min	5 min	
	Display change without login		On	Off			
	Sign record settings	Sign record	Use	Not			
		Use/Not					
Batch stop sign record		On	Off				
	Sign record User ID	Use	Not				

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes	
Admin tool Admin settings	Number	1	2	3			
	Login method	Off	Key	Key + Com			
	User name					Character strings	
	User ID						
	Password	???????	*****	-----		Only default password can be entered	
	Password expire	Off	1 month	3 month	6 month		
Admin tool User settings	User Number	1 - 30	31 - 60	61 - 90			
	Number	1 to 30	31 - 60	61 - 90			
	Login method	Off	Key	Com	Key + Com		
	User name					Character strings	
	User ID						
	Password	???????	*****	-----		Only default password can be entered	
	Password expire	Off	1 month	3 month	6 month		
	Login mode No.	1 to 30					
	Calibration correction set	Use	Not				
		Number	1 to 30				
Admin tool Login mode settings	Sign record	Off	sign1	sign2	sign3		
	Key	START	Free	Lock			
		STOP	Free	Lock			
		MENU	Free	Lock			
		USER	Free	Lock			
		DISP/ENTER	Free	Lock			
	Alarm ACK	Free	Lock				
	Media	Free	Lock				
	Batch	Free	Lock				
	Message	Free	Lock				
	Snapshot	Free	Lock				
	Math	Free	Lock				
	Save data	Free	Lock				
	Load data	Free	Lock				
	E-mail	Free	Lock				
	Other	Free	Lock				
Save/Load, Initialize	Save settings						
	Load settings						
	Load login settings						
	Initialize	Clear 1	Clear 2	Clear 3			
Option Remote	Action NO.1 to NO.8	None	Start Stop	Alatm ACK	Time adj		
		Math	Math rst	M. sample	Message 1		
		Start Stop	Message 2	Message 3	Message 4		
		Message 2	Message 3	Message 4	Message 5		
		Message 6	Message 7	Message 8	Snapshot		
Option Timer (TLOG) No.1, 2, 3	Mode	Off	Relative	Absolute		Initial setting Timer 1: Absolute Timer 2, 3: Off	
	Interval	(Absolute)	1 min	2 min	3 min		4 min
			5 min	6 min	10 min		12 min
			15 min	20 min	30 min		1 h
			2 h	3 h	4 h		6 h
			8 h	12 h	24 h		
		(Relative)				Numerical value	
	Ref. time					Numerical value, Initial setting is [0:00]	
	Reset	On	Off				
	Action	Off	Datasave				
Option Report	Report set	Off	Hour	Day	Hour + Day		
		Day + Week	Day + Month				
	Date					Numerical value	
	Date of the week	SUN	MON	TUE	WEN		
		THU	FRI	SAT			
Time (hour)					Numerical value		

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes
Option Report	Report CH	R01	R02	R03	R04	
		R05	R06	R07	R08	
		R09	R10	R11	R12	
		R13	R14	R15	R16	
		R17	R18	R19	R20	
		R21	R22	R23	R24	
		R25	R26	R27	R28	
		R29	R30			
	On/Off	On	Off			
	Channel					Up to model types
	Sum scale	Off	/s	/min	/h	
		/day				
Option System relay	1	Fail	Memory	Batch	User locked	
		Login user				
	2	Fail	Memory	Batch	User locked	
		Login user				
Communication Ethernet	IP-address					Numerical value
	Subnet mask					
	Default gateway					
	DNS On/Off	On	Off			
	Server search order					
		Primary				Numerical value
		Secondary				
	Host name					Character string
	Domain name					
	Domain suffix search order					
	Primary				Character string	
	Secondary					
Communication Serial	Baud rate	1200	2400	4800	9600	
		19200	38400			
	Data length	7	8			
	Parity	Even	Odd	None		
	RS-232 Handshaking	Off : Off	XON : XON	XON : RS	CS : RS	
	RS-422A /485 Address	1	2	3	4	
		5	6	7	8	
		9	10	11	12	
		13	14	15	16	
		17	18	19	20	
		21	22	23	24	
		25	26	27	28	
		29	30		32	
Protocol	Normal	Modbus	Modbus-M	Barcode		
	Off					
Memory out	Ethernet	Serial				
FTP transfer file	Disp & Event data	On	Off			
	Report	On	Off			
	Snapshot	On	Off			
FTP connection	Primary	Secondary				
	FTP server name					Character string
	Port number	21				Numerical value
	Login name					Character string
	Password					
	Account					
	PASV mode	On	Off			
	Initial pass					Character string

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes
Application time out	On/Off	On	Off			
	Time	1 to 120 min				Numerical value
Keep alive	On/Off	On	Off			
Communication input/Available user		Off	Admin1 to User30		Serial	
Web	Use/Not	Use	Not			
	Page type	Operator	Monitor			
	On/Off	On	Off			
	Access control	On	Off			
	User name					Character string
	Password					
Basic E-Mail settings	SMTP server name					Character string
	Port number	25				Numerical value
	Recipient 1					Character string
	Recipient 2					
	Sender					
Alarm E-Mail settings	Recipient 1	On	Off			
	Recipient 2	On	Off			
	Alarm 1	On	Off			
	Alarm 2	On	Off			
	Alarm 3	On	Off			
	Alarm 4	On	Off			
	Include INST	On	Off			
	Include source URL	On	Off			
	Subject	<DX> Alarm_summary				Character string
	Header 1					
	Header 2					
Scheduled E-Mail settings	Recipient 1	On	Off			
	Interval	1	2	3	4	
		6	8	12	24	
	Ref. time	00:00				Numerical value
	Recipient 2	On	Off			
	Interval	1	2	3	4	
		6	8	12	24	
	Ref. time	00:00				Numerical value
	Include INST	On	Off			
	Include source URL	On	Off			
	Subject	<DX> Periodic_data				Character string
Header 1						
Header 2						
System E-Mail settings	Recipient 1	On	Off			
	Recipient 2	On	Off			
	Include source URL	On	Off			
	Subject	<DX> System_warning				Character string
	Header 1					
Header 2						
Report E-Mail settings	Recipient 1	On	Off			
	Recipient 2	On	Off			
	Include source URL	On	Off			
	Subject	<DX> Report_data				Character string
	Header 1					
Header 2						

Appendix 1 Parameters and Initial Settings

Parameters		Menu				Notes	
Communication Modbus master Basic settings	Read cycle	125 ms	250 ms	500 ms	1 s		
		2 s	5 s	10 s			
	Timeout	125 ms	250 ms	500 ms	1 s		
		2 s	5 s	10 s	1 min		
	Retrials	Off	1	2	3		
		4	5	10	20		
Communication Modbus master command settings	On/Off	On	Off				
	First/Last	C01	C02	C03	C04		
		C05	C06	C07	C08		
		C09	C10	C11	C12		
		C13	C14	C15	C16		
		C17	C18	C19	C20		
		C21	C22	C23	C24		
		C25	C26	C27	C28		
		C29	C30				
	Address						Numerical value
	Registers						
Type	INT16	UINT16	INT32_B	INT32_L			
	UINT32_B	UINT32_L	FLOAT_B	FLOAT_L			
Active strage changes	Time change	On	Off				
	User change	On	Off				
	Cal correct change	On	Off				
	Text message on cal correct	On	Off				
Date & Time	Time deviation limit	Off	10s	20s	30s		
		1min	2min	3min	4min		
		5min					
Time zone	Difference from GMT	-1200 to 1200				Numerical value, Initial value: 0	
SNTP Basic settings	Server settings Use/Not	Use	Not				
	Client settings Use/Not	Use	Not				
	Server name					Character string	
	Port number					Numerical value, Initial value:123	
	Access interval	Off	1h	8h	12h		
		24					
Access reference time					Numerical value, Initial value: 00:00		
Access timeout	10s	30s	90s				
SNTP synched to start	Time adjust on start action	On	Off				
AUX	Tag/Channel	Tag	Channel				
	Memory alarm	Off	1 h	2 h	5 h		
		10 h	20 h	50 h	100 h		
	Language	English	Japanese	German	French		
	Partial	Use	Not				
Remote controller ID	Off	0 to 31			Numerical value		
Media FIFO	On/Off	On	Off				

Appendix 2 Data Formats of ASCII Files

This section describes the data format of the ASCII file. The DX200P creates three types of ASCII files, the manual sampled data file, the report file, and the change setting file.

Data Format of the Manual Sampled Data File

- The manual sampled data are output in ASCII format using values and strings that are separated by commas.
- The channel/tag, unit, and manual sampled values are not output for channels in which the input range is set to [Skip] or for which the computation is turned OFF.
- The manual sampled data are appended to the file for each manual sample operation.

Syntax

```
"MANUAL SAMPLE DATA" CRLF
"Model Serial No.:", "IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII" CRLF
"File Header:", "HHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH" CRLF
"CH/TAG", "cccccccccccccccc", "cccccccccccccccc", ..., "cccccccccccccccc" CRLF
"UNIT", "uuuuuu", "uuuuuu", ..., "uuuuuu" CRLF
yyyy/mo/dd hh:mi:ss, nnn...n, nnn...n, ..., nnn...n CRLF
```

III...I	Serial number of the DX200P (16 characters)
HHH...H	File header (32 characters)
ccc...c	Channel number or tag name (16 characters)
uuuuuu	Unit (6 characters)
yyyy/mo/dd	Date when the setup file is created
hh:mi:ss	Time when the setup file is created
nnn...n	Measured/computed value (measured value: 8 characters, computed value: 10 characters)

File Output Example

The following example shows a file that contains manual sampled data from channels 1, 2, 3, and 4.

```
"MANUAL SAMPLE DATA"
"Model Serial No.:", "12A338617"
"File Header : ", "Process1-Lot2"
"CH/TAG", "CH01", "CH02", "CH03", "CH04"
"UNIT", "V", "V", "V", "mV"
2000/01/01 01:08:43, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, -14.00
2000/01/01 01:08:48, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, -14.00
2000/01/01 01:09:15, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, -14.00
"CH/TAG", 1 "CH01", "CH02", "CH03", "CH04"
"UNIT", "V", "V", "V", "V"
2000/01/01 01:15:30, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, -0.014
2000/01/01 01:18:12, 0.000, 0.000, 0.000, -0.014
```

Note

- Output value when detected erroneous data, measurement over range data, or computation overflow data

Channels	Data	Output value
Measurement channels	measurement error	Blank
	positive (+) over range	99999
	negative (-) over range	-99999
Computation channels	computation error	999999999
	positive (+) computation overflow	999999999
	negative (-) computation overflow	-999999999

- CH/TAG and UNIT lines
 In the following cases, both the CH/TAG line and the UNIT line are rewritten after a carriage return line feed and followed by manual sampled data.
 - When the measurement channel is switched from some setting other than [Skip] to [Skip].
 - When the measurement channel is switched from [Skip] to some other setting.
 - When the computation channels are turned On or turned Off.
 - When the unit is changed.
 Four lines from the bottom of the file example shows the output when the unit for channel 31 is changed from "mV" to "V."

Data Format of the Report File

- The hourly, daily, weekly, and monthly reports are output in ASCII format using values and strings that are separated by commas.
- The channel/tag, unit, average value, maximum value, minimum value, and sum value are not output for channels in which the input range is set to [Skip] or for which the computation is turned OFF.
- The report data are appended to the file at each time interval.

Syntax

```
"TTT...T REPORT", "START TIME", YYYY/MO/DD HH:MI CRLF
"Model Serial No.:", "IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII" CRLF
"File Header:", "HHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH" CRLF
"CH/TAG", "cccccccccccccccc", "cccccccccccccccc", ..., "cccccccccccccccc" CRLF
"UNIT", "uuuuuu", "uuuuuu", ..., "uuuuuu" CRLF
CRLF
yyyy/mo/dd hh:mi, eeeeeeee, eeeeeeee, ..., eeeeeeee CRLF
"AVE", nnnnnnnnnnnnn, nnnnnnnnnnnnn, ..., nnnnnnnnnnnnn CRLF
"MAX", nnnnnnnnnnnnn, nnnnnnnnnnnnn, ..., nnnnnnnnnnnnn CRLF
"MIN", nnnnnnnnnnnnn, nnnnnnnnnnnnn, ..., nnnnnnnnnnnnn CRLF
"SUM", nnnnnnnnnnnnn, nnnnnnnnnnnnn, ..., nnnnnnnnnnnnn CRLF
```

TTT...T	Title (HOURLY, DAYLY, WEEKLY, or MONTHLY)
YYYY/MO/DD	Date the report started
HH:MI	Time the report started
II...I	Serial number of the DX200P (16 characters)
HH...H	File header (32 characters)
ccc...c	Channel number or tag name (16 characters)
uuuuuu	Unit (6 characters)
eeeeeeee	Status of the data used
	E Error data
	O Over range or computation overflow
	P Power failure
	C Time change
yyyy/no/dd	Date the report is created
hh:mi	Time the report is created
nnn...n	Report value (13 digits)

File Output Example

The following example shows the daily report for four channels.

```
"DAILY REPORT", "START TIME", 2000/01/31 20:00
"Model Serial No.:", "12A338617"
"File Header:", "Process1-Lot2"
"CH/TAG", "CH01", "CH02", "CH03", "CH04"
"UNIT", "V", "V", "V", "V"
2000/01/01 00:00, "C", "C", "C", "C"
"AVE", 0.00, 0.10, 0.20, 0.30
"MAX", 0.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00
"MIN", 0.00, -1.00, -2.00, -3.00
"SUM", 0.000000E-01, 1.000000E+04, 2.000000E+04, 3.000000E+04
```

Note

- When the measurement and computation channel data enter the condition described in the following table, status “E” and “O” are output in the report.

Data Condition	Status
Common to measurement and computation channels Measurement error or computation error	E
For measurement channels Positive (+) over range	O
Negative (-) over range	O
For computation channels Positive (+) computation overflow (when the value exceeds $3.4E + 38$)	O
Negative (-) computation overflow (when the value falls below $-3.4E + 38$)	O

- Measurement/computation errors are discarded when MAX and MIN are determined.
- Measurement/computation errors, over range, and computation overflow are discarded when determining AVE and SUM.
- The report output values of AVE, MAX, MIN and SUM vary depending on the data condition of the measurement and computation channels as shown in the table below.

Item	Data Condition of Measurement Channels	Report Output Value
AVE (Average value)	When all data are measurement errors or over range	(Blank)
MAX, MIN (Maximum value, minimum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When all data are measurement errors Positive (+) over range Negative (-) over range 	(Blank) 99999 -99999
SUM (Sum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When all data are measurement errors or over range When the sum value exceeds $3.4E + 38$ When the sum value is below $-3.4E + 38$ 	(Blank) 9.999999E + 99 -9.999999E + 99

Item	Data Condition of Computation Channels	Report Output Value
AVE (Average value)	When all data are computation errors or over range	(Blank)
MAX, MIN (Maximum value, minimum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When all data are computation errors When the maximum value exceeds 99999999 When the minimum value is below -99999999 	(Blank) 999999999 -999999999

The decimal position that was specified when the span for the equation was specified is reflected in the maximum and minimum values. For example, if the span setting of the equation is “200.0,” then “99999999” is output when the value exceeds “99999999.9” and “-99999999” is output when the value is below “-999999.9.”

SUM (Sum value)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> When all data are computation errors or computation overflow When the sum value exceeds $3.4E + 38$ When the sum value is below $-3.4E + 38$ 	(Blank) 9.999999E + 99 -9.999999E + 99
--------------------	--	--

Data Format of Setting Change Log File

The log of setting changes is output using numerical values and strings in ASCII format delimited by commas.

Syntax

```
"Setting Change Log File" CRLF
"Model Serial No.:", "iiiiiiiiiiiiiiii" CRLF
"File Header:", "hhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh" CRLF
CRLF
"Date Time", "No.", "File Name", "Operation", "User Name", "Changed Part" CRLF
yyyy/mo/dd hh:mi:ss, nnnnnnnnn, "ffffff.PPL", "ppp", "uuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuuu", "ccc..."
CRLF
```

- iii...i** Serial number of the DX200P (16 characters max.)
- hhh...h** File header (32 characters max.)
- yyyy/mo/dd** Date the setting is changed
- hh:mi:ss** Time the setting is changed
- nnn...n** A number appended in order of occurrence (10 digits)
- fff...f** Name of the setup file (8 characters)
- ppp** Operation type
 - KEY** Key operation
 - MSR** via the Ethernet communications (the setting function of the setting/measurement server)
 - SRL** via the serial communications
- uuu...u** Name of the user who changed the settings (20 characters max.)
- ccc...** Location of the setting change
 - Eng** Engineering mode settings
 - Sys** System mode settings (excluding Login information)
 - Eng/Sys** Engineering mode and System mode settings (excluding Login information)
 - Login** Login information
 - Sys/Login** System mode (excluding the login information) settings and Login information
 - Eng/Login** Engineering mode setting change and login information setting change
 - All** All setting changes (engineering mode, system mode, and login information)

File Output Example

```
"Setting Change Log File"
"Model Serial No.:", "12A338617"
"File Header:", "Process1-Lot2"
"Date Time", "No.", "File Name", "Operation", "User Name", "Changed Part"
2001/06/15 01:23:45, 1, 61501231.PPL, "KEY", "ABC2001", "Sys"
2001/08/01 12:34:56, 2, 80112341.PNL, "KEY", "ope1", "Eng"
2001/08/01 12:40:56, 2, 80112400.PNL, "KEY", "A", "Sys/Login"
```


Appendix 3 Data Type

Data	Acquisition to the Internal Memory	When Saving to the External Storage Medium File Name.Extension ^{*1}	Storage Medium Format	Display Using DAQSIGNIN
Display data	Yes	Mddhhmma.DBD	BINARY (Undisclosed)	Yes
Event data	Yes	Mddhhmma.DBE	BINARY (Undisclosed)	Yes
Report data	Yes	Mddhhmma.DHR (hourly) Mddhhmma.DDR (daily) Mddhhmma.DWR (weekly) Mddhhmma.DMR (monthly)	ASCII (see appendix 2)	-
Manual sampled data	Yes	Mddhhmma.DMN	ASCII (see appendix 2)	-
TLOG data	Yes	Mddhhmma.DTG	BINARY (Undisclosed)	Yes
Setup data (specified string).PPL	Yes	Mddhhmma.PPL	BINARY (Undisclosed)	Yes
Setting change log	Yes	Mddhhmma.DPL	ASCII (see appendix 2)	-
Communication log	Yes	-	-	-
FTP log	Yes	-	-	-
Operation error log	Yes	-	-	-
Operation log	Yes	-	-	Yes
Web operation log	Yes	-	-	-
E-mail log	Yes	-	-	-
SNTP log	Yes	-	-	-
Alarm summary	Yes	-	-	-
Message summary	Yes	-	-	-
Screen image data	No	Mddhhmma.PNG	PNG (general format)	-

*1 About the file name

- Mddhhmm denotes the date and time.
Mddhhmm of setup data and screen image data is the date and time the file was created.
Mddhhmm of the setting change log is the date and time the first log was created.
Mddhhmm of other data is the date and time the first data was sampled.

M: Month (1-9, X (October), Y (November), Z (December)), dd: day, hh: hour, mm: minute

- “a” denote the last digit of the year (0 to 9).

Example: 70112561.DBD

Display data file which sampling started on July 1st, 2001 at 12:56.

However, “a” becomes a sequence number for the following case. It takes a value between A and Z.

For example, if the acquisition of the display data is started and stopped within 1 minute and started again by pressing START, the two file names are the same up to Mddhhmm (month, day, hour, and minute). In this case, the second file is assigned the sequence number A.

Example: 70112561.DBD

7011256A.DBD

Two display data files which sampling started on July 1st, 2001 at 12:56.

Appendix 4 Time for Acquiring Display Data/ Event Data to the Internal Memory

Number of Data Points That Can Be Acquired to the Internal Memory and Acquisition Time

This section describes the number of display data and event data points that can be acquired to the internal memory and the acquisition time. The information can be used to estimate the time until the internal memory becomes full or used to determine the number of channels and sampling interval for saving the data.

For the auto save interval of display data and data length of event data, selectable range of values are assigned to the soft keys and displayed based on the information described here.

Number of Bytes per Channel

Display data consists of minimum and maximum values for each sampling interval.

Event data consists of instantaneous values.

The number of data bytes per channel is shown in the following table.

Data Type	Measurement Channel	Computation channel
Display data	4 bytes/channel	8 bytes/channel
Event data	2 bytes/channel	4 bytes/channel

Example: Data size when acquiring the data of channels 1 to 4 (measurement channels) and channel 31 (computation channel) to the internal memory.

Display data

1st scan

CH1 min	CH1 max	CH2 min	CH2 max	CH3 min	CH3 max	CH4 min	CH4 max	CH31 min	CH31 max	Date & Time (8 bytes)
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	-------------	--------------------------

2nd scan

CH1 min	CH1 max	CH2 min	CH2 max	CH3 min	CH3 max	CH4 min	CH4 max	CH31 min	CH31 max	Date & Time (8 bytes)
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	-------------	--------------------------

to
nth scan

CH1 min	CH1 max	CH2 min	CH2 max	CH3 min	CH3 max	CH4 min	CH4 max	CH31 min	CH31 max	Date & Time (8 bytes)
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	-------------	--------------------------

2 bytes (binary data)

Event data

1st scan

CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH31	Date & Time (8 bytes)
-----	-----	-----	-----	------	--------------------------

2nd scan

CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH31	Date & Time (8 bytes)
-----	-----	-----	-----	------	--------------------------

to
nth scan

CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4	CH31	Date & Time (8 bytes)
-----	-----	-----	-----	------	--------------------------

2 bytes (binary data)

Internal Memory Size

The size of the internal memory for acquiring display data or event data is fixed to 5 MB.

Maximum Sampling Count

When the type of data, the number of measurement channels, and the number of computation channels that are to be acquired to the internal memory are determined, the maximum number of times data can be acquired can be derived from the internal memory size. This value is called the maximum sampling count.

The maximum sampling count can be derived from the equations in the following table.

Data to Be Saved	Maximum Sampling Count
Display data	$5,000,000 \text{ bytes} / (\text{number of measurement channels} \times 4 + \text{number of computation channels} \times 8 + 8)$
Event data	$5,000,000 \text{ bytes} / (\text{number of measurement channels} \times 2 + \text{number of computation channels} \times 4 + 8)$

Maximum Sampling Length

The maximum sampling length can be determined from the time it takes to acquire the maximum sampling count of data to the internal memory using the following equation.

$$\text{Maximum sampling length} = \text{maximum sampling count} \times \text{sampling interval}$$

Calculation Example of Maximum Sampling Count and Maximum Sampling Length

- Display Data**

Measurement channels: 2, computation channels: none

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum sampling count} &= 5,000,000 / (2\text{CH} \times 4 \text{ bytes} + 0 \times 8 \text{ bytes} + 8 \text{ bytes}) \\ &= 312,500 \end{aligned}$$

When the display update rate is 30 min/div (60 s sampling interval)

$$\text{Maximum sampling length} = 312,500 \text{ data points} \times 60 \text{ s} = 18,750,000 \text{ s (approx. 217 days)}$$

Measurement channels: 12, computation channels: 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum sampling count} &= 5,000,000 / (12\text{CH} \times 4 \text{ bytes} + 6 \times 8 \text{ bytes} + 8 \text{ bytes}) \\ &= 48,076 \end{aligned}$$

When the display update rate is 30 min/div (60-s sampling interval)

$$\text{Maximum sampling length} = 48,076 \text{ data points} \times 60 \text{ s} = 2,884,560 \text{ s (approx. 33 days)}$$

- Event Data**

Measurement channels: 4, computation channels: none

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum sampling count} &= 5,000,000 / (4 \text{ CH} \times 2 \text{ bytes} + 0 \times 4 \text{ bytes} + 8 \text{ bytes}) \\ &= 312,500 \end{aligned}$$

When the sampling interval of event data is 1 s

$$\text{Maximum sampling length} = 312,500 \text{ data points} \times 1 \text{ s} = 312,500 \text{ s (approx. 86 hours)}$$

Measurement channels: 12, computation channels: 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum sampling count} &= 5,000,000 / (12 \text{ CH} \times 2 \text{ bytes} + 6 \times 4 \text{ bytes} + 8 \text{ bytes}) \\ &= 89,285 \end{aligned}$$

When the sampling interval of event data is 1 s

$$\text{Maximum sampling length} = 89,285 \text{ data points} \times 1 \text{ s} = 89,285 \text{ s (approx. 24 hours)}$$

Appendix 5 Operation Log Contents and Display

Each operation is displayed in the operation log as follows.

Operation Log	Operation	Ref. section
Login	Logging in	6.1
Logout	Logging out	6.1
UserLocked	The user is invalidated.	6.1, 6.3
MemStart	Memory Start	6.2
MemStop	Memory Stop	6.2
AlarmACK	Releasing the alarm indication and output relay	7.3, 8.12
Message	Writing a message	8.2
Manual	Manual sampling	8.3
MathStart	Starting the computation	8.4
MathStop	Stopping the computation	8.4
MathReset	Resetting the computation	8.4
MathACK	Clearing the computation dropout display	8.4
Snapshot	Saving the screen image	8.5
MailStart	Starting the e-mail transmission	IM04L05A01-17E
MailStop	Stopping the e-mail transmission	IM04L05A01-17E
DispSave	Saving the display data	8.6
EventSave	Saving the event data	8.6
DispLoad	Loading the display data	8.7
EventLoad	Loading the event data	8.7
NewTime	Newly set time when data acquisition is stopped	5.15
TimeChg	Setting the date and time using operation keys	5.15
TimeAdj	Adjusting the internal clock via the remote control function	1.9
TimeDST	Time changed according to DST (before change)	1.10
TRevStart	Starting time adjustment while data acquisition is in progress	1.10
TRevEnd	Ending time adjustment	1.10
SNTPtimeset	Adjusting the time at once using SNTP	IM04L05A01-17E
Clear1	Executing Clear 1 Initialization	4.13
Clear2	Executing Clear 2 Initialization	4.13
Clear3	Executing Clear 3 Initialization	4.13
LoginLoad	Loading the login information	4.12
PowerOff	The power is turned Off.	3.1
PowerOn	The power is turned On.	3.1
BatchNoSet	Setting the batch number	6.2, 8.1
LotNoSet	Setting the lot number	6.2, 8.1
UserLocked	The user is invalidated during the operation of the DAQSIGNIN.	IM04L05A01-61E
EngLoad	Loading the setup data on the engineering mode	5.22
SysLoad	Loading the setup data ^{*1} on the system mode	4.11
EngSet	Changing the engineering mode setup data	Chapter 5
SysSet	Changing the system mode setup data ^{*1}	Chapter 4
LoginSet	Changing the login information	4.4
Log&SysSet	Changing the system mode setup data ^{*1} and the login information	Chapter 4
Eng&SysSet	Changing the engineering mode and the system mode setup data ^{*1}	Chapters 4 and 5
Log&EngSet	Changing the engineering mode settings and login information settings	4.4, Chapter 5
AllSet	Changing the engineering mode settings, system mode settings ^{*1} , and login information settings	Chapters 4 and 5
CCSet##	Changing the number of set points for the calibration correction settings while data acquisition is in progress (##: Channel number)	5.21
CCSet##	Changing the true values for the calibration correction settings while data acquisition is in progress (##: Channel number)	5.21

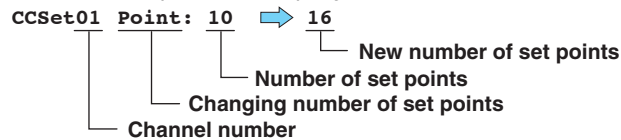
*1 Excludes the login information.

Operation Log	Operation	Ref. section
EngSave	Saving the setup data on the engineering mode	5.23
SysSave	Saving the setup data on the system mode	4.11
Error###	Error operation (###: Error code)	Chapter 9
Warning###	Warning (###: Code)	Chapter 9
UsrLockACK	Clearing the User Locked icon	6.1, 8.13
ChgPasswd	Changing the password	8.10
ConctClose	Being closed by the maintenance/test server	IM04L05A01-17E
FileGet	Getting files	IM04L05A01-17E
FilePut	Putting files	IM04L05A01-17E
MemorySave	Executing the data save operation of the internal memory while data acquisition is stopped	5.24
A/DCalDisp	Entering the AD calibration mode*	-
A/DCalExec	Executing the AD calibration*	-

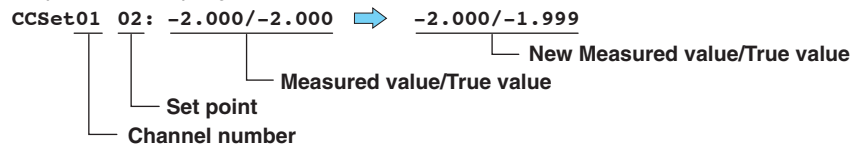
* For maintenance purposes. The operating procedure is not described in this manual.

Detailed Display of the Operation Logs

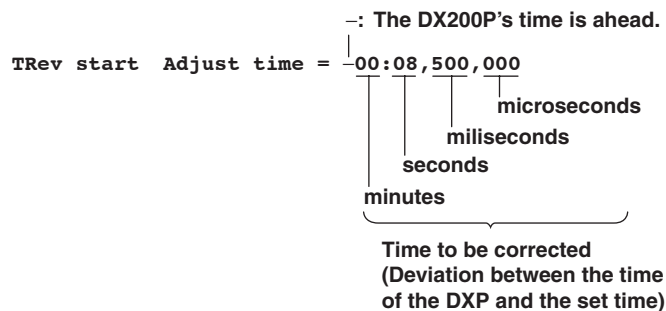
- CCSet###: Changing the number of set points for the calibration correction settings while data acquisition is in progress



- CCSet###: Changing the true values for the calibration correction settings while data acquisition is in progress



- TRevStart: Starting time adjustment while data acquisition is in progress



- Error###: Error operation, Warning###: Warning Messages are displayed.
 Error 210 Media has not been inserted.
 Warning 601 Measured data have been initialized.

Appendix 6 Style Numbers and Functions

This section describes the relationship between the style numbers and the functions that have been added or changed

Style Number S2

- Displays the user locked icon
- Application ([Batch] or [Continuous])
- The setup data includes the login information.

Style Number S3

- Easy text entry (/KB1, /KB2 options)
- Key operations to enter characters is changed.

Style Number S4

- Calibration correction (/CC1 option)
- Ethernet communications
 - Registered users can logs into the DX200P.
 - Setting/measurement server (setting function and the monitor function)
 - FTP client
 - Transfers screen image data files at snapshot
 - Maintenance/test server (setting function and the monitor function)
- Serial communications (/C2, /C3 options)
 - Setting/measurement function
 - Barcode input
- Display update rate
 - [15 min] is added.
- Administrator, User
 - Login method: key operations or via the Ethernet
 - Password: 6 to 8 alphanumeric characters
- Historical trend screen
 - Displays time at the cursor position
- DAQSIGNIN
 - Communicator is added.
 - Receives the setup data from and sends the setup data to the DX200P via the Ethernet communications.

Style Number S5

- Setup operation while data acquisition is in progress is possible.
Register administrators and users, set the calibration correction (/CC1 option), change the time
- Detailed display of the operation logs
- Calibration correction (/CC1 option)
 - Settings can ne changed while data acquisition is in progress.
 - A message is written when calibration correction settings is changed while data acquisition is in progress.
 - Consecutive channels can be set at once.
 - User settings related to the calibration correction is revised.
- Setup file and setting change log file can be transferred to an FTP server.
- An e-mail message when a user is locked due to password failure can be transmitted.

- System relay
 - Can output the user locked condition
 - Can output the presence of login users
- Cyclical use of the storage area of the external storage medium (Media FIFO) is possible.
- Operation screen can be switched when logged out.
- Registration of administrators and users
 - Registration is enable while data acquisition is in progress.
 - Up to 90 users can be registered.
- Time change while data acquisition is in progress
 - Time on the DX200P is adjusted by 1/64 s for each second.
- Data in the internal memory can be saved to a external storage medium using key operations when data acquisition is stopped
- Opearions when the login function is not used
 - Setup data in the engineering mode can be changed while data acquisition is in progress.
 - ACK operation of individual alarms, and write operation of free messages are possible on the operator page.
- Communication interface
 - SNTP server and SNTP client functions
 - Operates as an SNTP server.
 - Synchronizes to the time of an SNTP server on the network.
 - Users can use a portion of the control commands (logging into the setting function)
 - A portion of the control commands can be used via the serial interface (logging into the setting function)
 - Output commands can be executed using the barcodes.
 - Operation logs that meets specified conditions can be output.
 - Login status is added to the status information.
 - New commands
 - RG, XC, RC, WA, WB, WC, CL, LO, FI
 - LL (for the serial interface)
- DAQSIGNIN
 - Data files saved using key operations are so indicated.
 - Parameters for revised functions are added.
 - New messages are added

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